

# Package ‘prinvars’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Principal Variables

**Version** 0.1.0

**Description** This package provides methods for reducing the number of features within a data set.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Imports** methods, Rdpack

**RdMacros** Rdpack

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**URL** <https://github.com/Ronho/prinvars>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/Ronho/prinvars/issues>

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.2

**Collate** 'block.R'

'cor.R'

'explained-variance.R'

'get-blocks.R'

'thresholding.R'

'scale.R'

'utils.R'

'pla.R'

'prinvars-package.R'

**Suggests** testthat (>= 3.0.0)

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

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Block-class	<i>Block</i>
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### Description

Class used within the package to keep the structure and information about the generated blocks.

### Slots

`features` a vector of numeric which contains the indices of the block.

`explained_varaiance` a numeric which contains the variance explained of the blocks variables based on the whole data set.

`is_valid` a logical which indicates if the block structure is valid.

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<code>pla</code>	<i>Principal Loading Analysis</i>
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### Description

This function performs a principal loading analysis on the given data matrix and returns the results as an object of class `pla`.

### Usage

```
pla(
  x,
  cor = FALSE,
  scaled_ev = FALSE,
  thresholds = 0.33,
  threshold_mode = "cutoff",
  expvar = "approx",
  check = "rnc",
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	a numeric matrix or data frame which provides the data for the principal loading analysis.
<code>cor</code>	a logical value indicating whether the calculation should use the correlation or the covariance matrix.
<code>scaled_ev</code>	a logical value indicating whether the eigenvectors should be scaled.
<code>thresholds</code>	a numeric value or list of numeric values used to determine "small" values inside the eigenvectors. If multiple values are given, a list of <code>pla</code> results will be returned.
<code>threshold_mode</code>	a character string indicating how the threshold is determined and used. <code>cutoff</code> indicates the usage of a threshold value. <code>percentage</code> indicates that the cutoff value is determined by the maximum element of each vector multiplied with the threshold value.

expvar	a character string indicating the method used for calculating the explained variance. approx uses the explained variance of each eigenvector i.e. its eigenvalue. exact uses the variance of each variable.
check	a character string indicating if only rows or rows as well as columns are used to detect the underlying block structure. rows checks if the rows fulfill the required structure. rnc checks if rows and columns fulfill the required structure.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

### Value

single or list of pla class containing the following attributes:

x	a numeric matrix or data frame which equals the input of x.
c	a numeric matrix or data frame which is the covariance or correlation matrix based on the input of cov.
loadings	a matrix of variable loadings (i.e. a matrix containing the eigenvectors of the dispersion matrix).
threshold	a numeric value which equals the input of thresholds.
threshold_mode	a character string which equals the input of threshold_mode.
blocks	a list of blocks which are identified by principal loading analysis.

See <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0047259X21000324> and <https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/3475827.3475832> for more information.

### Examples

```
## Not run:
require(AER)
data("OECDGrowth")

## the scales in OECDGrowth differ hence using the
## correlation matrix is highly recommended

pla(OECDGrowth, thresholds = 0.5) ## not recommended
pla(OECDGrowth, cor=TRUE, thresholds = 0.5)

## we obtain three blocks: (randd), (gdp85,gdp60) and
## (invest, school, popgrowth). Block 1, i.e. the 1x1 block
## (randd), explains only 5.76% of the overall variance.
## Hence, discarding this block seems appropriate.

pla_obj = pla(OECDGrowth, cor=TRUE, thresholds = 0.5)
pla.drop_blocks(pla_obj, c(1)) ## drop block 1

## Sometimes, considering the blocks we keep rather than
## the blocks we want to discard might be more convenient.

pla.keep_blocks(pla_obj, c(2,3)) ## keep block 2 and block 3

## End(Not run)
```

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pla.drop_blocks	<i>Drop Blocks</i>
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## Description

Used to pass the indices of the blocks we want to discard.

## Usage

```
pla.drop_blocks(object, blocks, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	a pla object.
blocks	a list of numeric values indicating the indices of the blocks that should be removed.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

## Value

list of the following attributes:

x	a numeric matrix or data frame containing the reduced set of original variables.
cc_matrix	a numeric matrix or data frame which contains the conditional dispersion matrix. Depending on the pla procedure, this is either the conditional covariance matrix or the conditional correlation matrix.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
require(AER)
data("OECDEGrowth")

pla(OECDEGrowth,cor=TRUE,thresholds = 0.5)

## we obtain three blocks: (randd), (gdp85,gdp60) and
## (invest, school, popgrowth). Block 1, i.e. the 1x1 block
## (randd), explains only 5.76% of the overall variance.
## Hence, discarding this block seems appropriate.

pla_obj = pla(OECDEGrowth,cor=TRUE,thresholds = 0.5)
pla.drop_blocks(pla_obj, c(1)) ## drop block 1

## End(Not run)
```

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pla.keep_blocks	<i>Keep Blocks</i>
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## Description

Used to pass the indices of the blocks we want to keep (i.e. which we do not want to be discarded).

## Usage

```
pla.keep_blocks(object, blocks, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	a pla object.
blocks	a list of numeric values indicating the indices of the blocks that should be kept.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

## Value

list of the following attributes:

x	a numeric matrix or data frame containing the reduced set of original variables.
cc_matrix	a numeric matrix or data frame which contains the conditional dispersion matrix. Depending on the pla procedure, this is either the conditional covariance matrix or the conditional correlation matrix.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
require(AER)
data("OECDGrowth")

pla(OECDGrowth, cor=TRUE, thresholds = 0.5)

## we obtain three blocks: (randd), (gdp85,gdp60) and
## (invest, school, popgrowth). Block 1, i.e. the 1x1 block
## (randd), explains only 5.76% of the overall variance.
## Hence, discarding this block seems appropriate. Therefore,
## we keep block 2 and block 3

pla.keep_blocks(pla_obj, c(2,3)) ## keep block 2 and block 3

## End(Not run)
```

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pla.show	<i>Show Function for pla S3</i>
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### Description

Shows the blocks, threshold, threshold\_mode and the loadings.

### Usage

```
pla.show(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	a pla object.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

### Examples

```
## Not run:
require(AER)
data("OECDGrowth")

pla_obj = pla(OECDGrowth,cor=TRUE,thresholds = 0.5)
show(pla_obj)

## End(Not run)
```

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print.pla	<i>Print Function for pla S3</i>
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### Description

Prints the blocks, threshold, threshold\_mode and the loadings.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'pla'
print(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	a pla object.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
require(AER)
data("OECDEGrowth")

pla_obj = pla(OECDEGrowth,cor=TRUE,thresholds = 0.5)
print(pla_obj)

## End(Not run)
```

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show,Block-method	<i>Block - Show Prints the blocks structure.</i>
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**Description**

Block - Show  
Prints the blocks structure.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'Block'
show(object)
```

**Arguments**

object                  block.

**Examples**

```
block <- new("Block", features = c(2, 5), explained_variance = 0.03)
print(block)
```

---

str,Block-method	<i>Block - str Generic function to create a string out of the blocks structure.</i>
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**Description**

Block - str  
Generic function to create a string out of the blocks structure.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'Block'
str(object)
```

**Arguments**

object                  block.

**Examples**

```
block <- new("Block", features = c(2, 5), explained_variance = 0.03)
str(block)
```



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