# Part 2 – Assignment

#### Danail Obreschkow

#### 2025-08-05

This assignment is worth 50 marks in total. Solutions must be written in  $\mathbf{R}$  markdown and submitted both as Rmd-file and compiled pdf-file. Use equation environments ( $\dots$  or  $\dots$ ) if you wish to show analytical calculations, and use embedded  $\mathbf{R}$ -code for numerical calculations.

### Warm-up [10 marks]

Numerically evaluate the mean and the skewness of the distance between two random points sampled from a uniform unit sphere. The result should have an absolute error below 0.001.

#### Permutations [10 marks]

Consider N types of distinct objects. There is exactly 1 object of the 1<sup>st</sup> type, there are 2 indistinguishable objects of the 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3 of the 3<sup>rd</sup>, etc. Let f(N) be the number of distinct ways of arranging these objects in an ordered sequence.

- a) Evaluate all digits of f(10). [5 marks]
- b) Evaluate the smallest integer N such that f(N) exceeds  $10^{10^{12.2}}$ ? [5 marks]

#### Galactic disk [10 marks]

Consider a self-gravitating flat exponential disk of mass M and scale radius R. Compute the (mass-weighted) line-of-sight velocity moments  $\mu_m = \langle (v_{LOS} - \langle v_{LOS} \rangle)^m \rangle$  for m=2, m=3 and m=4, as measured by an observer looking at the galaxy edge-on. Express the solutions in terms of a numerical constant, M, R and the gravitational constant G. For full marks, numerical values must be correct to six significant digits.

#### Himmelblau's function [10 marks]

Numerically evaluate the locations (x, y) of all the minima and maxima of the modified Himmelblau's function,  $f(x, y) = (x^2 + y - 4)^2 + (x + y^2 - 5)^2$ . To get full points, your results must be correct to at least three significant digits. Also show a contour plot with all extrema marked by crosses.

## Monte Carlo integration [10 marks]

Compute the gravitational binding energy of a solid cube of side length L and mass density  $\rho(r) = \rho_0 \exp(-r^3/L^3)$ , where r is the distance from the centre of the cube. Express the solution in terms of a numerical constant, L,  $\rho_0$  and G. The numerical part should be correct to three significant digits.