MAT3007: Optimization - Assignment 6

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Problem 1

- 1. $\nabla f(x,y,z)=(4x+y-6,x+2y+z-7,y+2z-8)$ Solve $\nabla f(x,y,z)=0$, get $x=1.2,\ y=1.2,\ z=3.4$, which is the candidate minimizer of f(x,y,z) .
- 2. $\nabla^2 f = [4 \ 1 \ 0; \ 1 \ 2 \ 1; \ 0 \ 1 \ 2]$

The eigenvalues of this matrix, 0.8299, 2.6889, and 4.4812 are all positive. Therefore, $\nabla^2 f$ is positive definite.

Because $\nabla f(1.2,1.2,3.4)=0$, and $\nabla^2 f$ is positive definite, then (x,y,z)=(1.2,1.2,3.4) is the local minimizer of f for the unconstrained problem.

3. Because the domain of f(x,y,z) is unbounded, it is an unconstrained problem. Then first-order necessary condition provides all the candidates for local minimizers, which is unique for this function. The second-order sufficient condtions shows that (1.2,1.2,3.4) is indeed the only local minimizer. Since there is no boundary point that can be a minimizer, the only local minimizer should also be a global minimizer.

Problem 2

1. Let (x, y) denote the location of the fountain. Then the problem can be written as:

$$\min \left(\max \{ \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}, \ \sqrt{(x-1)^2 + (y-5)^2}, \right. \\ \sqrt{(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2}, \ \sqrt{(x-3)^2 + (y-1)^2} \})$$

Now we can write this as:

minimize
$$\sqrt{t}$$

s. t. $x^2 + y^2 \le t$
 $(x-1)^2 + (y-5)^2 \le t$
 $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 \le t$
 $(x-3)^2 + (y-1)^2 \le t$

2. First we associate the constraints with Lagrange multipliers μ_1 , μ_2 , μ_3 and μ_4 and construct the Lagrangian for this problem:

$$L(t, x, y, \boldsymbol{\mu}) = \sqrt{t} + \mu_1(x^2 + y^2 - t) + \mu_2[(x - 1)^2 + (y - 5)^2 - t]$$

 $+ \mu_3[(x - 2)^2 + (y - 3)^2 - t] + \mu_4[(x - 3)^2 + (y - 1)^2 - t]$

Therefore the KKT conditions are:

1. Main Condition:

$$egin{split} rac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} - \mu_1 - \mu_2 - \mu_3 - \mu_4 &= 0 \ 2\mu_1 x + 2\mu_2 (x-1) + 2\mu_3 (x-2) + 2\mu_4 (x-3) &= 0 \ 2\mu_1 y + 2\mu_2 (y-5) + 2\mu_3 (y-3) + 2\mu_4 (y-1) &= 0 \end{split}$$

2. Primal Feasibility:

$$x^2 + y^2 \le t$$
 $(x-1)^2 + (y-5)^2 \le t$
 $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 \le t$
 $(x-3)^2 + (y-1)^2 \le t$

3. Dual Feasibility:

$$\mu_1 \ge 0, \ \mu_2 \ge 0, \ \mu_3 \ge 0, \ \mu_4 \ge 0$$

4. Complementarity Condition:

$$\mu_1(x^2+y^2-t)=0$$
 $\mu_2[(x-1)^2+(y-5)^2-t]=0$
 $\mu_3[(x-2)^2+(y-3)^2-t]=0$
 $\mu_4[(x-3)^2+(y-1)^2-t]=0$

Problem 3

First we associate the constraints with Lagrange multipliers μ , and construct the Lagrangian for this problem:

$$L(\mathbf{x},~oldsymbol{\mu}) = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i log x_i + \mu (\sum_{i=1}^n a_i x_i - 1)$$

Therefore the KKT conditions are:

1. Main Condition:

$$log x_i + 1 + \mu a_i \geq 0, \ \forall i = 1, \dots, n$$

2. Primal Feasibility:

$$egin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^n a_i x_i - 1 &= 0 \ x_i &\geq 0, \ orall i &= 1, \dots, n \end{aligned}$$

3. Dual Feasibility:

None, since μ is a free variable.

4. Complementarity Condition:

$$x_i(log x_i + 1 + \mu a_i) = 0, \ \forall i = 1, \ldots n$$

Problem 4

Assume that the company don't have any stock at the first month. So let w_i be the amount of units stored for month i , $w_0=0$.

Let t_i denote the unmet demand of month i , $t_i = max\{d_i - (w_{i-1} + x_i), \ 0\}$

The optimization problem can be formulated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{minimize} & \sum_{i=1}^{12} x_i^2 + sw_i + kt_i \\ & s. t. & x_i - r \leq 0 & \forall \ i = 1, \dots, 12 \\ & w_{i-1} + x_i - d_i - w_i \leq 0 & \forall \ i = 1, \dots, 12 \\ & w_{i-1} + x_i - w_i \geq 0 & \forall \ i = 1, \dots, 12 \\ & t_i - d_i + w_{i-1} + x_i \geq 0 & \forall \ i = 1, \dots, 12 \\ & t_i \geq 0 & \forall \ i = 1, \dots, 12 \\ & w_i \geq 0 & \forall \ i = 1, \dots, 12 \\ & x_i \geq 0 & \forall \ i = 1, \dots, 12 \end{aligned}$$

Associate the constraints with Lagrange multipliers $\lambda_i, \ \mu_i, \ \eta_i, \ \alpha_i$, and construct the Lagrangian for this problem:

$$L(\mathbf{x},\ \mathbf{w},\ \mathbf{t},\ \lambda_i,\ oldsymbol{\mu}_i,\ oldsymbol{\eta}_i,\ lpha_i) = \sum_{i=1}^{12} (x_i^2 + sw_i + kt_i) + \sum_{i=1}^{12} \lambda_i (x_i - r) + \sum_{i=1}^{12} \mu_i (w_{i-1} + x_i - w_i) + \sum_{i=1}^{12} \mu_i (w_{i-1} + x_i - w_i) + \sum_{i=1}^{12} \alpha_i (t_i - d_i + w_{i-1} + x_i)$$

Therefore the KKT conditions are:

1. Main Condition:

$$2x_i + \lambda_i + \mu_i + \eta_i + lpha_i \geq 0 \qquad orall \ i = 1, \dots, 12 \ s - \mu_i - \eta_i + \mu_{i+1} + \eta_{i+1} + lpha_{i+1} \geq 0 \qquad orall \ i = 1, \dots, 11 \ s - \mu_{12} - \eta_{12} \geq 0 \ k + a_i \geq 0 \qquad orall i = 1, \dots, 12$$

2. Primal Feasibility:

$$egin{aligned} x_i - r &\leq 0 & orall \ w_{i-1} + x_i - d_i - w_i &\leq 0 & orall \ w_{i-1} + x_i - w_i &\geq 0 & orall \ i &= 1, \dots, 12 \ w_{i-1} + x_i - w_i &\geq 0 & orall \ i &= 1, \dots, 12 \ t_i - d_i + w_{i-1} + x_i &\geq 0 & orall \ i &\geq 1, \dots, 12 \ w_i &\geq 0 & orall \ i &= 1, \dots, 12 \ w_i &\geq 0 & orall \ i &= 1, \dots, 12 \ x_i &\geq 0 & orall \ i &= 1, \dots, 12 \ \end{array}$$

3. Dual Feasibility:

$$\lambda_i \geq 0, \ \mu_i \geq 0, \ \eta_i \leq 0, \ \alpha_i \leq 0 \quad \forall i = 1, \ldots, 12$$

4. Complementarity Condition:

$$\lambda_i(x_i-r)=0 \quad orall i=1,\ldots,12 \ \mu_i(w_{i-1}+x_i-d_i-w_i)=0 \quad orall i=1,\ldots,12 \ \eta_i(w_{i-1}+x_i-w_i)=0 \quad orall i=1,\ldots,12 \ lpha_i(t_i-d_i+w_{i-1}+x_i)=0 \quad orall i=1,\ldots,12 \ x_i(2x_i+\lambda_i+\mu_i+\eta_i+lpha_i)=0 \quad orall i=1,\ldots,12 \ w_i(s-\mu_i-\eta_i+\mu_{i+1}+\eta_{i+1}+lpha_{i+1})=0 \quad orall i=1,\ldots,11 \ w_{12}(s-\mu_{12}-\eta_{12})=0 \ t_i(k+a_i)=0 \quad orall i=1,\ldots,12$$

Problem 5

Associate the constraints with Lagrange multipliers $\mu_1,\ \mu_2$, and construct the Lagrangian for this problem:

$$L(\mathbf{x}, \boldsymbol{\mu}) = 5x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3 + \mu_1(2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 - 4) + \mu_2(x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 - 7)$$

Therefore the KKT conditions are:

1. Main condition:

$$5 + 2\mu_1 + \mu_2 \ge 0$$
$$2 + 3\mu_1 + 2\mu_2 \ge 0$$
$$5 + \mu_1 + 3\mu_2 \ge 0$$

2. Primal Feasibility:

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 \ge 4$$

 $x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 \ge 7$
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$

3. Dual Feasibiliy:

$$\mu_1 \le 0, \; \mu_2 \le 0$$

4. Complementary Condition:

$$\mu_1(2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 - 4) = 0$$
 $\mu_2(x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 - 7) = 0$
 $x_1(5 + 2\mu_1 + \mu_2) = 0$
 $x_2(2 + 3\mu_1 + 2\mu_2) = 0$
 $x_3(5 + \mu_1 + 3\mu_2) = 0$