

Basic models

$$\chi$$
<1> χ <2> χ <3> χ <4> χ <5>

Jane visite l'Afrique en septembre

→ Jane is visiting Africa in September.

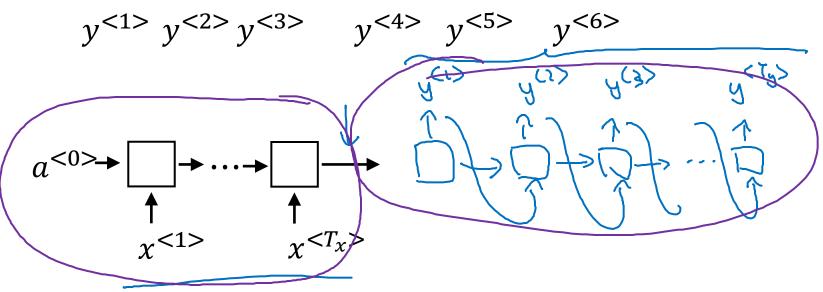
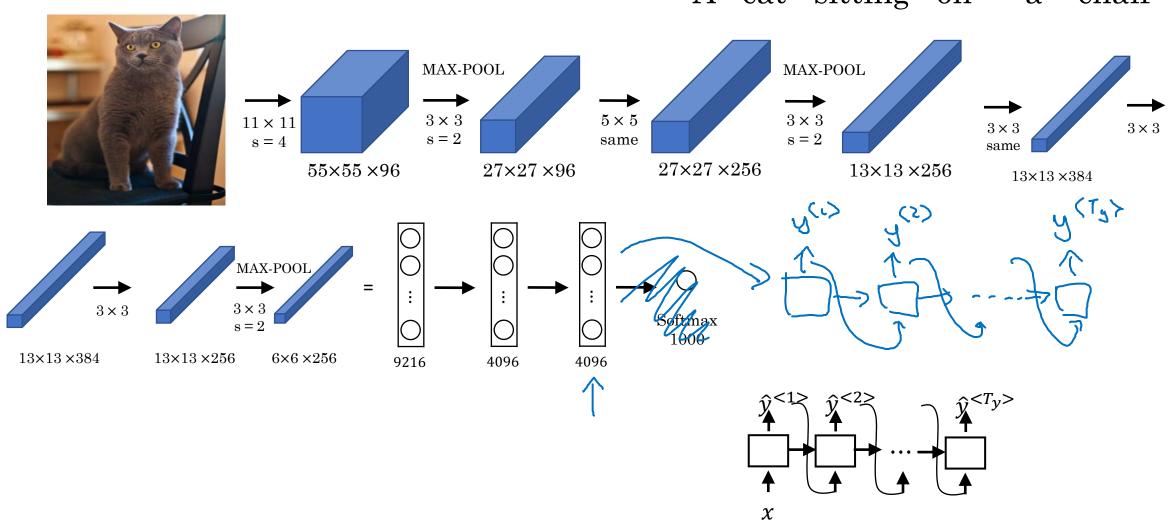




Image captioning

 $y^{<1>}y^{<2>}$ $y^{<3>}$ $y^{<4>}$ $y^{<5>}$ $y^{<6>}$ A cat sitting on a chair

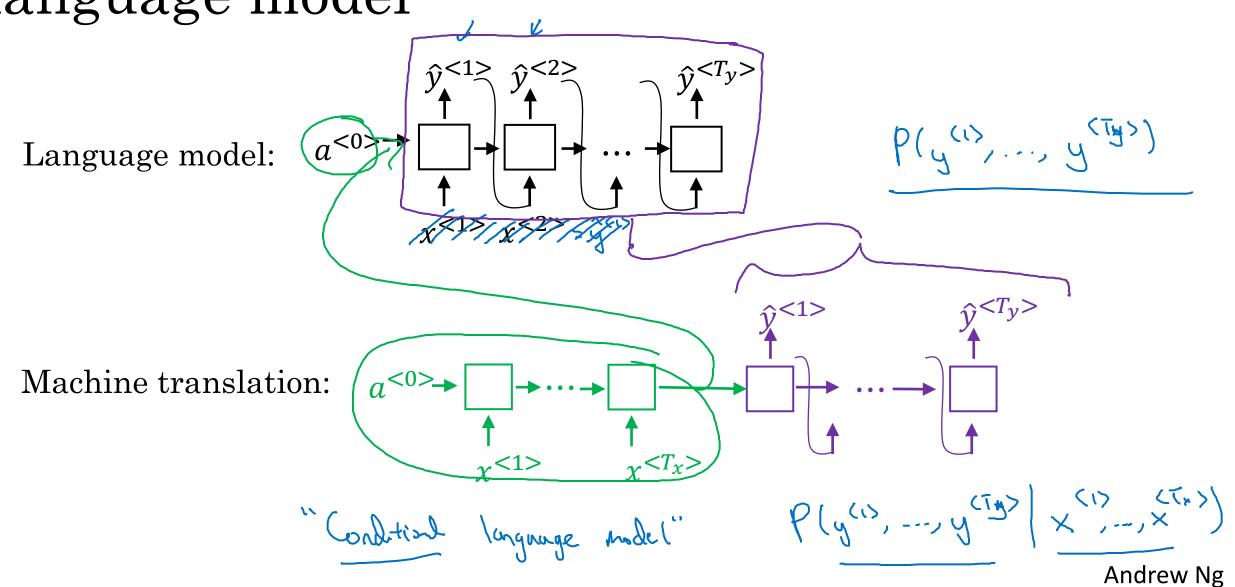


[Mao et. al., 2014. Deep captioning with multimodal recurrent neural networks]
[Vinyals et. al., 2014. Show and tell: Neural image caption generator]
[Karpathy and Li, 2015. Deep visual-semantic alignments for generating image descriptions]



Picking the most likely sentence

Machine translation as building a conditional language model



Finding the most likely translation

French

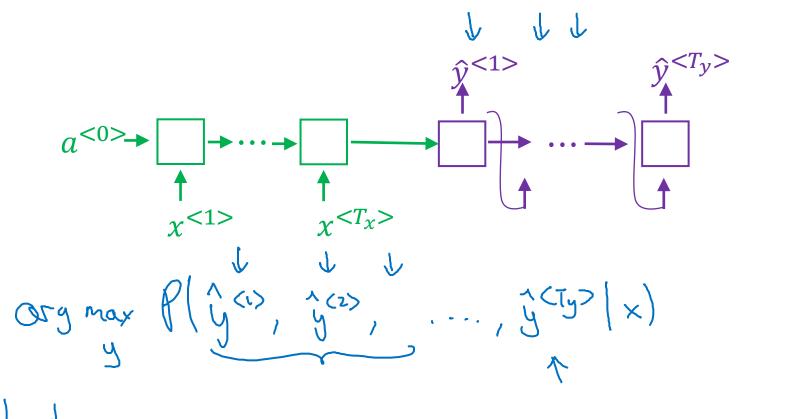
Jane visite l'Afrique en septembre.

$$P(y^{<1>}, ..., y^{} | x)$$

- → Jane is visiting Africa in September.
- → Jane is going to be visiting Africa in September.
- → In September, Jane will visit Africa.
- Her African friend welcomed Jane in September.

$$\underset{y<1>,...,y}{\text{arg max}} P(y^{<1>},...,y^{} | x)$$

Why not a greedy search?

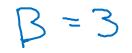


- → Jane is visiting Africa in September.
- Jane is going to be visiting Africa in September. P(Jan is 50ix (x)) > P(Jone is 1)



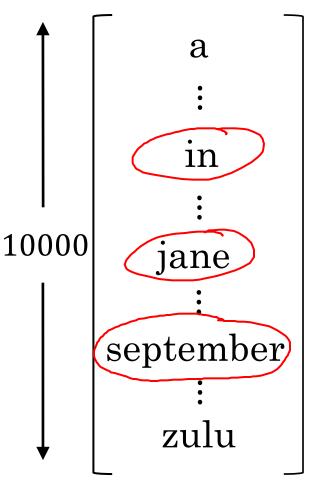
Beam search

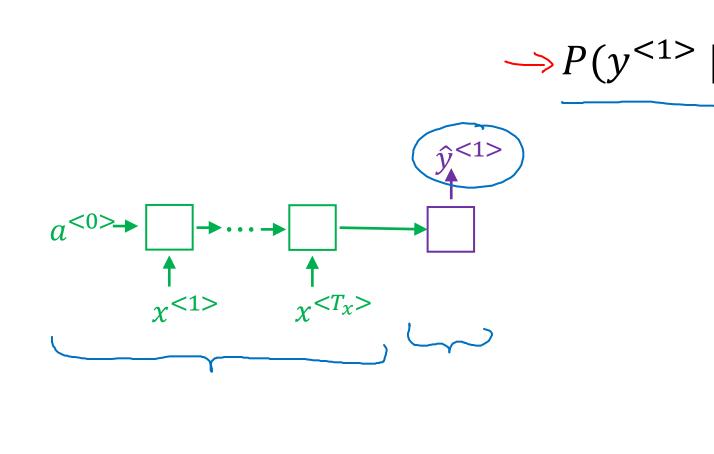
Beam search algorithm

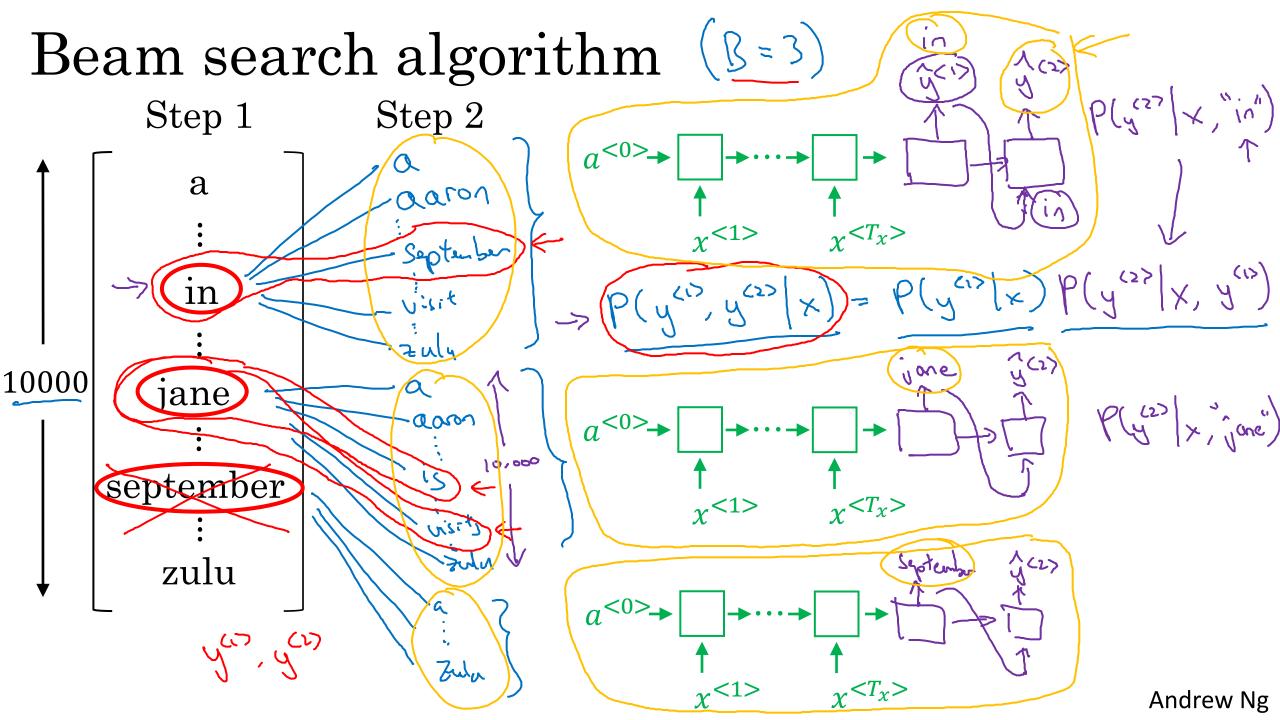


B=3 (bean width)





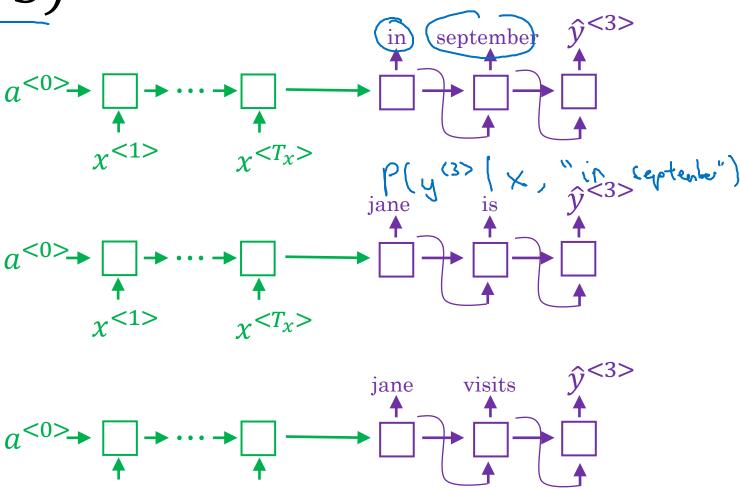




Beam search (B = 3)



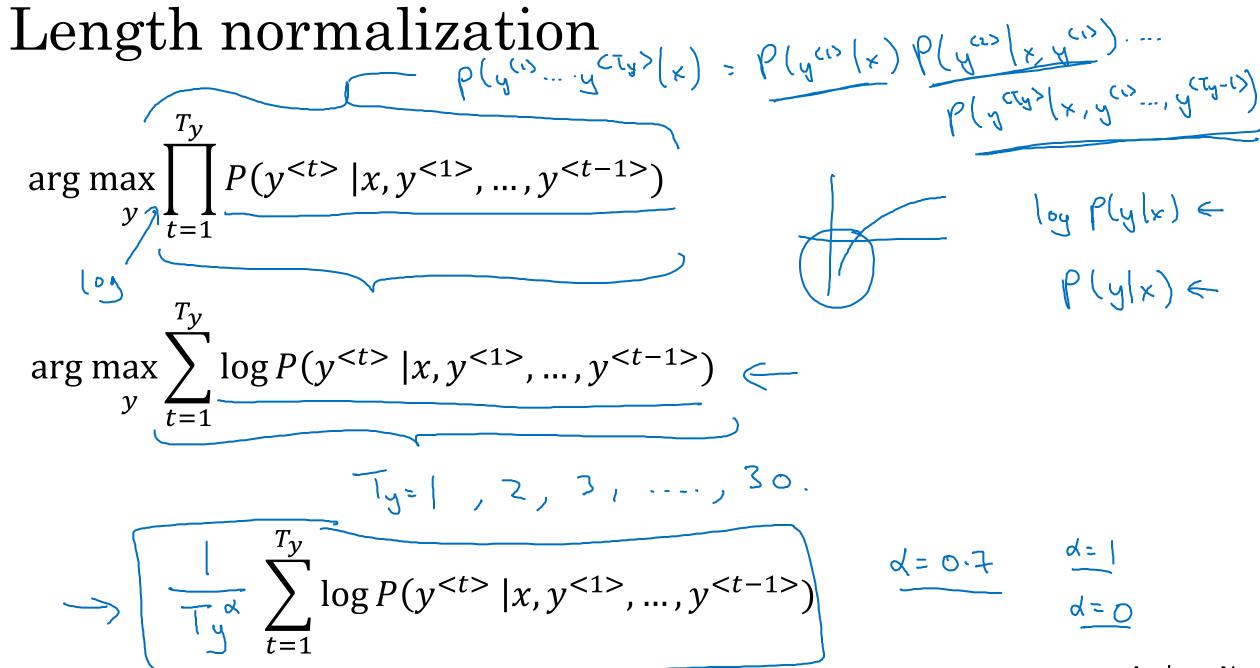
$$P(y^{<1>}, y^{<2>} | x)$$



jane visits africa in september. <EOS>



Refinements to beam search



Andrew Ng

Beam search discussion

large B: better result, slower small B: worse result, faster

Beam width B?

Unlike exact search algorithms like BFS (Breadth First Search) or DFS (Depth First Search), Beam Search runs faster but is not guaranteed to find exact maximum for arg max P(y|x).



Error analysis on beam search

Example

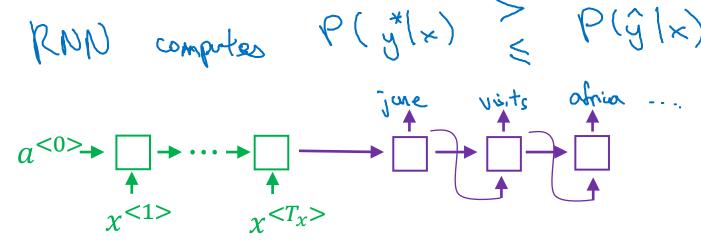
-> RNN -> Recum Seal

BT

Jane visite l'Afrique en septembre.

Human: Jane visits Africa in September.

Algorithm: Jane visited Africa last September. $(\hat{y}) \leftarrow RNN$ computes $P(\hat{y}|x) \geq P(\hat{y}|x)$



Error analysis on beam search

p(y*(x)

Human: Jane visits Africa in September. (y^*)

Algorithm: Jane visited Africa last September. (\hat{y})

Case 1:
$$P(y^*|x) > P(\hat{y}|x) \leftarrow$$

ag mox P(y/x)

Beam search chose \hat{y} . But y^* attains higher P(y|x).

Conclusion: Beam search is at fault.

Case 2:
$$P(y^*(x) \leq P(\hat{y}(x) \leq$$

 y^* is a better translation than \hat{y} . But RNN predicted $P(y^*|x) < P(\hat{y}|x)$.

Conclusion: RNN model is at fault.

Error analysis process

Human	Algorithm	$P(y^* x)$	$P(\hat{y} x)$	At fault?
Jane visits Africa in September.	Jane visited Africa last September.	2 × 10-10	1 x 10-10	BR CRR.

Figures out what faction of errors are "due to" beam search vs. RNN model



Bleu score (optional)

Evaluating machine translation

French: Le chat est sur le tapis.

Reference 1: The cat is on the mat.

Reference 2: There is a cat on the mat.

MT output: the the the the the the.

Precision: Modified precision:

Bley mobilisqued enderstudy

Bleu score on bigrams

Example: Reference 1: The cat is on the mat.

Reference 2: There is a cat on the mat. <

MT output: The cat the cat on the mat. ←

	Count	Courtclip	
the cat	Count 2 (1	
cat the	(<		et
cat on	(<	(-	
on the	1 ←	1 6	
the mat	←	(6	

[Papineni et. al., 2002. Bleu: A method for automatic evaluation of machine translation]

Bleu score on unigrams

Example: Reference 1: The cat is on the mat.

Reference 2: There is a cat on the mat.

→ MT output: The cat the cat on the mat.

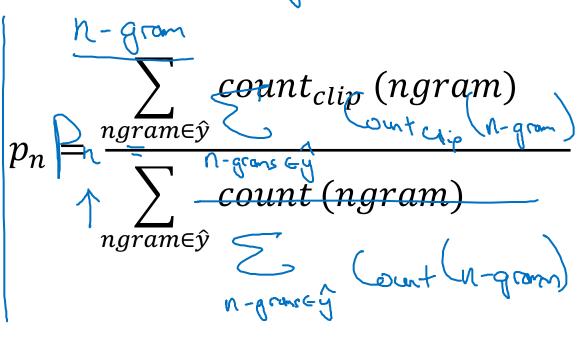
count (unigram)

unigrame & count (unigram)

unigrame & count (unigram)

unigrame & count (unigram)

unigrame & count (unigram)



Bleu details

$$p_n$$
 = Bleu score on n-grams only

Combined Bleu score:
$$\mathbb{R}^p \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathbb{P}^n\right)$$

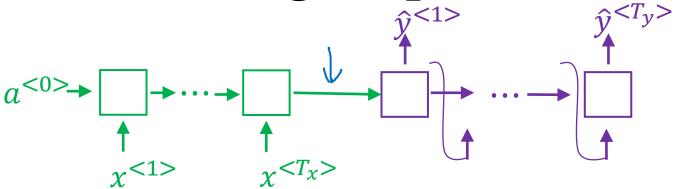
$$BP = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if MT_output_length} > \text{reference_output_length} \\ & \text{exp}(1 - \text{MT_output_length}/\text{reference_output_length}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$





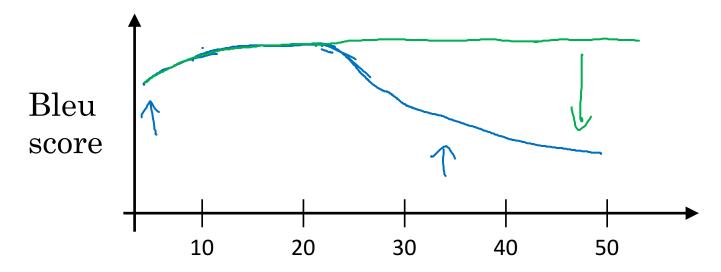
Attention model intuition

The problem of long sequences



Jane s'est rendue en Afrique en septembre dernier, a apprécié la culture et a rencontré beaucoup de gens merveilleux; elle est revenue en parlant comment son voyage était merveilleux, et elle me tente d'y aller aussi.

Jane went to Africa last September, and enjoyed the culture and met many wonderful people; she came back raving about how wonderful her trip was, and is tempting me to go too.

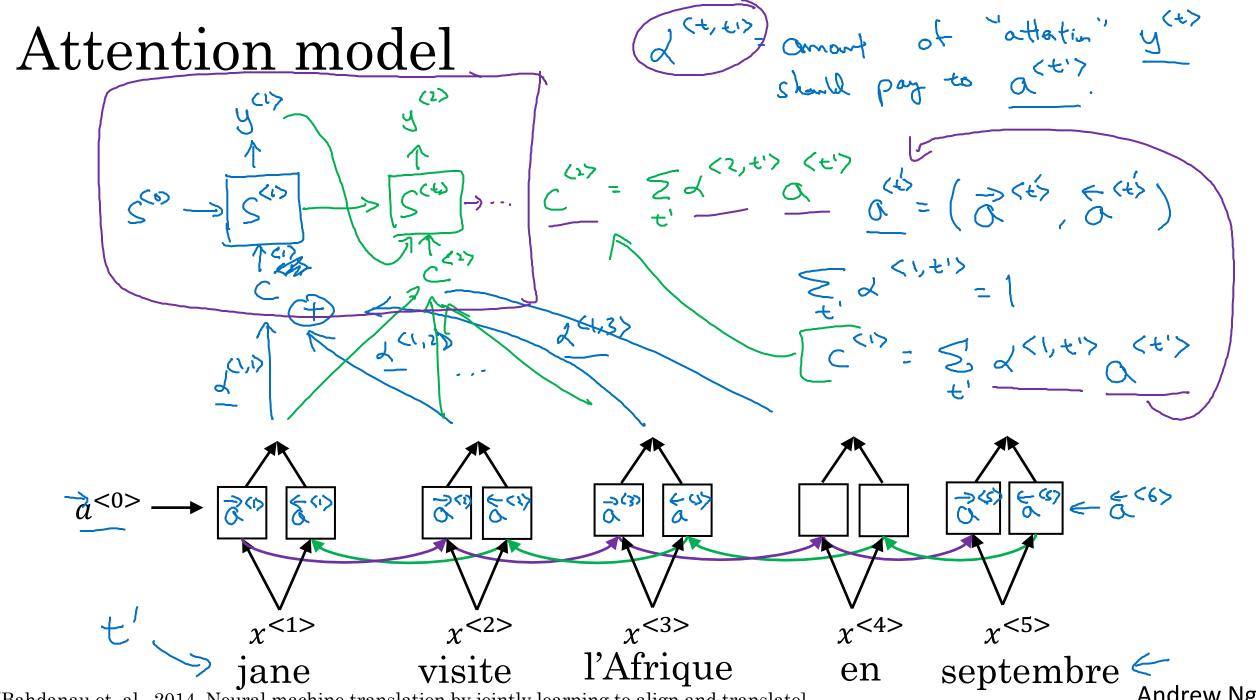


Sentence length

Attention model intuition visits -Africa Jone <°> م ديري ر لادين 72(1,1) **\$**<2> $\hat{v}^{<3>}$ $a^{<0>}$ $\dot{\chi}$ <1> l'Afrique en visite septembre jane



Attention model

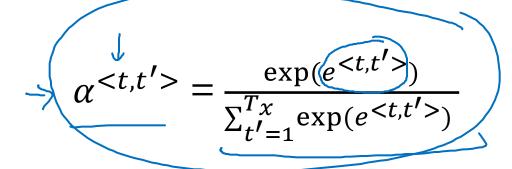


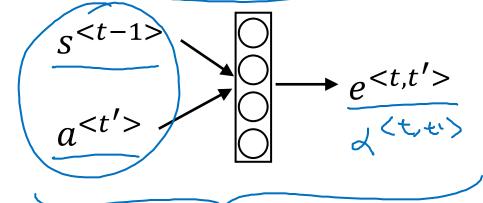
[Bahdanau et. al., 2014. Neural machine translation by jointly learning to align and translate]

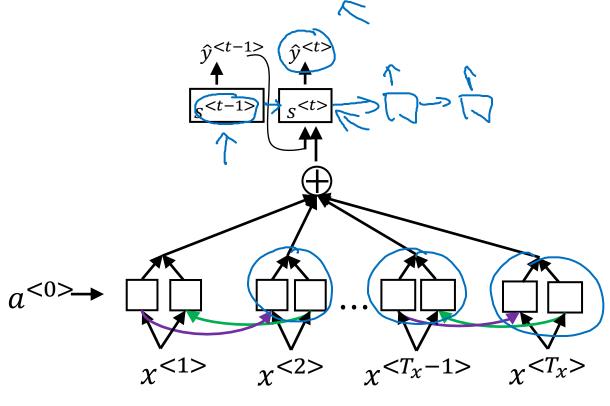
Andrew Ng

Computing attention $\alpha^{\langle t,t'\rangle}$

 $\alpha^{< t,t'>}$ = amount of attention $y^{< t>}$ should pay to $\alpha^{< t'>}$





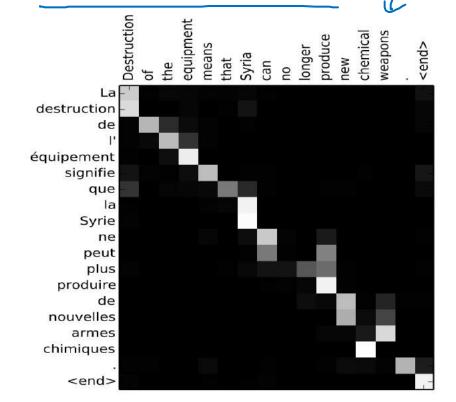


Attention examples

July 20th 1969 \longrightarrow 1969 - 07 - 20

23 April, 1564 →

1564 - 04 - 23



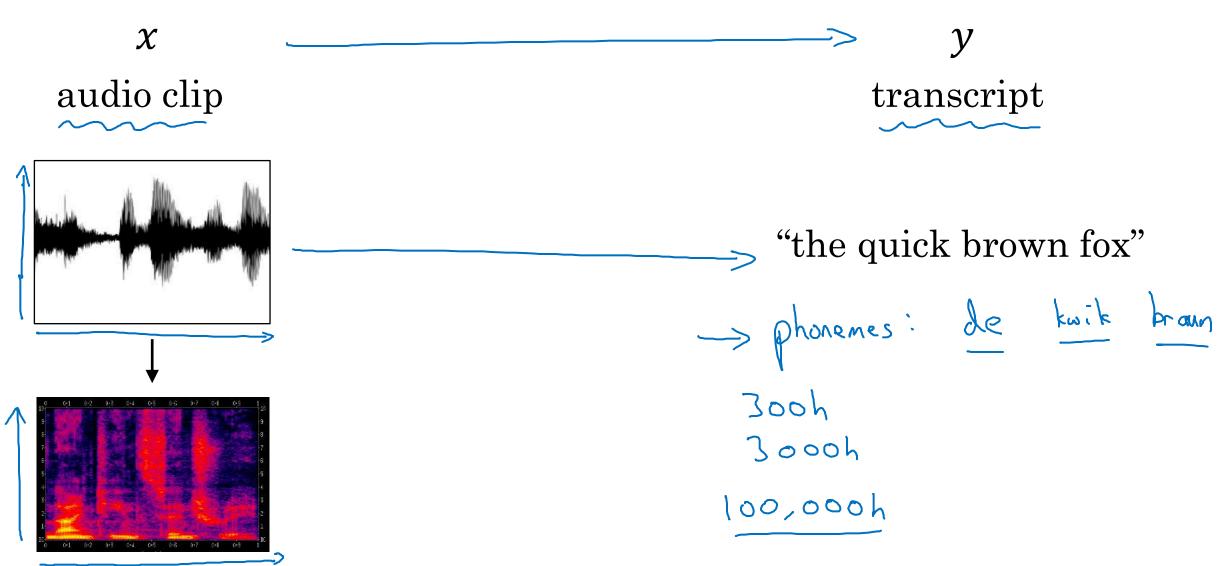
Visualization of $\alpha^{\langle t,t'\rangle}$:



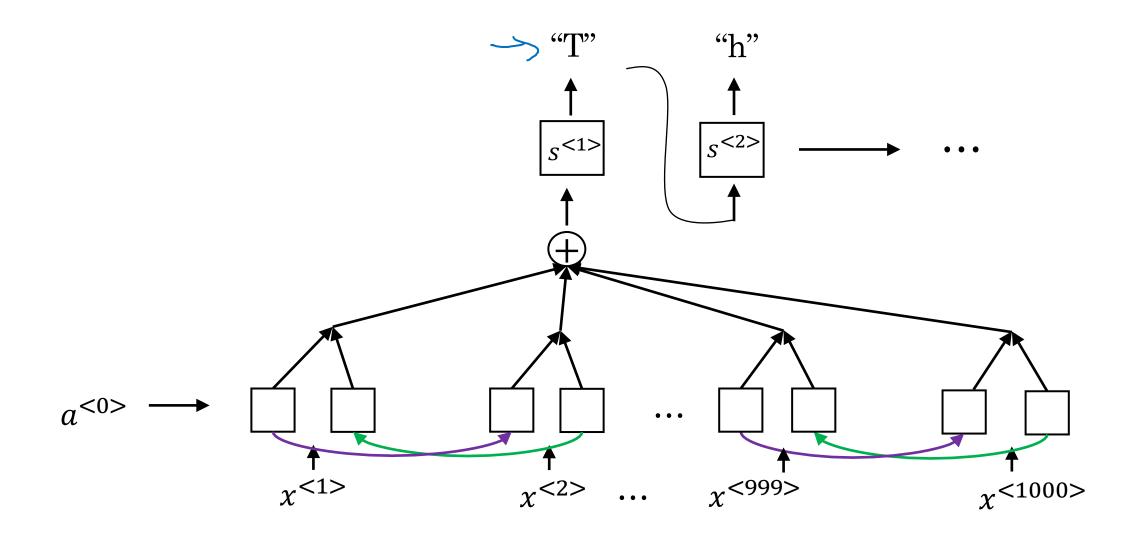
Audio data

Speech recognition

Speech recognition problem

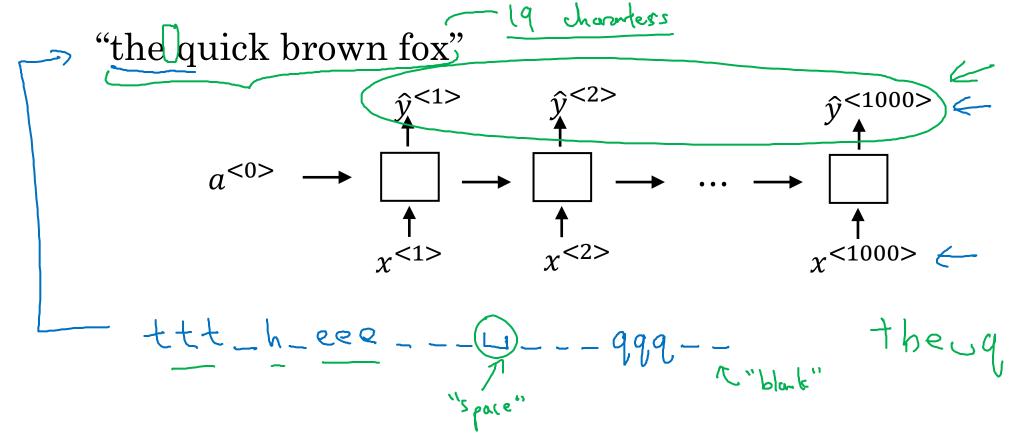


Attention model for speech recognition



CTC cost for speech recognition

(Connectionist temporal classification)



Basic rule: collapse repeated characters not separated by "blank"



Audio data

Trigger word detection

What is trigger word detection?



Amazon Echo (Alexa)



Baidu DuerOS (xiaodunihao)

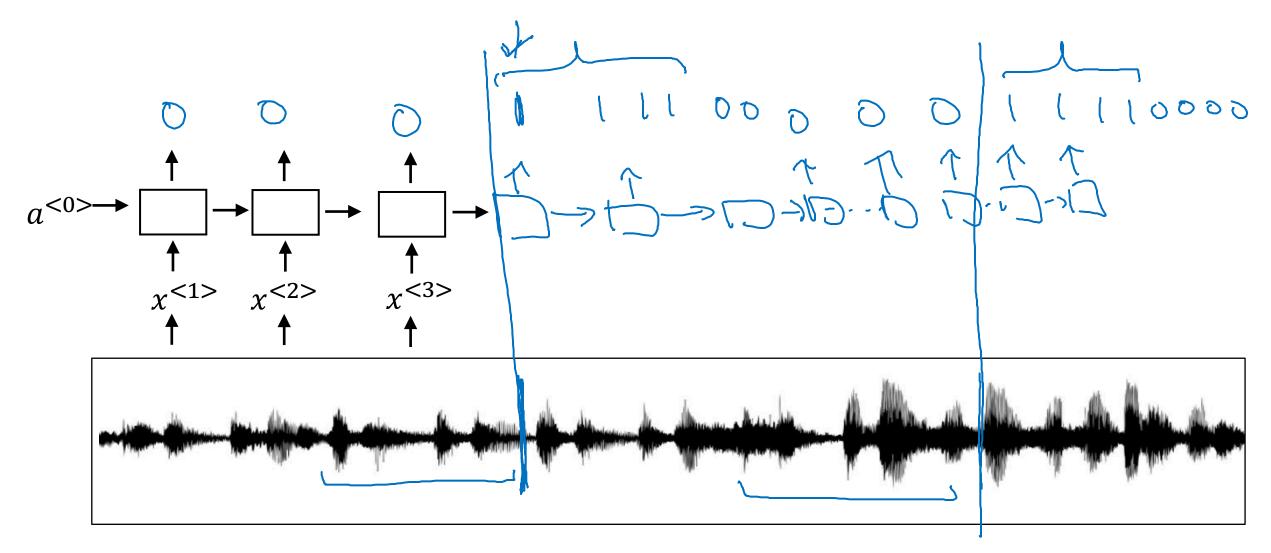


Apple Siri (Hey Siri)



Google Home (Okay Google)

Trigger word detection algorithm





Conclusion

Summary and thank you

Specialization outline

- 1. Neural Networks and Deep Learning
- 2. Improving Deep Neural Networks: Hyperparameter tuning, Regularization and Optimization
- 3. Structuring Machine Learning Projects
- 4. Convolutional Neural Networks
- 5. Sequence Models

Deep learning is a super power

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Thank you.

- Andrew Ng