



✓ **Congratulations! You passed!**  
TO PASS 80% or higher

Keep Learning

GRADE  
**85.71%**

## Week 4 Quiz

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE

85.71%

1. Using Image Generator, how do you label images?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ TensorFlow figures it out from the contents
- ☒ It's based on the directory the image is contained in
- ☐ It's based on the file name
- ☐ You have to manually do it

✓ Correct

2. What method on the Image Generator is used to normalize the image?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Rescale\_image
- ☐ normalize\_image
- ☒ rescale
- ☐ normalize

✓ Correct

3. How did we specify the training size for the images?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ The training\_size parameter on the training generator
- ☒ The target\_size parameter on the training generator
- ☐ The training\_size parameter on the validation generator
- ☐ The target\_size parameter on the validation generator

✓ Correct

4. When we specify the input\_shape to be (300, 300, 3), what does that mean?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ There will be 300 images, each size 300, loaded in batches of 3
- ☐ Every Image will be 300x300 pixels, and there should be 3 Convolutional Layers
- ☒ Every Image will be 300x300 pixels, with 3 bytes to define color
- ☐ There will be 300 horses and 300 humans, loaded in batches of 3

✓ Correct

5. If your training data is close to 1.000 accuracy, but your validation data isn't, what's the risk here?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ You're underfitting on your validation data

- ☐ You're overfitting on your validation data
- ☒ You're overfitting on your training data
- ☐ No risk, that's a great result

✓ Correct

6. Convolutional Neural Networks are better for classifying images like horses and humans because:

1 / 1 point

- ☐ In these images, the features may be in different parts of the frame
- ☐ There's a wide variety of horses
- ☐ There's a wide variety of humans
- ☒ All of the above

✓ Correct

7. After reducing the size of the images, the training results were different. Why?

0 / 1 point

- ☐ There was more condensed information in the images
- ☒ There was less information in the images
- ☐ The training was faster
- ☐ We removed some convolutions to handle the smaller images

! Incorrect