# **ActressMAS**

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# Namespace Index

# **Packages**

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# **Hierarchical Index**

# **Class Hierarchy**

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# Class Index

# **Class List**

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions: ActressMas,Agent (An abstract base class for agents. You must define your own agent ActressMas, AgentState (The class that stores the serializable state of the agent when it moves. It is the Memento in the Memento design pattern, while the specific Agent class whose state is saved and restored is the Originator. This class should be inherited to add all the serializable fields specific to a particular agent. For example, a concurrent agent cannot ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent (The base class for an agent that runs concurrently in its environment. You must create your own agent classes derived from this abstract class.) ......8 ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment (A concurrent environment, where the agents run in parallel.) ActressMas.Container (A container contains an environment and is connected to a server. It facilitates the move of agents in a distributed system.) ActressMas.Environment (An abstract base class for environments. You must use ActressMas.Message (A message that the agents use to communicate. In an agent-based system, the communication between the agents is exclusively performed by exchanging messages.) ActressMas.NewTextEventArgs (The class that defines a message from a server or a container.) ActressMas.RunnableMas (An abstract class which should be derived in order to specify the multiagent system with mobile agents that will be run in the environment of a container.) ......24 ActressMas,Server (A server that ensures the communication of containers, e.g. for the movement of agents, in a distributed system.) ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent (The base class for an agent that runs on a turn-based manner in its environment. You must create your own agent classes derived from this abstract class.) ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment (A turn-based environment, where all the agents are 

# **Namespace Documentation**

# **ActressMas Namespace Reference**

#### **Classes**

- class Agent
- An abstract base class for agents. You must define your own agent classes derived from ConcurrentAgent or TurnBasedAgent. class AgentState
- The class that stores the serializable state of the agent when it moves. It is the Memento in the Memento design pattern, while the specific **Agent** class whose state is saved and restored is the Originator. This class should be inherited to add all the serializable fields specific to a particular agent. For example, a concurrent agent cannot be serialized directly because MailboxProcessor is not serializable class **ConcurrentAgent**
- The base class for an agent that runs concurrently in its environment. You must create your own agent classes derived from this abstract class. class ConcurrentEnvironment
- A concurrent environment, where the agents run in parallel. class Container
- A container contains an environment and is connected to a server. It facilitates the move of agents in a distributed system. class **Environment**
- An abstract base class for environments. You must use ConcurrentEnvironment or TurnBasedEnvironment. class Info
- Information about ActressMas version class Message
- A message that the agents use to communicate. In an agent-based system, the communication between the agents is exclusively performed by exchanging messages. class NewTextEventArgs
- The class that defines a message from a server or a container. class RunnableMas
- An abstract class which should be derived in order to specify the multiagent system with mobile agents that will be run in the environment of a container. class **Server**
- A server that ensures the communication of containers, e.g. for the movement of agents, in a distributed system. class TurnBasedAgent
- The base class for an agent that runs on a turn-based manner in its environment. You must create your own agent classes derived from this abstract class. class TurnBasedEnvironment

A turn-based environment, where all the agents are executed sequentially or in a random order during a turn.

# **Class Documentation**

# ActressMas.Agent Class Reference

An abstract base class for agents. You must define your own agent classes derived from **ConcurrentAgent** or **TurnBasedAgent**.

Inherited by ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent, and ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.

# **Detailed Description**

An abstract base class for agents. You must define your own agent classes derived from ConcurrentAgent or TurnBasedAgent.

# ActressMas.AgentState Class Reference

The class that stores the serializable state of the agent when it moves. It is the Memento in the Memento design pattern, while the specific **Agent** class whose state is saved and restored is the Originator. This class should be inherited to add all the serializable fields specific to a particular agent. For example, a concurrent agent cannot be serialized directly because MailboxProcessor is not serializable

#### **Public Attributes**

- Type **AgentType**The agent class needed in order to instantiate the agent object after a move
- string **Name**The agent name

# **Detailed Description**

The class that stores the serializable state of the agent when it moves. It is the Memento in the Memento design pattern, while the specific **Agent** class whose state is saved and restored is the Originator. This class should be inherited to add all the serializable fields specific to a particular agent. For example, a concurrent agent cannot be serialized directly because MailboxProcessor is not serializable

### **Member Data Documentation**

### Type ActressMas.AgentState.AgentType

The agent class needed in order to instantiate the agent object after a move

### string ActressMas.AgentState.Name

The agent name

# ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent Class Reference

The base class for an agent that runs concurrently in its environment. You must create your own agent classes derived from this abstract class.

Inherits ActressMas.Agent.

# **Public Member Functions**

• virtual void **Act** (**Message** message)

This is the method that is called when the agent receives a message and is activated. This is where the main logic of the agent should be placed.

- void **Broadcast** (string content, bool includeSender=false, string conversationId="") Sends a message to all the agents in the environment.
- bool **CanMove** (string destination)

Tests whether the agent can move to a certain remote container.

- virtual void LoadState (AgentState state)
- void **Move** (string destination)

The method that should be called when the agent wants to move to a different container.

• virtual AgentState SaveState ()

Exports the state of the agent, so it can be serialized when moving to another container.

- void **Send** (string receiver, string content, string conversationId="") Sends a message to a specific agent, identified by name.
- void **SendToMany** (List< string > receivers, string content, string conversationId="") Sends a message to a specific set of agents, identified by name.
- virtual void **Setup** ()

This method is called right after Start, before any messages have been received. It is similar to the constructor of the class, but it should be used for agent-related logic, e.g. for sending initial message(s).

• void Start ()

Starts the agent execution, after it has been created. In a concurrent environment, the agent that sends the first message(s) and thus initiates the execution of the whole protocol should be started last, after all the agents have been added to the environment. First, the Setup method is called, and then the Act method is automatically called when the agent receives a message.

• void Stop ()

Stops the execution of the agent and removes it from the environment. Use the Stop method instead of Environment.Remove when the decision to be stopped belongs to the agent itself.

# **Properties**

• string Name [get, set]

The name of the agent. Each agent must have a unique name in its environment. Most operations are performed using agent names rather than agent objects.

ConcurrentEnvironment Environment [get, set]

The environment in which the agent runs. A concurrent agent can only run in a concurrent environment.

### **Detailed Description**

The base class for an agent that runs concurrently in its environment. You must create your own agent classes derived from this abstract class.

# **Member Function Documentation**

### virtual void ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.Act (Message message)[virtual]

This is the method that is called when the agent receives a message and is activated. This is where the main logic of the agent should be placed.

#### Parameters:

message	The message that the agent has received and should respond to

# void ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.Broadcast (string content, bool includeSender = false, string conversationId = "")

Sends a message to all the agents in the environment.

#### Parameters:

content	The content of the message
includeSender	Whether the sender itself receives the message or not
conversationId	A conversation identifier, for the cases when a conversation involves multiple
	messages that refer to the same topic

# bool ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.CanMove (string destination)

Tests whether the agent can move to a certain remote container.

## Parameters:

destination The name of the container that the agent wants to move to	
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#### Returns:

# virtual void ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.LoadState (AgentState state)[virtual]

Imports the state of the agent, after it has moved from another container.

#### Parameters:

state	The state of the agent

# void ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.Move (string destination)

The method that should be called when the agent wants to move to a different container.

#### Parameters:

destination	The name of the container that the agent wants to move to

#### virtual AgentState ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.SaveState ()[virtual]

Exports the state of the agent, so it can be serialized when moving to another container.

#### Returns:

# void ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.Send (string receiver, string content, string conversationId = "")

Sends a message to a specific agent, identified by name.

#### Parameters:

receiver	The agent that will receive the message
content	The content of the message
conversationId	A conversation identifier, for the cases when a conversation involves multiple
	messages that refer to the same topic

# void ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.SendToMany (List< string > receivers, string content, string conversationId = "")

Sends a message to a specific set of agents, identified by name.

#### Parameters:

receivers	The list of agents that will receive the message
content	The content of the message
conversationId	A conversation identifier, for the cases when a conversation involves multiple
	messages that refer to the same topic

### virtual void ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.Setup ()[virtual]

This method is called right after Start, before any messages have been received. It is similar to the constructor of the class, but it should be used for agent-related logic, e.g. for sending initial message(s).

#### void ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.Start ()

Starts the agent execution, after it has been created. In a concurrent environment, the agent that sends the first message(s) and thus initiates the execution of the whole protocol should be started last, after all the agents have been added to the environment. First, the Setup method is called, and then the Act method is automatically called when the agent receives a message.

### void ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.Stop ()

Stops the execution of the agent and removes it from the environment. Use the Stop method instead of Environment.Remove when the decision to be stopped belongs to the agent itself.

# **Property Documentation**

# string ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.Name[get], [set]

The name of the agent. Each agent must have a unique name in its environment. Most operations are performed using agent names rather than agent objects.

# ConcurrentEnvironment ActressMas.ConcurrentAgent.Environment[get], [set]

The environment in which the agent runs. A concurrent agent can only run in a concurrent environment.

# ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment Class Reference

A concurrent environment, where the agents run in parallel.

Inherits ActressMas. Environment.

#### **Public Member Functions**

#### • ConcurrentEnvironment ()

Initializes a new instance of the ConcurrentEnvironment class.

#### void Add (ConcurrentAgent agent)

Adds an agent to the environment. The agent should already have a name and its name should be unique.

### • void Add (ConcurrentAgent agent, string name)

Adds an agent to the environment. Its name should be unique.

#### • List< string > AllAgents ()

Returns a list with the names of all the agents.

#### • List< string > AllContainers ()

Returns a list with the names of all the containers in the distributed system. This list may change over time, as some new containers may get connected and existing ones may disconnect.

#### • List< string > **FilteredAgents** (string nameFragment)

Returns a list with the names of all the agents that contain a certain string.

#### • string RandomAgent ()

Returns the name of a randomly selected agent from the environment

#### • string **RandomAgent** (Random rand)

Returns the name of a randomly selected agent from the environment using a predefined random number generator. This is useful for experiments involving non-determinism, but which should be repeatable for analysis and debugging.

# • void Remove (ConcurrentAgent agent)

Stops the execution of the agent and removes it from the environment. Use the Remove method instead of Agent. Stop when the decision to stop an agent does not belong to the agent itself, but to some other agent or to an external factor.

#### • void **Remove** (string agentName)

Stops the execution of the agent identified by name and removes it from the environment. Use the Remove method instead of Agent. Stop when the decision to stop an agent does not belong to the agent itself, but to some other agent or to an external factor.

# • void **Send** (**Message** message)

Sends a message from the outside of the multiagent system. Whenever possible, the agents should use the Send method of their own class, not the Send method of the environment. This method can also be used to simulate a forwarding behavior.

#### • void WaitAll ()

Prevents the program from closing by waiting as long as some agents still run in the environment. This method should be used at the end of the main program, after all the agents have been added to the environment and started.

### **Properties**

#### • int NoAgents [get]

The number of agents in the environment

### • string ContainerName [get]

The name of the container that contains the environment. If the container is not set or not connected to the server, this method will return the empty string.

# **Detailed Description**

A concurrent environment, where the agents run in parallel.

# **Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

### ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.ConcurrentEnvironment ()

Initializes a new instance of the **ConcurrentEnvironment** class.

# **Member Function Documentation**

# void ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.Add (ConcurrentAgent agent)

Adds an agent to the environment. The agent should already have a name and its name should be unique.

#### Parameters:

agent	The concurrent agent that will be added	
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# void ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.Add (ConcurrentAgent agent, string name)

Adds an agent to the environment. Its name should be unique.

### Parameters:

agent	The concurrent agent that will be added
name	The name of the agent

## List<string> ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.AllAgents ()

Returns a list with the names of all the agents.

#### Returns:

# List<string> ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.AllContainers ()

Returns a list with the names of all the containers in the distributed system. This list may change over time, as some new containers may get connected and existing ones may disconnect.

### Returns:

# List<string> ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.FilteredAgents (string nameFragment)

Returns a list with the names of all the agents that contain a certain string.

#### Returns:

The name fragment that the agent names should contain

#### string ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.RandomAgent ()

Returns the name of a randomly selected agent from the environment

#### Returns:

### string ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.RandomAgent (Random rand)

Returns the name of a randomly selected agent from the environment using a predefined random number generator. This is useful for experiments involving non-determinism, but which should be repeatable for analysis and debugging.

#### Parameters:

rand	The random number generator which should be non-null and instantiated using
	a seed

#### Returns:

#### void ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.Remove (ConcurrentAgent agent)

Stops the execution of the agent and removes it from the environment. Use the Remove method instead of Agent. Stop when the decision to stop an agent does not belong to the agent itself, but to some other agent or to an external factor.

#### Parameters:

agent	The agent to be removed	
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# void ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.Remove (string agentName)

Stops the execution of the agent identified by name and removes it from the environment. Use the Remove method instead of Agent. Stop when the decision to stop an agent does not belong to the agent itself, but to some other agent or to an external factor.

#### Parameters:

agentName	The name of the agent to be removed	

# void ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.Send (Message message)

Sends a message from the outside of the multiagent system. Whenever possible, the agents should use the Send method of their own class, not the Send method of the environment. This method can also be used to simulate a forwarding behavior.

### Parameters:

message	The message to be sent

### void ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.WaitAll ()

Prevents the program from closing by waiting as long as some agents still run in the environment. This method should be used at the end of the main program, after all the agents have been added to the environment and started.

# **Property Documentation**

# int ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.NoAgents[get]

The number of agents in the environment

# string ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment.ContainerName[get]

The name of the container that contains the environment. If the container is not set or not connected to the server, this method will return the empty string.

# ActressMas.Container Class Reference

A container contains an environment and is connected to a server. It facilitates the move of agents in a distributed system.

### **Public Member Functions**

- **Container** (string serverIP, int serverPort, string name) *Initializes a new instance of the Container class*.
- List< string > AllContainers ()

Returns a list with the names of all the containers in the distributed system. This list may change over time, as some new containers may get connected and existing ones may disconnect.

- void RunConcurrentMas (ConcurrentEnvironment environment, RunnableMas mas) Starts the execution of the concurrent multiagent system defined in the environment.
- void **RunTurnBasedMas** (**TurnBasedEnvironment** environment, **RunnableMas** mas) Starts the execution of the turn-based multiagent system defined in the environment.
- void Start ()

Tries to connect to the server and activates the container.

• void Stop ()

Disconnects from the server and deactivates the container.

# **Properties**

• string Name [get]

The name of the container. If the container is not connected to the server, this method will return the empty string.

#### **Events**

• NewTextEventHandler NewText

An event handler for the ongoing messages provided by the container.

### **Detailed Description**

A container contains an environment and is connected to a server. It facilitates the move of agents in a distributed system.

#### **Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

ActressMas.Container.Container (string serverIP, int serverPort, string name)

Initializes a new instance of the Container class.

#### Parameters:

serverIP	The IP address of the server
serverPort	The port number of the server
name	The name of the container. The name of the container should be unique and
	cannot contain spaces.

### **Member Function Documentation**

# List<string> ActressMas.Container.AllContainers ()

Returns a list with the names of all the containers in the distributed system. This list may change over time, as some new containers may get connected and existing ones may disconnect.

#### Returns:

# void ActressMas.Container.RunConcurrentMas (ConcurrentEnvironment environment, RunnableMas mas)

Starts the execution of the concurrent multiagent system defined in the environment.

#### Parameters:

environment	The concurrent environment
mas	The multiagent system to be executed

# void ActressMas.Container.RunTurnBasedMas (TurnBasedEnvironment environment, RunnableMas mas)

Starts the execution of the turn-based multiagent system defined in the environment.

### Parameters:

environment	The turn-based environment
mas	The multiagent system to be executed

### void ActressMas.Container.Start ()

Tries to connect to the server and activates the container.

# void ActressMas.Container.Stop ()

Disconnects from the server and deactivates the container.

# **Property Documentation**

### string ActressMas.Container.Name[get]

The name of the container. If the container is not connected to the server, this method will return the empty string.

# **Event Documentation**

# NewTextEventHandler ActressMas.Container.NewText

An event handler for the ongoing messages provided by the container.

# **ActressMas.Environment Class Reference**

An abstract base class for environments. You must use ConcurrentEnvironment or TurnBasedEnvironment.

Inherited by ActressMas.ConcurrentEnvironment, and ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.

# **Detailed Description**

An abstract base class for environments. You must use **ConcurrentEnvironment** or **TurnBasedEnvironment**.

# ActressMas.Info Class Reference

Information about ActressMas version

# **Static Public Attributes**

• static readonly string **Version** = "ActressMas Version 2.0" *ActressMas current version* 

# **Detailed Description**

Information about ActressMas version

# **Member Data Documentation**

readonly string ActressMas.Info.Version = "ActressMas Version 2.0"[static]

ActressMas current version

# ActressMas.Message Class Reference

A message that the agents use to communicate. In an agent-based system, the communication between the agents is exclusively performed by exchanging messages.

# **Public Member Functions**

Message ()

Initializes a new instance of the Message class with an empty message.

• **Message** (string sender, string receiver, string content) *Initializes a new instance of the Message class*.

• **Message** (string sender, string receiver, string content, string conversationId) *Initializes a new instance of the Message class*.

## **Properties**

• string **Content** [get, set] *The content of the message.* 

• string ConversationId [get, set]

The conversation identifier, for the cases when a conversation involves multiple messages that refer to the same topic

• string Receiver [get, set]

The name of the agent that needs to receive the message

• string **Sender** [get, set]

The name of the agent that sends the message

# **Detailed Description**

A message that the agents use to communicate. In an agent-based system, the communication between the agents is exclusively performed by exchanging messages.

### **Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

# ActressMas.Message.Message ()

Initializes a new instance of the **Message** class with an empty message.

### ActressMas.Message.Message (string sender, string receiver, string content)

Initializes a new instance of the **Message** class.

#### Parameters:

sender	The name of the agent that sends the message
receiver	The name of the agent that needs to receive the message
content	The content of the message

# ActressMas.Message.Message (string sender, string receiver, string content, string conversationId)

Initializes a new instance of the Message class.

#### Parameters:

sender	The name of the agent that sends the message
receiver	The name of the agent that needs to receive the message
content	The content of the message
conversationId	The conversation identifier, for the cases when a conversation involves
	multiple messages that refer to the same topic

# **Property Documentation**

# string ActressMas.Message.Content[get], [set]

The content of the message.

# string ActressMas.Message.ConversationId[get], [set]

The conversation identifier, for the cases when a conversation involves multiple messages that refer to the same topic

# string ActressMas.Message.Receiver[get], [set]

The name of the agent that needs to receive the message

# string ActressMas.Message.Sender[get], [set]

The name of the agent that sends the message

# ActressMas.NewTextEventArgs Class Reference

The class that defines a message from a server or a container. Inherits EventArgs.

# **Properties**

• string **Text** [get]

The text of the message

# **Detailed Description**

The class that defines a message from a server or a container.

# **Property Documentation**

string ActressMas.NewTextEventArgs.Text[get]

The text of the message

# ActressMas.RunnableMas Class Reference

An abstract class which should be derived in order to specify the multiagent system with mobile agents that will be run in the environment of a container.

# **Public Member Functions**

- virtual void RunConcurrentMas (ConcurrentEnvironment env)
   Starts the execution of a concurrent environment within a container
- virtual void **RunTurnBasedMas** (**TurnBasedEnvironment** env)

  Starts the execution of a turn-based environment within a container

# **Detailed Description**

An abstract class which should be derived in order to specify the multiagent system with mobile agents that will be run in the environment of a container.

# **Member Function Documentation**

# virtual void ActressMas.RunnableMas.RunConcurrentMas (ConcurrentEnvironment env) [virtual]

Starts the execution of a concurrent environment within a container

#### Parameters:

env	The concurrent environment

# virtual void ActressMas.RunnableMas.RunTurnBasedMas (TurnBasedEnvironment env)[virtual]

Starts the execution of a turn-based environment within a container

#### Parameters:

env	The turn-based environment

# ActressMas.Server Class Reference

A server that ensures the communication of containers, e.g. for the movement of agents, in a distributed system.

# **Public Member Functions**

- **Server** (int port, int ping) *Initializes a new instance of the Server class.*
- void **Start** () *Tries to start the server*
- void **Stop** ()
  Stops the server

#### **Events**

NewTextEventHandler NewText
 An event handler for the ongoing messages provided by the server.

# **Detailed Description**

A server that ensures the communication of containers, e.g. for the movement of agents, in a distributed system.

### **Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

### ActressMas.Server.Server (int port, int ping)

Initializes a new instance of the Server class.

#### Parameters:

port	The port number of the server
ping	The time interval (in miliseconds) for the ping messages, needed to check if
	the containers are still alive

### **Member Function Documentation**

# void ActressMas.Server.Start ()

Tries to start the server

# void ActressMas.Server.Stop ()

Stops the server

# **Event Documentation**

# NewTextEventHandler ActressMas.Server.NewText

An event handler for the ongoing messages provided by the server.

# ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent Class Reference

The base class for an agent that runs on a turn-based manner in its environment. You must create your own agent classes derived from this abstract class.

Inherits ActressMas.Agent.

# **Public Member Functions**

• virtual void **Act** (Queue< **Message** > messages)

This is the method that is called once a turn. This is where the main logic of the agent should be placed. Once a message has been handled, it should be removed from the queue, using e.g. the Dequeue method.

- void **Broadcast** (string content, bool includeSender=false, string conversationId="") Sends a message to all the agents in the environment.
- bool **CanMove** (string destination)

Tests whether the agent can move to a certain remote container.

- virtual void LoadState (AgentState state)
- void **Move** (string destination)

The method that should be called when the agent wants to move to a different container.

• virtual AgentState SaveState ()

Exports the state of the agent, so it can be serialized when moving to another container.

- void **Send** (string receiver, string content, string conversationId="") *Sends a message to a specific agent, identified by name.*
- void **SendToMany** (List< string > receivers, string content, string conversationId="") Sends a message to a specific set of agents, identified by name.
- virtual void **Setup** ()

This method is called as the first turn or right after an agent has moved to a new container. It is similar to the constructor of the class, but it may be used for agent-related logic, e.g. for sending initial message(s).

void Stop ()

Stops the execution of the agent and removes it from the environment. Use the Stop method instead of Environment. Remove when the decision to be stopped belongs to the agent itself.

# **Properties**

• string Name [get, set]

The name of the agent. Each agent must have a unique name in its environment. Most operations are performed using agent names rather than agent objects.

• TurnBasedEnvironment Environment [get, set]

The environment in which the agent runs. A turn-based agent can only run in a turn-based environment.

# **Detailed Description**

The base class for an agent that runs on a turn-based manner in its environment. You must create your own agent classes derived from this abstract class.

### **Member Function Documentation**

# virtual void ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.Act (Queue< Message > messages)[virtual]

This is the method that is called once a turn. This is where the main logic of the agent should be placed. Once a message has been handled, it should be removed from the queue, using e.g. the Dequeue method.

#### Parameters:

messages	The messages that the agent has received during the previous turn(s) and
	should respond to

# void ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.Broadcast (string content, bool includeSender = false, string conversationId = "")

Sends a message to all the agents in the environment.

#### Parameters:

content	The content of the message
includeSender	Whether the sender itself receives the message or not
conversationId	A conversation identifier, for the cases when a conversation involves multiple messages that refer to the same topic

#### bool ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.CanMove (string destination)

Tests whether the agent can move to a certain remote container.

#### Parameters:

destination	The name of the container that the agent wants to move to

#### Returns:

# virtual void ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.LoadState (AgentState state)[virtual]

Imports the state of the agent, after it has moved from another container.

#### Parameters:

state	The state of the agent

# void ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.Move (string destination)

The method that should be called when the agent wants to move to a different container.

#### Parameters:

_		
	destination	The name of the container that the agent wants to move to

#### virtual AgentState ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.SaveState ()[virtual]

Exports the state of the agent, so it can be serialized when moving to another container.

#### Returns:

# void ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.Send (string receiver, string content, string conversationId = "")

Sends a message to a specific agent, identified by name.

#### Parameters:

receiver	The agent that will receive the message
content	The content of the message
conversationId	A conversation identifier, for the cases when a conversation involves multiple
	messages that refer to the same topic

# void ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.SendToMany (List< string > receivers, string content, string conversationId = "")

Sends a message to a specific set of agents, identified by name.

#### Parameters:

receivers	The list of agents that will receive the message
content	The content of the message
conversationId	A conversation identifier, for the cases when a conversation involves multiple
	messages that refer to the same topic

### virtual void ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.Setup ()[virtual]

This method is called as the first turn or right after an agent has moved to a new container. It is similar to the constructor of the class, but it may be used for agent-related logic, e.g. for sending initial message(s).

#### void ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.Stop ()

Stops the execution of the agent and removes it from the environment. Use the Stop method instead of Environment.Remove when the decision to be stopped belongs to the agent itself.

# **Property Documentation**

# string ActressMas.TurnBasedAgent.Name[get], [set]

The name of the agent. Each agent must have a unique name in its environment. Most operations are performed using agent names rather than agent objects.

# $Turn Based Environment \ Actress Mas. Turn Based Agent. Environment \ [\texttt{get}], \ [\texttt{set}]$

The environment in which the agent runs. A turn-based agent can only run in a turn-based environment.

# ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment Class Reference

A turn-based environment, where all the agents are executed sequentially or in a random order during a turn.

Inherits ActressMas.Environment.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• **TurnBasedEnvironment** (int numberOfTurns=0, int delayAfterTurn=0, bool randomOrder=true, Random rand=null)

Initializes a new instance of the TurnBasedEnvironment class.

• void Add (TurnBasedAgent agent)

Adds an agent to the environment. The agent should already have a name and its name should be unique.

void Add (TurnBasedAgent agent, string name)

Adds an agent to the environment. Its name should be unique.

• List< string > **AllAgents** ()

Returns a list with the names of all the agents.

• List< string > AllContainers ()

Returns a list with the names of all the containers in the distributed system. This list may change over time, as some new containers may get connected and existing ones may disconnect.

• void **Continue** (int noTurns=0)

Continues the simulation for an additional number of turns, after a simulation has finished.

List< string > FilteredAgents (string nameFragment)

Returns a list with the names of all the agents that contain a certain string.

• string RandomAgent ()

Returns the name of a randomly selected agent from the environment

• string **RandomAgent** (Random rand)

Returns the name of a randomly selected agent from the environment using a predefined random number generator. This is useful for experiments involving non-determinism, but which should be repeatable for analysis and debugging.

• void Remove (TurnBasedAgent agent)

Stops the execution of the agent and removes it from the environment. Use the Remove method instead of Agent. Stop when the decision to stop an agent does not belong to the agent itself, but to some other agent or to an external factor.

• void **Remove** (string agentName)

Stops the execution of the agent identified by name and removes it from the environment. Use the Remove method instead of Agent. Stop when the decision to stop an agent does not belong to the agent itself, but to some other agent or to an external factor.

void Send (Message message)

Sends a message from the outside of the multiagent system. Whenever possible, the agents should use the Send method of their own class, not the Send method of the environment. This method can also be used to simulate a forwarding behavior.

• virtual void SimulationFinished ()

A method that may be optionally overriden to perform additional processing after the simulation has finished.

• void Start ()

Starts the simulation.

• virtual void **TurnFinished** (int turn)

A method that may be optionally overriden to perform additional processing after a turn of the the simulation has finished.

# **Properties**

• int NoAgents [get]

The number of agents in the environment

• string ContainerName [get]

The name of the container that contains the environment. If the container is not set or not connected to the server, this method will return the empty string.

# **Detailed Description**

A turn-based environment, where all the agents are executed sequentially or in a random order during a turn.

### **Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.TurnBasedEnvironment (int numberOfTurns = 0, int delayAfterTurn = 0, bool randomOrder = true, Random rand = null)

Initializes a new instance of the TurnBasedEnvironment class.

### Parameters:

numberOfTurns	The maximum number of turns of the simulation. The simulation may stop earlier if there are no more agents in the environment. If the number of turns is 0, the simulation runs indefinitely, or until there are no more agents in the environment.
delayAfterTurn	A delay (in miliseconds) after each turn
randomOrder	Whether the agents should be run in a random order (different each turn) or sequentially
rand	A random number generator for non-deterministic but repeatable experiments.
	It should instantiated using a seed. If it is null, a new Random object is created and used.

# **Member Function Documentation**

# void ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.Add (TurnBasedAgent agent)

Adds an agent to the environment. The agent should already have a name and its name should be unique.

#### Parameters:

agent	The concurrent agent that will be added

# void ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.Add (TurnBasedAgent agent, string name)

Adds an agent to the environment. Its name should be unique.

#### Parameters:

agent	The concurrent agent that will be added
name	The name of the agent

# List<string> ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.AllAgents ()

Returns a list with the names of all the agents.

#### Returns:

### List<string> ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.AllContainers ()

Returns a list with the names of all the containers in the distributed system. This list may change over time, as some new containers may get connected and existing ones may disconnect.

#### Returns:

# void ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.Continue (int noTurns = 0)

Continues the simulation for an additional number of turns, after a simulation has finished.

#### Parameters:

noTurns	The maximum number of turns of the continued simulation. The simulation
	may stop earlier if there are no more agents in the environment. If the number
	of turns is 0, the simulation runs indefinitely, or until there are no more agents
	in the environment.

# $\label{limit} \mbox{List$<$string$>$ ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.FilteredAgents (string \ nameFragment)$}$

Returns a list with the names of all the agents that contain a certain string.

# Returns:

The name fragment that the agent names should contain

### string ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.RandomAgent ()

Returns the name of a randomly selected agent from the environment

# Returns:

### string ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.RandomAgent (Random rand)

Returns the name of a randomly selected agent from the environment using a predefined random number generator. This is useful for experiments involving non-determinism, but which should be repeatable for analysis and debugging.

#### Parameters:

rand	The random number generator which should be non-null and instantiated using	1
	a seed	l

#### Returns:

# void ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.Remove (TurnBasedAgent agent)

Stops the execution of the agent and removes it from the environment. Use the Remove method instead of Agent. Stop when the decision to stop an agent does not belong to the agent itself, but to some other agent or to an external factor.

#### Parameters:

agent	The agent to be removed
	<u> </u>

### void ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.Remove (string agentName)

Stops the execution of the agent identified by name and removes it from the environment. Use the Remove method instead of Agent. Stop when the decision to stop an agent does not belong to the agent itself, but to some other agent or to an external factor.

#### Parameters:

agentName	The name of the agent to be removed

## void ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.Send (Message message)

Sends a message from the outside of the multiagent system. Whenever possible, the agents should use the Send method of their own class, not the Send method of the environment. This method can also be used to simulate a forwarding behavior.

#### Parameters:

message	The message to be sent

## virtual void ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.SimulationFinished ()[virtual]

A method that may be optionally overriden to perform additional processing after the simulation has finished.

### void ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.Start ()

Starts the simulation.

# virtual void ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.TurnFinished (int turn)[virtual]

A method that may be optionally overriden to perform additional processing after a turn of the the simulation has finished.

#### Parameters:

turn	The turn that has just finished
------	---------------------------------

# **Property Documentation**

# int ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.NoAgents[get]

The number of agents in the environment

# string ActressMas.TurnBasedEnvironment.ContainerName[get]

The name of the container that contains the environment. If the container is not set or not connected to the server, this method will return the empty string.

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