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DP $N=10$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{3\cos x + 5}{3\cos x + 5} dx + \frac{11}{3} \int \frac{1}{3\cos x + 5} dx + 3 \int \frac{\sin x}{3\cos x + 5} dx$$

$$B = \int \frac{1}{3\cos x + 5} dx = \int \frac{\frac{1}{\cos^2 \frac{x}{2}}}{2\left(\tan^2 \frac{x}{2} + 4\right)} dx \quad \tan \frac{x}{2} = u \Rightarrow$$

$$= \int \frac{4}{2 \cdot (4u^2 + 4)} du = \int \frac{2}{4u^2 + 4} du = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{u^2 + 1} du = \frac{\arctg(u)}{2}$$

$$= \int \frac{\frac{1}{3}}{u} du = \frac{1}{3} \ln(u)$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{\cos x + 3 \sin x - 3}{3 \cos x + 5} dx = \frac{x}{3} + \frac{11}{6} \operatorname{arctg}\left(\operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2}\right) + \ln|3x+5|$$

② $\int \frac{\sqrt{x-2} - \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x-2} + 4\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x-2}{x}} - 1}{\sqrt{\frac{x-2}{x}} + 4} dx$

$\sqrt{\frac{x-2}{x}} = t \Rightarrow \frac{x-2}{x} = t^2$
 $1 - \frac{2}{x} = t^2$
 $1 - t^2 = \frac{2}{x}$
 $\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{(1-t^2)^2}{4}$

$d\sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x}} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{x-1}} \cdot \frac{(x+2-x)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{(1-t^2)^2}{4}$
 $= \sqrt{\frac{x}{x-1}} \frac{dx}{x^2} = \frac{dx (1-t^2)^2}{4t} = dt \Rightarrow dx = \frac{4t dt}{(1-t^2)^2}$

$$\frac{t^2 = t}{(t+4)(t-1)(t+1)} = \frac{A}{t+4} + \frac{B}{t-1} + \frac{Ct}{(t+1)^2} + \frac{D}{t+1} + \frac{E}{(t+1)^2}$$

$$t = -4 \Rightarrow 20 = A \cdot 25 \cdot 9 \Rightarrow A = \frac{4}{45}$$

$$t = -1 \Rightarrow 2 = e \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \Rightarrow e = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$t=1 \Rightarrow 0 = C_2 \textcircled{0} = C = 0$$

$$t^4 = A + B + D = 0, \frac{4}{45} + B + D = 0 \quad D = -B - \frac{4}{45}$$

$$t^3 \Rightarrow 5B + 3(-\frac{1}{45}) + \frac{1}{6} = 0 \Rightarrow B = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$A + B + D = 0 \Rightarrow D = \frac{5}{36}$$



$$= 2 = \text{gen: } 0 \text{ MI } 660004$$

$$4 \int \left(\frac{\frac{4}{45}}{t+4} + \frac{1}{20(t-1)} + \frac{5}{36(t+1)} + \frac{1}{6(t+1)^2} \right) dt$$

$$= \frac{16}{45} \int \frac{dt}{t+4} + \frac{4}{20} \int \frac{dt}{t-1} + \frac{25}{36} \int \frac{dt}{t+1} - \frac{4}{6} \int \frac{dt}{(t+1)^2} =$$

$$= \frac{16}{45} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{x-2}}{x} + 4 \right| + \frac{4}{20} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{x-2}}{x} - 1 \right| - \frac{25}{36} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{x-1}}{x} - 1 \right| - \frac{4}{6} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x-2+1}}{x} \right) + C$$

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