

Exercise 3.

a) $f_S(X) = X \cdot S = \sum_{i=0}^n x_i \cdot s_i$

$\Rightarrow \sum_{i=0}^2 x_i \cdot s_i = x_0 \cdot s_0 \oplus x_1 \cdot s_1 \oplus x_2 \cdot s_2, \quad S = 011$

S=011 , X =	$x_2 \oplus x_3$	$x_0 \cdot s_0 \oplus x_1 \cdot s_1 \oplus x_2 \cdot s_2$
0 0 0	$0 \oplus 0 = 0$	$0 \oplus 0 \oplus 0 = 0$
0 0 1	$0 \oplus 1 = 1$	$0 \oplus 0 \oplus 1 = 1$
0 1 0	$1 \oplus 0 = 1$	$0 \oplus 1 \oplus 0 = 1$
1 0 0	$0 \oplus 0 = 0$	$0 \oplus 0 \oplus 0 = 0$
1 0 1	$0 \oplus 1 = 1$	$0 \oplus 0 \oplus 1 = 1$
1 1 0	$1 \oplus 0 = 1$	$0 \oplus 1 \oplus 0 = 1$
1 1 1	$1 \oplus 1 = 0$	$0 \oplus 1 \oplus 1 = 0$

* you will get a 50% penalty for being in 1 week late.

X =	$x_1 \oplus x_2$	$x_0 \cdot s'_0 \oplus x_1 \cdot s'_1 \oplus x_2 \cdot s'_2$	
0 0 0	$0 \oplus 0 = 0$	$0 \oplus 0 \oplus 0 = 0$	$\Rightarrow s'_2 = 0$
0 0 1	$0 \oplus 0 = 0$	$0 \oplus 0 \oplus s'_2 = 0$	$\Rightarrow s'_2 = 0$
0 1 0	$0 \oplus 1 = 1$	$0 \oplus s'_1 \oplus 0 = 1$	$\Rightarrow s'_1 = 1$
1 0 0	$1 \oplus 0 = 1$	$s'_0 \oplus 0 \oplus 0 = 1$	$\Rightarrow s'_0 = 1$
1 0 1	$1 \oplus 0 = 1$	$s'_0 \oplus 0 \oplus s'_2 = 1$	$\Rightarrow 1 \oplus 0 \oplus 0 = 1 \checkmark$
1 1 0	$1 \oplus 1 = 0$	$s'_0 \oplus s'_1 \oplus 0 = 0$	$\Rightarrow 1 \oplus 1 \oplus 0 = 0 \checkmark$
1 1 1	$1 \oplus 1 = 0$	$s'_0 \oplus s'_1 \oplus s'_2 = 0$	$\Rightarrow 1 \oplus 1 \oplus 0 = 0 \checkmark$

Total points: 1

$\Rightarrow S' = 110$

b) $U_{f_S}|x\rangle|a\rangle = |x\rangle \otimes |a \oplus f_S\rangle$

if $f_S = 0, \Rightarrow |a \oplus 0\rangle$

if $f_S = 1, \Rightarrow |a \oplus 1\rangle$

$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{if } a=0, & 10 \oplus 0 = 10 \Rightarrow |x\rangle \otimes |10\rangle \\ \text{if } a=1, & 11 \oplus 0 = 11 \Rightarrow |x\rangle \otimes |11\rangle \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{if } a=0, & 10 \oplus 1 = 11 \Rightarrow |x\rangle \otimes |11\rangle \\ \text{if } a=1, & 11 \oplus 1 = 10 \Rightarrow |x\rangle \otimes |10\rangle \end{cases}$

$\therefore U_{f_S}|x\rangle|a\rangle = |x\rangle \otimes |a \oplus f_S\rangle = |x\rangle \otimes |10\rangle \text{ or } |x\rangle \otimes |11\rangle$

L > inverse? -0.5 with $x \in \{0,1\}^n$

c) $|\psi_0\rangle = |0\rangle^{\otimes n} |1\rangle$

$|\psi_1\rangle = H^{\otimes n} |0\rangle^{\otimes n} \cdot H |1\rangle = |+\rangle^{\otimes n} \cdot |-\rangle$

$|\psi_2\rangle = U_{f_S} |+\rangle^{\otimes n} \cdot |-\rangle = U_{f_S} |+\rangle^{\otimes n} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|+\rangle - |-\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|+\rangle^{\otimes n} |0 \oplus f_S\rangle - |+\rangle^{\otimes n} |1 \oplus f_S\rangle)$

if $f_S = 0$, then $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|+\rangle^{\otimes n} |0\rangle - |+\rangle^{\otimes n} |1\rangle) = |+\rangle^{\otimes n} |-\rangle \Rightarrow |+\rangle^{\otimes n} (-1)^{f_S} |-\rangle$

if $f_S = 1$, then $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|+\rangle^{\otimes n} |1\rangle - |+\rangle^{\otimes n} |0\rangle) = |+\rangle^{\otimes n} (-1)^{f_S} |-\rangle$

$|\psi_3\rangle = H^{\otimes n} |+\rangle^{\otimes n} (-1)^{f_S} |-\rangle = |0\rangle^{\otimes n} (-1)^{f_S} |-\rangle$

1.5

-1

Exercise 2.

$$\begin{aligned} a) \rho(r) &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} (r_1 X + r_2 Y + r_3 Z) = \frac{1}{2} (I + r_1 X + r_2 Y + r_3 Z) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & r_1 \\ r_1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -ir_2 \\ ir_2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} r_3 & 0 \\ 0 & -r_3 \end{bmatrix} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1+r_3 & r_1 - ir_2 \\ r_1 + ir_2 & 1-r_3 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Tr}(\rho(r)) = \frac{1}{2} (1+r_3 + 1-r_3) = 1$$

$$\rho(r)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1+r_3 & r_1 - ir_2 \\ r_1 + ir_2 & 1-r_3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1+r_3 & r_1 - ir_2 \\ r_1 + ir_2 & 1-r_3 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} (1+r_3)^2 + r_1^2 + r_2^2 & 2(r_1 - ir_2) \\ 2(r_1 + ir_2) & (1-r_3)^2 + r_1^2 + r_2^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \rho(r)^2 \neq \rho$$

$$\therefore \|r\| < 1$$

→ not related to question posed in exercise

$$b) \rho(r)^2 = \rho(r) \cdot P = (r_1 X + r_2 Y + r_3 Z) \cdot \frac{1}{2} (I + r_1 X + r_2 Y + r_3 Z) \cdot (r_1 X + r_2 Y + r_3 Z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (r_1 X + r_2 Y + r_3 Z) (r_1 X + r_2 Y + r_3 Z) (r_1 X + r_2 Y + r_3 Z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (r_1^2 X^2 + r_2^2 Y^2 + r_3^2 Z^2 + r_1 r_2 XY + r_1 r_3 XZ + r_2 r_3 YZ + r_1 r_2 YX + r_1 r_3 ZX + r_2 r_3 ZY + r_1 r_2 ZX + r_2 r_3 ZY + r_3^2 Z^2) (r_1 X + r_2 Y + r_3 Z)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2} (r_1^2 X^2 + r_1 r_2 XY + r_1 r_3 XZ + r_1^2 X + r_1^2 r_2 Y + r_1^2 r_3 Z + r_1^2 r_2 X^2 YX + r_1 r_2^2 XY^2 \\ &\quad + r_1 r_2 r_3 XYZ + r_1^2 r_3 XZX + r_1 r_2 r_3 XZY + r_1 r_3^2 XZ^2 + r_2 r_1 YX + r_2^2 Y^2 + r_2 r_3 YZ \\ &\quad + r_1^2 YX^2 + r_1 r_2 YXY + r_1 r_3 YXZ + r_2^2 r_1 YX + r_2^3 Y + r_2^2 r_2 Z + r_2 r_3 r_1 YZX \\ &\quad + r_2^2 r_3 YZY + r_2 r_3^2 YZ^2 + r_2 r_1 ZX + r_2 r_2 ZY + r_2^2 Z^2 + r_2 r_1^2 ZX^2 + r_2 r_1 r_2 ZX \\ &\quad + r_2^2 r_1 ZXZ + r_2 r_2 r_1 ZYX + r_2 r_2^2 ZY^2 + r_2^2 r_2 ZYZ + r_2^2 r_1 X + r_2^2 r_2 Y + r_2^3 Z) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2} (r_1^2 + r_1 r_2 XY + r_1 r_3 XZ + r_1^2 X + r_1^2 r_2 Y + r_1^2 r_3 Z + r_1^2 r_2 (-Y) + r_1 r_2^2 X \\ &\quad + r_1 r_2 r_3 (-1) + r_1^2 r_3 (-1) + r_1 r_2 r_3 (-XY) + r_1 r_3^2 X + r_2 r_1 YX + r_2^2 + r_2 r_3 YZ \\ &\quad + r_2^2 Y + r_1 r_2 (-X) + r_1 r_3 (-i) + r_2^2 r_1 X + r_2^3 Y + r_2^2 r_2 Z + r_2 r_3 r_1 i \\ &\quad + r_2^2 r_3 (-Z) + r_2 r_3^2 Y + r_2 r_1 ZX + r_2 r_2 ZY + r_2^2 + r_2 r_1^2 Z + r_2 r_1 r_2 XY \\ &\quad + r_2^2 r_1 (-X) + r_2 r_2 r_1 (-i) + r_2 r_2^2 Z + r_2^2 r_2 (YZ) + r_2^2 r_1 X + r_2^2 r_2 Y + r_2^3 Z) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (r_1^2 (1+Y) + r_2^2 + r_3^2 + r_1 r_2 (XY + YX - X) + r_1 r_3 (XZ - i + ZX) + r_1^2 X \\ &\quad + r_1^2 r_2 (Y - Y) + r_1^2 r_3 (1 + Z) + r_1 r_2^2 (X + X) + r_1 r_2 r_3 (i - XY + XY + i - i) \\ &\quad + r_1 r_3^2 (X + X - X) + r_2 r_3 (YZ + ZY) + r_2^2 Y + r_2^2 r_3 (Z - Z + Z) + r_2 r_3^2 (Y + YZ + Y) + r_2^3 Z) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{2} [r_1^2(1+Y) + r_2^2 + r_3^2 + r_1 r_2 (-X) + r_1 r_3 (-i) + r_1^3 x + r_1^2 r_3 z + r_1 r_2^2 (2x) \\
&\quad + r_1 r_2 r_3 i + r_1 r_3^2 x + r_2^3 Y + r_2^2 r_3 z + r_2 r_3^2 (2Y + Yz) + r_3^3 z] \\
&= \frac{1}{2} [r_1^2 + r_2^2 + r_3^2 + r_1^3 x + r_2^3 Y + r_3^3 z + r_1^2 Y - r_1 r_2 x - r_1 r_3 i + r_1 r_2^2 \cdot 2x \\
&\quad + r_1 r_3^2 x + r_1^2 r_3 z + r_2 r_3^2 \cdot 2Y + r_2 r_3^2 Yz + r_2^2 r_3 z + r_1 r_2 r_3 i].
\end{aligned}$$

↳ it is impossible to follow and read off result

$$c) p(r') = H p(r) H$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(x+z) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(I + r_1 X + r_2 Y + r_3 Z) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(x+z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(x + r_1 x^2 + r_2 x Y + r_3 x z + z + r_1 z x + r_2 z Y + r_3 z^2)(x+z)$$

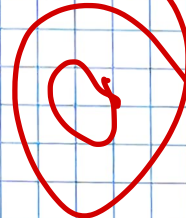
$$= \frac{1}{4}(x^2 + \cancel{r_1 x^2} x z + r_1 x^2 x + r_1 x^2 z + r_2 x Y x + r_2 x Y z + r_3 x z x + r_3 x z^2 + z x + z^2 + r_1 z x^2 + r_1 z x z + r_2 z Y x + r_2 z Y z + r_3 z^2 x + r_3 z^2 z).$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(1 + x z + \cancel{r_1 x} + r_1 z + r_2(-Y) + r_2 i + r_3(-1) + r_3 x + z x + 1 + r_1 z + r_1(-x) + r_2(-i) + r_2 Y z + r_3 x + r_3 z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(2 + x z + z x + r_1 x + r_1 z - r_1 x + r_1 z - r_2 Y + r_2 i - r_2 i + r_2 Y z - r_3 + r_3 x + r_3 x + r_3 z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(2 + \cancel{r_1 x} + \cancel{r_1 z} + 2 r_1 z - r_2 Y + r_2 Y z - r_3 + 2 r_3 x + r_3 z).$$

↳ Same



Exercise 1

$$\langle \omega | \rho_B = \text{Tr}_A (|\psi\rangle\langle\psi|)$$

$$= \sum_{i,j,k=0}^1 \langle i| \otimes \langle j| \cdot \frac{1}{2} (|j\rangle\langle k| \otimes |k\rangle\langle i|)$$

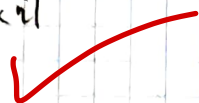
$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j,k=0}^1 \langle i| \otimes \langle j| \cdot (|j\rangle\langle k| \otimes |k\rangle\langle i|)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j,k=0}^1 \delta_{ij} \delta_{jk} |i\rangle\langle i|$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j,k=0}^1 |i\rangle\langle i|$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1$$



0.5

b) before 13.

$$H^B \in \{+, -\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle), \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle - |1\rangle) \right\}$$

$$|\psi^+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|00\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$|\psi'\rangle = H|\psi^+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(H|00\rangle + H|11\rangle)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|00\rangle + |10\rangle) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|00\rangle - |10\rangle) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (|00\rangle + |10\rangle + |00\rangle - |10\rangle)$$

$$|\psi'\rangle\langle\psi'| = \frac{1}{2} (|00\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10| + |00\rangle\langle 10| - |10\rangle\langle 00|)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (|00\rangle\langle 00| + |00\rangle\langle 10| + |10\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10| + |00\rangle\langle 00| - |00\rangle\langle 10| - |10\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10|)$$

$$+ |00\rangle\langle 10| + |10\rangle\langle 00| + |00\rangle\langle 00| - |00\rangle\langle 10| - |10\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10|)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (|00\rangle\langle 00| + |00\rangle\langle 10| + |10\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10| + |00\rangle\langle 00| - |00\rangle\langle 10| - |10\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10|)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (|00\rangle\langle 00| + |00\rangle\langle 10| + |10\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10| + |00\rangle\langle 00| - |00\rangle\langle 10| - |10\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10|)$$

$$+ |00\rangle\langle 10| + |10\rangle\langle 00| + |00\rangle\langle 00| - |00\rangle\langle 10| - |10\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10|)$$

$$+ |00\rangle\langle 10| + |10\rangle\langle 00| - |00\rangle\langle 10| - |10\rangle\langle 00| - |00\rangle\langle 10| + |10\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10|)$$

$$+ |10\rangle\langle 10|)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (|00\rangle\langle 00| + |00\rangle\langle 10| + |10\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10| + |00\rangle\langle 00| + |00\rangle\langle 10| - |10\rangle\langle 00| + |10\rangle\langle 10|)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (|00\rangle\langle 00| + |00\rangle\langle 10| + |10\rangle\langle 10|)$$

$$\text{Tr}_A (|\psi'\rangle\langle\psi'|) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 = 1$$

↪ not correct