Key Notes

Chapter - 08 Political Science

Rural Livelihoods

• There are several kinds of livelihoods in rural areas.

• Kalpattu Village

- (i) Kalpattu in Tamil Nadu is a village near to the sea coast.
- (ii) Ploughing is not done here. People are busy in activities like making pots, utensils, weaving baskets and making bricks in kilns.
- (iii) It has a number of shops, Tea, cloth, barber, shop, tailor, etc. are some major shops found here.

• Life in Rural Areas:

- (i) Work in rural areas in found only in the harvesting season.
- (ii) People work as a daily labourers.
- (iii) Women have to do their domestic duties and event work outside.
- (iv) People find it difficult even to meet their base existence or basic necessities.
- (v) About two-third of India's agricultural labourers are landless labourers.
- (vi) Since farmers do not have money they fall in a debt trap.

Agricultural Labourers and Farmers in India:

- (i) In India only 20% of farmer can boast of a good lifestyle.
- (ii) Hoarding makes farmers suffer.

• Coastal Areas:

- (i) People in coastal areas into face a tough life.
- (ii) Fishing is their main occupation. But when the fishermen are out, it is not known whether they will come back or not.
- (iii) Fishermen are unsafe for four months during monsoon season. It is a lean period for the fishermen.
- (iv) There is constant battle for survival among majority of people in rural areas.