

✓ Congratulations! You passed!

TO PASS 80% or higher



grade 87.50%

Week 3 Quiz

LATES	T SUBMISSION GRADE
87	5%

0,		
1.	If X is the standard notation for the input to an RNN, what are the standard notations for the outputs? Y H Y(hat) and H H(hat) and Y	1/1 point
	✓ Correct	
2.	What is a sequence to vector if an RNN has 30 cells numbered 0 to 29 The Y(hat) for the last cell The Y(hat) for the first cell The total Y(hat) for all cells The average Y(hat) for all 30 cells	1/1 point
	✓ Correct	
3.	What does a Lambda layer in a neural network do? There are no Lambda layers in a neural network Pauses training without a callback Changes the shape of the input or output data Allows you to execute arbitrary code while training	1/1 point
	✓ Correct	
4.	What does the axis parameter of tf.expand_dims do? Defines the dimension index to remove when you expand the tensor Defines the axis around which to expand the dimensions Defines the dimension index at which you will expand the shape of the tensor Defines if the tensor is X or Y	0 / 1 point
	Incorrect	

	O Hubble loss	
	• Huber loss	
	○ Hyatt loss	
	○ Hawking loss	
	✓ Correct	
6.	What's the primary difference between a simple RNN and an LSTM	1/1 point
	C LSTMs have a single output, RNNs have multiple	
	LSTMs have multiple outputs, RNNs have a single one	
	In addition to the H output, LSTMs have a cell state that runs across all cells	
	O In addition to the H output, RNNs have a cell state that runs across all cells	
	✓ Correct	
7.	If you want to clear out all temporary variables that tensorflow might have from previous sessions, what code do you run?	1/1 point
	tf.cache.clear_session()	
	tf.keras.clear_session	
	tf.keras.backend.clear_session()	
	tf.cache.backend.clear_session()	
	✓ Correct	
8.	What happens if you define a neural network with these two layers?	1/1 point
	tf.keras.layers.Bidirectional(tf.keras.layers.LSTM(32)),	
	tf.keras.layers.Bidirectional(tf.keras.layers.LSTM(32)),	
	tf.keras.layers.Dense(1),	
	O Your model will compile and run correctly	
	O Your model will fail because you have the same number of cells in each LSTM	
	O Your model will fail because you need return_sequences=True after each LSTM layer	
	Your model will fail because you need return_sequences=True after the first LSTM layer	
	✓ Correct	