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 Софтерно инженерство, Икуче, Илума.  
 Контролно 1

① 
$$\arctg \left( \frac{\arccos \frac{12}{13} + 2\arctg 5}{\arcsin \frac{8}{17} + 2\arctg 4} \right)$$

$$\arccos x = 2\arctg \left( \frac{x}{1+\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right)$$
  

$$\Rightarrow \arccos \frac{12}{13} = 2\arctg \left( \frac{\frac{12}{13}}{1+\sqrt{1-\frac{144}{169}}} \right)$$

$$\arccos x = 2\arctg \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x} \right)$$

$$\arccos x = 2\arctg \left( \frac{\frac{5}{13}}{\frac{25}{13}} \right) = 2\arctg \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\arcsin x = 2\arctg \left( \frac{x}{1+\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right) = 2\arctg$$

$$\arcsin \frac{8}{17} = 2\arctg \left( \frac{\frac{8}{17}}{\frac{32}{17}} \right) = 2\arctg \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \arctg \left( \frac{2 \cdot (\arctg(\frac{1}{5}) + 2\arctg 5)}{2 \cdot (\arctg(\frac{1}{4}) + \arctg 4)} \right)$$

$$\arctg \frac{1}{5} = x \Rightarrow \operatorname{tg} x = \frac{1}{5} ; \arctg 5 = y \Rightarrow \operatorname{tg} y = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow x + y = \frac{\pi}{2} \quad (\operatorname{tg} x = \cotg y)$$

аналогично за знаменателя получаваме  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

$$\Rightarrow \arctg \left( \frac{\frac{\pi}{2}}{\frac{\pi}{2}} \right) = \arctg(1) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$