Normalization Challenges

Challenge 1: Design a database for a Supermarket Billing Application. It should handle Sales, Purchase, Customers, Employees, Suppliers, and Stock maintenance.

Possible Fields (Furnish other details as required and you can skip fields as per your design)

SuperMarketBilling(CustomerId, CustomerName, CustomerType, CustomerAddress, CustomerMailId, CustomerOrganizationName, CustomerCreditLimit, CustomerAccountNo, SupplierId, SupplierName, SupplierType, SupplierPhoneNo, SupplierAddress, SupplierMailId, SupplierOrganizationName, SupplierCreditLimit, SupplierAccountNo, ProductId, ProductName, Quantity, UnitPrice, ProductManufactureDate, ProductExpiaryDate, SalesBillNo, SalesTotalBillAmount, SalesBillProductId, SalesBillProductName, SalesBillProductQuantiy, SalesBillAmount, SalesBillDate, SalesBillCustomerId, PurchaseId, PurchaseTotalBillAmount, PurchaseBillBatchId, PurchaseDate, SalesReturnId, SalesReturnProductId, SalesReturnProductQuantity, SalesReturnReason, SalesReturnAcceptedBy, EmployeeId, EmployeeName, EmployeePhone, EmployeeBloodGroup, EmployeeAddress, EmployeeMailId, EmployeeDesignation, EmployeeQualification, EmployeeExperience, PurchaseReturnId, PurchaseReturnProductId, PurchaseReturnProductQuantity, PurchaseReturnReason, PurchaseReturnApporvedBy)

Second Normal Form:

X- Set of all key attributes.

{CustomerId, SupplierId, ProductId, SalesBillNo, PurchaseId, SalesReturnId, EmployeeId, PurchaseReturnId}

All possible subsets of X (set of all key elements) = 2ⁿ where n is the number of elements...

Here in this case n is 8 and hence 2^8 combinations (i.e. 256 which will be tedious...)

This is where **Object Oriented Analysis and Design** help us.

For example, **Use Case Diagrams (UML)** will provide us with the required **Separation of Concerns** and hence simplify the normalization process.