





# Performance

Metrics			=
First Contentful Paint	2.4 s	Time to Interactive	2.7 s
Speed Index	2.4 s	Total Blocking Time	50 ms
Largest Contentful Paint	3.5 s	Cumulative Layout Shift	0

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

# View Original Trace



Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

# Eliminate render-blocking resources

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd party resources (3)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings 1,280 ms
css/bootstrap.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	45 KiB	1,280 ms
css/font-awesome.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	14 KiB	150 ms

1.47 s ^

1/2			
	URL	Transfer Size	Potent Savin
	css/hover-min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	7.7 KiB	900 m
	Remove unused CSS		0.3 s
		content to reduce	
		Show 3rd-party re	<del>esources</del> (2
	URL	Transfer Size	Potent Savin
	css/bootstrap.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	45 KiB	43.1 Kil
	css/font-awesome.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	14 KiB	13.7 Kil
	Preconnect to required origins		0.28 s
	Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to origins. <u>Learn more</u> .	important third-pa	arty
	URL	Pote	ential Savin
Remove unused CSS Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-fold content to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more.  URL Transfer Saivacss/bootstrap.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com) 45 KiB 43.1 Kicss/bootstrap.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com) 14 KiB 13.7 Ki  Preconnect to required origins 0.28 s Consider adding 'preconnect' or 'dns-prefetch' resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn more.  URL Potential Savin https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com 280 m Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activity. Learn.more.  Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More  Diagnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.  Ensure text remains visible during webfont load  Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more.  Shew-ard-party-recourses			
	Remove unused JavaScript		Error!
	Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> .		
	Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles		Error!
	Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consultations.	med by network a	ctivity.
	Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers		Error!
	modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy us feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining su	sing module/nomo	dule
		n't <u>directly affect</u>	the
	Ensure text remains visible during webfont load		
	Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading.	<u>Learn more</u> .	
		Show 3rd party re	esources (2
	URL		Potent Savin
	v11/46kulbz5Wwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)		30 m

Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy - 4 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
images/image-work.jpg (8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)	None	195 KiB

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

...images/image-team.jpg (8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io) None 190 KiB

...images/image-pass.jpg (8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io) None 158 KiB

...css/style.css (8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io) None 10 KiB

#### Avoid chaining critical requests - 7 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Maximum critical path latency: 990 ms

## Initial Navigation

https://8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io

- ...css/bootstrap.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com) 190 ms, 44.97 KiB
- ...css/font-awesome.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)
  - ...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com) 610 ms, 83.64 KiB
- ...css/hover-min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 70 ms, 7.75 KiB
- ...css/style.css (8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)

/css2?family=... (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v11/46kulbz5W....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 30 ms, 9.15 KiB

/jquery-3.5.1.slim.min.js (code.jquery.com) - 490 ms, 31.74 KiB

- ...umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 150 ms, 12.7 KiB
- ...js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) 460 ms, 21.36 KiB

## Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small - 14 requests • 783 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	14	783.4 KiB
Image	3	543.6 KiB
Font	2	92.8 KiB
Stylesheet	5	77.4 KiB
Script	3	65.8 KiB
Document	1	3.9 KiB
Media	0	0 KiB

Resource Type	Requests	Tra	ansfer Size
Other	0		0 KiB
Third-party	9		226 KiB
Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found			^
This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewpo	ort. <u>Learn More</u>		
Element			
div.container-fluid.callout-container			
Avoid large layout shifts - 1 element found			,
These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page.			
Element		CLS Co	ontributio
a.navbar-brand			0
Avoid long main-thread tasks — 4 long tasks found			_
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying	g worst contributors to input delay. Le	earn more	
	✓ Sho	w 3rd-party reso	ources (1)
URL		Start Time	Duration
/jquery-3.5.1.slim.min.js (code.jquery.com)		2,627 ms	153 ms
chrome-extension://dodmmooeoklaejobgleioelladacbeki/di	st/bundles/gitpodify.bundle.js	979 ms	84 ms
https://8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu	01.gitpod.io	910 ms	69 ms
https://8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu	01.gitpod.io	831 ms	55 ms
sed audits (22)			^
Properly size images			
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data	and improve load time. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Defer offscreen images			^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all cri interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .	tical resources have finished loading	to lower time to	
Minify CSS — Potential savings of 3 KiB			^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn m	nore.		
	She	w 3rd-party reso	ources (0)
URL		Transfer Size	Potentia Savings

Minify JavaScript	^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Efficiently encode images	^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Serve images in next-gen formats	_
Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u> .	JPEG, which means
Enable text compression	^
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total n more.	etwork bytes. <u>Learn</u>
Initial server response time was short — Root document took 90 ms	/
Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on i	t. <u>Learn more</u> .
Avoid multiple page redirects	
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Preload key requests	,
Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later more.	in page load. <u>Learn</u>
Use HTTP/2	,
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers, multiplexing, and server push	h. <u>Learn more</u> .
Use video formats for animated content	
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u>	animations and
Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 783 KiB	
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn</u>	<u>n more</u> .
✓ Shc	ow 3rd-party resources (6)
URL	Transfer Siz
images/image-work.jpg (8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)	195.5 KiB
images/image-team.jpg (8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)	189.9 KiB
images/image-pass.jpg (8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)	158.2 KiB
fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	83.6 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	45 KiB
/jquery-3.5.1.slim.min.js (code.jquery.com)	31.7 KiB
js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	21.4 KiB
css/font-awesome.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	14 KiB

**URL** Transfer Size

...umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)

12.7 KiB

...css/style.css (8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io)

9.9 KiB

## Avoids an excessive DOM size - 159 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more.

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		159
Maximum DOM Depth	<pre><i aria-hidden="true" class="fa fa-pagelines"></i></pre>	9
Maximum Child Elements	<body></body>	10

# User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. Learn more.

## JavaScript execution time - 0.3 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more.

Show 3rd-party resources (2)

https://8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io 330 ms 12 ms 3 ms Unattributable 328 ms 6 ms 1 ms /jquery-3.5.1.slim.min.js (code.jquery.com) 122 ms 68 ms 5 ms chrome- extension://dodmmooeoklaejobgleioelladacbeki/dist/bundles/gitpodify.bu 105 ms 94 ms 10 ms ndle.jsjs/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) 51 ms 43 ms 8 ms	URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/jquery-3.5.1.slim.min.js (code.jquery.com)  122 ms  68 ms  5 ms  chrome- extension://dodmmooeoklaejobgleioelladacbeki/dist/bundles/gitpodify.bu  105 ms  94 ms  10 ms  ndle.js	https://8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io	330 ms	12 ms	3 ms
chrome- extension://dodmmooeoklaejobgleioelladacbeki/dist/bundles/gitpodify.bu 105 ms 94 ms 10 ms ndle.js	Unattributable	328 ms	6 ms	1 ms
extension://dodmmooeoklaejobgleioelladacbeki/dist/bundles/gitpodify.bu 105 ms 94 ms 10 ms ndle.js	/jquery-3.5.1.slim.min.js (code.jquery.com)	122 ms	68 ms	5 ms
js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) 51 ms 43 ms 8 ms	extension://dodmmooeoklaejobgleioelladacbeki/dist/bundles/gitpodify.bu	105 ms	94 ms	10 ms
	js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)	51 ms	43 ms	8 ms

# Minimizes main-thread work - 1.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more

Category	Time Spent
Other	473 ms
Script Evaluation	228 ms
Style & Layout	127 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	87 ms
Rendering	75 ms

Category Time Spent

Script Parsing & Compilation

32 ms

## Minimize third-party usage - Third-party code blocked the main thread for 10 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>.

	Third-Party	Transfer Size		Main-Thread Blocking Time
<u>jQuery C</u>	<u>DN</u>	32 KiB		10 ms
Bootstra	p CDN	164 KiB		0 ms
<u>JSDelivr</u>	CDN	13 KiB		0 ms
Google F	<u>Fonts</u>	10 KiB		0 ms
Cloudflar	re CDN	8 KiB		0 ms
Uses pass	sive listeners to improve scrolling perform	mance		^
Consider	marking your touch and wheel event lister	ners as `passive` to	improve your page's scroll	performance. <u>Learn more</u> .
Avoids do	cument.write()			^
	on slow connections, external scripts dyn Learn more.	amically injected v	ia `document.write()` can de	elay page load by tens of
Avoid nor	n-composited animations			^
Animation	s which are not composited can be janky	and contribute to	CLS. <u>Learn more</u>	



Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more

# Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Names and labels — These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

## Buttons do not have an accessible name

Image elements have explicit width and height

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Failing Elements

button.btn

#### Form elements do not have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more.

Failing Elements

input#emailaddress.form-control

#### Links do not have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Failing Elements

a.hvr-icon-grow

a.hvr-icon-grow

a.hvr-icon-grow

a.contact-icons.text-decoration-none

a.contact-icons.text-decoration-none

a.contact-icons.text-decoration-none

#### **Contrast** — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

### Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.

#### Failing Elements

button.btn.btn--cta.btn--red

button.btn.btn--cta.btn--red

button.btn.btn--cta.btn--red

button.btn.-cta.btn--red

# Navigation — These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.

#### ▲ Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Failing Elements

h4

# Failing Elements

h5.uppercase.general-sub

	nal items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. ore in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.	
The	page has a logical tab order	
Tabl	oing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more.	
Inte	ractive controls are keyboard focusable	
Cus	tom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more.	
Inte	ractive elements indicate their purpose and state	
	ractive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive nents. Learn more.	
The	user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	
If ne	ew content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.	
Use	r focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	
A us	ser can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.	
Cus	tom controls have associated labels	
Cus	tom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more.	
Cus	tom controls have ARIA roles	
Cus	tom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Visu	al order on the page follows DOM order	
DON	order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more.	
Offs	creen content is hidden from assistive technology	
Offs	creen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.	
HTN	/IL5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	
	dmark elements ( <main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology means.</nav></main>	ЭĆ
ssed	audits (14)	
[ari	ia-*] attributes match their roles	
Eacl mor	h ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. Lear	<u>'n</u>

a web page. Learn more.

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document `<body>`. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. [aria-\*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-\*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more. List items (<1i>) are contained within or parent elements Screen readers require list items (') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. Learn more. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of

Not applicable (22)

#### [accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### [role]s have all required [aria-\*] attributes

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more.

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

#### [role]s are contained by their required parent element

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### [role] values are valid

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

#### ARIA toggle fields have accessible names

When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

 $\verb| <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.$ 

When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more.

#### Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements

Definition list items ('<dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### No form fields have multiple labels

Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title

Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more.

## Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

<input type="image"> elements have [alt] text

When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more.

Presentational elements avoid using , <caption> or the [summary] attribute.

A table being used for layout purposes should not include data elements, such as the thor caption elements or the summary attribute, because this can create a confusing experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.

<object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="description"]

Audio descriptions provide relevant information for videos that dialogue cannot, such as facial expressions and scenes. <u>Learn more</u>.



# **Best Practices**

Passed audits (15)

Uses HTTPS ^

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being servedover HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more.

#### Links to cross-origin destinations are safe

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more.

#### Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Allows users to paste into password fields

Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more.

# Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more.

# Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn</u> more.

#### Page has the HTML doctype

Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more.

### Properly defines charset

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more.

#### Avoids unload event listeners

The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. <u>Learn More</u>

#### **Avoids Application Cache**

Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more.

# **Detected JavaScript libraries**

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.

Links have descriptive text

Name	Version	
Bootstrap	4.5.2	
jQuery	3.5.1	
Avoids deprecated APIs		^
Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser.	Learn more.	
No browser errors logged to the console		^
Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. The browser concerns. <u>Learn more</u>	ey can come from network request failures and other	



These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. Learn more.

Do	ocument does not have a meta description
Me	eta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more.
ddition raction	onal items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best ees.
St	ructured data is valid
Rι	in the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more.
	d audits (10) as a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale
Ha	
<b>Ha</b>	as a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale
Ha Acc	as a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale  dd a ` <meta name="viewport"/> `tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.
Ha Acc Do Th	as a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale  Id a ` <meta name="viewport"/> tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.  Ocument has a <title> element  The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title>

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more. Links are crawlable Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more. Document has a valid hreflang hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more. Document uses legible font sizes - 100% legible text Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (0) Source Selector % of Page Text Font Size 100.00% Legible text ≥ 12px Document avoids plugins Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more. Tap targets are sized appropriately - 100% appropriately sized tap targets Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more. Not applicable (3) robots.txt is valid If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more.

# Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more.

# Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.



# Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

#### Fast and reliable

# Page load is fast enough on mobile networks

A fast page load over a cellular network ensures a good mobile user experience. Learn more.

Current page does not respond with a 200 when offline

If you're building a Progressive Web App, consider using a service worker so that your app can work offline. Learn more.

start\_url does not respond with a 200 when offline No usable web app manifest found on page.

A service worker enables your web app to be reliable in unpredictable network conditions. Learn more.

#### Installable

# Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being servedover HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start\_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Web app manifest does not meet the installability requirements Failures: No manifest was fetched.

Browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### **PWA Optimized**

#### Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

#### Contains some content when JavaScript is not available

Your app should display some content when JavaScript is disabled, even if it's just a warning to the user that JavaScript is required to use the app. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u>.

▲ Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more.

Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more.</u>

# Runtime Settings

**URL** https://8000-dffbabdd-7697-478a-accd-337378e5793f.ws-eu01.gitpod.io/

**Fetch Time** Nov 14, 2020, 8:24 PM GMT

**Device** Emulated Moto G4

Network throttling 150 ms TCP RTT, 1,638.4 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

**CPU throttling** 4x slowdown (Simulated)

**Channel** devtools

User agent (host)

Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10\_14\_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/86.0.4240.193 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 7.0; Moto G (4)) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/84.0.4143.7 Mobile Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 1246

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