Queues are frequently used in computer programming, and a typical example is the creation of a job queue by an operating system. If the operating system does not use priorities, then the jobs are processed in the order they enter the system. Write C++ program for simulating job queue. Write functions to add job and delete job from queue. CODE:-

```
#include <iostream>
#define MAX 10
using namespace std;
struct queue
     int data[MAX];
        int front, rear;
};
class Queue
{ struct queue q;
 public:
   Queue(){q.front=q.rear=-1;}
   int isempty();
   int isfull();
   void enqueue(int);
   int delqueue();
   void display();
};
int Queue::isempty()
        return(q.front==q.rear)?1:0;
int Queue::isfull()
{ return(q.rear==MAX-1)?1:0;}
void Queue::enqueue(int x)
\{q.data[++q.rear]=x;\}
int Queue::delqueue()
{return q.data[++q.front];}
void Queue::display()
{ int i;
  cout << "\n";
  for(i=q.front+1;i \le q.rear;i++)
           cout<<q.data[i]<<" ";
int main()
     Queue obj;
        int ch,x;
        do{ cout<<"\n 1.Insert Job\n 2.Delete Job\n 3.Display\n 4.Exit\n Enter your choice : ";
             cin>>ch;
        switch(ch)
         { case 1: if (!obj.isfull())
                   { cout << "\n Enter data : \n";
                         cin>>x;
                         obj.enqueue(x);
                         cout << endl;
               else
                     cout << "Queue is overflow!!!\n\n";
               break;
          case 2: if(!obj.isempty())
                            cout<<"\n Deleted Element = "<<obj.delqueue()<<endl;</pre>
                   else
                          { cout<<"\n Queue is underflow!!!\n\n"; }
                   cout << "\nRemaining Jobs : \n";
                   obj.display();
```

## **OUTPUT:-**

