```
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1417740-0
Total Deleted Page(s) = 18
Page 4 ~ Duplicate;
Page 7 \sim b3 - 3; b6 - 2,-6; b7C - 2,-6; b7E - 1;
Page 9 ~ b6 - 6; b7C - 6;
Page 10 ~ b6 - 6; b7C - 6;
Page 11 ~ b6 - 6; b7C - 6;
Page 12 ~ b6 - 6; b7C - 6;
Page 17 ~ Duplicate;
Page 23 ~ b3 - 3; b6 - 2,-6; b7C - 2,-6; b7E - 1;
Page 24 ~ b6 - 2; b7C - 2;
Page 25 ~ Duplicate;
Page 27 ~ b3 - 3; b6 - 2,-6; b7C - 2,-6; b7E - 1;
Page 28 ~ b3 - 3; b6 - 2,-6; b7C - 2,-6; b7E - 1;
Page 29 ~ Duplicate;
Page 32 ~ Duplicate;
Page 33 ~ b6 - 6; b7C - 6;
Page 34 ~ b6 - 6; b7C - 6;
Page 36 ~ Duplicate;
Page 42 ~ Duplicate;
```


44 Case V. Burge



To

SAC, CHICAGO (44A-0)

Date 2/15/89

From:

b6 -1, -2b7C -1,-2

Subject:

CIVIL RIGHTS, ALLEGED 55)

POLICEMBRUTALITY,

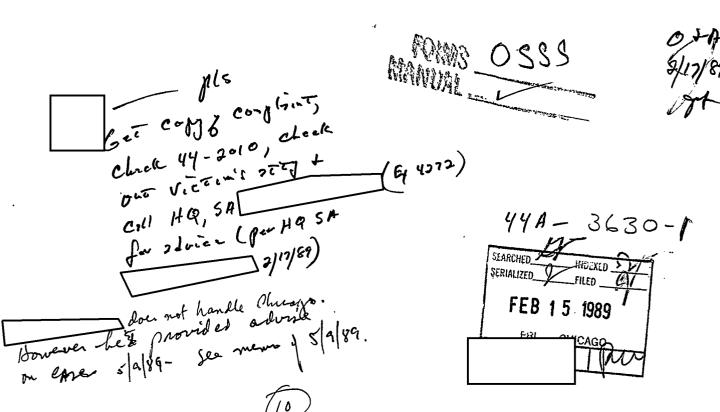
YICTIM, COMMANDER
JON BURGE, CHICAGO POLICE

DEPARTMENT:

00:CG

Attached to this memorandum is an article which appeared in the Chicago Tribune, 2/15/89, in which allegations of police brutality and the use of torture to obtain a confession are reported.

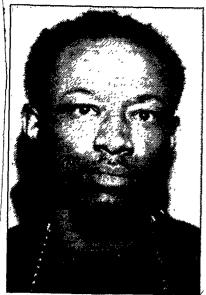
2-Chicago



CHICAGO TRIBUTE

2/15/89

City/suburbs



Andrew Wilson

Torture' charged in rights suit

By John Gorman

Suspected cop killer Andrew Wilson was "tortured" for hours by police who beat him repeatedly before thrusting an electrified rod between Wilson's legs to coerce him to confess to murdering two police officers, a lawyer charged in federal court Wednesday.

A defense attorney replied that there was no reason to torture Wilson because he had confessed shortly after his arrest.

In opening statements in the civil rights suit filed by Wilson against the police and the city, one of Wilson's attorneys, John Stainthorp, outlined how Wilson will testify about his treatment by police after being arrested on Feb. 14, 1982, in a West Side apartment on a warrant charging him with the murders of officers Richard O'Brien and William Fahey.

"Commander [Jon] Burge takes out [what] looks like a hair dryer or curling iron with wires on it," Stainthorp said. "They start rubbing it up and down between Wilson's legs, gently ... then they jab it up there."

Moments earlier, Stainthorp continued, Wilson had complained about being tortured to an unnamed assistant state's attorney, who told police to take Wilson away. Burge then returned to the room where Wilson was being interrogated and tortured his client, Stainthorp said.

"Commander Burge says: 'Fun time. You're going to make a statement. My reputation's at stake,' "Stainthorp charged. After using the electrical device on Wilson, police took him to a lineup, Stainthorp continued.

"When they returned, Commander Burge says, 'Are you going to talk or do we have to torture you some more?" Stainthorp said. "Wilson says, 'Yeah, I'll talk."

"Wilson says, 'Yeah, I'll talk.'"
Wilson and his brother, Jackie, were eventually convicted and sentenced to life, but both convictions were overturned on appeal. Andrew Wilson was again convicted and sentenced to life with no chance of parole. Jackie Wilson awaits a retrial.

Andrew Wilson, 36, is seeking \$10 million in damages from the city, former Police Supt. Richard Brzeczek and four detectives—Burge, now Brighton Park Area commander; Sgt. Thomas McKenna, assigned to the Pullman Area violent crimes unit; and Detectives Patrick O'Hara and John Yucaitis.

William Kunkle, who, along with Jeff Rubin and David Green is representing the four detectives, told the jury that they should consider carefully the testimony they will hear from Andrew Wilson.

Kunkle denied that the officers had to beat the confession out of Wilson because he confessed shortly after arriving at the police station.

"He told O'Hara and McKenna more than enough to convict him," Kunkle said. "They had the guns, they had the car [the Wilsons were driving] which belonged to their sister," Kunkle said. "He didn't call them police officers. He called them the big dude and the little dude."

After making the initial incriminating statements to police, Wilson was later taken to a police lineup and then returned to the Burnside Area headquarters at 91st Street and Cottage Grove Avenue, where he gave a statement admitting his guilt to a court reporter and signed it, Kunkle said.

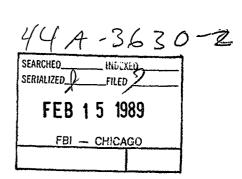
Before leaving the police station, police took a photograph of Wilson showing no "big marks" on

Wilson's head.

After he was treated at Mercy Hospital, he was taken later to police headquarters at 11th and State Streets. There was "a big gash on his forehead and a big gash on the back of his head" when Wilson arrived at police headquarters, Kunkle said, implying that those wounds were incurred after his clients last saw Wilson.

One of the first witnesses called was Brzeczek, who testified that he knew of no officers who sought retaliation for those responsible for the killing of O'Brien and Fahey.

"I think there was a sense of sorrow and outrage," Brzeczek said.



CACAGO TRIBUM

2/15/89

City/suburbs



Andrew Wilson

Torture' charged in rights suit

By John Gorman

Suspected cop killer Andrew Wilson was "tortured" for hours by police who beat him repeatedly be fore thrusting an electrified rod between Wilson's legs to coerce him to confess to murdering two police officers, a lawyer charged in federal court Wednesday.

A defense attorney replied that there was no reason to torture Wilson because he had confessed shortly after his arrest.

In opening statements in the civil rights suit filed by Wilson against the police and the city, one of Wilson's attorneys, John Stainthorp, outlined how Wilson will testify about his treatment by police after being arrested on Feb. 14, 1982, in a West Side apartment on a war-rant charging him with the murders of officers Richard O'Brien and William Fahey.

"Commander [Jon] Burge takes out [what] looks like a hair dryer or curling iron with wires on it," Stainthorp said. "They start rubbing it up and down between Wilson's legs, gently ... then they jab it up there."

Moments earlier, Stainthorp con-tinued, Wilson had complained about being tortured to an un-named assistant state's attorney, who fold police to take Wilson away Burge then returned to the room where Wilson was being interrogated and tortured his client. Stainthorp said.

"Commander Burge says: Fun-time. You're going to make a statement. My reputation's at stake," Stainthorp charged. After using the electrical device on Wil-son, police took him to a lineup, Stainthorp continued.

Stainthorp continued.

"When they returned, Commander Burge says, Are you going
to talk or do we have to torture
you some more?" Stainthorp said.

"Wilson says, Yeah, I'll talk."

Wilson and his brother, Jackie,
were eventually convicted and sentenced to life, but both convictions
were overturned on appeal Andrew

were overturned on appeal. Andrew Wilson was again convicted and sentenced to life with no chance of parole. Jackie Wilson awaits a re-

Andrew Wilson, 36, is seeking \$10 million in damages from the city, former Police Supt. Richard Brzeczek and four detectives Burge, now Brighton Park Area commander, Sgt. Thomas McKenna, assigned to the Pullman Area violent crimes unit; and Detectives Patrick O'Hara and John Yucaitis.

William Kunkle, who, along with Jeff Rubin and David Green is representing the four detectives; told the jury that they should consider carefully the testimony they will hear from Andrew Wilson.

Kunkle denied that the officers had to beat the

had to beat the confession out of Wilson because he confessed shortly after arriving at the police sta-

"He told O'Hara and McKenna more than enough to convict him."
Kunkle said. They had the guns, they had the car [the Wilsons were driving] which belonged to their sister," Kunkle said. "He didn't call them police officers. He called them the big dude and the little dude."

After making the initial in-criminating statements to police. Wilson was later taken to a police Wilson was later taken to a police lineup and then returned to the Burnside Area headquarters at 91st Street and Cottage Grove Avenue, where he gave a statement admitting his guilt to a court reporter and signed it, Kunkle said.

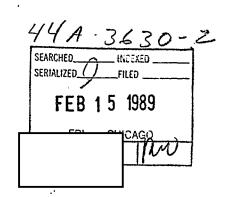
Before leaving the police station, police took a photograph of Wilson's head.

Wilson's head.

After he was treated at Mercy Hospital, he was taken later to poriospital, he was taken later to police headquarters at 11th and State Streets. There was "a big gash on this forehead and a big gash on the back of his head" when Wilson arrived at police headquarters, Kunkle said, implying that those wounds were incurred after his clients last saw Wilson.

One of the first witnesses called was Brzeczek, who testified that he knew of no officers who sought re-taliation for those responsible for the killing of O'Brien and Fahey.

"I think there was a sense of sor-row and outrage." Brzeczek said.



b6 -1 b7C -1 BURGE, JON, G.

3/73 44-2010*

BURGE, JON

5/74

92-350-Sub14-878 p.2

Area 2, Robbery Chicago Police Department Star #14322

7/74

92-350-Sub14-861

Area 2, Robbery Cg. P.D. Star #14322

BURGE, JON

Chicago Sun Times (2/28/89)

Lawyer tries again to trip cop-killer

By Adrienne Drell

Two times in the past attorney William Kunkle has bested convicted cop-killer Andrew Wilson.

Kunkle, a former first assistant Cook County state's attorney, tried to make it three in a row Monday.

Wilson, now serving a life term in prison, sat in the witness chair in U.S. District Judge Brian B. Duff's courtroom, fending off questions from Kunkle.

In private practice since 1985, Kunkle was appointed by the city to defend four policemen on brutality charges filed by Wilson.

In 1983 and 1988, Kunkle prosecuted Wilson and got convictions for the murders of Officers Richard O'Brien and William Fahey.

Wilson, who is seeking \$10 million in damages, testified last week that the arresting officers beat him and tortured him with electric shocks to force a confession.

As Kunkle began his cross-examination Monday, Wilson added a cigarette burn on his right arm to his list of wrongful police actions.

"Why didn't you tell the doctor?" Kunkle asked about the burn. "Because it didn't hurt at the time," said Wilson, who finally admitted he didn't want a picture taken of that arm because it bore a

"Show us the tattoo," directed Kunkle.

After Duff rejected legal objections, Wilson stood up, dramatically walked toward the jury box, and while a guard stood nearby lifted his sweater off and bared his arm.

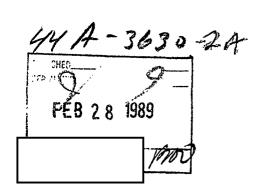
The tattoo consisted of a rose, two shovels and a noose that Wilson said were imprinted in prison.

"Did it hurt?" asked Kunkle.
"It hurt some," conceded Wilson.
Kunkle is trying to downplay Wilson's alleged pain and suffering from police treatment and to show that he repeatedly lies and changes his testimony.

"Why didn't you tell this court and jury about that cut on your eye?" asked Kunkle.

When Wilson responded that his memory was jogged by looking at a photo of his injuries, Kunkle suggested sarcastically, "It's important for you to have a story that fits the picture, right?"

The cross-examination of Wilson, who is appealing his conviction, is expected to continue today.



Chicago Sun Times (2/28/89)

Lawyer t to trip cop-

Two times in the past attorney taken of that arm because it bore a William Kunkle has bested convict-tattoo.

"Show us the tattoo," directed

Wilson, now serving a life term in prison, sat in the witness chair in U.S. District Judge Brian B. Duff's

courtroom, fending off questions. The tattoo consisted of a rose, from Kunkle.

In private practice since 1985, son said were imprinted in prison. Kunkle was appointed by the city "Did it hurt?" asked Kunkle to defend four policemen on brutality charges filed by Wilson.

Wilson Wil ity charges filed by Wilson.

In 1983 and 1988, Kunkle prosecuted Wilson and got convictions for the murders of Officers Richard

O'Brien and William Fahey.

Wilson, who is seeking \$10 mil. Why didn't you tell this court lion in damages, testified last week and jury about that the arresting officers beat him eye?" asked Kunkle and torfured him with electric. When Wilson responded that his

By Adrienne Drell time," said Wilson, who finally admitted he didn't want a picture

Kunkle, a former first assistant Kunkle. Cook County state's attorney, tried After Duff rejected legal objecto make it three in a row Monday. Attons, Wilson stood up, dramatically walked toward the jury box, and while a guard stood nearby lifted his sweater off and bared his arm.

> Wilson's alleged pain and suffering from police treatment and to show that he repeatedly lies and changes

and tortured him with electric When Wilson responded that his shocks to force a confession. I memory was jogged by looking at a As Kunkle began his cross-exmination Monday, Wilson added a gested sarcastically, "It's important cigarette burn on his right arm to for you to have a story that fits the his list of wrongful police actions. "Why didn't you tell the doc. The cross-examination of Wilson, tor?" Kinkle you tell the doc. The cross-examination of Wilson, the convention is

"Why didn't you tell the doc- . The cross-examination of Wilson, tor?" Kunkle asked about the burn. who is appealing his conviction, is "Because it didn't hurt at the expected to continue today.

44A-3630-20 SERIALIZED FEB 28 1989



To :	SAC, Chicago (44A-3630) Date 4/28/89	
From :	SA	b6 -1,-2 b7C -1,-2
Subject :	Commander Ion Burge, Chungo,	
	$C \cdot O$.	

(photostatu) from the Checago Sun Times, 4/24/89. Concerning the victim in captioned notter.

Fort 'too fat' for jail escape By Rosalind Rossi has contended Coleman never mental tioned to the contended to the conte

A former jail inmate testified Thursday that Jackie Wilson told him about a jail escape plan but that El Rukn leader Jeff Fort was not involved because he was too fat to fit through an airshaft during the breakout.

Addressing a jury during the third day of Wilson's trial for the

1982 murder of two Chicago policemen, William Coleman testified Wilson had confided in him that he and his brother, Andrew Wilson, "blew away" the two officers.

Coleman also described an un-

successful jail escape plan that As- the escape was to take place. sistant State's Attorneys Nick Tru-tenko and William Merritt say proves Wilson's "consciousness of guilt" in the 1982 slayings of Offi-cers William Fahey and Richard O'Brien.

has contended Coleman never men-tioned Jackie Wilson's name when he first tipped off officials to the breakout, planned for last Sept. 1.

Kling has charged that Coleman initially said Fort was in on the plot and came up with Wilson's name after being offered a "deal" on his own pending drug case.

Coleman, who was moved to a federal facility after alerting jail officials to the plot, said Jackie Wilson, who was housed in another part of the jail, had told him he was getting in fights with jail guards so he would be moved to the jail's maximum security unit where jail's maximum security unit, where

Coleman denied ever telling his attorney Fort was involved in the plot. He said Fort did not participate because "he couldn't fit though the hole"—referring to an airshaft that was later found to Defense attorney Richard Kling contain 75 feet of tied bedsheets.

- المراجعة <u>المستحمونية المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة</u>



44A-3630	-4
25. 2. 1yorxeo	-7
APR 2 8 1989 ERI — CHICAGO	
THE CHICAGO	



: SAC, CHICAGO (44A-3630) Date 5/8/89 From : SA Subject : CIVIL RIGHTS, ALLEGED POLICE BRUTALITY, VICTIM, COMMANDER JON BURGE, CHICAGO POLICE DEPARTMENT 00:CG

b6 - 1, -2b7C -1,-2

Re telcal from SA Chicago, to FBIHQ of 5/9/89.

b6 -1 b7C -1

On 5/9/89, FBIHQ SSA was advised of information developed at Chicago concerning captioned matter through the monitoring of newspaper reports. dvised that there is a five (5) year statute of limitations in 18 U.S.C. 242 matters which runs from the time that the victim is aware that he has been victimized. In a police beating case this would logically start from the time of the beating. It is noted from newspaper clippings which have been placed in the file that the captioned matter originated upon the murder of two (2) Chicago police officers in 1982. If the alleged beating or torture of the captioned victim occurred prior to May, 1984, it is therefore likely that the statute of limitations will have run.

Unless instructed otherwise by the Squad 12 supervisor the writer of this memorandum will initiate the following investigative steps to determine the correct time frame for the alleged violation captioned above:

- Through Chicago IA's review court documents in the captioned victim's civil trial against the captioned subject to determine when the victim was arrested, interrogated, processed and turned over to a jail custodian by the Chicago Police. Also, the medical treatment given to the captioned victim following his interrogation by the Chicago Police Department.
- If unable to determine the correct time frame for the alleged violation through court records, the Chicago Police, OPS, will be contacted to provide relevant information as described above.

showe 12 It Strate has home

9 1989 MAY

b6 -1 b7C -1



To: SAC, chicago (44A-3630)	Date 3/31/8 9
From : 5 A	5026E b6 -1,-2,- b7c -1,-2,
Subject: Profits Commonler on Burge, Chrogo, P.D. 9: CG	COM LAWGOIT

CHICAGO SUN-TIMES, Friday, March 31, 1989 23

2 cops cleared of brutality; no verdict on 3rd

By Adrienne Drell

A federal jury cleared two Chicago police officers Thursday night of charges that they used excessive force to get a confession from a convicted cop killer, but it could not reach a verdict on the same charge against a third officer.

Cleared of brutality charges in a \$10 million civil rights suit were

Detectives John Yucaitis and Patrick O'Hara.

The jurors split 4-2 in favor of the same verdict for Jon Burge, now Brighton Park commander for

the Police Department.

Andrew Wilson, 36, now serving life in prison for the 1982 murders of officers Richard O'Brien and William Fahey, charged in his suit that he was tortured for hours on Feb. 14, 1982

He contended that the accused officers and others beat him, subjected him to electric shocks and harassed him during a long interrogation.

The two women and four men deliberated for most of the day after a seven-week trial. The jurors sent four messages out to U.S. District Judge Brian B. Duff in late afternoon that they had reached an impasse. L'After several more hours of de-liberation, the jurors announced they had a unanimous decision on the excessive force count of the suit. against the two officers. But they said they were hopelessly deadlocked on the charge against Burge, on whether the police officers con-spired to violate Wilson's rights and on whether Wilson was injured as a result of the city's policy toward police brutality. The jurors agreed that Wilson should not have been awarded any monetary compensation for alleged bruises or burns. "He could have done it to himself," said juror Robert Grambo. "star product To a Duff declared a mistrial on the unresolved counts and suggested a new trial be scheduled scon.

SEARCHED INCLAND SERIALIZED TUN 1 3 1989

19-cv-4048(FBI)-1483

1] INDICES 2] SQUAD #12 SUPERVISOR

PLEASE EXPEDITE ASAP! THANK YOU!

ity/suburbs



Torture' charged in rights suit

05. By John Gorman Suspected cop killer Andrew Wilson was "tortured" for hours by police who beat him repeatedly before thrusting an electrified rod between Wilson's less to coerce him fore thrusting an electrified rod between Wilson's legs to coerce him to confess to murdering two police to confess a lawyer charged in federal court Wednesday.

A defense attorney replied that there was no reason to torture Wilters

there was no reason to torture Wilson because he had confessed

shortly after his arrest.

In opening statements in the civil rights suit filed by Wilson of Wilther police and the city, one of wilther police and the city, Stainthorp, son's attorneys, John Stainthorp, outlined how Wilson will testify outlined how willoon police after about his treatment by police after shortly after his arrest. about his treatment by police after being arrested on Feb. 14, 1982, in

being arrested on reb. 14, 1982, in a West Side apartment on a warrant charging him with the murders of officers Richard O'Brien and William Fahey.

"Commander [Jon] Burge takes a warrant charging him with the murders and officers Richard O'Brien and officers Richard O'Brien and warrant looks like a hair drient looks like a look

"Commander [Jon] Burge takes out [what] looks like a hair dryer or curling iron with wires on it," or curling iron with wires on it." They start rubstainthorp said. "They start rubbing it up and down between Wilson's legs, gently ... then they jab it up there."

n up mere.

Moments earlier, Stainthorp continued, Wilson had complained tinued, Wilson had to an unabout being tortured to an unnamed assistant state's attorney, named assistant of take Wilson who told police to take Wilson named assistant state's attorney, who told police to take Wilson away. Burge then returned to the room where Wilson was being interrogated and tortured his client, Stainthorn said Stainthorp said.

City job-training

By Patrick Reardon

Despite Chicago's high rates of poverty and unemployment, the Mayor's Office of Employment and Training routinely limits the Mayor's Utice of Employment and Training routinely limits the availability of free job training availability of low-income people programs for low-income people tracts and by shutting down the tracts and by shutting down the by taking months to execute contracts and by shutting down the programs for three months each year, an administrative complaint charged Tuesday charged Tuesday.

The complaint, filed by the Legal Assistance Foundation, also contended that the office has recontended th contended that the office has le-fused to use 10 percent of its budget to provide training to those who are economically disadvantaged but don't meet the federally established criteria for participation.

Those criteria require that a participant have an income that is participant have an income that is 80 percent or less of the federal 80 poverty level. But the federal Job poverty Partnership Act permits Training Partnership Act permits the 10 percent set-aside for peother with clightly bigher incomes ple with slightly higher incomes who have special problems find-

ing jobs, such as a ciency in English. The city's total the act for the press is \$28 million, of win million could be asides.

"The mandates ar to some extent, the there, but a huge pe translated into educations and ich placement es and job placeme torney John Boum wrote the complaint. Arthur Vasquez, d

Employment and Tr criticized the Lega Foundation compla and lacking in specifi He acknowledged t

often long delays in of many contracts, b that those haven't at es because the office meet its performance the last six months spite the contract elays. He also said ma lays were the fault who didn't complet

V JA Court Roids Hurry in! Nothing will ho

FINAL REDUCTIONS IN OUR END-OF-SEASON CLEARAWA SELECT GROUPS FROM OUR REGULAR STOCKS OF FAMOUS-MAKER AND DESIGNER CLOTHING, SPORTSWEAR & FURNISHINGS NOW FAR BELOW OUR FAMOU

"Commander Burge says: 'Fun time. You're going to make a statement. My reputation's at stake,' "Stainthorp charged. After using the electrical device on Wilson, police took him to a lineup, Stainthorp continued.

"When they returned, Commander Burge says, 'Are you going to talk or do we have to torture you some more?" Stainthorp said. "Wilson says, 'Yeah, I'll talk."

Wilson and his brother, Jackie, were eventually convicted and sentenced to life, but both convictions were overturned on appeal. Andrew Wilson was again convicted and sentenced to life with no chance of parole. Jackie Wilson awaits a retrial.

Andrew Wilson, 36, is seeking \$10 million in damages from the city, former Police Supt. Richard Brzeczek and four detectives—Burge, now Brighton Park Area commander; Sgt. Thomas McKenna, assigned to the Pullman Area violent crimes unit; and Detectives Patrick O'Hara and John Yucaitis.

William Kunkle, who, along with Jeff Rubin and David Green is representing the four detectives, told the jury that they should consider carefully the testimony they will hear from Andrew Wilson.

Kunkle denied that the officers had to beat the confession out of Wilson because he confessed shortly after arriving at the police station.

"He told O'Hara and McKenna more than enough to convict him," Kunkle said. "They had the guns, they had the car [the Wilsons were driving] which belonged to their sister," Kunkle said. "He didn't call them police officers. He called them the big dude and the little dude."

After making the initial incriminating statements to police, Wilson was later taken to a police lineup and then returned to the Burnside Area headquarters at 91st Street and Cottage Grove Avenue, where he gave a statement admitting his guilt to a court reporter and signed it, Kunkle said.

Before leaving the police station, police took a photograph of Wilson showing no "big marks" on Wilson's head.

After he was treated at Mercy Hospital, he was taken later to police headquarters at 11th and State Streets. There was "a big gash on his forehead and a big gash on the back of his head" when Wilson arrived at police headquarters, Kunkle said, implying that those wounds were incurred after his clients last saw Wilson.

One of the first witnesses called was Brzeczek, who testified that he knew of no officers who sought retaliation for those responsible for the killing of O'Brien and Fahey.

"I think there was a sense of sor-

SUIT

For example Year-round-variationally kinds; not evand color, by Compare at \$

THOUSANI SAVINGS! S you may nev

OVEI TOP(

Many styles woolens inch wool-&-Cash Comparable \$

SIMILAR DE EVERY OTH



QUALITY-LA well-detailed bu collars; solids, 1 Compare at \$26

PINPOINT O silky-smooth co spread collars. Compare at \$38

FAMOUS LAI Long and shortpoly-cotton and and patterns.

DESIGNER L

many handmade Compare at \$18-3

FD-160 (Rev. 11-16-81) □ General Indices □ Confidential Indices ☐ ELSUR Indices Date Subject b6 -2 b7C -2 Aliases Address Birth Date Birthplace Race ☐ Male ☐ Female ☐ Exact Spelling ☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only ☐ Restrict to Locality of File & Serial Number File & Serial Number Remarks Remarks -b6 -1b7C -1 Requested by Squad Extension File No. Searche (date) Consolic SEARCHED. (date) Reviewed by JUN 13 1989 (date) File Review Symbols I - Identical ? - Not identifiable NI - Not identical U - Unavailable reference FBI/DOJ

Indices Search Slip





☐ General indices

□ Confidential Indices

□ ELSUR Indices

TO: SUPPORT SERVICES SUPERV Subject Ton Bu		(Bolie	7 99		Date Social Securit	12/ 89 y Account #		
Address				Birth Date	Birthplace		Race	Sex □ Male □ Female
□ Exact Spelling All References □ Main Subversive Case Files On □ Subversive References Only	ly	☐ Crir ☐ Mai			bversive Refere		ty of	□ Female
File & Serial Number		Remarks		File & Serial	Number		Remarks	
	1 455	1						
FOIMS MANUAL	,	<u></u>						
Requested Searched by Consolidate			(date)	uad 12	Extension	File No.	- ei 4 -36	b6 -1,- b7C -1, -1 sub
Reviewed by I - Identical NI - Not identical	File Review	? - Not iden	(date) (date) tifiable ple reference		SERIAL	JUN 1 3 198 FBI — CHICAG. 19-cv-40	9	FBI/DO

7/74

92-350-Sub14-861

BURGE, JON

Area 2, Robbery Cg. P.D.

Star #14322

BURGE, JON

5/74

92-350-Sub14-87 p.2

Area 2, Robbery Chicago Police Department Star #14322

 $w_{w'}^{2/k}$

BURGE, JOHN

100-125-4735 p.57

100-125-I 11 p121 -5864 p80

100-19746-621 photo picture 202

19-cv-4048(FBI)-1495



: SAC, CHICAGO (44A-3630) (14)

Date 5/8/89

From : SA

b6 -1,-2 b7C -1,-2

CIVIL RIGHTS. ALLEGED POLICE BRUTALITY,

VICTIM, COMMANDER

JON BURGE, CHICAGO POLICE DEPARTMENT 00:CG

Attached to this memorandum is a clipping from the Chicago TRIBUNE, May 2, 1989, concerning the trial of

b6 -2 b7C -2

and was convicted of The

victim has alleged in a civil trial that his confession was induced under torture by the Chicago Police Department.

It is recommended that the captioned matter be place in a pending inactive status to permit the monitoring of both of the above mentioned legal proceedings, to avoid complicating the above mentioned legal proceedings by an active FBI investigation prior to the conclusion of the ongoing proceedings, and to permit an FBI investigation to benefit from all information developed in the above mentioned legal proceedings once concluded.

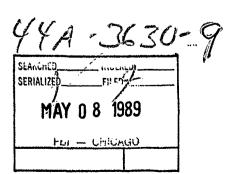
2-Chicago

Chicago

Retrial ending in cop killings

The retrial of Jackie Wilson for the murder of two Chicago police officers in 1982 was scheduled to go to the jury after closing arguments Tuesday.

Richard Kling, Wilson's attorney, moved for a mistrial after Cook County Criminal Court Judge Michael Getty replaced the jury's only two black members when they didn't appear more than an hour after the trial's scheduled start. Getty denied the request. One of two alternates appointed to the jury was black.



FBI

	TRANSMIT V Teletype Facsimile AIRTEL		PRECEDENCE: Immediate Priority Routine	☐ UNCLA ☐ UNCLA	CRET F- DENTIAL S E F T O		
1	TO :	DIRECTOR,	T ਲਾਜ				
2	FROM :	•	AGO (44A-3630) 🗘	%) (SO, 12)			
3	SUBJECT:	CIVIL RIGH	,	4) (52. 12)	(Feel	_	
4	Dobotici.		DLICE BRUTALITY, VICTIM,				b6 -2
5			JOHN BURGE,				ъ7С -2
6		OO: CHICA	OLICE DEPARTMENT AGO	i			
7		- 1 7 7	s		~!-!	TD THO	b6 -1
8	SSA		5/9/89. In re t	elcal, FBIHQ		d of	b7C −1
9	through t	he monitori	ed at Chicago co ing of newspaper	reports. N	ewspaper re	ports	
10	a civil s	uit against	ntified the capt t the CHICAGO PO	LICE DEPARTM	ENT allegin	g that	
11	Officers	in 1982, wa	ed concerning thas obtained thro			Police	
12	brutality	F					
13	there is	FBIHQ SSA a five (5)	advised year statute of	Chicago in limitations	re telcal t in 18 U.S.	hat C. 242	b6 -1 b7C -1
14	matters w	hich runs t	from the time th . In a police b	at the victi	m is aware	that he	
15			m the time of th				
16	Departmen), Sergeant POLICE DEPARTME		Records State Stre	et.	b6 -4 b7C -4
17	Chicago,	Illinois, a	advised that the the CHICAGO POLI	date of the	captioned		
18	that a co	onfession wa	as obtained from com CHICAGO POLI	the caption	ed victim i	s not	
19	2 - Burea		TOW CITCHOO FORT	<u> </u>			
20	1) - Chica			STATUSF TYPE CLOSI			
21	(3)			DESTROY _ SURV. JNIT	10 YEARS		•
	L				/\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
	Approved:		Transmitted (Nu	mber) (Time)	SEARCHED	J	4
			19-cv-40	48(FBI)-1501	44A-30	30-10	

CG 44A-3630

However, CHICAGO POLICE DEPARTMENT records do reflect that the captioned victim filed a complaint with the CHICAGO POLICE DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS, on 2/25/82, concerning his treatment by the CHICAGO POLICE DEPARTMENT subsequent to his time of arrest. Therefore, it is logical that the captioned victim's arrest, interrogation, and the alleged police brutality, occurred prior to 2/25/82, and that the five year statute of limitations in 18 U.S.C. 242 matters has run. Chicago is conducting no further investigation in captioned matter, which has been placed in a closed status.

CASE CLOSE DUE TO
ST. of LIMS.

few months Ifall in state nored up its also allowed ate taxes by

's good forker Michael icago), who me of the

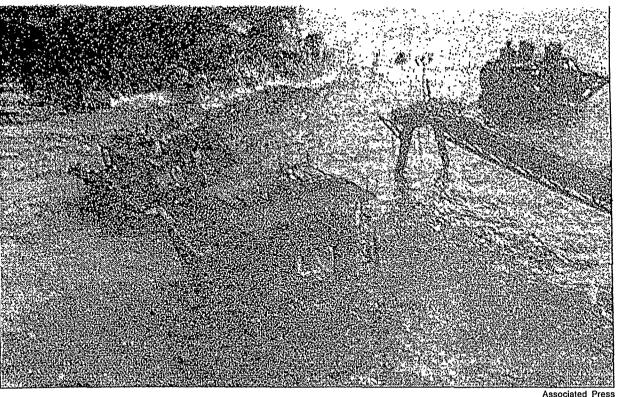
ome tax inollars o for

r-to-shoulder ienate Presi-D-Oak Park). he plan, unments that he city's use through the

ore dramatic ie tax scenarionored legis- Democratic for Chicago's

the city and ted in practifor years city 1 intertwined Demo-:gul g jobs faithful.

ited Machine d than fact. to Page 24 tions.



Kuwait's Sea Island oil terminal continues to burn Sunday, although U.S. forces bombed two inland facilities Saturday night to halt the flow of oil into the Persian Gulf. Oil pouring from the offshore terminal was set afire in a U.S. attack on an Iraqi ship last week. The fire has consumed some of the oil.

WASHINGTON—A U.S. F-111 fighter-homber, using precision guided bombs, destroyed oilpumping equipment in Iraqi-occupied Kuwait in an effort to stem the flow of oil into the Persian No. Gulf. the commander of U.S. forces in the war said Sunday.

Gen. H. Norman Schwarzkopf showed videotapes of the strikes. which took place Saturday night, a and said a subsequent thinning out of the oil slick offshore from the facilities could mean the spill had been cut off. But he said it would take another 24 hours to be sure.

The two oil facilities where the Turn to Page 8

THE GULF WAR

- · ☑ Guif at a glance: Page 6.
- Bush's mission: Page 6.
- The gulf hotline: Page 8.
- M New air dogfight: Page 8.
- 翻 Hussein strategy: Page 9.
- 國 Firefighters rally: Page 11.
- Egypt in the fold: Page 12.
- Satanic views: Page 14.

Police torture probe sought here

By Ray Long Staff Writer

An Amnesty International report requesting a full inquiry into allegations that Chicago police systematically tortured criminal susymakers still pects between 1972 and 1984 will be released oters to put I today by a local group, that made the accusa-

The London-based human rights organization is calling for Chicago, Cook County and U.S. authorities to investigate allegations made in a 1989 federal civil rights lawsuit.

The lawsuit was filed by Andrew Wilson, who was convicted and sentenced to life in the February, 1982, slaving of two Chicago police officers.

Wilson alleged that during police interroga-

tions he was beaten, kicked, nearly suffocated with a plastic bag, subjected to electric shock and forced to undergo a mock execution when police placed a pistol in his mouth.

A federal jury in August, 1989, ruled in favor of three police officers accused by Wilson, but said the city has an unwritten policy of using excessive force in questioning suspects accused

Turn to Page 18

SUN-TIMES/Al Podgorski

Casting call

Tony Pontene (from left) of Schaumburg, Mark Cooper from Indiana and Jerry Hoffman of St. Charles demonstrate their fly-casting skills Sunday during the Chicagoland Sport Fishing, Travel and Outdoors Show at the O'Hare Expo Center in Rosemont.

olice

Continued from Page 1

of killing police officers. The rul-

ing has been appealed.

The Task Force to Confront Police Violence, a local group seeking disciplinary action against officers it suspects of torture, will discuss Amnesty International's request at a City Hall news conference today.

Avis LaVelle, a spokesman for Mayor Daley, said she had "no comment whatsoever." Cook County State's Attorney Jack O'Malley's spokesman said he was unaware of Amnesty International's request. Officials with the U.S. attorney's office could not be reached for comment.

Anita Tiessen, an Amnesty International spokeswoman, said in trans-Atlantic telephone call that the group's report was an

"expression of concern and asking for more information."

At the center of the controversy is the Chicago Police Department's Area 2 headquarters, 727E. 111th St.



Andrew Wilson

Wilson's lawyers said Wilson and more than 20 others alleged they had been tortured by police there.

Tina Vicini, police spokeswoman, said police officials were familiar with allegations in the Wilson

case but could not comment on the Amnesty International report until they review it.

Wilson was convicted and sentenced to death in the 1982 murders of Officers William Fahey and Richard O'Brien, but in 1987 the Illinois Supreme Court ordered a retrial, saying Wilson's confession may have resulted from police coercion. The confession was barred in the retrial, in which Wilson was convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment.

Ald. Marlene Carter (15th), who introduced a resolution that resulted in a hearing on alleged police brutality, said Amnesty International's involvement will help focus more attention on the issue.

"It's not a minor issue," Carter said. "It's a major issue."

Contributing: Associated Press

lissin

Continued from Page 3

be closer to you than your underwear until you tell me where Lynda is," Armes said. "He knew I. would make his life miserable."

Weber drew a map of where a body was buried in Williams, Ariz., Armes said. Armes returned to the United States and tried to find the grave, but couldn't because there was too much snow.

Armes gave a copy of the map to sheriff's deputies, who said they also could not find the grave.

Armes said he then called Weber and demanded Weber personally show him the grave, or he would return to Thailand, "and be part of his life." Weber agreed to come back to the United States, and Armes sent him a plane tick-

On Saturday, Armes and a team of his investigators accompanied Weber to the site of the grave.

Weber led the party in a roundabout route, hoping to spot whether police were nearby, Armes said.

Unknown to Weber, seven men from the sheriff's department, FBI and Chicago police were hiding in the pine woods, said sheriff's deputy Raoul Osegueda.

"We have officers who are adapted to the woods," Osegueda said. "We were able to conceal outselves pretty easily."

Weber finally located the grave and helped Armes' men dig. After they found the body, police jumped out of the woods. "They swarmed on us with drawn guns, machineguns, you name it," Armes said.

Weber did not offer resistance, Osegueda said.

Weber's sister, Barbara Graves, said Weber "is not capable of a

violent crime."

roofing any average size 2 or 3 flat building with 5 kyer roof up to 1200 sq. ft.

Only \$ 0 0 0 Call Ed Carroll 8028 5. Western (312) 436-5400 LIC. ROOFING CONST. #104-003812

DIONNERGIA Camedar Camedar

O Compret. O Tai 6 Financial Aid At

For Tir





 Kitcher Attic/Do 048(FBI) **145**04

WEWNO!!

WER(e)

Holicillions

ouis orioes keep ouis or Ouises illnein

• Sc

44 A 36 30 - 12

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

newspaper, city and state.) Page 1 Chicago Sun-Times Chicago, Illinois Date: January 28,1991 EditionFive Star Sports Final

> Title: Police Torture Probe Sought Here

Character:

Classification:

Submitting Office: Chicago

(Indicate page, name of

Indexina:

Police torture probe sought here

By Ray Long Staff Writer

An Amnesty International report requesting a full inquiry into allegations that Chicago police systematically tortured criminal suspects between 1972 and 1984 will be released today by a local group that made the accusations.

tions he was beaten, kicked, nearly suffocated with a plastic bag, subjected to electric shock and forced to undergo a mock execution when police placed a pistol in his mouth.

A federal jury in August, 1989, ruled in favor of three police officers accused by Wilson, but said the city has an unwritten policy of using excessive force in questioning suspects accused Turn to Page 18

The London-based human rights organization is calling for Chicago, Cook County and U.S. authorities to investigate allegations made in a 1989 federal civil rights lawsuit.

The lawsuit was filed by Andrew Wilson, who was convicted and sentenced to life in the February, 1982, slaying of two Chicago police

Wilson alleged that during police interroga-

Continued from Page 1

of killing police officers. The rul-

ing has been appealed.

The Task Force to Confront
Police Violence, a local group seeking disciplinary action against officers it suspects of torture, will discuss Amnesty International's request at a City Hall news conference today.

Avis LaVelle, a spokesman for Mayor Daley, said she had "no comment whatsoever." Cook County State's Attorney Jack O'Malley's spokesman said he was unaware of Amnesty International's request. Officials with the U.S. attorney's office could not be reached for comment.

Anita Tiessen, an Amnesty Înternational spokeswoman, said in a trans-Atlantic telephone call that the group's report was an

"expression of concern and asking for more informa-tion."

At the center of the controversy is the Chicago Police Department's Area 2 headquarters, 727 E. 111th St.



Andrew Wilson

Wilson's lawyers said Wilson and more than 20 others alleged they had been tortured by police there.

Tina Vicini, police spokeswoman, said police officials were familiar with allegations in the Wilson case but could not comment on the Amnesty International report until they review it.

Wilson was convicted and sentenced to death in the 1982 murders of Officers William Fahey and Richard O'Brien, but in 1987 the Illinois Supreme Court ordered a retrial, saying Wilson's confession may have resulted from police coercion. The confession was barred in the retrial, in which Wilson was convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment.

Ald. Marlene Carter (15th), who introduced a resolution that resulted in a hearing on alleged police brutality, said Amnesty International's involvement will help focus more attention on the issue.

"It's not a minor issue," Carter said. "It's a major issue."

Contributing: Associated Press SERIALIZED FILED (NA JAN 28 1991 FDI - CHICAGO ome

19-cv-4048(FBI)-1507