22,12,210. Nexusus 13 Coabresus 6 Mp. Z Hera a u b ca gbe year mora, a n e opuse e cos moro. Def. Kasbauer e a u b ca cpabruny us usqyn n" u anaraballe $a \equiv b \pmod{n}$, are n gen a-6, Te n/a-6) €> a u 6 garbaria eques u crays ocrass upu genercue na Π , Te $\beta = \eta g_{2} + \epsilon$, $0 \le \epsilon \le \Pi$; Cloba: 1) a = a (wodn) 2) $a \equiv b \pmod{n}$ is $b \equiv a \pmod{n}$ 3) a=b (wodh) 4 b=c (wodn) => $\alpha \equiv c \pmod{n}$ 4) a=6 (wodn) u c=d(wodn)

b) ac = bd (modn) Γ) KBN, $a^{k} \equiv b^{k}$ (wodn) 5) Ano KEN 4 Ka = Kb (wodo) $\Rightarrow \alpha = b \pmod{\frac{D}{D(k)}}$ B racensor, and $(n, \kappa) = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha \equiv b \pmod{n}$ Penangusta = no nogyn 17 e penanguy
na exbubanemonoco (1:3) > H ce
paneluba ne nempecuzonya a knocole
poneluba ne nempecuzonya a knocole
octostanja no nogyn ?, Til. An={ 5, T, --, n-1} Q - KNac octarsa us mogegn ? α - κλας σουθεσε να τορι κλας α - μερισωθεσε να τορι κλας α - μερισωθεσε να τορι κλας

a) $\alpha + C \equiv \beta + d \pmod{n}$

a-c = b-d (wodn)

of yourgus na Owner: MGNS, apromenomana fymeryces in Overp or marabouse S(n) 1= opero Ka bounes eco ~ < 17 u braziones upocons c n, karo y (1) != 1. 9(2)=1, 9(3)=2, 9(4)=2 915)=4, -, 9(p)=p-1
pupocroz, KEN $g(p^{k}) = p^{k} - p^{k} = p^{k} (1 - \frac{1}{p})$ This opyrician ra Danep 4(n) e муппишканивна функция, те око (a, b)=1 => y(ab)=y(a). y/b). H n∈N, n=P, Pe--Ps, Ki=>0 kan passarasse nan y(n)=9(p, = ps)=9(p,)-- y(ps)= = 門(1-台)ない(1-台)--ない(1-台)=>

タ(ロ)=カ(1-台)(1-台)へ(1-台) The (Ourep-Sepua) Hexa a et, new $u(a_n)=1, \text{ so } \alpha^{s(n)}=1(uadn).$ В частост око пер (просто шего) $\alpha^{P-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{p} \iff \alpha^{P-1} \equiv \alpha \pmod{p} \pmod{p}$

Th (Yunoran): Areo p-upocoro rucuo, to (p-1)! = -1 (wodp).

Поримоми ка едня променения Da nouvement a: Kompramben uprover c 1 (Z uprug) A, a+6, ab, re tobbeA => d=aleA Karo ca usura rum caegsure axenaux; 1/ (A,+) e aveneba pyra, ne a) acous 3-4"+ a+(6+c)=(a+6)+c δ) JOEA: α+0=0+α=a, HacA b) tach f (a) EA: a+(-a)=(-a)+a=0
uponubouoroten
na a r) kougo 1-4"+": a+6 = 6+a 2) (A,·) e nongragna, Te usmen e cous aconguaribles saxon ra: f $a_1b_1c \in A$: $(alb_1c = \alpha(bc))$ 3) дистрыбуривни закони в А: $(\alpha+b)c=ac+bc$ $\alpha(b+c)=\alpha b+ac$, Hab, cEA (A-upocoen)

al=la=a +aGA 4) I 1 G A : A-4 c1 (1:4) 5) tabeA! ab=bas The xerryon
3 aron na "." A-kons up (1+3,5) 1:5 => A exomyor up c 1. a. 8 != a6 e Un Kouyo, up. cl $\mathcal{Z}_{8} = \{ \overline{0}, \overline{1}, \overline{1} \}$ $\overline{5} + \overline{6} = \overline{3}$ $\overline{5}, \overline{6} = \overline{6}$ Lef. Kasleane, re as & c A (KOK, up. c 1) ca (rengalla) genurena na ragnara, $ako a \neq 0$, ko ak = 0.

Det Karbaurre egun rougo up c1 A e odhaw (na ysnoca), and b A mera newy rebu glan sem na myrassa Mountep: 1) yourse rucha 21 - ochais 2) Ep, procoso rucus, Ep mone, os 3) En, n-re e uparro, le En re e college gen my ma suprara, re En re e college n-organico.

 $Z_{g} = \{ \overline{0}, \overline{1}, \sim, \overline{7} \}$ $\overline{2} \neq \overline{0}, \overline{9} \neq \overline{0}$ $\overline{2}, \overline{9} = \overline{0}$ $\overline{2}, \overline{9}, \overline{6} - Senugeny$ $\overline{1}, \overline{1}, \overline{1},$

to: $H_n: (n, a) = 1 = \overline{a} - adjourning}$ $(n, a) > 1 = \overline{a} - generally$ $(n, a) > 1 = \overline{a} - generally$

Axo A e Kornjo: Mac 1 4 e moraneza axcuma 6) Hato, JaleA: aataa1
agA offeren , to toraba A e work H-Keinson up. c.L; Ho (pupeaso) Q = R = C, Zp - WONETE, Sof. Hera A- Koenjo upsi c I. I e нещать поринво по А. Корване ге I e usean ra A u asrazabace I a A, anso ca uguzmena enegancas
gle yenobug! A) fabeI => a-beI a+(-6) &I u I = (A,+) na aguarubras. 2) HaeI, treA => ar=ra eI ⇒ ISA.

Det Traken ugean, un pogen er ON- 66A (Kupc/) raporane <6>=(6)={ 6r=r6/reA 39A The B results up c1 ra yernoe men Il 6 cense ugear e madelli re ugeanuse ca: < 17>, n-france, eas mono (n>97; < 0> 97 Set: I, J & A => I+J:={r=a+6/6EJ} 4A INJ:={reJ}AA INJ: = { & e I, & e J } & H IJ: = { & e I, & e J } & H IJ: = { & = a, b, + & b + + a, b, | b, e J } AA Th: H, 217>9 Z, 211/9 Z, pures \[
 \text{In >+ \(\mu \n > = \left((n, \mu) \right) = \left((n, \mu) \right) = \(\mu \) cn>new> = < [n, w]> ~ en>em> z < nm>

Herafewore 4 1EF, OEF O, one 1+1+ +1 \$0 \$> ×1 \$0 \$ U ognarabane duarF=0. Monera Q = IR = C = Johan Q = 0 Char R=0, char (20, char QU)=0 8) Karbang re visnero F una sapara pucruka P., onco p e rous Masseoro ecoceobeno rugio, 3ª Foero mangz 1+1+ +1 = p1 = 0 u 034azarbare CharF=p. Doxarba ce, re p e Busaru apocoro u Romeron 2/= {0,-, p-1} ca c +20 PITE Char 2/p=p/

Here $\alpha \in F$, $n \in N$ u = 0=) α) chas F = 0 $n = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = 0 \in F$ u = 0=) α) chas F = p $n = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = 0 \in F$ u = 0=) α) chas F = p $\alpha = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = 0 \in F$ u = 0

Norumous na vitzonenna

Hexa A-Komyo up c 1 [oddaer] Finance La ognamen c B={f= {a0, a1, ..., an, 0, en) / ase A} шивого на безправжиое реденую с enou or A, 6 konos unane kpaiss dear nemprebe enou. Hera g= (bo, bs, -, bu, 0,-, 0)

u s.a.a. u \le n

Seffue onepayour + u . 6 B: f+g1=(a0+60, a4+64, - au+bu, au+1) au/3) fg!= (Co, G, ~ G, mo) EB, Kagaro $C_s = \{ a_i b_j \mid (a_0 b_0, a_0 b_1 + a_1 b_0 \} \}$ $= \{ a_i b_j \mid (a_0 b_0, a_0 b_1 + a_1 b_0 \} \}$ $= \{ a_0 b_0 + a_1 b_1 + a_0 b_0 - \}$ (B, f+g, fg) - kongranden up n c1 A-adhaco / France > B-odraco

B- Kondo up c 1 / Odhaco $0 = (0, 0, \sim, 0)$ hypna B $1 = (1, 0, \sim, 0)$ equanya $f = (a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4)$ (-f)=(-ao,-a,,,,au,0,~) En ruse na la norphización westinoning

u f = g => ao=bo

u f = g => ao=bo

u = bo

u Mpolopka ha a coof 3 anon na ymoso, $t \in \mathcal{F}_{g} g_{h} : (fg)h = f(gh)$ obs: fg=(G, G,, E, Q_) f=(ao, ay, -, ay, 9, -) g= (bo, bis ~ , bu, 0, .) gh= (Va Us -, 4, 9-) h= (do, ds, -, de, 8-) CK= Edily (fg) h = (uo, um le, or) flgh/= (yo, ysmi yz, 8-) Vs = & bjdg

f=(a01 a1, -1 a4, Bn)= a0+ a1+ a2+3+-+ ay x" B= { f= a0+ 9×+ + aux " / x-yournal U kolyo up. c 1 / o-d)acti Va won-mure na upomerantara ze C koefuguenos or A u oskaralane (e yroboprouson)

B = A[x] = { f = box +byx ++box +box | bj by uspuns manen upz color ran manusony

No upon x c xolof or A.

Yena f= do x"+ ax"++ auxx+dy e yough onen worm so ADS. Ob - Crapsy kalfuguesso to Ohi - Kolopon ma f; du = choologen deff:=17 - creuest in no man f dega != 0, ae A ; dyo !=-o

fige A[x], deff=", degg=" deg (f+g) & mass (deg f deg g) mass (u, u) des(fg) = desf + desg = n+u e s ana cano axo A-eshaco. From f & ATA] -> formering f fifa > f(a) = ao a + ay a + tay a + ay form f + g = f(x)(a) = f(a) + g(a) f = f(a) + g(a) f = f(a) + g(a)f=g=> flatsflat => f=g wor-min Ospannoo le soupre crycali ne e bspres!

f= x u g=x Npunez: Zp [x] X=x (undp) Photogram

6 2/5/23 X=X

Xaro bysungus 6 f & g woons TIK. YXE Zp unasse, Ze f(x)=x) Hera F-uone u F[b] - usuussevus of words of (xon up. c.1, admos) f= aox+ o4x"++ + au, ao + o. g = box"+ b,x"+ - + Bu, bo +0. Det: Karbaug a egur worn f Е глитары поры чего славый et koefnignem e do=1.

Па (теорема за ременц с госто и остоги) Hera fig & FLAI, g = 0. Toraba]! wante m d(x) (xabacer Lacopo) 1 200 (napoten ocuatax) tomula Te 3 flow = glow glow + rex degre < deg g. Storig: 2 cm g=a+0=>f=a,(a+)+0 defo=-o < defg=0 desf < desg => f=g.g+fre
desg=desg=desg Kera f= ao x "+ a, x"++ + a, ao to 0 + g = 60 x" + 61 x" + - + Bun, Bo +0 n=u>0. Ungyzeryny no desten

$$f = a_0 x^n + \frac{g = b_0 x^m + n}{g = b_0 a_0 x^n + n}$$

$$f_1, def_1 < n \quad u \quad un = n$$

$$f_1 = g g_1 + r_1, deg_2, < dg_2$$

$$f_2 = g - g \cdot b_0 a_0 x^n = n$$

$$f = g (a_0 b_0 x^n + g) + r_1$$

$$deg_2 < deg_2$$

$$g_1 = a_0 b_0 x^n + g \cdot r_2$$

$$g_2 = g - g + r_2$$

$$f = g + r_3$$

g(q-k)= 2-2, & F[0]

 $def g(g-g_2) = deg g + deg (g+g_2)$ Fix)
orhaer > deg q > deg(2,-3) Upoonbopour nx dega = degg I! q-racono u re-ocomo i

f=gg+z deg e e deg g The borna, nong FDo] are A-adraes -> a & A, a +0, To Took losse gave e afferment, T. e # a-1 Ochen toba le Ug [x], re e o Draces Hena equinolenoso na vgegoappras Te. f= \(\frac{1}{7}\x^2\) / g= \(\frac{1}{7}\x^2\) \(\frac{1}{7}\) \(\frac{1}{7}\) \(\frac{1}{7}\) \(\frac{1}{7}\)

f = g(x+2) + (x+2) $g = \{0,7, 7\}$ f = g(x+y) + (x+y)

Mountagi $Z_3 [x]$, $Z_5 = \{0,1,2,3,4\}$ $f = \frac{4}{4}x^5 + x^3 + 2$ $\frac{1}{4}x^5 + x^3 + 2x^2$ $\frac{1}{4}x^5 + x^3 + 2x^2$