

Advocacy Resource Center

Advocating on behalf of physicians and patients at the state level

2024 Prior Authorization (PA) State Law Chart

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
AL Ala. Code 1975 § 27-3A-5		2 business days of receipt of request and all necessary info received. Plan must complete the adjudication of appeals in 30 days.							On appeal, all decisions must be made by physician in the same or similar general specialty as typically manages condition, procedure, or treatment.		When initial decision not to approve is made prior to/during an ongoing service requiring review, and physician believes warrants immediate appeal, can appeal via phone on expedited basis (48 hours).
AK 7 AAC 120.410 and Alaska Stat. § 21.07.020		Nonemergency:72 hours. For care following emergency services: 24 hours. Appeals:18 working days after received. Expedited:72 hours.		PA for a covered medical procedure on the basis of medical necessity may not be retroactively denied unless PA is based on materially incomplete or inaccurate information.					Decisions to deny, reduce, or terminate a benefit or deny payment for service based on medically necessity must be made by employee or agent of plan who is a licensed health care provider. On appeal, same professional license as provider.		

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
AR Code § 23-99- 11 HB 1271 (2023)	Plan must strive to implement no later than July 1, 2018, mechanism by which providers may request PA through an automated electronic system as an alternative to telephone-based PA systems.	Nonurgent: 2 business days of obtaining all necessary info Urgent: 1 business day Emergency: a minimum of 24 hours following provision of emergency care for patient or provider to notify plan of admission or provision of care If occurs on holiday or weekend, plan cannot require notification until the next business day. If patient receives emergency care that requires immediate post-evaluation or post-stabilization service, a plan must make an authorization within 60 minutes of receiving a request.	Plan must pay for care that received PA for at least 90 days after PA granted unless never performed, claim was not timely, patient not eligible, fraud or misrepresentation	Cannot rescind, limit, condition based on medical necessity unless provider notified 3 business days before scheduled date. May rescind, limit, condition, or restrict PA based on eligibility at time of care if plan provided means to confirm whether patient is eligible up to the date of admission, service, procedure, or extension of stay.	Statistics must be available regarding PA approvals and denials on plan's website in a readily accessible format. Statistics must categorize approvals and denials by physician specialty; medication or diagnostic test or procedure; medical indication offered as justification for the PA request; and reason for denial.	Plans must disclose all PA requirements and any written clinical criteria, in a publicly accessible manner on website. Adverse determination must be based on medical necessity or appropriateness of services and on written clinical criteria. "Medical necessity" includes "medical appropriateness," "primary coverage criteria," & any other terminology used by plan that refers to a "primary coverage criteria," and any other terminology used by plan that refers to a determination that is based in whole/in part on clinical justification for a service.	Cannot implement new/amended requirements before providing written 60-day notice.	A provider may submit a benefit inquiry to plan for service not yet provided to determine if service meets medical necessity/other requirements for payment PA decision must include determination as to whether patient is covered by a plan and eligible to receive the requested service.	Adverse determination must be made by a physician who possesses a current and unrestricted AR license. Physician may request that PA be reviewed by a physician in the same specialty as the physician making the request, by a physician in another appropriate specialty, or by pharmacologist.	If covered pain medication requires PA, PA can't be denied if patient has terminal illness. Plan may not impose any PA for any service included in value-based payment arrangement. Gold carding in 2024. A provider w/ 90% approval rate for a service b/w 1/1/22 - 6/30/22 is exempt until 9/30/24. If utilization increase of 25% or more during exemption period, plan can rescind. By 10/1/24, plans to let providers know if exemption granted (12 months). QHPs on exchange and MCOs may develop other volume reducing plan approved by DOI to be exempt from gold card requirements.	Provider may submit a benefit inquiry to plan for service not yet provided to determine whether service meets medical necessity and requirements for payment under a health benefit plan if service were to be provided to patient. Denial must include contact info for reviewer (same specialty/ licensed in AR) whom requesting physician may have a reasonable opportunity to discuss treatment plan and the clinical basis for intervention (w/in 1 business day for urgent/2 for nonurgent). Reviewer must follow-up with decision w/in 1 business day for urgent/2 for non)

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
A.R.S. §20-2803		For care provided after initial screening and immediately necessary to stabilize, PA is granted unless.		Plan cannot rescind or modify PA after the provider renders care in good faith and pursuant to the authorization.		Payer cannot request info that does not apply to the medical condition at issue for the purposes of determining whether to approve or deny a PA request.					
CA 28 CCR § 1300.67.2 4 HSC § 1367.01	Use and accept only the PA form (Form No. 61-211). Accept through any reasonable means- paper, electronic, phone, web portal, or another mutually agreeable method. Notices to provider delivered in same manner or another mutually agreeable method. Provider may use ePA system compliant with SCRIPT standard in place of Form 61-211.	Services: 5 business days Urgent services: 72 hours 24 hours for exigent circumstances or 72 hours for nonurgent requests of a prescription drug PA or step therapy exception request			Plan must maintain for 10 yrs. info for department upon request re: nonformulary drug requests, ST exceptions requests and PA: (1) #of requests (2) Type of specialties submitting requests, specialties reviewing initial requests & internal appeals (3) #of requests denied and reasons (4) # of requests initially approved (5) # of denials appealed internally and to external review, # upheld and reversed by internal appeal/ external review. (6) Time b/w request/approval (7) #of denials by type of provider and specialty.	Plan can request only the info reasonably necessary to make the determination. For drugs, plan that offer PA telephonically or through a web portal cannot require provider to provide more info than is required by Form 61-211 or a form or process compliant with SCRIPT standard to certain physician group processes.		Plan must provide clear explanation of specific reasons for denial of the RX PA or step therapy exception request.	No individual, other than a licensed physician or a licensed health care professional who is competent to evaluate the specific clinical issues involved in the health care services requested by the provider, may deny or modify requests for authorization of health care services for an enrollee for reasons of medical necessity.		A plan must cover at least at least 1 therapeutically equivalent version of a drug, device, or product for the prevention of AIDS/HIV without PA or step therapy. Rx deemed approved if plan doesn't meet response time requirements.

State	ePA and	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and	Notice of new	Transparency	Qualifications of	Exceptions/ gold	Peer-to-
	question set			denials		medical necessity	requirements		reviewer	carding	peer/appeal
											process/
											other
CO	Electronically	For Rx: 2 business				Must disclose list of		Notice of right to	All written adverse		Can prospectively
	means when the	days (ePAs); 3				drugs that require PA,		appeal must be	determinations must		request peer-to-
C.R.S. 10-	provider submits	business days – non-				written clinical criteria		given to patient	be signed by licensed		peer. Physician
16-124.5	request through a	urgent (oral, fax,				and criteria for reauth of		when PA is denied.	physician familiar w/		can request peer-
	secure, web-	email); 1 business				previously approved			standards of care in		to-peer re:
C.R.S. 10-	based internet	day – urgent (oral,				drug after PA period		1st level review -	CO.		adverse
16-113	portal. Does not	fax, email)				expired.		reviewer must			determination by
	include e-mail.					Require evidence-based		consider all	1st level review		reviewer making
	a. 1 10	For medical				guidelines.		comments,	(appeal) must be		determination.
	Standard form	services:						documents, records,	evaluated by a		
		15 days non-urgent,						and other info re:	physician who		Peer-to-peer must
		Urgent 72 hours.						request submitted	consults with an		occur w/in 5
		Г ,						w/o regard to whether the info	appropriate clinical		calendar days of
		For concurrent						was submitted or	peer unless reviewing physician is a clinical		request and be conducted b/w
		review urgent care requests involving a						considered in	peer. The physician		provider and
		requests involving a request by the						making the initial	and clinical peer(s)		reviewer who
		patient to extend the						adverse	cannot have been		made
		course of treatment						determination.	involved in initial		determination or
		beyond the initial						determination.	determination but		clinical peer if
		period of time or the							person that has		can't be available
		number of							involved w/denial		w/in 5 calendar
		treatments							may answer		days.
		authorized: if the							questions.		days.
		request is made at							questions.		Patient has right
		least 24 hours prior									to a review
		to the expiration of									meeting.
		the authorized									Adverse
		period of time or									determination, or
		authorized number									w/ respect to
		of treatments, the									voluntary 2nd
		plan shall make a									level review of a
		determination w/									1st level review
		respect to the									denial, must be
		request w/in 24									reviewed by
		hours.									health care
											professional(s) w/
		1st level review –									expertise in case.
		plan has 30 days.									

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
СТ			PA lasts for 60 days unless it is reversed or rescinded	Cannot rescind a PA/refuse to pay if plan did not notify patient /provider at least 3 days prior to care.						No PA for opioid antagonists	
DE HB 381 (2016)	NCPDP standards for ePA (no standards for medical services ePA)	Drugs: 2 business days from clean PA Medical services not through ePA, 8 business days; ePA: 5 business days	Plan cannot revoke, limit, condition or restrict a PA on ground of medical necessity after date health care provider received the PA. A proper notification of policy changes validly delivered may void a PA if received after PA but before delivery of the service.		Plans must report to DHIN statistics on approvals, denials, appeals at least twice annually. Statistics to include: (1) aggregated reasons for denials; (2) For appeals: a) specialty; b) medication, diagnostic test, or diagnostic procedure; c) Indication offered; d) Reason for underlying denial; e) # of denials overturned on appeal.	Clinical criteria must be described in language easily understandable by a provider practicing in the same clinical area	60-day notice of new PA requirements.	Must make any current PA requirements readily accessible on website and in written or electronic form upon request. Requirements must be described in detail and in clear, easily understandable language.			
DC L25-0100		Urgent: 24 hours Nonurgent: 3 business days via electronic portal or 5 business days via	PA valid for at least 1 year or course of treatment regardless of	If provider certifies in writing w/in 72 hrs that patient needed	Plan to make publicly available on website statistics regarding approvals, denials, and appeals,	Plan can only require PA for a covered service based on determination of medical necessity for	Any changes to the requirements are not effective until the plan's website has	Plan must post current PA requirements including formulary, on website to be	Adverse determination must be made by physician licensed to practice in DC, MD, VA in same	Plan cannot require PA based solely on the cost of service. No PA for MAT,	Prior to issuing adverse determination, plan must notify care
		mail, phone, fax For long-term services and supports, 30 days; provided, that enrollee has been	changes in dosage (plan may rescind if dosage exceeds limitations set by laws or regulations)	emergency care, service shall be presumed medically necessary and may only be rebutted w/ clear	including info on the: (1) Specialties reviewing PA requests or appeals; (2) Types of medication, tests, procedures, or	different care or that proposed care is experimental or investigational.	been updated to reflect the new requirements. If plan changes cover of, or criteria for, service for	accessed by general public. Hard copy and over phone must be available on request to enrollee or provider. Requirements to	or similar specialty (pediatric decisions must have reviewer in pediatric specialty). Reviewing physician must be under clinical direction of a medical	emergency services including to screen and stabilize, pre-hospital transportation.	provider that medical necessity is being questioned and give physician an opportunity to provide

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
DC cont'd		determined to be otherwise eligible for such benefits under Medicaid	Chronic conditions: as long as medically reasonable and necessary to avoid disruptions in care. Plan may not revoke, limit, condition, or restrict PA if care provided w/in 45 business days from the date of notice; except in cases of fraud New plan to honor PA for 60 days. PA to be honored if new plan under same insurer.	and convincing evidence.	treatment in which approval was being sought; (3) Medical indication offered in each request; (4) Reasons for denial; (5) # of appeals taken; (6) # of appeals approved or denied; (7) Time b/w submission of request and determination; and (8) Time b/w submission of appeal and decision.		which enrollee previously received approval, change does not apply for the duration of the approval.	include written clinical criteria, list of drugs requiring PA, include process for submitting, and standards for considering, including evidence-based guidelines for PA, reauthorization, and appeals. Notice of PA decision must include the state reviewer is licensed, status of license, specialty. If denied, must include reason based on PA requirements, enrollee's right to appeal, appeal process, and info needed to support successful appeal. Plan to make enrollee's PA info from at least proceeding 5 yrs available to them.	directory licensed n DC responsible for providing health care services to enrollees in DC, not receiving financial incentives to deny care. Appeals to be reviewed by physician licensed in DC, MD, VA, practiced in same or similar specialty for at least 5 yrs, is knowledgeable of and has experience with providing care; not receiving financial incentives to deny, not directly involved in initial decision, not subordinate of physician who made initial decision.		additional info or clarification. 15 calendar days to appeal. Actions by plan that establishes a pattern or practice of repeated violations of this title, determined by Commissioner will constitute a violation of the Insurance Trade and Economic Development Amendment Act.
FL Ch. 2016- 224 (627.4239 2) and Ch. 16 – 222	A plan that does not use ePA must use the standard PA form approved by the FSC										

GA Code Ann. 33- 64-8 NCPDP standard 1/1/22 – 12/31/22: response required w/in 15 calendar days of obtaining all necessary info. Insurers must make aggregate statistics available per insurer and per its plans regarding approvals Clinical criteria on which decision are made must be provided to provider at time of response. Clinical criteria on which decision are made must be provided to provider at time of response. Appeals must be review by provider unanticipated emergency services, or covered services which are incidental to		question set			denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/
Beginning 1/1/23: SH 80 Response require services, limit, website in a readily condition, or or determined by the service and decinals on its restrict except for a Schedule urgent services and retreative texpet for a Schedule urgent services and termined by the service and the statistics required but must include, that the provider of plant and the provider of plant and the provider and the provider and the period of authorization. Beginning 1/1/23: SH 80 Response requires reviews revoke, limit, website in a readily condition, or defermined by the primary covered service and determined by the primary covered a pappropriate logal authorization; (2) Be currently in active practice in the same or similar specially and who typically made who typically and who t	A Code nn. 33- 1-8 3 80 021)		response required w/in 15 calendar days of obtaining all necessary info. Beginning 1/1/23: Response requires w/in 7 calendar days of obtaining all necessary info. For urgent services no later than 72 hours after receiving all	services performed w/in 45 business days of PA, may not revoke, limit, condition, or restrict except for a Schedule II controlled substance. If receive PA for drugs for patient w/ chronic condition who requires ongoing medication therapy, PA must: (1) Be valid for the lesser of: (A) 1 year from the date of PA or (B) until last day of coverage; and (2) cover changes in dosage during the period of authorization. New plan must honor old		aggregate statistics available per insurer and per its plans regarding approvals and denials on its website in a readily accessible format. The Commissioner to determine the statistics required but must include, (1) Approved or denied on initial request; (2) Reason for denial; (3) Whether appealed; (4) Whether approved or denied on appeal; and (5) Time between submission and	which decision are made must be provided to provider at time of response. Change in coverage or approval criteria does not impact patient approval for remainder of plan year. Definition of medical necessity: services that prudent provider would provide for purpose of preventing, diagnosing, or treating illness, injury, or disease or its symptoms in manner that is: (a) In accordance w/ generally accepted standards of medical or other healthcare practice; (b) Clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site, and duration; (c) Not primarily for economic benefit of insurer or convenience of patient, treating physician, or other provider; and (d) Not primarily custodial care, unless custodial			review by provider who (1) Possesses a current and valid nonrestricted license or maintain other appropriate legal authorization; (2) Be currently in active practice in the same or similar specialty and who typically manages condition or disease; (3) Be knowledgeable of, and have experience providing, service under appeal; (4) Not have been directly involved in adverse determination; and (5) Consider all known clinical aspects of service under review, including, but not limited to, all pertinent medical or other records provided provider, relevant records, and medical or other literature from	unanticipated emergency services, urgent services, or covered services which are incidental to the primary covered service and determined by physician to be	process/ other

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
ні	General form used by some insurers										
Title 41, Ch. 39 (41-3930)		2 business days after complete member medical information is provided to plan, unless exceptional circumstances warrant a longer period.		Cannot rescind approval of provided service except for fraud/ misrep/non- payment of premium, benefit exhaustion, or eligibility.							
IL Public Act 102-0409		Nonurgent request in 5 calendar days and 48 hours for urgent care 15 days for appeal decisions.	90-day period of authorization when a patients change plans Requires approvals remain valid for six months, and 12 months for chronic conditions and long-term diseases, regardless of changes in dosage Continued approval when plan's requirements change	Plans cannot deem as incidental or deny supplies or services that are routinely used as part of a health care service when: (1) an associated health care service has received PA; or (2) PA for the health care service is not required Payment (generally) if service or drug is authorized	Statistical reporting requirements include list of services/drugs subject to PA, total # of PA requests received, total # of denials and the top five reasons for denials, the # of denials appeals and whether they were upheld, and the average time between submission and response.	Clinical review criteria must be (1) based on nationally recognized, generally accepted standards except where IL law provides own standard; (2) developed in accordance w/ current standards of a national medical accreditation entity; (3) ensure quality of care and access to needed health care services; (4) evidence-based; (5) sufficiently flexible to allow deviations from norms on a case-by-case basis; (6) updated, if necessary, at least annually. "Medically necessary:" professional exercising prudent clinical judgment would provide care to a	Notice of new requirements or changes 60 days in advance	Plan to make any PA requirements including the written clinical review criteria, readily accessible and conspicuously posted on website.	Physician reviewing appeal must: (1) possess a current and valid nonrestricted license to practice medicine; (2) be in the same or similar specialty as one who typically manages condition; (3) be knowledgeable of, and have experience providing, services; (4) not have been directly involved in making adverse determination; (5) consider all known clinical aspects of service under review, including a review of all pertinent medical records and medical literature provided to plan.	An issuer must periodically review requirements and consider removal (1) where a drug/ procedure is customary and properly indicated or is a treatment for the clinical indication as supported by peer-reviewed medical publications; or (2) for patients currently managed w/ established treatment regimen.	Denials can be appealed/ reviewed by external independent review.

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
IL cont'd						patient for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing, or treating an illness, injury, disease, or its symptoms and that are: (i) in accordance w/ generally accepted standards of medical practice; (ii) clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site, and duration and are considered effective for the patient's illness, injury, or disease; and (iii) not primarily for convenience of patient, treating physician/ professional, caregiver, family member, or other interested party, but focused on what is best for patient's health outcome.					
SB 400 (2023) HR 1143 (2018) SB 73 (2017)	NCPDP standard. Required of plan and physicians. Exemptions under certain circumstances & provider to use standard form	Urgent – 48 hours Nonurgent – 5 business days. If incomplete request, must respond w/in time period. (For ePA immediate electronic receipt required.)		No retroactive denial, except if false/incorrect info provided or noncoverage on day of service. Cannot deny claims based on lack of PA for unanticipated medical service provided during authorized service.	By 2/1 every year, plan must post on its website the 30 most common CPT codes requiring PA and percentage of those codes approved.		Plans must disclose any new PA requirements 45 days before implemented (can be posted conspicuously on plan's website).	List of PA requirements by CPT code on website or portal, including specific info that must be submitted.		Prohibits prior authorization on list of CPT codes for state employee health plans. Study on impact by Nov 2025. Expires June 2026.	Peer to peer with clinical peer must be available after adverse determination w/in 7 days (if feasible).

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
IA 191 IAC 79 IA HF2399 (2022)	Commissioner can consider NCPDP standards.	72 hours for urgent claims; 5 calendar days for non-urgent claims; 24 hours expedited If a request for a PA is incomplete or additional info is required, plan may request info w/in the applicable time periods. Once the info is submitted, the applicable time-period begins again. Payer must assign PA request a unique electronic ID number to track request.		Plan to pay at contracted rate per PA unless: 1. Waste, fraud, abuse 2. Inaccurate info was relied on in PA 3. Service no longer a benefit on day provided 4. provider was no longer contracted w/ plan on date care provided 5. Provider did not meet plan's timely filing requirements. 6. Plan does not have liability for a claim 7. Patient was no longer eligible				Plan must make available/ accessible on websites: a.) PA requirements, including list of drugs that require PA. b.) Clinical criteria that are easily understandable to providers, including clinical criteria for reauthorization of a previously approved drug after PA period has expired. c.) standards for submitting requests, including evidence-based guidelines.			
KS		For post evaluation or post stabilization services immediately following treatment of emergency medical condition, plan to provide access to an authorized representative 24/7.		longer eligible							Plan to provide patient w/ denial and description of internal appeal or review procedure, including the right to external review. Must notify patient of right to waive 2nd appeal or internal review and proceed directly to external review.

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
KY KY Rev Stat § 217.211 SB 54 2019	ePA for drugs that meets the most recent NCPDP SCRIPT standard for ePA adopted by HHS. (Not fax, payer portals, electronic forms.)	Urgent: 24 hours. Nonurgent: 5 days Plans must be available to conduct review during normal business hours and extended hours on Monday and Friday through 6:00 p.m., including federal holidays. Failure to make determination and provide written notice w/in time frames will be deemed to be a PA for the services or benefits.	Valid for lesser of 1 yr or end of coverage for patient w/ a condition requiring ongoing medication therapy, and provider continues to prescribe drug. Changes in dosage don't require new PA. Does not include drugs for a nonmaintenance condition; that have a typical treatment period <12 months; where evidence that does not support 12-month approval; or opioid analgesics/benzodiazepines	Unless otherwise specified by the provider's contract, an insurer cannot deem as incidental or deny supplies that are routinely used as part of a procedure when: (a) associated procedure has been preauthorized; or (b) PA for the procedure is not required. Plan cannot deny claim if PA not in effect on data of services on claim		"Medically necessary health care services:" Health care services that a provider would render to patient for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing, or treating an illness, injury, disease, or its symptoms in a manner that is: (a) In accordance w/generally accepted standards of medical practice; and (b) Clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, and duration.	Plan/UR entity must submit a copy of any changes to its utilization review policies or procedures to the DOI. No change to policies can take effect until after it has been filed with and approved by the commissioner.	Plans must make written procedures for determining whether requested care is covered, making utilization review determinations, and notifying patients and providers of determinations available on website to patients and providers. Plans must maintain info on publicly accessible website re: list of services/ codes for which PA is required including effective dates; date requirements listed; and date PA is removed if appliable. Also, must include services where PA is performed by contracted entity.	Only licensed physicians, who are of the same or similar specialty and subspecialty, when possible, as the ordering provider, can make a utilization review decision to deny, reduce, limit, or terminate a benefit or to deny, or reduce payment for a service because that service is not medically necessary, experimental, or investigational.	Cannot require PA for births or inception of neonatal intensive care services and notification cannot be required as a condition of payment.	

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
LA	Standard form	Plan must make a	Certification of	Plan cannot	Plans to submit	Plans, if using UR, must	Plan must	Plan must maintain	Upon denial, plan	Plans must maintain	Plan must notify
	must be	determination as	PA is valid for	deny claim that	annual report to	maintain a documented	update website	a system of	must include the	program that allows for	physician of its
HB 468	accessible	expeditiously as	a minimum of	received PA	Commissioner	PA program that	in timely	documenting info	department and	selective application of	peer review
(2023)	through multiple	patient's health	3 months.	unless:(a)benefit	containing quarterly	utilizes evidenced-	manner to	and supporting	credentials of person	PA requirements based	determination
	computer	condition requires,		limitations have	breakdowns:	based clinical review	reflect changes	clinical	authorized to approve	on stratification of	within 2 business
SB 188	operating	but not later than:		been reached (b)	(a) all items/services	criteria.	in list of PA	documentation	or deny the request, a	providers' performance	days of the date
(2023)	systems.	-Electronic urgent –		documentation	requiring PA		requirements.	submitted by	number to contact the	and adherence to plans'	of the peer
		2 business days.		for claim fails to	(b) % of following	W/in 72 hours of		providers and	authorizing authority,	PA criteria. Criteria for	review.
LSA-RS		-Nonurgent – 5		support claims	aggregated for all	receiving an oral or		maintain until claim	and a notice of	participation and the	
22:1006.1		business days.		as originally	items/services: (1)	written request of		has been paid or	patient's right to	services included to be at	
LSA-RS		Concurrent review -		certified (c)	standard PA	provider, plan must		appeal process	appeal.	the sole discretion of the	
46:460.33		24 hours.		subsequent to	requests approved,	provide the specific		exhausted.		plan. (Cannot include	
ASB 348		Retrospective		authorization,	(2) standard PA	clinical review criteria			If upon denial,	Rx)	
(2022)		reviews, plan must		new services are	requests denied (3)	used to make		Plan to provide	provider requests a		
LSA-R.S.		make the		provided or	standard PA	determination.		unique confirmation	peer review, plan	Plans can't impose any	
22:1139		determination w/in		change in	requests approved			# to provider upon	must appoint a	additional PA	
		30 business days of		condition occurs	after appeal (4) PA	Plan must accept any		receipt of request	licensed healthcare	requirement w/ respect to	
SB 112		receiving all		and, as a result,	request when the	evidence-based info to		through same	practitioner similar in	surgery/ invasive	
(2022)		necessary info. Plan		the authorized	timeframe for	assist in the		medium as request	education and	procedures that has	
		must provide notice		service would	review was	determination and may		was made.	background or a	received PA during	
		of the determination		no longer be	extended and	only collect info need to			same-or-similar	perioperative period.	
		in writing w/in 3		medically	approved (5)	authorize the service		Upon denial, plan to	specialist to conduct		
		business days of		necessary or	expedited PA			provide written	it. (Same or similar		
		determination.		approved under	requests approved	Plan can only require		notification of	specialty mean		
				the terms and	(6) expedited PA	portion of medical		denial and info on	training and		
		Plan has 1 day to		conditions for	requests denied.	record needed to		applicable law, reg,	experience in treating		
		inform provider of		coverage (d)	(c) average/median	determine medical		policy, procedure,	condition and treating		
		additional info		another payer is	time for decision for	necessity or		or guideline.	complications that		
		necessary to make		responsible	standard and	appropriateness of			may result from		
		determination, and		(e)provider	expedited PA,	service.		Prior to open	service/procedure.)		
		must allow provider		already been	aggregated for all			enrollment, insurers			
		at least 2		paid (f)	items/services.	Plan can only base		must annually	When peer review is		
		business days to		submitted		determinations on		publish on publicly	requested by a		
		provide the		fraudulently or	Commissioner to	medical info in patient's		available website all	physician, plan must		
		necessary info.		based on bad	submit annual report	records obtained by		items/services	appoint a physician to		
		If plan doesn't meet		info or (g)	to Senate/House	plan up to the time of		subject to PA	conduct the review		
		deadlines, cannot		patient is	Committees on	the review		according to each			
		deny claim based on		ineligible.	Insurance w/ above	determination.		health coverage			
		lack of PA.			info.			plan.			

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
ME Chapter 273 PL S.P. 218- L.D. 705 2019	Must accept/ respond through secure electronic transmission using NCPDP standards for eRx - fax, payer portal, or via electronic form is not electronic transmission	Nonemergency: Lesser of 72 hours or 2 business days (notify provider and patient). If additional information needed, lesser of 72 hours or 2 business days from receiving info. If outside consultation needed, 72 hours or 2 business days from plan's initial response.		When PA for service/covered item is granted, plan can't retrospectively deny coverage/payment for approved service unless fraudulent or materially incorrect info was provided.		Plan must use documented clinical review criteria based on published sound clinical evidence and which are evaluated periodically to assure ongoing efficacy. (May develop its own clinical review criteria or may purchase or license clinical review criteria from qualified vendors.) Must make available upon to Superintendent and Commissioner of Human Services.				Plan can't require PA for MAT for the prescription of at least one drug for each therapeutic class of medication used in MAT, except that plan may not impose any PA on a pregnant woman for MAT.	
MD Code Ann. 19- 108.2 MD Ins Code § 15-851 (2019)	Online process for accepting PA electronically. Plans must establish an online PA system for drugs & for step-therapy	Real time for ePA (drugs) that meets criteria, and no additional info is needed. 1 business day for non-urgent drug; 2 business days non-urgent services (electronically)						Online access for providers to health care services requiring PA and key criteria for making a determination. Unique electronic identifier that provider can use to track PA.			
MA MGL C. 1760, 25	Must be available electronically Standard form	2 business days after receiving completed PA request.				Plans can develop clinical criteria to determine medical necessity but must be, at a minimum: (a) developed w/ input from practicing physicians and participating providers in service area; (b) in accordance w/ national accreditation orgs;		Clinical criteria to be provided w/ adverse determination, upon request to Office of Patient protection, upon request to public, upon request to enrollees and prospective enrollees, and providers. Must be			

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
MA cont'd	ePA requirements	9 days for nonurgent	PA is valid for		Every year, plan	(c)updated at least biennially; (d) evidence based, if practicable; (e) applied so as to consider patient's individual needs and (f), assessed by plan to show compliance w/ parity requirements. PA requirements to be	For drugs, plan	public on website (if not proprietary). Plan to make PA	Denial upon appeal	Plans must adopt a	
Section 500.2212c SB 247 (2022)	on plans and providers	until May 31, 2024, and then drops to 7 days. 72 hours for urgent	not less than 60 calendar days or for clinically appropriate duration, whichever is later.		must report to department on department, aggregated trend data related to their PA practices and experience for the prior year: (a) # of PA requests. (b) # of PAs denied. (c) # of appeals received. (d) # of adverse determinations reversed on appeal. (e) Total # PA requests, the # of requests that were not submitted electronically. (f) Top 10 services denied. (g) Top 10 reasons PA requests denied. On 10/1 every year, dept. aggregates data into report.	based on peer-reviewed clinical review criteria developed by (1) entity working directly w/ clinicians to develop clinical review criteria, and does not receive direct payments based on outcome of clinical care decision; or (2) Medical specialty organization. Clinical review criteria must: - Consider needs of atypical populations/ diagnoses -Ensure quality of care & access -Be evidence-based -Sufficiently flexible for all deviations from norms (on case-by-case basis) -Be reevaluated & updated when needed/ at least annually.	must notify providers via plan's provider via plan's provider portal of new or amended PA requirements at least 45 days before implemented. For services, must notify at least 60 days before implemented.	requirements, including written clinical review criteria, readily accessible and conspicuously posted on website.	must be reviewed by licensed physician, board certified or eligible in same specialty as a provider who typically manages the medical condition or provides the service. If plan can't ID a licensed physician who meets requirements w/o exceeding time limits, plan may use licensed physician in similar specialty as considered appropriate, determined by plan.	program that promotes the modification of PA requirements of certain prescription drugs, medical care, or related benefits, based on the performance of the providers w/ respect to adherence to nationally recognized evidence-based medical guidelines and other quality criteria.	

State	ePA and	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and	Notice of new	Transparency	Qualifications of	Exceptions/ gold	Peer-to-
	question set			denials		medical necessity	requirements		reviewer	carding	peer/appeal
											process/ other
MN	NCPDP standard	Nonurgent: 5	When patient	May not revoke,	Every April, plans		Electronic	Upon request, plans	In appeals to reverse		
	mandated for	business days (must	changes plans,	limit, condition,	must post: (1) # of		notice of	must provide	an adverse		
M.S.A. §	prescribers and	provide "audit trail"	PA good for 60	or restrict a PA	PA requests for		new/amended	criteria used to	determination for		
62M.05;	plans.	of notification.)	days -	unless there is	which an		requirement	determine necessity,	clinical reasons, the		
M.S.A. §			provider/	evidence that the	authorization was		must be sent 45	appropriateness, and	plan must ensure that		
62M.06	If PA	Expedited	patient must	PA was	issued; (2) # of PA		days in advance	efficacy of service	a physician of plan's		
M.S.A. §	requirements for	determination	submit	authorized based	requests that		to all MN-based,	and identify	choice the same or a		
62M.07	health care	required if provider	documentation	on fraud or	adverse		in-network	database,	similar specialty as		
SF 3204	service, must	says warranted. No	of previous PA	misinformation	determination was		providers	professional	typically manages the		
2019	allow providers to	later than 48 hrs and	to new plan.	or a previously	issued and sorted		subject to	treatment parameter	medical condition,		
	submit requests	must include at least		approved PA	by: (i) service; (ii)		requirements.	or other basis for the	procedure, or		
	by telephone, fax,	1 business day after		conflicts w/ state	whether appealed;			criteria.	treatment is		
	or voice mail or	the initial request.		or federal law.	and (iii) whether		If, during plan		reasonably available		
	through an	When expedited			upheld or reversed		year, coverage	Plan must post on	to review the case.		
	electronic	denial made, must			on appeal; (3) # of		or clinical	its public website			
	mechanism 24	also notify patient			PA requests		criteria change,	PA requirements of	No individual who is		
	hours/day, 7	and provider of right			submitted		does not apply	organization that	performing utilization		
	days/week	to submit expedited			electronically (4)		until the next	performs their PA.	review may receive		
		appeal.			reasons for denials		plan year for		any financial		
	Standard form:				including but not		patients who	Plan must have	incentive based on		
	Sec. 4. MN	Plan must notify in			limited to: (i) patient		already received	written standards:	the number of		
	Statutes 2018,	writing patient,			did not meet PA		PA. Does not	(1) procedures and	adverse		
	section 62M.04,	provider, claims			criteria; (ii)		apply if deemed	criteria used to	determinations made		
	subdivision 3	administrator of			incomplete info		unsafe, if	determine if care is	provided that		
	limited	determination on the			submitted; (iii)		research/	appropriate,	utilization review		
		appeal w/in 15 days			change in treatment		clinical	reasonable, or	organizations may		
		after receipt of the			program; (iv)		guidelines or	medically	establish medically		
		notice of appeal. If			patient no longer		evidenced-based	necessary;	appropriate		
		plan entity can't			covered.		standards	(2) system for	performance		
		make determination					changes for	providing prompt	standards.		
		w/in 15 days due to					patient harm	notification of			
		circumstances out of					reasons; or if	determinations and			
		its control, may take					replaced w/	appeal procedures;			
		up to 4 additional					generic rated as	(3) compliance w/			
		days. Any more and					equivalent or	time frames; (4)			
		must inform parties					biologic rated as	procedures to appeal			
		of reason. Reviewer					interchangeable	denial; (5)			
		cannot be physician					and 60-day	procedures to ensure			
		who made adverse					notice given.	confidentiality of			
		determination.						patient info.			

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
MS Code 2015 83-9-63	Standard form – cannot exceed 2 pages and must be available electronically.	2 business days of receiving completed request on standard form.		IC 1				DI .			
MO Mo stat. 376.1350 -376.1389 SB 982 (2018)		2 business days after obtaining all necessary info. For concurrent review: w/in 1 working day of obtaining all necessary info		If plan authorizes services, cannot retract authorization after care provided or reduce payment for service unless (1) based on a material misrepresenta- tion or omission re: patient's health condition or cause of condition; or (2) plan terminates before the health care services are provided; or (3) coverage under the health benefit plan terminates before services are provide		Plans to use clinical review criteria based on sound clinical evidence. Plan may develop own clinical review criteria, or purchase or license clinical review criteria from qualified vendors. Plan to make available clinical review criteria upon regulator request. Can collect only info necessary to certify admission, procedure/ treatment, length of stay, frequency and duration of services. If plan provides drug coverage, it must provide coverage for any drug prescribed to treat an indication so long as drug is FDA-approved for at least 1 indication, if drug recognized for treatment of covered indication in 1 of the standard reference compendia or in accepted medical literature and deemed medically appropriate.		Plan must implement a written utilization review program that describes all review activities and must file an annual report of its utilization review program activities w/ the DOI.	Any medical director who administers the UR program or oversees review decisions must be a qualified health care professional licensed in MO. A licensed clinical peer shall evaluate the clinical appropriateness of denials. Compensation to reviewers cannot incent denials.		Appeals: - 1st level: insurer conducts investigation; 2nd level: submitted to an insurer-specific panel for review; -3rd level: insurance director hires appeals review org. Plan to provide enrollees and providers w/ timely access to review staff by a toll-free number.

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
MT SB 0380 (2023) § 33-32- 101-107		Care for post- evaluation/ post- stabilization services required immediately after emergency services, plan must provide access to an authorized representative 24/7 to facilitate review.	PA is valid for at least 3 months from date the provider receives certification unless the covered person loses coverage under the applicable health plan or health insurance coverage.			Medical necessity: health care services that a health care provider exercising prudent clinical judgment would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing, evaluating, diagnosing, treating, curing, or relieving a health condition, illness, injury, or disease or its symptoms and that are: (a)in accordance with generally accepted standards of practice; (b)clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site, and duration and are considered effective for the patient's illness, injury, or disease; and (c)not primarily for the convenience of the patient or health care provider and not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of the patient's illness, injury, or disease.	Drug benefit: if plan implements new or amended plan, including new or amended clinical criteria, standards, procedures, requirements, or restrictions, may not implement change until: a) notified providers in writing of new/amended plan restrictions, at least 60 days before; and (b) updated website, to make info accessible to covered persons, prospective covered persons, and health care providers. Plan or UR entity must display on public website current Rx benefit info, including formulary lists.	Plan to maintain and provide at commissioner's request a UR plan that includes: (1) description of criteria, standards, and procedures used in evaluating services that, to the extent possible, must: (a) be based on nationally recognized criteria, standards; (b) reflect community standards of care, (c) ensure quality of care; and (d) ensure access to needed services; (2) policies/ procedures to ensure entity conducting review is reasonably accessible to patients/providers at all times; (3) policies/ procedures to ensure compliance w/ all laws to protect medical record confidentiality; (4) copy of materials designed to inform patients/ providers of requirements of plan.	Any adverse determination for a drug must be made by a physician whose specialty focuses on the diagnosis and treatment of the condition for which the drug was prescribed to treat.	No PA permitted for: -generics after person prescribed them for 6 months at same quantity - any drug solely because the dosage has been adjusted if w/in FDA guidelines or consistent with clinical dosing -any long-acting injectable antipsychotic.	

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
NE § 44-5426						Plans must use documented clinical criteria based on sound clinical evidence and evaluate periodically. Plan may develop its own clinical criteria or purchase/license criteria from qualified vendors. Must be available to authorized government agencies.			A plan must ensure that a majority of the persons reviewing a grievance involving an adverse determination have appropriate expertise		A health carrier shall print on its membership cards a toll-free telephone number to call for utilization review decisions.
NH NHRSA 420-J; 5, 7-b 415-A:4-b 417-F:3 Section 420-J:18	ePA w/ NCDPD standard permitted. Plan cannot use ePA when: pharmacist/ prescriber: (1) lacks internet access; (2) has low patient volume; (3) opted-out for certain medical condition or patient requests; (4) lacks EMR or when (5) ePA interface does not allow prepopulation of prescriber & patient info; (6) ePA interface creates prescriber costs.	48 hours for medically necessary non formulary Rx drug Urgent care: 72 hours Urgent and relating to the extension of an ongoing course of treatment and involving a question of medical necessity: 24 hours 15 days for non-urgent			Annual reports must be made to the insurance commissioner regarding plan complaints, claim denials, and prior authorization statistics in such form and containing such information as the commissioner may prescribe by rule or otherwise.	Clinical review criteria considered or utilized in making claim benefit determinations shall be: (a) Developed with input from appropriate actively practicing practitioners in the carrier or other licensed entity's service area; (b) Updated at least biennially and as new treatments, applications, and technologies emerge; (c) Developed in accordance with the standards of national accreditation entities: (d) Based on current, nationally accepted standards of medical practice; and (e) If practicable, evidence-based.				Can't require PA for medically necessary interfacility transports for services related to the treatment and diagnosis of certain biologically-based mental illnesses. Whenever SUD services are covered benefit, plan must offer at least one MAT therapy option approved by the FDA w/o PA and cannot require a renewal of a PA for MAT for SUDs more frequently than once every 12 months.	Expedited appeal related to an urgent care claim, must make decision as expeditiously as the medical condition requires, but in no event more than 72 hours after the appeal is filed. If involves ongoing urgent care services, service can be continued without liability to patient until notified of determination. Denial on appeal to include notice of right to external review/ specific requirements for filing.

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
NM NM Stat § 59A-22- 52 (2013) SB 188 (2019)	Standard form-drugs and services Plans must establish electronic portal system for secure electronic transmission of PA requests 24/7	7 days Expedited: 24 hours			Each Sept. OSI report to Gov/ legislature:(1) data for each plan individually and collectively; (2) the # and nature of complaints against plan for failure to follow Act; and (3) OSI actions taken including fines.						
NJ P.L. 2023, c. 296 (2023) P.L. 2005, C. 352	For drug benefit: NCPDP SCRIPT Standard for ePA. Mandated on plans and providers by 2027.	Drugs using ePA within 24 hours for urgent requests and 72 hours for nonurgent requests after obtaining all necessary info. Inpatient hospital services and outpatient setting:12 days or 9 days if submitted through electronic payer portal. Requested inpatient services when patient is already inpatient at hospital or ED: 24 hrs. Urgent care: 72 hours. For immediate post- evaluation or post- stabilization	PA for chronic or long-term care condition valid for 180 days except where shorter time needed to monitor safety or treatment effectiveness. PA for service which includes defined # of discrete services w/in a timeframe are valid for 180 days. Plan cannot revoke, limit, condition or restrict, if patient is still eligible, no misrepresentation and no material	If patient no longer eligible under plan after PA provided, but has coverage under another plan, new plan must accept PA and pay provider. Plan must pay provider according to contract for all covered medically necessary emergency and urgent services including all tests needed to determine the nature illness or injury; prehospital transportation;	Plans much make statistic available on website and include categories for: a. provider specialty; b. medication or diagnostic tests and procedures; c. indication offered; d. reason for denial; e. whether PA determinations were:(1) appealed; or (2) approved or denied on appeal; f. time b/w PA submission and determination; g. average median time elapsed b/w a request for clinical records from requesting provider and receipt of clinical records; and	Medically necessary: service a provider, exercising prudent clinical judgement, would provide for evaluating, diagnosing or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms and that is in accordance w/ generally accepted standards of medical practice; clinically appropriate, in type, frequency, extent site and duration, & considered effective for patient's illness, injury or disease; not primarily for convenience of patient or provider; and not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent	For services (not drugs), plans must provide contracted providers written notice of new or materially adverse changes 90 days in advance and update website. If change in coverage or criteria and service has been previously authorized, change cannot impact patient for reminder of plan year.	Plan must post on website w/in 30 days of taking effect: (1) source of all commercially produced clinical guidelines (2) list of info required to be submitted w/ claim for payment (3) description of type of claims for which submission of additional info is required (4) payer's policy for reducing payment for reducing payment for a duplicate/ subsequent service provided on same data of service (5) drug formularies. (6) info commissioner deems necessary.	Denial to be made by physician under clinical direction of medical director licensed in NJ, not compensated based on approval/ denial rates, and not provided preferential treatment by plan in request for PA of reviewing physician if physician is also in plan's network. On appeal, must be reviewed by board certified physician in same or similar specialty w/ experience treating condition/service or has treated condition in last 5 yers; not paid by plan based on reviewing physician's denial/approval rate;		Provider does not have independent right to appeal an adverse determination but patient may permit. Plan violation of certain provisions: \$10,000 for each day. At discretion of commissioner, plan has 30 days, or such additional time as the commissioner determines.

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
NJ cont'd		services following emergency care, 150 minutes. Plan can't deny based on lack of PA when provider requests PA but plans fail to respond w/in time frames.	change in clinical condition. 60-day grace period when switching plans. When switching products under same payer, payer must honor PA if covered benefit.	or the provision of emergency services.	h. number of appeals generated for cases denied in which there was inadequate or no prior clinical information.	therapeutic or diagnostic results.		Payer cannot amend a claim by changing diagnostic code assigned to services rendered w/out providing written justification.	not directly involved in initial decision; consider all known aspect of service including review of provided medical records, and medical literature provided by provider; not be provided preferential treatment; and engage in phone conversation with treating provider is requested.		
NY	Standard form	If request is	Concinu	Plan to pay		For SUD treatment, a		Plans to disclose to	For adverse	No PA for services	Expedited appeal
		complete, w/in 3		claims when PA		plan must use evidence-		prospective	determinations – a	provided in a neonatal	decision 2
NY Ins L	Take into account	business days		was received		based and peer		enrollees	clinical peer.	intensive care unit of a	business days,
§ 3238	NCPDP standards	of receipt. If		prior to care,		reviewed clinical		description of all		general hospital.	for expediated
(2012)		incomplete, w/in		unless patient		review tool appropriate		PA requirements for	Appeals: Clinical		SUD treatment
		the earlier of 3		ineligible at time		to patient's age. When		treatments/services;	Peer (who did not		appeals—24
§3217-A		business days of		of care, claim		conducting UR for		circumstances when	make initial		hours.
SB 4721A		receipt of necessary		was not timely,		treatment provided in		used, response	decision and is not		27 .1 .0 .1
(2016)		info, 15 days of		inaccurate info		state, must use		times, notice that	subordinate of		Notice of appeal
8.4002		partial, or 15 days of		submitted, or		evidence-based peer		denials will be made	clinical peer who		decision to
§4902,		end of 45-day		fraud.		reviewed clinical tool		by qualified clinical	made initial		include clinical
4903 and 4904		period if no additional info		When providing service, if		designated by office of alcoholism and		personnel and denials notices will	determination)		rationale for determination:
4704		received.		provider		substance abuse		include info re:			and notice of
https://ww		received.		determines		services.		basis of decision;			right to an
w.nysenat		For urgent/		related service is		For mental health care,		notice of right to			external appeal
e.gov/legi		expedited: If request		immediately		Plans must use		external appeal w/ a			enternar appear
slation/la		complete – w/in 72		necessary, and		evidence-based peer		description of			If denial w/o
ws/ISC/32		hrs. If incomplete		in clinical		reviewed clinical		process.			attempting to
38 (2020)		w/in 48 hrs. of		judgment is		review criteria		1			discuss w/
		earlier of receipt of		medically timely		appropriate to patient's		Notice of denial to			provider, must
		necessary info or		and would not		age and deemed		include reasons for			provide
		end of 48 period.		be advisable to		appropriate for such use		determination			opportunity to
				interrupt		by commissioner of the		including clinical			request a
				provision of care		office of mental health,		rationale and what			reconsideration.

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
NY cont'd		Court ordered treatment – 72 hrs. Preferred drug program must make available a 24 hr per day, seven days per week telephone call center that includes a toll-free phone line and dedicated facsimile line to respond to PA requests		for a PA, plan cannot deny payment unless service was (1) not covered benefit (2) not medically necessary; (3) investigational/ experimental.		in consultation with the commissioner of health and the superintendent.		info needed to render decision on appeal, how to initial appeals			Must occur w/in 1 business day of receipt of request and conducted by provider and clinical peer reviewer making initial denial or designated clinical peer reviewer if original reviewer unavailable.
NC N.C. Gen. Stat. 58- 50-61 N.C. Gen. Stat. 58-3- 200(c).		3 business days after receipt of all necessary information.		Plan may not retract determination after services provided, or reduce payments, unless based on material misrepresentation re: patient's condition that knowingly made by patient/provider.				Written notice of a non-certification must be submitted to provider and patient - include all reasons for denial. Notice must include instructions to pursue informal reconsideration, or appeal (either on expedited or non-expedited basis).	Qualified health care professional must administer UR program and oversee review decisions under direction of a physician. A physician licensed in NC must evaluate clinical appropriateness of all non-certifications.		Violations may subject plan to enforcement action by DOI which may include civil penalties, restitution, or licensure action.
ND SB 2389 (2023) ND Cent Code 23- 01-38	Rx PA to be accessible electronically. Fax is not electronic.										2023-2024 PA interim study on impact on patients, providers, insurers including burden, time, costs, utilization.

State	ePA and	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and	Notice of new	Transparency	Qualifications of	Exceptions/ gold	Peer-to-
	question set			denials		medical necessity	requirements		reviewer	carding	peer/appeal
											process/ other
ОН	NCPDP standard	48 hours for urgent	For PAs related	No retroactive			Disclose new	Plan must make	Appeals must be		Enforcement:
	for Rx and	10 calendar days for	to drugs for	denials if			requirements 30	available to all	between the provider		committing a
SB 129	CAQH operating	non-urgent after	chronic	medical			days in advance	participating	and a clinical peer.		series of
(2016)	rules for info exchange in	receipt of all necessary info.	conditions, plan must	necessity/ eligibility			via email or standard mail	providers on its website or provider			violations that, taken together,
	medical benefit.	necessary into.	honor PA for	requirement			and must be	portal a listing of			constitute a
	inedical benefit.	Appeals: For urgent	the lesser of 12	met.			entitled "Notice	PA requirements,			practice or pattern
	Electronic	services – 48 hours.	months from	Upon written			of Changes to	including info or			shall be
	submission does	For other services –	approval or the	request, plan			Prior	documentation that			considered an
	not include fax or	10 calendar days.	last day of	must permit			Authorization	a practitioner must			unfair and
	payer portal not	·	eligibility.	retrospective			Requirements.	submit in order for			deceptive
	using NCPDP		Plan may	review if PA not				PA request to be			practice.
	standard.		require a	obtained if				considered			
			provider to	service was (i)				complete.			After appeal
			submit info indicating that	directly related to another				Plan must make			process, can go to external review.
			the patient's	service for				available on website			external review.
			chronic	which PA				info about policies,			If unintentional
			condition has	obtained and				contracts, or			error on claims
			not changed	performed; (ii)				agreements offered			results in a claim
			not more than	service was not				by plan that clearly			that does not
			quarterly.	known to be				identifies specific			match the info
			(Provider must	needed when				services, drugs, or			originally
			respond w/in 5	original service				devices to which a			submitted in the
			days.)	performed and (iii) need for				PA requirement exists.			approved PA, upon receiving a
				service revealed				exists.			denial, physician
				when original							may resubmit the
				service was							claim.
				performed.							
				Plan can't deny							
				claim for such							
				service solely							
OK	Plans to use a 3-			for lack of PA.		HMO must establish					
UK	page form for Rx					procedures that ensures					
§6907	(not standard)					services provided to					
63 OK	(not standard)					patients are rendered					
Stat 63-						under reasonable					
313B						standards of quality of					

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
OK cont'd						care consistent with prevailing professionally recognized standards of medical practice. Procedures to include mechanisms to assure availability, accessibility and continuity of care.					
OR HB 2517 (2021)	Standard form for Rx. Must be electronically available Provider can make a secure electronic submission, meeting industry standards for privacy, along with needed documents, and receive an electronic acknowledgement of receipt of request.	Nonemergency service: 2 business days. If additional information is request, decision must be made 2 business day after receipt of info, or 15 days after date of request.	PA (not Rx), binding for later of: reasonable duration of treatment based on clinical standards; or 60 days after date treatment begins after approval For Rx: 1 yr from date treatment begins after approval if drug is prescribed as maintenance therapy (last at least 12 mos based on medical or scientific evidence) and prescribed throughout 12-mon period.	Except in the case of misrepresentatio n relevant to a request for PA, a PA determination is binding on the insurer of length of PA (see previous column)	Plans much provide to Department an annual summary of PA requests: (A) # of requests received; (B) # of requests denied and reasons including, lack of medical necessity or failure to provide additional clinical info requested by plans; (C) # of requests that were initially approved; and (D) # of denials that were reversed by internal appeals or external reviews.	May only require the minimum amount of material info necessary to approve/disapprove the Rx. Plan must use evidence-based clinical review criteria, continuously updated based on new evidence and research, and take into account new developments in treatment.	60-day notice of new requirements If change in formulary or coverage impacts coverage of treatment plan and patient has been stabilized for at least 90 days, plan must continue to provide coverage of the treatment until utilization review, internal and external reviews are completed.	Plan to post on website requirements for requesting coverage of treatment subject to utilization review, including specific documentation required, and list of treatments, subject to utilization review. Notice of denial must be written in plain language, understandable to providers and patients, and include the specific reason for the denial based on evidence-based, peer reviewed literature. If based on terms in a policy or certificate of insurance, denial must cite the specific language.	Plans must use OR-licensed physician to make all final recommendations regarding coverage for care subject to utilization review and to consult as needed. For IRO, at least one reviewer must be a clinician in same or a similar specialty as the provider who prescribed the treatment.	A PA may be limited to the services of a specific provider or to services of a designated group of providers who contract with or are employed by the insurer	Any denial must be given timely appeal before appropriate medical consultant or peer review committee. Qualified health care personnel must be available for same-day telephone responses to inquiries concerning certification of continued length of stay.

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
PA Act 146 (2022)	Plans to have portals that allows for submission of PA request, access to the medical policies, info needed to request Peer-to-Peer, and contact info for clinical/ admin staff. Plans have to offer training for providers. Providers must us portal to submit PA request (some exceptions).	For Medicaid or CHIP managed care plan: 2 business days after receipt of all info. For urgent care under commercial plans: 72 hours For nonurgent under commercial plans: 15 days		Plan cannot deny a "closely related service" based on lack of prior auth if plan is notified of closely related service w/in 3 days and prior to the submission of the claim.		Medical policies to be reviewed at least annually. Clinical criteria must be based on applicable nationally recognized medical standards; be consistent w/ applicable governmental guidelines; provide for delivery of a service in a clinically appropriate type, frequency and setting and for a clinically appropriate duration; reflect current medical and scientific evidence on emerging procedures, clinical guidelines and best practices as articulated in independent, peerreviewed medical literature.	Notice to be provided 30 days in advance of new policy	Medical policies must be made available on website and through portal and include the clinical review criteria used to develop the policy. Plan must send a notice of denial to patient and must include statement specified in the law that outlines right to an appeal and external appeal.	Licensed provider w/ appropriate training, knowledge, expertise in same/similar specialty or, licensed provider in consultation w/ appropriately qualified 3rd-party health care provider, licensed in same/similar specialty or type of provider who manages condition. Internal/ external grievance process for Medicaid/CHIP/ MCOs: licensed physician in same/similar specialty that typically manages service. IRO review for commercial plans: physician or appropriate provider w/ expertise in treatment of condition and has recent or current actual clinical experience.		Peer-to-peer review: plan to make available a licensed health care professional w/ authority to overturn or modify PA decisions. P2P available b/w denial and internal grievance process or internal adverse benefit determination process. Process for requesting P2P to be on plans' website and portal. Statute established state external review process. One level of internal review and then 1 level of external review by IRO (DOI oversees).

State	ePA and	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and	Notice of new	Transparency	Qualifications of	Exceptions/ gold	Peer-to-
	question set			denials		medical necessity	requirements		reviewer	carding	peer/appeal process/ other
RI SB 290 (2023) R23- 17.12-UR § 27-18.9		15 business days for non-urgent, 72 hours for urgent/emergent. Allow for direct contact with peer reviewer.		Plan cannot retrospectively deny PA for services provided unless approval was based on inaccurate info material to review, or services were not provided consistent w/ submitted plan of care and/or any restrictions included in the PA granted by review agent.				A utilization review agent cannot conduct utilization review for services delivered or proposed to be delivered in RI unless the Department has granted the review agent a certificate. No reviewer will be compensated, paid a bonus, or given an incentive, based on making an adverse determination.	All initial, prospective and concurrent adverse determinations and all first level appeal adverse determinations shall be made, documented and signed by a licensed practitioner with the same licensure status as the ordering practitioner or a licensed physician	Commissioner to establish workgroup representing providers and insurers that will, develop/promote guidelines on selective PA programs; review of services/drugs subject to at least annually; transparency accessibility of PA criteria and requirements, timeliness of PA; and continuity of patient care.	A 1st and 2nd level appeal adverse determinations cannot be made until appropriately qualified and licensed review provider has spoken to, or otherwise provided for, an equivalent 2-way direct communication w/ patient's attending physician unless physicians choose not to or is not available.
SC											
SD								Plans to provide written info re: PA to perspective enrollees, description of easily accessible method to obtain a PA or step requirement for each specific drug on formulary			
TN Tenn. Code § 56-7-3701	Plan must accept and respond electronically to PA submitted through a secure electronic transmission as	Urgent: 72 hours plus 1 additional business day (1st weekday not designated as a state or federal holiday) if applicable.	PA valid for at least 6 months from the date approved. 90-day grace period when	Must pay at contracted rate for service if PA approved except in cases of fraud, provider is not longer	Plan to post on website deidentified. aggregate statistics available by service code on approvals and denials	Clinical review criteria to be based on nationally recognized, generally accepted standards for national, clinical criteria, except where state law	Plans must give notice of new requirements, restriction or amendment to PA 60 days before change or	With notice of denial, plan to include related evidence-based criteria, description missing/insufficient	Adverse determination (not drugs) to be made by licensed physician or healthcare professional w/ same or similar specialty.	No PA for treatment for OUD (excludes behavioral health inpatient) At least annually, plan must review its PA	Adverse determination appeals that are not submitted electronically should be processed in

State	ePA and	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and	Notice of new	Transparency	Qualifications of	Exceptions/ gold	Peer-to-
	question set			denials		medical necessity	requirements		reviewer	carding	peer/appeal
											process/ other
	determined by the carrier or organization. (b) If PA for drug is submitted electronically using the NCPDP SCRIPT Standard for ePA, then plan must accept and respond using same standard. (Doesn't require provider to submit PA electronically.)	Nonurgent: 7 calendar days. Plans has 5 days after physician submits additional info requested. Nonurgent care deemed approved w/in 7 calendar days, if plan fails to approve or deny the request; fails to request all additional info needed; or, except of PA for drug, fails to notify provider that PA is being questioned for medical necessity	switching plans. And must honor PA if switching products under same insurer.	contracted on date of service, plan has no liability. Must pay provider for performing service if PA was obtained by another healthcare provider Plan to pay for services retroactively deemed medically necessary, regardless of when PA approve for a max period of 18 months. Plan can't deny claim for closely related service to one that received PA.	including, (1)#number of initial requests approved or denied during the previous benefit plan year (2) # of PA requests appealed (3)# of appeals overturned and #granted (4) time b/w submission of initial request and response (5) top 5 reasons for denial (6) average time b/w submission and response (7) average time b/w submission and response for appeal of a prior (8) Any other info commissioner determines appropriate.	provides its own standard; not arbitrary and must be cited by the utilization review organization; developed in accordance w/current standards of a national medical accreditation entity; ensure quality of care and access to needed healthcare services; evidence-based; sufficiently flexible to allow deviations from norms when justified; and be evaluated and updated.	45 days for drugs. If plan changes coverage or approval criteria for previously authorized service, then must not affect enrollee who received PA before effective date change for remainder of the plan year.	lack of coverage for service; how to file appeal; additional documentation needed to support appeal. Health plan is responsible for monitoring utilization review org's activities Plan to make all current PA requirements readily accessible on its website to providers.	Electronic appeals: licensed physician or a healthcare professional w/ same or a similar specialty, have experience providing or be knowledgeable re: care, not directly involved in initial decision, and consider all known clinical aspect of service, including medical records and medical literature provided. For mental health and SUD care, person performing review in appeal must be both licensed at independent practice level and in appropriate mental health or chemical dependency	requirements and consider removal where a prescription or service check is customary and properly indicated or is a treatment for the clinical indication as supported by peer-reviewed medical publications.	accordance w/ NCQA standards. Plan must notify physician PA is being questioned for medical necessity (not drugs). Plan to provide # to utilization review organization; business hours of physician w/ decision-making authority; and statement of opportunity to discuss medical necessity directly w/ person responsible for decision. Physician must submit PA w/in 5 days prior to care (not drugs) for
TX	Standard form for Rx, consider	If noncompliance w/ respect to			Plan must post on website statistics on		Insurer to provide 60-day	Plan must provide to any preferred	discipline Plan's review plan, including	Gold carding: A physician or provider	non-urgent PA Before adverse determination
TX Ins.	national	publication, notice,			approval/denial		notice of new or	provider a list of	reconsideration	will receive an	based on
	standards. Must	or response, must			rates for service in		amended PA	services that require	and appeal	exemption from PA for a	medically
	be available	provide an			the preceding year,		requirements (5	PA and info on the	requirements, must be	service from a plan if, in	necessity,
	electronically	expedited appeal			including statistics		days if	PA process w/in 5	reviewed by a	a 6-month period,	appropriateness
Admin Code	(applies to all plans, Medicaid,	under Section 4201.357 for any			in the following categories:(i)		removing PA or making a	business days.	physician licensed to practice medicine in	receive 90% approvals for prior auth	or experimental or investigational
	CHIP)	service affected.			physician or		change that	Plan must post PA	TX and conducted in	requirements for that	nature of service,
SB1742		service arrected.			provider type and		reduces burden)	requirements on	accordance w/	service.	provider to be
2019					specialty;		reduces ourden)	website	standards developed	501 (100)	able to discuss w/

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal
											process/ other
TX Cont'd	By the 2nd anniversary of adoption of national standards for ePA, a plan must respond via ePA when prescriber initiates a request electronically.				(ii)indication offered; (iii)reasons for denial; (iv)denials overturned on internal appeal; (v) denials overturned by an independent review org; (vi) total annual PA requests, approvals, and denials for service			(conspicuously, easily searchable, and w/o needing login) and include: the effective date of PA requirement; a list of any supporting documentation required; screening criteria, which may include CPT/ICD codes. Insurer may, instead of making info publicly available on website that may violate copyright law or licensing agreement, supply summary of w/held info sufficient to allow provider to understand basis for determinations.	w/ input from appropriate health care providers and approved by a physician licensed to practice medicine in TX. A utilization review agent must conduct review under the direction of a physician licensed to practice medicine in the state.	Plans are prohibited from requiring more than one PA annually for a drug used to treat an autoimmune disease, hemophilia, or Von Willebrand disease.	a licensed physician If w/in 10 working days after appeal is requested or denied, provider requests a particular type of specialty provider review, a provider who is of the same or a similar specialty must review denial or decision denying appeal. Specialty review to be completed w/in 15 working days. Must have expediated appeal procedures for denial of emergency care, continued hospitalization, or other service if provided written statement and supporting documentation that necessary to treat lifethreatening condition or prevent serious harm.

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
UT 31A-22-650				Plan cannot revoke PA if eligibility requirements met, accurate claim, and not based on fraud/materially incorrect info.	Plan must report to department, for previous calendar year, percentage of authorizations, not including a claim involving urgent care, for which the plan notified a provider of decision more than 1 week after the day on which the plan received the request.		Plan must notify on website, and if request by network provider via mail or email, 30 days before change takes effect.		Appeal of adverse determination may only be reviewed by a licensed physician. Appeal of adverse determination of a drug, may only be reviewed by individual currently licensed in US state, district, or territory as physician, surgeon; or pharmacist.		
VT 18 VSA 9418b.	PA form must include set of common data requirements for nonclinical info for PA included in the 278 standard transaction, national standards for PA, and e-prescribing. (Workgroup decided to move forward only w/medical services.) Plan must accept the national standard transaction info, such as HIPAA 278 standards for sending or receiving PA electronically.	Respond to completed prior auth in 48 hours for urgent care and 120 hours for nonurgent. The plan must notify the provider or make available to a health care provider a receipt of the request for prior auth and any needed missing information within 24 hours of receipt.								By 1/15/22, plans w/ 1000+ enrollees must implement pilot that automatically exempts or streamlines certain PA requirements for subset of providers (some must be primary care.) Plans must make publicly available procedures that are exempt. criteria to qualify; # of eligible providers and specialty; etc. Report to leg. and Green Mountain Care board by 1/5/23.	

State	ePA and	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and	Notice of new	Transparency	Qualifications of	Exceptions/ gold	Peer-to-
	question set			denials		medical necessity	requirements		reviewer	carding	peer/appeal
											process/
											other
VA	ePA using	Plan must notify the	Honor PA for	If during a				Plan's formularies,		No PA for at least 1 drug	Stakeholders to
6 20 2	NCPDP standard.	provider after submission of	at least 30 days	authorized				PA requirements		prescribed for substance abuse medication-	convene
§ 38.2- 3407.15:2	By 2025, plans	complete request	when patient switches plans.	invasive/surgical procedure,				and request forms must be available on		assisted treatment,	workgroup to look at common
3407.13:2	must have online	w/in 24 hours	Honor PA for	procedure, provider				plan's website and		provided that (i) the drug	evidence-based
	process linking	(including weekend	drugs (not	discovers				updated w/in 7 days		is a covered benefit, (ii)	parameters for
	directly to all e-	hours) for urgent,	opioids) w/	clinical evidence				of changes.		the prescription does not	plan approval of
	Rx systems/EHRs	nours) for argent,	dosage change.	to perform a less				or changes.		exceed the FDA-labeled	10 most
	using NCPDP	W/in 2 business	Honor PA if	or more						dosages, and (iii) the	frequently
	SCRIPT standard	days of submission	patient changes	extensive or						drug is prescribed	prescribed
	and RTBS	of a fully completed	plans w/ same	complicated						consistent with the	chronic disease
	standard; can	PA request, plans	insurer.	procedure, then						regulations of the Board	management
	accept/approve	must communicate	No repeat PA	plan must pay						of Medicine;	drugs subject to
	ePA requests;	to prescriber if	for approved	claim if (i) not							PA, 10 most
	links to real-time	request is approved,	formulary drug	investigative in							frequently
	patient OPP	denied, or requires	for treatment of	nature/medically							prescribed mental
	costs. Plans can't charge to access	more info.	mental illness if (i)covered;	necessary as a covered service;							health prescriptions
	process. Plans	Tracking system	(ii)does not	(ii) appropriately							subject to PA,
	cannot access	should be available.	exceed FDA-	coded; and (iii)							and generics
	provider data via	should be available.	labeled dosage;	compliant with							subject to PA.
	online process		(iii)issued	post-w/ claims							subject to 171.
	other than for		continuously	process.							
	enrollee.		for at least 3	•							
	By 7.1.24, plans		months; (iv)								
	must provide		prescriber								
	contact info of		performs								
	any third-party		annual review.								
	vendor used to		Honor PA for								
	meet requirements		drug regardless if removed								
	upon provider		from formulary								
	request. Providers		once								
	to ensure their e-		prescribed.								
	prescribing and		Freedriseur								
	EHR system can										
	access the ePA										
	process and RTB										
	info at point of										
	prescribing.										

State	ePA and	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and	Notice of new	Transparency	Qualifications of	Exceptions/ gold	Peer-to-
	question set			deniais		medical necessity	requirements		reviewer	carding	peer/appeal process/ other
WA	For services, by	If submitted through	PA cannot		Plans must report to	PA requirements must	Plans must give	Denial must include	Plans' PA programs	Plan must have	Specialists must
	2026, plans to	electronic processes	expire sooner		commissioner	be based on peer-	providers 60-	specific reason and	must be staffed by	extenuating	be permitted by
HB 1357	build/ maintain	such as web portals:	than 45 days		deidentified,	reviewed clinical	days' notice	if based on clinical	health care	circumstances policy that	insurance carriers
(2023)	API for providers	1 calendar day for	from date of		aggregated data for	review criteria. Criteria	before making	review criteria, the	professionals who are	eliminates the	and their TPAs to
	to determine	expedited requests	approval		prior plan year for	to be evidence-based,	any changes to	criteria must be	licensed, certified or	requirement for PA when	request a PA for a
SB 5346	whether PA is	and 3 calendar days			inpatient and	accommodate new info	its PA program,	provided. Denial	registered, are in	extenuating circumstance	diagnostic or
CR-103	required, identify	for standard			outpatient med/surg;	related to	including	must include the	good standing, and	prevents a participating	laboratory service
	requirements, and	requests (excluding			inpatient and	appropriateness of	addition of new	department,	must be in the same	provider from obtaining	based upon
	facilitate	holidays)			outpatient mental	clinical criteria w/	PA requirements	credentials and	or related field as the	a required PA before a	advanced review
	exchange of				health and SUD;	respect to black and	to services or	phone # of	provider who	service is delivered	of the medical
	requests/	If submitted through			diabetes supplies	indigenous people,	changes to the	individual who has	submitted the request,		record.
	determinations	non-electronic			and equipment;	other people of color,	clinical criteria	the authorizing	or of a specialty		
	from EHR or	processes such as			DME; prescription	gender, and	used to consider	authority to approve	whose practice entails		
	practice	faxes:			drugs. Data to include:	underserved groups.	PA requests.	or deny the request.	the same or similar covered health care		
	management	2 calendar days for			• 10 codes w/	Criteria to be evaluated		A notice regarding			
	system. API must use HL7	expedited requests and 5 calendar days				and updated, if		an enrollee's appeal	service.		
	standards in	for standard			highest # of PA requests and percent	necessary, annually.		rights must also be included in the			
	accordance w/				approved.	Plans make most		communication.			
	federal	requests.			• 10 codes w/	current requirements,		communication.			
	requirements;	If insufficient info			highest percentage	including clinical		Plans must have			
	automate process	has been provided to			of approved PA	review criteria,		available a "current			
	to determine if	the plan, plan must			requests and	available to providers in		and accurate online			
	PA required for	request additional			total # of requests.	electronic format upon		PA process" that			
	DME/service; let	info w/in 1 calendar			• 10 codes w/	request.		provides physicians			
	providers query	day.			highest percentage	1040000		w/ patient-specific			
	plan's PA	, .			of PA requests	Plan must (a) accept		info needed to			
	documentation				initially denied and	any evidence-based info		determine if service			
	requirements;				then approved on	from provider that will		is a benefit and info			
	support				appeal and total # of	assist in the process; (b)		needed to submit			
	automated				such requests.	collect only info		request.			
	approach using				•	necessary to authorize		Online process must			
	nonproprietary				Plan to include	service and maintain a		provide info			
	open workflows				average response	process for provider to		required to			
	to compile and				time in hours for	submit records; (c),		determine if service			
	exchange				requests in each	require only the		is benefit, if PA is			
	necessary/				covered service for	section(s) of medical		necessary and			
	allowable data;				expedited decisions;	record necessary to		clinical criteria,			
	indicate denial or				standard decisions;	determine medical		required			
	authorization				extenuating-	necessity or					

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
WA cont'd	of less intensive service than that included in original request. API or interoperable electronic process for drugs by 2027.				circumstances decisions. Commissioner to release annual report.	appropriateness of service; (d) base determinations on medical info in patient's records and obtained by plan at time of review decisions. Requires workgroup to create standards on PA.					
WV SB 267 (2023) HB 2351 (2019)	Insurer to develop forms and portal. Insurer must accept electronic PA request and respond to requests through electronic means. NCPDP SCRIPT Standard for ePA.	If physician submits request for PA electronically: 5 business days. Urgent: 2 business days Insurer to inform provider of incompleteness in 2 business days. Provider must respond w/in 3 business days or care denied/new request required. Timeframes N/A to PA request submitted through telephone, mail, or fax. Appeals: 10 days			Commissioner to request data on quarterly basis, or more often as needed, to oversee compliance. Data to include, but not be limited to PAs requested, # of PA denied broken down by provider, # of PAs appealed, # of PA approved after appeal, name of each gold card status physician, and the name of each physician whose gold card status was revoked and the reason for revocation. (PEIA and commercial)	Standard for requiring PA must be science-based using nationally recognized standard. Must use national best practice guidelines to evaluate a PA		One PA per episode of care	Peer review must be w/ provider similar in specialty, education and background.	No PA on Rx at time of inpatient discharge - immediately approved for not less than 3 days (if cost < \$5,000/day.) After 3 days, PA may be required. Gold Carding: If provider performed average of 30 procedures/yr in 6-mo period & received 90% approval rating, plan won't require PA for that procedure for 6 mo. Exemption is reviewed before renewal and is subject to internal auditing at any time. Plan may rescind if determines provider isn't performing procedure in conformity w/ requirements based on internal audit.	Medical director has ultimate decision regarding appeal-provider can consult w/ medical director after P2P. Timeframes for P2P appeal process: 5 days from date of request for P2P. If plan wants to audit PA, may be transferred to peer review process w/in 2 business days. Applies to PEIA, Medicaid and commercial health insurers. Commissioner can assess a civil penalty against insurer for violation

Advocacy Resource Center

State	ePA and question set	Response Times	PA length	Retrospective denials	Data reporting	Clinical criteria and medical necessity	Notice of new requirements	Transparency	Qualifications of reviewer	Exceptions/ gold carding	Peer-to- peer/appeal process/ other
WI		Plan receiving request for PA of experimental procedure that includes all required information upon which to make a decision must issue a decision within 5 working days.									
WY											