

# Dynamic Manifold Learning for Land Deformation Forecasting

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## Contributions

We explicitly explore the temporal dynamics of land surface and topological dependencies between monitored locations to study the land deformation prediction.

We propose a flow-based generative models method for density estimation on a dynamic manifold.

We consider the temporal deformation and spatio-temporal representation learning as a dynamic system, and introduce a method based on neural ordinary differentiable equations (NODE).

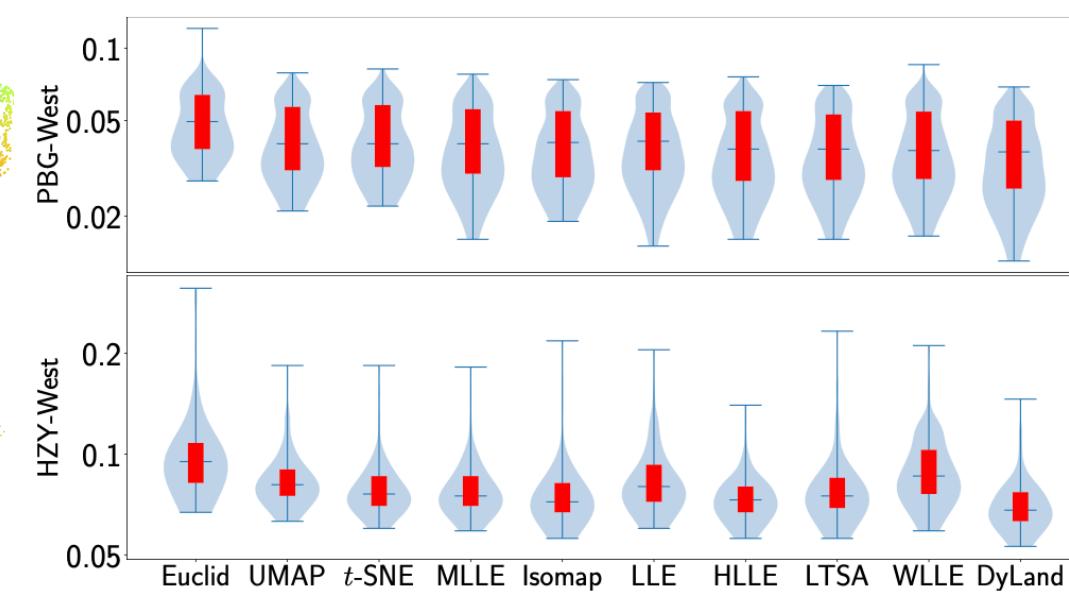
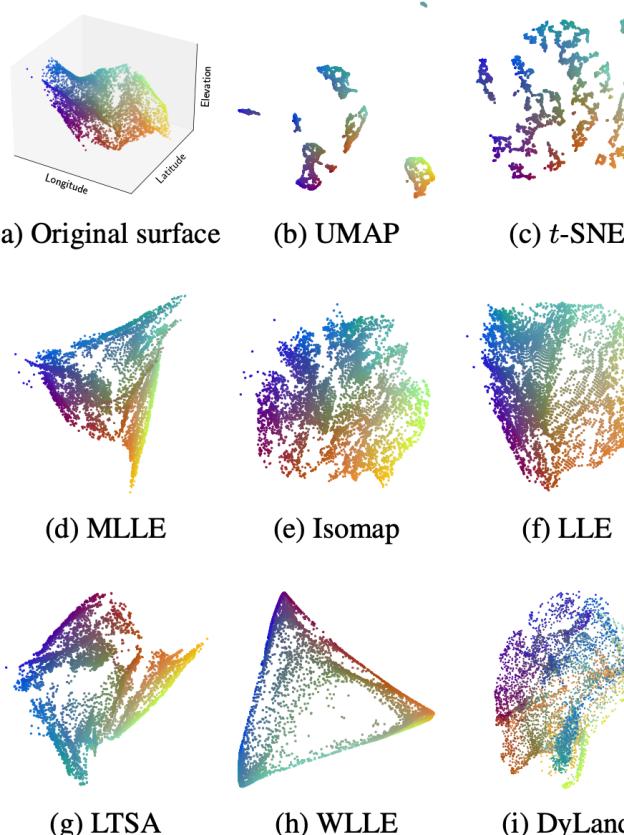
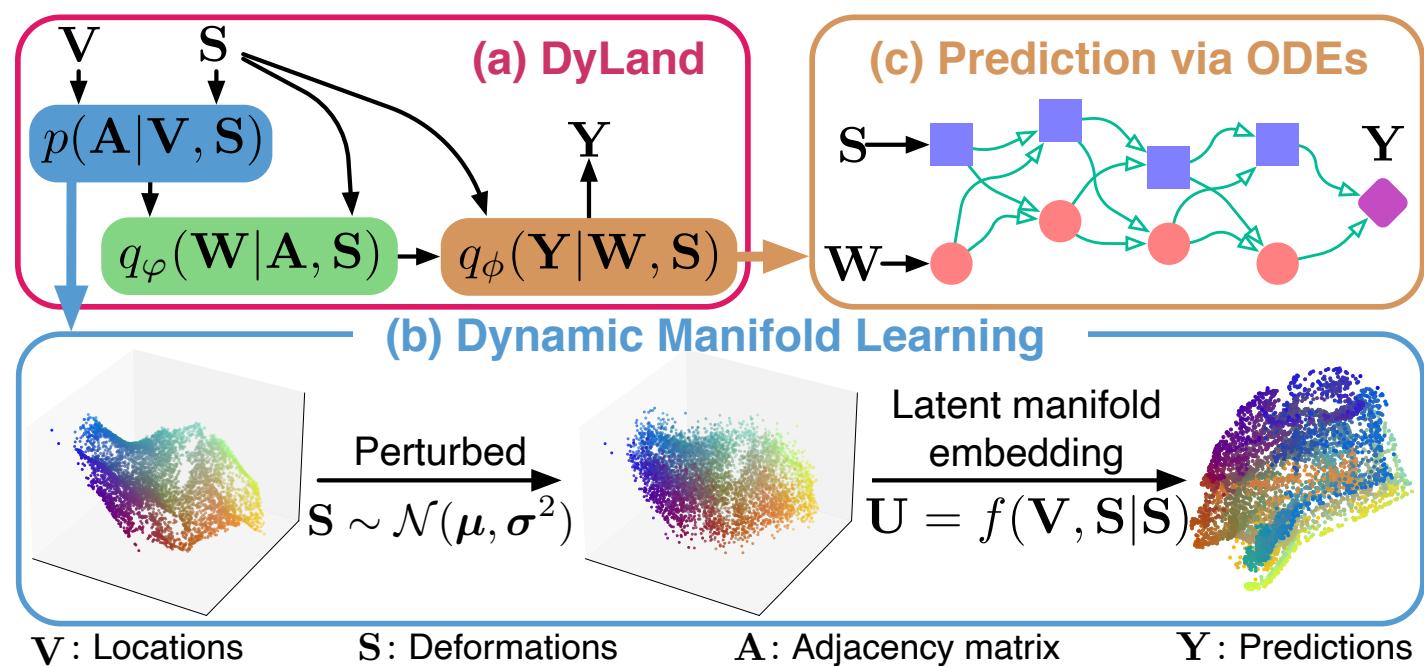
## Framework of DyLand

Dynamic Manifold Learning with Normalizing Flows for **Land** deformation prediction

(a) The probabilistic learning of DyLand.

$$(b) \text{The dynamic manifold learning. } \log p(\mathbf{v}'_i | \mathbf{s}_i^\tau) = \log p(\mathbf{u}_i^\tau) - \log \left| \det \frac{\partial f^{-1}(\mathbf{u}_i^\tau | \mathbf{s}_i^\tau)}{\partial \mathbf{u}_i^\tau} \right|$$

(c) The surface deformation prediction with ODEs.  $\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{t_1} \\ \mathbf{W}^{t_1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{t_0} \\ \mathbf{W}^{t_0} \end{bmatrix} + \int_{t_0}^{t_1} g \left( \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^t \\ \mathbf{W}^t \end{bmatrix}, t \right) dt$



## Visualizations and Comparisons