

## 1. Code Optimization:

```
def sum_of_sqaure(N):
    result = 0
    for i in range(1,N+1):
        result += i*i
    return result

def sum_of_sqaure_optimized_version(N):
    return N*(N+1)*(2*N+1)//6

N = int(input("Please enter the no: "))
print("Unoptimized Output is:",sum_of_sqaure(N))
print("Optimized
      way:",sum_of_sqaure_optimized_version(N))
```

## 2. Code Generation:

```
def compile(expression):
    # Ensure the expression is properly
    formatted as a string
    return ' '.join(expression.split())

# Example usage
expression = "3 + 4 * 2"
generated_code = compile(expression)
print("Generated Python code:", generated_code)

# Evaluate the generated code
result = eval(generated_code)
```

```
print("Result of expression:", result)
```

3. Try to program to count number of tabs, lines, etc, etc, from given file.

```
def count_text_stats(filename):  
    with open(filename, 'r') as file:  
        lines = file.readlines()  
        num_lines = len(lines)  
        num_tabs = sum(line.count('\t') for  
line in lines)  
        num_spaces = sum(line.count(' ') for  
line in lines)  
        words = ' '.join(lines).split()  
        num_words = len(words)  
        num_chars = sum(len(word) for word in  
words)  
  
        return num_lines, num_tabs, num_spaces,  
num_words, num_chars  
  
# Example usage  
filename =  
r'C:\Users\RONIT\Desktop\cd\sample.txt'# Change  
this to your file path
```

```
line_count, tab_count, space_count, word_count,
char_count = count_text_stats(filename)
print("Number of lines:", line_count)
print("Number of tabs:", tab_count)
print("Number of spaces:", space_count)
print("Number of words:", word_count)
print("Number of characters:", char_count)
```

5)

**Write LEX specifications and necessary C code that reads English words from a text file and calculates the count of words that starts with a vowel. The program appends the current value of the counter to every occurrences of such word. The program should also compute total numbers of words read.**

→

```
import re

def append_counter(word, count):
    return f"{word}{count}"

def process_file(filename):
    with open(filename, 'r') as file:
        content = file.read()
```

```
vowel_count = 0

total_words = 0

def replace_word(match):

    nonlocal vowel_count, total_words

    word = match.group(0)

    if re.match(r'^[aeiouAEIOU]', word):

        vowel_count += 1

        word = append_counter(word,
vowel_count)

        total_words += 1

    return word

processed_content = re.sub(r'\b[a-zA-Z]+\b',
replace_word, content)

print(processed_content)
```

```

        print(f"\nTotal words: {total_words}")

if __name__ == "__main__":

        filename =
'C:\\Users\\RONIT\\Desktop\\cd\\sample.txt'

        process_file(filename)

```

5)

**Write LEX specifications and necessary C code that reads English words from a text file and replaces every occurrence of the sub string 'abc' with 'ABC'. The program should also compute number of characters, words and lines read. It should not consider and count any line(s) that begin with a symbol "#".**

→

```

import re

def count_chars_and_words(text):

    char_count = len(text)

```

```
        word_count = len(re.findall(r'\b\w+\b',
text))

    return char_count, word_count

def process_file(filename):

    char_count = 0

    word_count = 0

    line_count = 0

    with open(filename, 'r') as file:

        for line in file:

            if line.startswith('#'):

                continue

            line_count += 1

            line = re.sub(r'abc', 'ABC', line)

            print(line, end='')

            chars, words =
count_chars_and_words(line)
```

```

        char_count += chars

        word_count += words

    print(f"\nCharacters: {char_count}")

    print(f"Words: {word_count}")

    print(f"Lines: {line_count}")

if __name__ == "__main__":

    filename =
'C:\\Users\\RONIT\\Desktop\\cd\\sample.txt' #
Define the file path here

    process_file(filename)

```

**3. Write a lex program to count number of characters, words and lines in a given input text file. Create an output text file that consists of the content of the input file as well as line numbers**

```

def count_chars_and_words(text):

    char_count = len(text)

    word_count = len(text.split())

```

```
    return char_count, word_count

def process_file(input_filename,
output_filename):

    char_count = 0

    word_count = 0

    line_count = 0

    with open(input_filename, 'r') as input_file,
open(output_filename, 'w') as output_file:

        for line in input_file:

            line_count += 1

            char_count += len(line)

            word_count += len(line.split())

            # Write line number and content to
output file

            output_file.write(f"{line_count}:
{line}")
```



```
    return char_count, word_count, line_count

if __name__ == "__main__":
    input_filename = 'input.txt'    # Provide the
input file path

    output_filename = 'output.txt' # Provide the
output file path

    char_count, word_count, line_count =
process_file(input_filename, output_filename)

    print(f"Characters: {char_count}")

    print(f"Words: {word_count}")

    print(f"Lines: {line_count}")
```

Implement the Lexical analyzer for the given language. The lexical analyzer should ignore redundant spaces, tabs and new lines. It should also ignore comments. Although the syntax specification states that identifiers can be arbitrarily long, you may restrict the length to some reasonable value.

```
import re
```

```
def lexical_analyzer(input_text):  
    tokens = []  
    current_token = ''  
    in_comment = False  
  
    # Regular expressions for tokens  
    identifier_regex = r'[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]*'  
    number_regex = r'\d+ '  
    symbol_regex = r'[\[\] ()+\-*/=] '  
  
    for line in input_text.split('\n'):  
        # Remove leading and trailing whitespace  
        line = line.strip()
```

```
        # Skip empty lines

        if not line:

            continue

        # Remove comments

        line = re.sub(r'#.*/', '', line)

        # Split line into tokens

        for token in
re.findall(f'{{identifier_regex}}|{{number_regex}}|{{s
ymbol_regex}}', line):

            tokens.append(token)

    return tokens

if __name__ == "__main__":

    # Example input text
```

```
input_text = """  
  
# This is a comment  
  
x = 10  
  
y = 20  
  
result = x + y  
  
"""  
  
tokens = lexical_analyzer(input_text)  
  
print("Tokens:", tokens)
```

GITHUB LEX COMPILOR:

<https://github.com/Tempo4u/system272.git>