28 февруари 2022 г. 11:18

2. Nu Heū Ha zorbucuuloct n Hezorbucumo et Ha Bektoph

Numer 1+a Rom Sumayus

 $\vec{V} = \lambda_1 \cdot \vec{\alpha_1} + \lambda_2 \cdot \vec{\alpha_2} + \dots + \lambda_n \cdot \vec{\alpha_n}$, $\lambda_i \in \mathbb{R}$, $i = \vec{I}, n$ $0 \cdot \vec{\alpha_3} + 0 \cdot \vec{\alpha_2} + \dots + 0 \cdot \vec{\alpha_n} = \vec{0}$ - Trubuanha NUH. Komű.

Det Bertopute $\vec{a_1}, \vec{a_2}, \dots, \vec{a_n}$ ce Hapwar NuHeā Ho zalou cumu, olko \vec{b} Hehy nela n-to pra yu cha $(\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n) \neq (0, 0, \dots, 0)$: $\lambda_1 \vec{a_1} + \lambda_2 \vec{a_2} + \dots + \lambda_n \vec{a_n} = \vec{0}$

Bekropute at, az, ..., an a 1+a purat Nulter 1+0 1+esab ucumu, axo

 λ_1 , $\overline{\alpha_1}$ + λ_2 , $\overline{\alpha_2}$ + ... + λ_n , $\overline{\alpha_n}$ = $\overline{0}$ $\langle = \rangle$ $\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = ... = \lambda_n = 0$

TI. AKO QI, QZ,..., Qu ca N3, TO NOIHE EQUIH OT TUX ULOXE SO U upescrabu Kato NUHEU HO KOMBUHAYUN HA OCTAHANUTE.

 \vec{a} e $\vec{\Lambda}\vec{3}$ (=) \vec{a} = $\vec{0}$ \vec{a} , \vec{b} ca $\vec{\Lambda}\vec{3}$ (=) \vec{a} , $\vec{6}$ - konulteaphu \vec{a} , \vec{b} , \vec{c} ca $\vec{\Lambda}\vec{3}$ (=) \vec{a} , \vec{b} , $\vec{\epsilon}$ - kounnathaphu \vec{a} , \vec{b} , \vec{c} , \vec{d} ca $\vec{\Lambda}\vec{3}$ butazu

1 T2 Heka α, α, ..., an ca 1H3 u

 $\lambda_{\perp} \overrightarrow{a}_{1} + \lambda_{2} \cdot \overrightarrow{\alpha}_{1} + \cdots + \lambda_{n} \overrightarrow{a}_{n} = \mu_{\perp} \cdot \overrightarrow{a}_{1} + \mu_{2} \cdot \overrightarrow{\alpha}_{2} + \cdots + \mu_{n} \overrightarrow{a}_{n}$ $=> \lambda_{\perp} = \mu_{\perp}, \quad \lambda_{2} = \mu_{2}, \quad \cdots \quad \lambda_{n} = \mu_{n}.$

Π3 Aνο $\vec{\alpha}_1$ μ $\vec{\alpha}_2$ ca $\vec{\Lambda}$ Η3 μ \vec{V} e \vec{K} οωναμαρεμ \vec{C} $\vec{\tau}$ υΧ., $\vec{\tau}$ υ $\vec{\exists}$! λ_1 , λ_2 : $\vec{V} = \lambda_1 \vec{\alpha}_1 + \lambda_2 \vec{\alpha}_2$

(I) Dougen e \triangle ABC, $\overrightarrow{CA} = \overrightarrow{a}$, $\overrightarrow{CB} = \overrightarrow{B}$. Hera A_{\perp} , B_{\perp} , C_{\perp} con opegate coorbet 1+0 HaBC, CA, AB.

a)? $\overrightarrow{AA_1}, \overrightarrow{BB_1}, \overrightarrow{CC_1}, \overrightarrow{CPeS}, \overrightarrow{a}, \overrightarrow{e}$.

d) Da ce gor, re AAI, BBI, CCI ce recevent b I rotra M u ga ce Hame pu otho we Halto, b roeto ta lu geru.

6) 30 upousbonta $\tau.0$, ga a gokaxe, le $\overline{OM} = \frac{1}{3}(\overline{OA} + \overline{OB} + \overline{OC})$

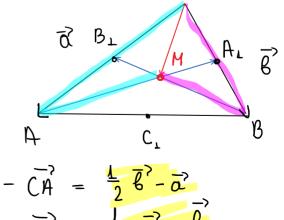
Peur: a)

$$\overrightarrow{CC}_{i} = \frac{1}{2}(\overrightarrow{CA} + \overrightarrow{CB})$$

$$\overrightarrow{CC}_1 = \frac{1}{2} (\overrightarrow{a} + \overrightarrow{b})$$

$$\overrightarrow{AA_1} = \overrightarrow{CA_1} - \overrightarrow{CA} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \overrightarrow{CB} - \overrightarrow{CA} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \overrightarrow{B} - \overrightarrow{A}$$

$$\overrightarrow{BB_1} = \overrightarrow{CB_1} - \overrightarrow{CB} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \overrightarrow{CA} - \overrightarrow{CB} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \overrightarrow{B} - \overrightarrow{B}$$



$$λ$$
 1 cτ. Dokasbame, re $\overrightarrow{AA_1}$ n $\overrightarrow{BB_2}$ ca $NH3$:
$$λ. \overrightarrow{AA_1} + β. \overrightarrow{BB_2} = \overrightarrow{O}$$

$$λ. ($\frac{1}{2}\overrightarrow{b} - \overrightarrow{a}$) + $β. (\frac{1}{2}\overrightarrow{a} - \overrightarrow{b}) = \overrightarrow{O}$$$

$$\frac{\left(-\lambda + \frac{\beta}{2}\right)\vec{\alpha} + \left(\frac{\lambda}{2} - \beta\right)\vec{\beta} = \vec{0}}{\sqrt{2\beta}} = \vec{0}$$
Or y chobuero $\vec{\alpha}$, $\vec{\beta}$ ca \vec{n} \vec{n} $\vec{\beta}$ = $\vec{0}$

$$\frac{1}{2} - \beta = \vec{0}$$

$$\frac{\lambda}{2} - \beta = \vec{0}$$

$$\vec{A}\vec{A}_{1} u \vec{B}\vec{B}_{1} ca \vec{n}$$

Hera T.M = AAI NBB1

2cT) Tpubbon gon goraxemire CC, muitabon npez T.M, Te. He C,M,C, Nexar Ita L npabon.

Hera
$$\overrightarrow{AM} = \lambda . \overrightarrow{AA} \cdot u \cdot \overrightarrow{BM} = \mu . BB_1$$

 $O_{\tau} = \overrightarrow{CA} + \overrightarrow{AM} = \overrightarrow{CA} + \lambda . \overrightarrow{I}$

$$0 + \alpha CAM = \overrightarrow{CM} = \overrightarrow{CA} + \overrightarrow{AM} = \overrightarrow{CA} + \lambda . \overrightarrow{AA_1}$$

$$= \overrightarrow{a} + \lambda . (\frac{1}{2} \overrightarrow{b} - \overrightarrow{a})$$

$$CM = (1 - \lambda) \vec{\alpha} + \frac{\lambda}{2} \vec{\beta}$$

$$O_{T} \triangle CBM = ? \vec{CM} = \vec{CB} + \vec{BM} = \vec{CB} + \mu \cdot \vec{BB}$$

$$= \vec{\delta} + \mu \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \vec{\alpha} - \vec{\delta})$$

$$\overrightarrow{CM} = \frac{M}{2} \overrightarrow{a} + (1-\mu) \overrightarrow{B}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = con NH3 = 3$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 - \lambda & -\frac{H}{2} \\ \frac{\lambda}{2} & = 1 - \mu \end{vmatrix} = \lambda = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\vec{CM} = \frac{1}{3}\vec{a} + \frac{1}{3}\vec{b} = \frac{Q}{3}\vec{CC_1}$$

$$\vec{CM} = \frac{1}{3}\vec{a} + \frac{1}{3}\vec{b} = \frac{Q}{3}\vec{CC_1}$$

$$\vec{CM} = \frac{2}{3}\vec{CC_1} + \vec{AM} = \frac{2}{3}\vec{AA_2} + \vec{AA_2} + \vec{AA_3} + \vec{AA_4} + \vec{A$$

1 Hera A7B, T. O-npongbonha Da ce goraxe, re HDY T. P ga rexu Ha AB e ga 3 rucha du B:

OH = (OA+ OB+ OC+ OD)

Da ce gor, ree du B ca equilitéern u ne zorbucust of +.0

Pen: I Heodxogumoco

Umame, re T. P Nexu Ha uporboitor AB. Tpasla go gokax em cucremata.

T. P Nexu Ha AB =>
$$\frac{1}{1}$$
 k: $\overrightarrow{AP} = k \cdot \overrightarrow{AB}$
 $\overrightarrow{OP} = \overrightarrow{OA} = k \cdot (\overrightarrow{OB} - \overrightarrow{OA})$
 $\overrightarrow{OP} = (1-k) \cdot \overrightarrow{OA} + k \cdot \overrightarrow{OB}$

Hera $\lambda = 1 - k$, $\beta = k = > \left(\overrightarrow{OP} = \lambda . \overrightarrow{OA} + \beta . \overrightarrow{OB} \right)$ $\lambda + \beta = L - k + k = L$

1. DO CTAT GTHOCT

Umame, re 10p=1.0A+B.0B. Tpobla gar

goraxem, re P nexu Har AB.

 $\overrightarrow{OP} - \overrightarrow{OA} = \beta \cdot \overrightarrow{AB}$ $\overrightarrow{AP} = \beta \cdot \overrightarrow{AB}_{1} \cdot \overrightarrow{A} - OO \text{ yo Harrano} =>$ A, P, B Nexat Ha I upala

LB- Jorphych TPWCHU KOOP guHaTh 1+12 T.P, относно А и В.

3 Dagetu ca A & B u m, n e R+

Da ce gokaxe, re HDY T.M gor genn of curration AB BIETPEMHO B OT HOMEHUE MIN, CRUTOLHO OT T.A, e za upousbonita T.O ga e b cura

$$\overrightarrow{OM} = \frac{n}{m+n} \overrightarrow{OA} + \frac{M}{m+n} \cdot \overrightarrow{OB} \qquad A \xrightarrow{M}$$

Peni I HeodxogumocT

Umame, re M genn AB B&Tpem 1+0 B OT HO WHILL M: N. TPAJER SOL GOKOLKEM
pabe H CT6 070 Za T. O- n pougle

$$\overrightarrow{OH} = \frac{n}{n+m} \overrightarrow{OA} + \frac{m}{n+m} \overrightarrow{OB}$$

$$\overrightarrow{OH} = \frac{n}{m+n} \overrightarrow{OA} + \frac{m}{m+n} \overrightarrow{OB} / (m+n)$$

$$M \cdot \overrightarrow{OM} + N \cdot \overrightarrow{OM} = N \cdot \overrightarrow{OA} + M \cdot \overrightarrow{OB}$$

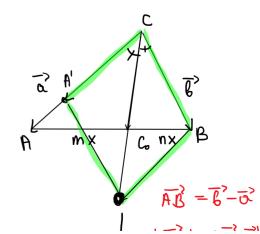
$$m.(\overrightarrow{OM} - \overrightarrow{OB}) = n.(\overrightarrow{OA} - \overrightarrow{OH})$$

$$\overrightarrow{BM} = -\frac{n}{m} \cdot \overrightarrow{AM}$$

A Da a gok, Te & 62 NONON. poysens cpenynonox-Hata ctpaha b othomeline pabito 1+9 othomethee To Ha npunexonyute ct polith;

Yng) Da ce gouaxe, ce spute remonoholisme ita ABC ce npe curat l' torkon.

$$\overrightarrow{CC}_0 = \frac{n}{m+n} \cdot \overrightarrow{CA} + \frac{m}{m+n} \cdot \overrightarrow{CB}$$



$$CC_{6} = \frac{n}{m+n} \cdot \frac{n}{m+n} \cdot \frac{n}{m} \cdot \frac$$

2. ЛЗ Page

$$\overrightarrow{CG} = \frac{n}{m+n} \cdot \overrightarrow{a} + \frac{m}{m+n} \cdot \overrightarrow{b} = \frac{|\overrightarrow{b}|}{|\overrightarrow{a}|+|\overrightarrow{b}|} \cdot \overrightarrow{a} + \frac{|\overrightarrow{a}|}{|\overrightarrow{a}|+|\overrightarrow{b}|}$$

AHOLNOZWZ HO:

$$\overrightarrow{AA} = \frac{|\overrightarrow{e} \cdot \overrightarrow{a}|}{|\overrightarrow{a}| + |\overrightarrow{e} \cdot \overrightarrow{a}|} (-\overrightarrow{a}) + \frac{|\overrightarrow{a}|}{|\overrightarrow{a}| + |\overrightarrow{e} \cdot \overrightarrow{a}|} (\overrightarrow{e} - \overrightarrow{a})$$

$$\overrightarrow{BB_0} = \frac{|\overrightarrow{e} - \overrightarrow{\alpha}|}{|\overrightarrow{e} \cdot | + |\overrightarrow{e} - \overrightarrow{\alpha}|} (-\overrightarrow{e} \cdot) + \frac{|\overrightarrow{e} \cdot |}{|\overrightarrow{e} \cdot | + |\overrightarrow{e} - \overrightarrow{\alpha}|} (-\overrightarrow{e} \cdot + \overrightarrow{\alpha})$$