$\begin{array}{c} {\rm CS~61B} \\ {\rm Fall~2020} \end{array}$

Topical Review Session Section 1: Pointers, LinkedLists, Arrays

MT1 Review

- 1 Pointers and Pass By Value
 - 1. Draw the resulting box-and-pointer diagrams for the following lines of code. The head of an IntList is its value, and the tail is a pointer to the next node in the list.

```
IntList L1 = IntList.list(1, 2, 3);
IntList L2 = IntList.list(4, 5);
L1.tail.head = 3;
L2.tail = L1.tail.tail;
L2.tail.tail = L1.tail;
```

2. Draw the resulting box-and-pointer diagrams for the following lines of code.

```
IntList L1 = IntList.list(7,15,22,31);
IntList L2 = L1.tail.tail;
L2.tail.head = 13;
L1.tail.tail.tail = L2;
IntList L3 = IntList.list(50);
L2.tail.tail = L3;
```

3. What would the output of the following lines of code be? Be sure to draw a box-and-pointer diagram!

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   IntList L1 = IntList.list(8, 3, 6, 4);
   IntList L2 = IntList.list(4, 5, 9, 0);
   IntList L3 = L2;
   int x = 4;
   mystery(L1, L3, x);
   System.out.println(L1);
   System.out.println(L2);
   System.out.println(x);
}
public static void mystery(IntList L1, IntList L2, int x) {
   L1.head = 23;
   L2.tail.tail = L1.tail;
   L1.tail.tail.head = L2.tail.head;
   x += 16;
   L2 = IntList.list(1, 2);
}
```

- 4. Let's say a method has the following signature: "public int foo(int x)". What is stored in the variable x?
- 5. Similarly, let's say some other method has the following signature: "public boolean boo(IntList y)". What is stored in the variable y? What happens if we change the value of y in boo?

2 Arrays

6. Describe what each of the following methods do. You may assume that values contains at least one element.

```
private static boolean method1 (int[] values) {
   int k = 0;
   while (k < values.length - 1) {
      if (values[k] > values[k+1]) {
        return false;
      }
      k = k + 1;
   }
   return true;
}
```

```
private static void method2 (int[] values) {
   int k = 0;
   while (k < values.length / 2) {
      int temp = values[k];
      values[k] = values[values.length - 1 - k];
      values[values.length - 1 - k] = temp;
      k = k + 1;
   }
}</pre>
```

3 Linked Lists

7. Consider the following:

```
public class Point {
    public int x;
    public int y;
    public Point(int x, int y) {
        this.x = x;
        this.y = y;
    }
}
public class PointList {
    private class Stuff {
        Point item;
        Stuff next;
        Stuff prev;
        Stuff(Point item, Stuff next, Stuff prev) {
        this.item = item;
        this.next = next;
        this.prev = prev;
    }
    public int size;
    private final Stuff sentinel;
    public PointList() {
    // implementation omitted
    public void addMiddle(Point p) {
    // your answer here
    }
}
```

The method addMiddle(Point p) is supposed to add some Point p to the middle of this instance of PointList. Assuming that the size of the list is greater than 1, write the code that would properly implement addMiddle(Point p).