Koperu na novimbringe Desp. Hera f(x) EFEX] degf(x) 70 u LEKEF. Kosbangte de ropen na P(x) c K [x], ans P(d)=0, 4.e. P(x)=(x-d).g(x) g(x) e K CXI (I paramperare K Ha F, Hag voero f(x) ce para-29 & mousbegenie na numerica introductione 4.6 + ropeni ca 6 roba pasumpenie K) Hera f(x) = aox "+ az x" + . + an e F [x] U X1, X2, --, Xn ca & roperu na E, resucury & passumperme ma novero F. Toraba & ce pas rara book buga: Karo representation receptinguentate representate  $\frac{1}{N}$  and  $\frac{1}{N$ = ao(x-X1)(x-X2)--(x-Xn) (")-N; (") =1  $\sigma_1 = X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_N = -\frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_0} {n \choose 1}$  en Tupa en un 02 = X1X2+ X1X3+ ... + Xn-1 X 11 = \frac{a\_a}{a\_0} \big( \frac{n}{2} \big) \frac{costyp}{2}  $|\sigma_n = \chi_{\perp} \chi_{2} \dots \chi_{n} = (-1)^n \frac{a_n}{a_n} \binom{n}{n} coorupaeum$ Tesu opophym ce napurar pophym na Buer Zacren chyran (n = 2): g = aox 2 + ay x + az = ao(x-x,)(x-x,) => =700X2+01X+02-00(X2-XX2-X1X+X1X2) -> Oox 2+ ax x+ az = aox 2. - aox 2x - aox 1x + aox 1x2-=700xx+axx+ax=00xx-00(x1+x2)x+00x1x2

=> a1 = - a0 (X1+X2) (X1+X2 = - ac  $a_2 = a_0 \times i \times a$   $\int x_1 \times a = a_a$ Da ce Hampat cross mocrure na 1, sa vouro menney vopenine X1, X2, X3 ora nominaria 8: 7-1x3+ &x = +12x + De Ctx1, e & cuna. [X1 = X2 X3] Pemerne Or opophymae na Buer umangre |XL+ X2+ X3 = - a1 = -8 = -8 X1X2+ X1X3+ X2X3=+ Q2= 12=12 1x, x2 x3 = - a3 = - 1 = - 1 XL+ (Xx+X3) = -8=> Xx+X2=-8-XL X(X2+X3)+X2X3=12 = XL (X2 X3) = -1 Unane no yarabne 2 X1 - X2X3 | X1 (-8-X1) + X1 = 12 =>-8X1-X12+ X1=12) | XL. XL = - A => | X, = - A | -8x1-X12+ X1=12=> |X1+7x1+12=0) 8=49-48=1=>X1=-+1=-3 X2=-4

37=5 L= X1-X3+7X5-X-0, LECEXT: XI + X2 = 1 lemenue: Or opophymae na Buer maneze:

|X1+X2+X3+X4=L

|X1X2+X1X3+X1X4+X2X3+X2X4+X3X4=L

|X1X2+X1X3+X1X4+X2X3+X2X4+X3X4=L XIX2 X3+ XIX2 X4+ XIX5X4+ X2 X3 X4 = L X, X2 X3 X4 = -6 X+X3+X4=X=> [X3+X4=0] 7  $X_1X_2 + (X_1 + X_2)(X_3 + X_4) + X_3X_4 = A <$ X1X2(X2+X4)+(X1+X2)X3X4=L (X1X2)(X3X4)=-6  $|X_1X_2 + X_3X_4| = \lambda |X_1X_2 - \lambda - 1 |X_1X_$ 2-L=-6=5/1=-5 OTTOBOP: 2=-5 20 f=... e un, te X,+/2=L

7a2-a3-569+80-7+0+02-65 -II 1 - 16 55 72 -II 1 - 17 72 0 => (a+L) (a2-17a+72)=0 =7 a,=- L V &= 289 - 288 = + a= 17+1=9 a=8 +STPU Q=-L=> C=8, 8=8, 12--8 + ATPU a = 2 => c = -2, 6 = 8, (2 = 82) +9tmy a = 8 => c = -1, 8 = -1 /1 = -8) gen. 2=?, P= XY+3X3+2X2-9X-2 e C CXJ: X1+ X2 = X3 X4 SHENA & 6 REXY, & gaba ocraver -3 upu generue c (x-3) u octator y mu generue c (x+3). La ce nampu ocravent nougenetwe 4a & c (x-3)(X+3) Lemerne. DF = (x-3)91-8, 91,926 REXY (2) f= (X+3) 9/2+4 U Hena &= (x-3)(X+3). 9+T, 9, TEREX dep[(x-3)(x+3)] = 2 u dept < dep[(x-3)(x+3)] => 8/00 T = 1 => T = ax+ 8, a, 6 0 R => f= (x-3)(x+5).9+ (ax+6) (3) 3 amerbane 6: (1): \$(3) = (3-3) 91 - 8 = -8 (=> 8:(3). P(3)=(3-3)(3+3)q,+ a.3+6)

=> 30+8=-8 (4) Ananourro same chame & (2) f(-3) = (-3+3) q2+4=4 (3) f(-5) = (-3-3)(-3+5)9, + a(-3)+6 1-3a+6=4/(xx) 07 M) 4 (\*\*) masse: O 3a+6=-8 = 26=-4=> 6=-2=> a=-2 => r= ax+6 = -2x -2 OTTOBOP: OCTATORET upu generuse 49 f c (x-3/4+3)e Ода се нашери полином от грега сченен с & rosepuquenou, rosero upu generiue c (x2+1) ga-Ba octation (-5x+10) usa repenute my e & cuna cregnoto: 1 + L + L = 99 Steva 9-ax3+ 8x2+cx+d, 9,8,0,de ¢, 0,00 P=(x2+L).g+(-5x+10), g & ¢ C X I
Usbyrubatrul senemeto, Ha f u (x2+L), търши остачи (-5х+10):

$$f = a \times^{2} + 6 \times^{2} + c \times + d$$

$$Q = a \times + 6$$

$$6 \times^{2} + a \times d$$

$$Q = a \times + 6$$

$$6 \times^{2} + 6$$

$$-a \times + c \times - 6 + d = 0$$

$$T = -a \times - 6 + c \times + d = 0$$

$$(-5 \times + 10) \times - 0$$

$$T = -a \cdot - 6 + c \cdot + d = -5 \times + 10$$

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$$T = -a \cdot - 6 + c \cdot + d = -$$

$$(x_{2}x_{3})^{2} + (x_{1}x_{3})^{2} + (x_{1}x_{2})^{2} = (x_{2}x_{3} + x_{1}x_{3} + x_{1}x_{3})^{2} - 2(x_{2}x_{3} + x_{1}x_{3} + x_{1}x_{3} + x_{2}x_{3} + x_{2}x_{3} + x_{2}x_{3} + x_{2}x_{3}) =$$

$$= (x_{2}x_{3} + x_{1}x_{3} + x_{1}x_{3} + x_{1}x_{3})^{2} - 2(x_{1}x_{2}x_{3})(x_{1} + x_{2} + x_{3})$$

$$Ot opopulure ha Buet:$$

$$(x_{1} + x_{2} + x_{3} + x_{3} + x_{2}x_{3} = \frac{c}{a}$$

$$(x_{1} + x_{2} + x_{3} + x_{3} + x_{2}x_{3} = \frac{c}{a}$$

$$(x_{1} + x_{2} + x_{3} + x_{3} + x_{2}x_{3} = \frac{c}{a}$$

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$$(x_{1} + x_{2} + x_{3} + x_{3} + x_{3} + x_{2}x_{3} = \frac{c}{a}$$

$$(x_{1} + x_{2} + x_{3} + x_{3$$

Meg Karbane, te & e V- uparen kopen na nonumera & (x) & FEXI (u & e K) nogragage pasumpenue na F)), and e usurameno, te: \$(x) = (x-d) = g(x), g(x) & FEXI ug(x) +0 1) N= L => Le equoupaten (mpoct) Kapen 2) KEZ => L e K-Kparen Kopen Th ( Up usepun sa repartiser) Hera Fe none. Toraba &(x) & F [x]= = aoX" +a,X"-+ +... + an, was k- maren kopen LEFZ=> (x)- (x)= 190 Le V-4 Kararo Ha nominama F, saka i Ha & Herobu mousogue go (K-L) - Cara Gra. Karo V-+ ara wpourbogna Hama 30 K-H LEF) To Equa nonumon & EFEXI uma Kparen Kopen Z=> Tuna ory Kopen e mousbognara en Заб. Горного Ногрение спупи за посочване д на крачен корен, но не покалва каква е reparticity my Э Да се определи кратичеста на корена в за TXJ 7 3/X) & BHANNON a) L=2, 9= x5-5x4+ 7x3-2x2+4x-8 + \$ (2)= \$ (2)= 38-88+56-8+8-8=0 \$1(x)=5x4-20x3+21x3-4x+4 19'(2)= P'(2)= 80-180+84-8+9=0 Eulx = 30 x 3-80 X 3+ A5x - A + 6 1 (4) = 61 (9) = 100- 540+ 84-x = 0 E (X) = 60 X2 - 120 X + 4 2 -6m(9)=340-340+18=10+0

=> & = 2 e 3 - Kparen Ropen Ha &= X5-5X4+7X3-2X2+4 I HAVEN CXEMA HA XOPHED! E(X) = X5-5X4+ 7X3-5X2+4X-8 (2) 12= 2 e 3- Kparch WHEH HG \$(X)= 1x5-5x4+4x3-2x2+4x-8 5) L= L, P= X2n+1-(2n+1)Xn+1+(2n+1)Xn-1, no N 18(1)=X-(24++).1+(24++).1 ==0 g'(x)=(2n+L)x2n-(2n+L)(n+L)xn+n(2n+L)xn-L 早(1)=1(2m+1). L-(n+1)(2m+1):1+n(2m+1)1 + f'(1)= (n+1)(2m+1)- (n+1)(2m+1)=0 ₹"(x)=2n(2n+1)x2n-1/n(n+1)(2n+1)xn-1/2n+1)xn-2 f"(1) = 2n(2n+1) - n(n+1)(2n+1) + n(n-1)(2n+1) P"(1) = 2n(2n+1) - n(x+1-x+1)(2n+1) 18"(1) - 2n/2n+1) - 2n/2n+1) = 0 8"1(x) = 2m(2m-1)(2m+1) x2m-2- n(n-1)(n+1)(2m+1) xn-2+ + n(n-1)(n-2)(2n+1) xn-3 2"(L)=2n(2n-L)(2n+1)-n(n-1)(n+1)(2n+1)+ + n(n-1)(n-2)(dn+1) -11=

$$f'''(1) = (2m+1)[2m(2m-1)-n(n-1)[n+1)+n(n-1)(n-2)] \Rightarrow$$
 $f'''(1) = [2m+1)[(4n^2-2m-n(n^2-1)+n(n^2-3n+2)]$ 
 $f'''(1) = (2m+1)[(4n^2-3m-x^2-n+x^3-3n^2+2m)]$ 
 $f'''(1) = (2m+1)(n^2-n)$ 
 $f'''(1) = n(n-1)(2m+1) \neq 0$ 
 $f'''(1) = n(n-1)(2m+1) \neq 0$ 

Cumerpuru nonunoun Trerobop: F-none; FEXI=Sf=(as as,..., an,...) lajefy remposera peringo e repart opor Heftg:= (....) eFLXI Рефинирани 1.9:= ( . - ) E F EX1 ( Develoning 1) (FEXI, +)- aveneba y yna 2) a+(6+c)=(a+6)+c acoy.3-H 2) (FEXI, +)- una geof unupo H) a+6=6+a wonyr.3anon 2)(FEXY; .) - mua geof unupart acoy. samon: a. (Bc)=(aB)c F(9+6)= F9+68 3) querpuryrubru sanoru! (8+g) &= + 6+ge \*FEXZ e mpocren! 1) I estimmen eveneur e ECXI(i): I'E= & I = & Afetti =>\*FEXY e mpower e 1-yal 5) 4 f, g: fg=gf(boura e noragranden sanon or-=> F [ ty e kongrander upscret e 1-49 (nomina пиамен преден) Hera Re Konyratuben upocten c 1-ya REXI, -- , XNI- MOECTEN Ma nonumbruse na M reponentially XI, ... , Xn c roequipment or R Been nomman &: &(XI,...,XN) e R EXI,..., XNJ e vous que ma expornence, s.e. nominame or buga: a XI X2... Xn, 3a i, 6/N V 50 1; · ach ce napura roespurier not expromena · rucusto listist... + in ce mapura cremen ma egreornena a Xil Xia ... Xi \* Avo f(Xi,...,Xn) e Henryeb nominon, crementa Ha f e Manchimanara or crementire Ha neryrebute expornence ma f ( venerum deg f). Aus R=0 => dept = - x

mp f(x1, x2, X3) = 2 x2 x2 x2 x3 - 7 x1 x2 + x2 x3 = > olegge = max(2+1+3,1+7+0, n+5+2) = 7 deg x = 2 , deg x = 5 , deg x = 3 Men current parsona Hapegoa Ha correrus: menyrebu Hera u = axi Xnn, V= Bxit Xnn ca & Ba Hemogothu, avo is=js, is=jz,..., in=jn, re.
V upomenmon Xe, e=1, n graaba ccepta u voma cremen & glora egrornena U y V). Kasbangre U e no-rohan e rencunó parpoun amorn or V (numer U Teex V), and I vell, V ≤ N, 7-2e: 11= {L, ..., ix-L= {x-L, 300 1x> {v. MP. X1, X2 X4, X2 X3, X2 X3 => X1 Teex X2 X3 Teex X2 X3 Teex X2 X4 \* AKO F e nominom ma espa upomeraniba, mog crapium esphoenen ma f partupame esphoenena ma f c navi-busona cremen. Avo otare q e nomman na navorno upo-Menuron, morre ga uma nemomo egnornéra C HOW - BUCONG CTEMEN TO raba: CTapul egyperent na neryreb nominou na Manonto répondementen raporabre mani-voranné. сторее ленситографскага наредога едночнен на д. Desp. Herra & E'A Exi, ..., Xn I'. Varsame, re & e envierpuren nommon, and sa & negrupayur (Te. fe cumerpuret, and you beaus parmechane (Te. fe cumerpuret, and you beaus parmechane).

Trumepu: Jame, une ne e amer, war +. 1)  $Q = X^2 - 3X + y^2 - 7Q(X,y) = X^2 - 3X + y^2$ =  $Q(X,y) + Q(X,y) = Y^2 - 3y + X^2$ => f(x,y) + f(y,x) => f He e cumerjuren 2) \$ (x,y,t) = X+y } { \$(x,y,t) + \$ (x, b,y) = > \$ He e convers were (x, 2, y) = X + 2) (x, x, y) = X + 2) (x(y, x, z), f(y, t, x) (x(y, x, z), f(y, t, x)) (x(x, x, y), f(z, y, x)) 3) & (x, y, t) = x + y + 27 & (x, y, t) = \$(x, t, y) = x & e connex-P(x, 2, y) = x + t + y - (x, y, t) = \$(x, t, y) = x & e connex-porter no-E(X,512) = X+++77 ч) Сперине наригание елементарни симетрични политории на промения и X 1,..., Xи of=01(Xr,..,Xn)=Xr+...+Xn ~ = ~ (X1, ..., Xn) = X1 X2 + X, X3 + ... + Xn-1 X n 53-03(X1,...,Xn)=X1X2X3+X1X2X4+...+Xn-2Xn-1Xn on = on (X,,..., Xn) = X, X2 X3... Xn AND axit. XI'M e eghbenen, toralog E(XI,-,Xn)=aoii. on e cumerpuren nommon Ha XI,..., Xn, 3amoto upu mousbouro parmecibane na momentubure, ot, --, on ne ce moments. => Me ce repomena u \$(X1,..., Xn) To orug, ano g(XL, ..., Xn) e R [XI, ..., Xn] e upo-NOBONEH, 40 g(04), -, on)= f(X1, -, Xn) e cu-METPUREN NOMBHOM HA XI, ..., XII, sampro ot ECEVIL ECHOTAEN MA Q CE NO NITABA CULLETPWENT NO NUMBER HA XI,..., XII, a zhaeu, re cima (vavmo u passuna u ripous begenne) na culletpwentu nomo u passuna u ripous begenne) na culletpwentu no-

Sai Monechor or canal americana nome HOME Ha XI,..., Xn e upzeten, nogripocten Ha K [XL, ..., XN]. The Ocholona reopenia ma cumerpurmore nominomin)
Hera feftxi,..., Xn I, rogero Fe obraci (nama genia em + o na Dig, e cumerpuren nominom. Moraloa I! nommon geFEXI,..., XnI (Ha M на трой промениюм с подорищиент от Е), ч.се: &(Xr1..., Xn) = &(2r1..., 2n) L'es. 4 convenient nominon ce uspasaba no! Harun epes evenentapemente cumerpurem nominomu. De la ce us pasu yes even en aprime unierporte conserporte come portera de 2 E: + X1 X3 + X2 X3 =  $= \chi_1^{2} \chi_{2}^{2} (\chi_{1}^{2} + \chi_{2}^{2}) + \chi_{1}^{2} \chi_{3}^{2} (\chi_{1}^{2} + \chi_{3}^{2}) + \chi_{2}^{2} \chi_{3}^{2} (\chi_{2}^{2} + \chi_{3}^{2}) =$ = X12 X2 (X12 + X22 + X32 - X33) + + X12 X32 (X12+ X3+ X22 X2) + + X 2 X 3 (X 2 + X 3 2 + X 2 - X 2) = = X,2 X2 (X,2+ X2+X32) - X,2 X2 X32 + + X12 X32 (X12+X2+X32)-X12 X22 X32 + + X2 X32 (X12+X22+X32) - X12X22 X32 = = (x12+x2+x32)((x1x2)2+(x1x3)2+(x2x3)2)--3(x, x2X3)2=((x,+X2+X3)2-2X,X2-2X,X3--2 x, x2 x2 x3 - 2 x, x3 x2 x3) 2 - 2 x, x0 x, x3 - 2 x, x0 x3 = -2 x, x2 x3 - 2 x, x3 x2 x3) - 3 (x, x2 x3) 2 =

=[(X1+X2+X3)2-2(X1X2+X1X3+X2X3)]. · [(X, X2+ X, X3+ X2X5)2-2-X,2-X,2-X, X2 X3-2-X, X2 X3--2x1x2 X32 ] -3(X1X2X3)2 = [(x,+ x2+x3)2-2(x,x2+x,x3+x2x3)]. -3(x,x2xs)2 · [(X1X2+X1X3+X2X3)2-2X1X1X3(X1+X2+X3)] = = [012-202].[022-2030]]-3032 = = 0,202 - 2 01303 - 202 + 40,5252 - 3032 δ) Σ= X,3+ X2+ X3-2 X1 X2-2 X12 X3-2 X1X2--2 x1 x32 - 2 x2 x3 - 2 x2 x3 = (x13+x23+x33)--2(X12X2+X12X3+X1X2+X1X32+X2X32) (1) X13+X23+X33=(X1+X2+X3)3-3X12X2--3 X1X3-3X1X2-3X2X3-3X1X3-3X2X32)= = (X1+X2+X3)3-3(X12X2+X12X3+X2X3+X2X3+X2X3+X2X3+X3X3)= -12-3. B @ X1X2(X1+X2) + X1X3(X1+X3) + X2X3(X2+X3) = = X, X2 (X, +X2+X3-X3) +X, X3(X,+X3+X2-X2)+  $+ X_2 X_3 (X_2 + X_5 + X_1 - X_1) = X_1 X_2 (X_1 + X_2 + X_3) +$ + X1 X3(X1+ X2+X3) + X2X3 (X1+X2+ X3) - X1X2X3--X1 X2 X3- X1 X2 X3= (X1+ X2+X3)(X1 X2+ X1 X3+ X2 X3)--3 X1 X2 X3 = 01. 02 = 303 = 12 = 020 - 305

Jagara 2 (morce es doge us nonsbang u 6 3ag. Harday)
your & FETXI ore crapium voerburger L-your
voperu XI,..., Xn, a & F. & (a) & O. Dok., re:  $\alpha) TT(\alpha-Xi) = f(\alpha)$ Hera f= x "+a1 x "-L + ... + an-L x + au. Men XI, ..., Xn ca nopen na f => (cr. noed). 1-ya) Q(X) = (x-XL)(X-Xa)...(X-Xn)= T(x-Xi) 30  $X = \alpha$ :  $f(\alpha) = f(\alpha - X_i) = r epinasamo$   $5) \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{a-X_i} = \frac{f'(\alpha)}{f(\alpha)}$ Ugen Xy... Xn-K-HU Ha f= ao Xn+ax n-1. + an => P(x)=(x-xi)(x-x2)...(x-x4)(cr. voecp. L) P'(x) = (x-XL)'(x-Xa)...(x-Xn)+(x-X1)(x-Xa)...(x-Xn)+. +(X-X1)(X-X2)--(X-Xn) \* monontonal Ha mousbegarme  $P'(x) = (x-X_2)-(x-X_N)+(x-X_1)...(x-X_N)+...+(x-X_1)(x-X_2)...$   $-...(x-X_{N-1})$   $-...(x-X_{N-1})$  -...(x)  $+\frac{g(x)}{(x-X_1)}+\frac{g(x)}{(x-X_2)}+...+\frac{g(x)}{(x-X_N)}$ =>  $\frac{\xi'(x)}{\xi(x)} = \frac{1}{x-x_1} + \frac{1}{x-x_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{x-x_n}$ 3a x=a=> \frac{2'(a)}{f(a)} = \frac{1}{a-x\_1} + \frac{1}{a-x\_2} + \frac{1}{a-x\_4} =73a X=a unane, a. \frac{\xi'(a)}{\xi(a)} = \frac{\xi'(a)}{\xi'(a)} =

H .

E) 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{1}{(\alpha \times i)^{2}} = \frac{(r'(\alpha))^{2} - r'(\alpha)r''(\alpha)}{(r'(\alpha))^{2}} = \frac{r'(x)}{r'(x)} = \frac{r$$

$$\sum_{X_1 + X_2} \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2} + \frac{X_2}{X_1 + X_2} = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2} + \frac{X_3}{X_1 + X_2} = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2} + \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2} = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2} + \frac{X_2}{X_1 + X_2} = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2} + \frac{X_2}{X_1$$

3 Da ce uspasse 1/3 evenientapemente cumerp. Por. ot, ..., on annerp. 0/0-9 5/1:  $\alpha) \Sigma'_{1} = (-X_{1} + X_{2} + ... + X_{N})(X_{1} - X_{2} + ... + X_{N}).(X_{1} + X_{2} ... - X_{N})$ Hera foFEXI was K-Hu X1, --, Xy u cr. Koep! g = (x-x,)(x-x2)...(x-xn) = = X"- o, X"-1 + o, X"-2 + . - + (-1) "on => \( \sum\_{-2} \times\_{1} \) \( \sum\_{-2} \times\_{2} \) \( \sum\_{-2} \times\_{1} \) \( \sum\_{1} - 2 \times\_{1} \) \( \sum\_{1} - 2 \times\_{1} \) -2" ( - X1) ( - X2) - ( - Xn) = 2" T ( - Xi) = 2 mg ( = 2 ) = 2 m ( = 2 m - ~ = 2 m - 1 + . + (-1) mon ) = = 01 - 201 + 2 m - 2 - + . + 2 n (-1) non =  $= -\sigma_{1}^{n} + 2^{2}\sigma_{1}^{n-2}\sigma_{2} - 2^{3}\sigma_{1}^{n-3}\sigma_{3}^{+} + (-1)^{n}2^{n}\sigma_{n}$ 

5) \( \( \int \) \( \i Z'= (ot-2x1)2+(ot-2x2)2+...+(ot-2xn)2= = 012-401X1+4X,2+012-401Xa+4Xa+1.t + 0 2 - 401 Xn + 4 Xn = = nora-4 or(x1+x2+..+xn)+4(x12+...+xn2)= = NO12 - 4012 + 4 (212 - 202) = NO12 - 802 Q Da ce uspassa 2/3 ρ u 9 cumerpurhara of 2 Σ' ot repense na positiona! [ = x3+px+9 ( = x3+0. x2+p. x+9) a) Z= (X,2+X,1X2+X2)(X,2+X,1X3+X32) (X2+X2X3+X32) (1) X,2+X,X2+X22=(X,+X2)2-X,X2 07 op-ruse Ha Bruer => 0, = X1+ X2+ X3=0=> X,+X2=-X3 U J2=X1X2+X1X3+X2X3=P=> p= X1X2+(X1+X2)X3= X1X2-X32=>X1Xa=p+X32 =>(D=X3 -p-X3 =-p Ananouveno 8 @ 43. @=-p u 3=-p  $=5\sum_{p=0}^{\infty}=(-p)^{3}=-p^{3}$  $\frac{5)\sum_{1}^{2} \frac{X_{1}}{(1+X_{2})(1+X_{3})} + \frac{X_{2}}{(1+X_{1})(1+X_{3})} + \frac{X_{3}}{(1+X_{1})(1+X_{2})}$  $\frac{3ap(2)}{a)} \frac{(1+\chi_1)\chi_1}{-f(-1)} = \frac{\chi_1 + \chi_1 2}{-(-1-p+q)} = \frac{\chi_1 + \chi_1 2}{p-q+1}$ 

Ananowhere 6 (2) 
$$\frac{x_2 + x_2}{p-q+1}$$
  $u$  (3)  $\frac{x_3 + x_3}{p-q+1}$ 

$$= x_1 + x_1 + x_2 + x_3 +$$

Dec. Hera fe FCXI u deg f 70. Kassamer ce fe неразлочини над полето Е, ако не исте да се npegerabu karo monsbegline na gla nontro-Ma of FEXI OBC CHEMENU 2 OT CHEMENTA HA F. Tana equacternire gluntern 49 f or FEXI ca nominame or longa a u al, a cF/Soy Зай Япином моне да е неразмочим над едно none, no ga e passonion nas gryro, nampulies  $\chi^2 - 2$  e repaisonant may  $(\chi^2 + \sqrt{2}) - \chi^2 - 2$ . единствените перадориши над С полиноми са nonumbrute of hopea cremen ( · Hepas nonimulate mag 1/2 nominous ca nominomia me or napea crement i nominomire or bropa стенен с отрицателна дискришинанта. 9 Passonere nominay 17 = X4+16 a) mag C Hera XV, K=0,1,2,3 caropenure na f => => & (Xx)=0 => Xx+16=0 => Xx =-16 <=> XY = 16 (cost + isint) => or of-nata Ha Moabap 3a ropenybane => Xx= TIG (cos #+ 2 1 + i sin 1 + 2 uT) => Xo = 2 (cos = + isin = ) = 2 ( = +i = ) = Ta + i Ta X1-2 (cos 3 + isin 3 1) = 2 (- 15 + i 12) = - 12 + i 12 X2=2 (cos 5+1 sin 5+)=2(-5=-102)=-102 X3 = 2 (cos + 1 + i sin + y) = 2 ( = - i /2 ) = 52 - i /2 => = (x-X0)(x-XL)(X-X2)(X-X3)

8) Hara /2 Burugaine et a), Le roperiure 49 P mag C cq двойни помилексть спретаки: Xo= V2+iV2 X3= V2-iV2 = X.  $X_{L}=-\overline{12}+i\overline{12}$   $X_{2}=-\overline{12}-i\overline{12}=\overline{12}$  $= 77 = ((X-X_0).(X-X_0)).((X-X_L)(X-X_1)) =$ =  $(X^2 - (X_0 + \overline{X_0})X + X_0\overline{X_0})(X^2 - (X_1 + \overline{X_1}) + X_1\overline{X_1}) =$ = (x2-(J2+i/2+J2-i/2)x+4)(x2-(J2+i/2-J2-i/2/x+4) => == (x2-2 \(\frac{1}{2}\) (x2+2 \(\frac{1}{2}\) (+4) (5) Hera (2)= aoX"+axX"-1+ ...+an E# [X] u (2= = e B), r, se Z, (r,s)= L e mopen na f. da a govarue, le Flan u Slao I, u Xe Re Kopen

A-60: (x) fe ECXI u f= aoXn+ + +an u ao= I, u Xe Re Kopen

Z-vopen Ha f -> f(x)=0x->f(\frac{1}{2})=0=> ao 5n + al 5n-1 + . + an = 0 / . sh co (mod 5) sa
-> ao rn + al rn-) st + an sh = O course o crattu scala

-> ao rn + al rn-) st + an sh = O course o crattu scala Pastrerugame no Lucy F: Ma most form of the property of the modern of the man of the modern of AManourno, and partnegame no mogy s. Depende Stouchills)=1=>|r",s)=1 = |ao| shory

Stouchills)=1=>|r",s)=1 = |ao| shory

Should the factories and ab = 1, to de # u d |an 13x Neva (coparing 77) AND NOMINONIET & 6 ZEEXI e passonum Hag a to fe passorum u Hag Z. = POEEXI E repassionamin mang (A <=> Fle repassionamin

@ Da ce pranie, Le nomitonot & e repassionimi Hag a a) = x4+6x2+8x+9 \* Me govarion, ce fe Hepasnorming Hag Z, OT NB. gero lige aregba empeg remara (or nyegulunara apaminer), le fe repaironemen mag Q Dony evame, Te &= q. Pre degrubliante passa-zane tra & q. e. & & [XI, varo deg q + 0 11 deg & + O. 15.0.0 nova Ideg q = deg & Craphilar modulynen na fe 1-ya lu g, R & # => crayam. Ien) degg= f, dogh=3 n neva de k-H mag=> me weed, na que a ca II => f = ± (x-1). B. f. e. de u vopen na f crapullar word rafe 1-49 (\*) X0 7 UX19. => Kangugarute 3ad ca, ± 1, ± 3, ± 9. Diebugno Some & Hang @ K-HU => sa crownary, kongo Luarue ga vynema octabat -1, -3 U -9. We wooled and Harva of ct-rure - 1, -3, -9 yestetespala garduata sa regental els exema Ha Xophep f=X++6x2+3x+9, Kungugaru:-1,-3,-9 1 0 6 8 9 => +anoba parnarane

-X + -1 x 1 3 | Ha f: f= gh, g, he ZIXI

-X 1 -3 15 -3 × 120 | deg g deg h x o u degg deg h

-X 1 -9 8 + -1 - (deg h = deg g e anaronumb)

-X 1 -9 8 + -1 - no x Iten) degg= 2, deg h=2 u Hera: g= ± xafax+8, h= ± xa+cx+ol Hera crapumte noed Haguh cache 3HUN D (pasобъщенията с О са анапочитии). => f=gh=(x2+ax+6).(x2+cx+d)

-14=

3) 0=3=>6:3 | a+c=0 => a+c=0 / 4 Hebros HOMENS > MPSHIB > 10 PENSHOPE 4) 01 = -3 => 6 = -3 | a +c=0 => a +c=0 7 uporubsperue 1-3a-3c=8=>a+c=-8-=> ransea passarane na f e nelsomosuno => fe repassarum nag Z reng fe repassarum Hag R gon off = X4-2X3 + 3X2-4X+5 -> Hepasusuum Hag Q Flera a, & & F. u f(x) & F [XI Sonasuere, Te) g(x) a repassamment mag novero F <=> f(ax+B) e неразполиши над Е. Kpurepui na Ausenyausn Hera f = ao x m + a 1 x m-1 + .. + an e Z [X] N I p-wpocro crno, yeobner6-pabango creequire usua cames. 1) p/ao 2) plas, ... , an 3) p2 x an Toraba nominanto P e nepasnomum Hay IR

(8) af = 2 x5 - 21 x2 + 42x + 63 - ACAL TWON. & e Hepashorum этрипатаме кр. на Айзепирая За р= 7: 2) 41-21, 42, 63 / fe repassorum rag R 3) 72 / 63 5) &= XY -2x+3 B curran up. 49 Ausermania He e superorto monemen. Heira zaroba partrepante \$(x+1) P(X+L) = (X+L)4-2(X+1)+3 = = X + 4 x 3 + 6 x 2 + 4 x + L - 2x - 2 + 3 = = X4+4X3+6X2+2x+2 \$(x+L)= X++ 4x3+6x2+2x+2 sa p = 2 xp. Al3; & (X+1) e Hepassonemu Hap & De & (x) e nepasnosum Hag a 8) = X1-1 + X1-2+ + X+1, p-npocao re-No O+ op- na 39 reoner morpeans (an=a19h-1) nongrabane 6(x)=X1,-T borw +(X+T): F(X+1) = (X+1)P-T SUMMED XP+(P)XP-T++18/43 (x+x)-x doping/19 = XP-+ (P) XP-2+ + (P) XP-2+ + (P) XP2+ + (P) T. V. (P,1) = (P,2) = ... + (P, P-1) = 1,90 p1 (P2) =  $= \frac{p!}{k!(p-k!)!} - (p!k!) = \frac{p(p-k!) - (p-k+1)}{k!(p-k!)!}, \quad k=1, p-1$ и p2+ (p-1) = p = 7 е меразлочить над И т р е неразло-