Data Collection

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

%matplotlib inline

import math

In [4]: td= pd.read_csv("Titanic.csv")
 td.head(10)

	td.head(10)													
Out[4]:		PassengerID	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	Sibsp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Em	
	0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN		
	1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85		
	2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN		
	3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123		
	4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.0500	NaN		
	5	6	0	3	Moran, Mr. James	male	NaN	0	0	330877	8.4583	NaN		
	6	7	0	1	McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J	male	54.0	0	0	17463	51.8625	E46		
	7	8	0	3	Palsson, Master. Gosta Leonard	male	2.0	3	1	349909	21.0750	NaN		
	8	9	1	3	Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg)	female	27.0	0	2	347742	11.1333	NaN		

```
Titanic Data Analysis - Flnal
                                                                                       Fare Cabin Em
                                                                             Ticket
            PassengerID Survived Pclass
                                           Name
                                                    Sex Age Sibsp Parch
                                          Nasser,
                                            Mrs.
        9
                    10
                                     2
                                         Nicholas
                                                 female
                                                         14.0
                                                                             237736 30.0708
                                                                                              NaN
                                           (Adele
                                          Achem)
         # No of passsengers on board Titanic
In [5]:
         print("# of passengers in original data:" +str(len(td.index)))
        # of passengers in original data:891
        Analyzing Data
         survived_count = td.groupby('Survived')['Survived'].count()
In [6]:
         survived count
        Survived
Out[6]:
              549
              342
        Name: Survived, dtype: int64
         td["Survived"].value_counts(normalize=True)
In [7]:
              0.616162
Out[7]:
              0.383838
        Name: Survived, dtype: float64
         sns.countplot(x="Survived", data=td)
In [8]:
Out[8]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Survived', ylabel='count'>
           500
           400
           300
           200
           100
```

```
td.groupby('Pclass')['Pclass'].count()
In [9]:
        Pclass
Out[9]:
```

Survived

i

216 1 2 184 0

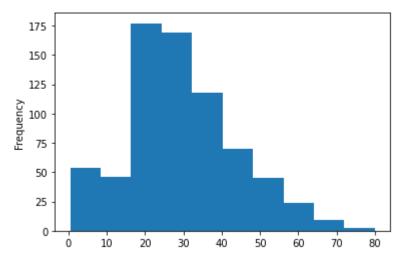
```
Titanic Data Analysis - Flnal
               491
          Name: Pclass, dtype: int64
           td["Survived"].groupby(td["Pclass"]).mean()
In [10]:
          Pclass
Out[10]:
               0.629630
          2
               0.472826
          3
               0.242363
          Name: Survived, dtype: float64
           sns.countplot(x="Survived", hue="Pclass", data=td)
In [11]:
Out[11]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Survived', ylabel='count'>
                                                             Pclass
             350
                                                                 2
             300
             250
            200
            150
            100
              50
               0
                             Ó
                                                      i
                                       Survived
           sns.countplot(x="Sex", hue="Pclass", data=td)
In [12]:
Out[12]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Sex', ylabel='count'>
             350
                                                             Pclass
             300
                                                                 2
             250
            200
            150
            100
              50
               0
                           male
                                                    female
                                         Sex
           td.groupby('Sex')['Sex'].count()
In [80]:
          Sex
Out[80]:
          female
                     314
          male
                     577
```

td.groupby('Sex')['Survived'].sum()

Name: Sex, dtype: int64

In [81]:

```
Sex
Out[81]:
          female
                    233
          male
                    109
          Name: Survived, dtype: int64
           td["Survived"].groupby(td["Sex"]).mean()
In [82]:
         Sex
Out[82]:
          female
                    0.742038
          male
                    0.188908
          Name: Survived, dtype: float64
           sns.countplot(x="Survived", hue="Sex", data=td)
In [83]:
Out[83]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Survived', ylabel='count'>
                                                          Sex
                                                          male
            400
                                                           female
            300
            200
            100
                                     Survived
In [84]:
           td.groupby('Age')['Age'].count()
Out[84]:
         Age
          0.42
                   1
          0.67
                   1
          0.75
                   2
          0.83
                   2
          0.92
                   1
          70.00
                   2
          70.50
                   1
          71.00
                   2
          74.00
                   1
          80.00
                   1
          Name: Age, Length: 88, dtype: int64
In [85]:
          td["Age"].plot.hist()
Out[85]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Frequency'>
```



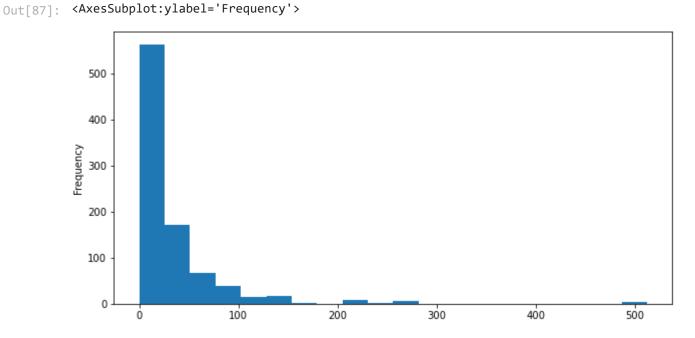
```
In [86]: td.groupby('Fare')['Fare'].count()
```

```
Fare
Out[86]:
          0.0000
                       15
          4.0125
                        1
          5.0000
                        1
          6.2375
                        1
          6.4375
          227.5250
                        4
                        2
          247.5208
          262.3750
                        2
          263.0000
          512.3292
          Name: Fare, Length: 248, dtype: int64
```

Name: Fare, Lengen. 240, acype: 111004

td["Fare"].plot.hist(bins=20, figsize=(10,5))

In [87]:



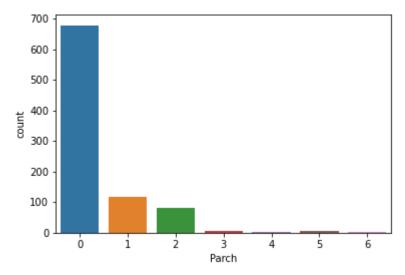
```
In [88]: td.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890
Data columns (total 13 columns):
Column Non-Null Count Dtype

```
0
               PassengerID
                             891 non-null
                                              int64
           1
               Survived
                             891 non-null
                                              int64
           2
               Pclass
                             891 non-null
                                              int64
                             891 non-null
           3
               Name
                                              object
           4
                                              object
                             891 non-null
               Sex
           5
                             714 non-null
                                              float64
               Age
           6
               Sibsp
                             891 non-null
                                              int64
           7
                                              int64
               Parch
                             891 non-null
                                              object
           8
               Ticket
                             891 non-null
           9
                                              float64
               Fare
                             891 non-null
           10
               Cabin
                             204 non-null
                                              object
           11
               Embarked
                             889 non-null
                                              object
                                              float64
               Unnamed: 12 0 non-null
           12
          dtypes: float64(3), int64(5), object(5)
          memory usage: 90.6+ KB
           td.groupby('Sibsp')['Sibsp'].count()
In [89]:
Out[89]:
          Sibsp
          0
               608
               209
          1
          2
                28
          3
                16
                18
          4
          5
                 5
                 7
          Name: Sibsp, dtype: int64
           sns.countplot(x="Sibsp", data=td)
In [90]:
Out[90]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Sibsp', ylabel='count'>
            600
            500
            400
            300
            200
            100
                          i
                                         ż
                                       Sibsp
           td.groupby('Parch')['Parch'].count()
In [91]:
Out[91]:
          Parch
               678
          0
          1
               118
          2
                80
          3
                 5
          4
                 4
          5
                 5
                 1
          Name: Parch, dtype: int64
```

sns.countplot(x="Parch", data=td)





Data Wrangling

In [93]:

Out[93]:		PassengerID	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	Sibsp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
	0	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	True	False
	1	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
	2	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	True	False
	3	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
	4	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	True	False
	•••												
	886	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	True	False
	887	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
	888	False	False	False	False	False	True	False	False	False	False	True	False
	889	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
	890	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	True	False

891 rows × 13 columns

```
In [94]: #Processing missing data and duplicates
    print('\nNull Values in td \n{}'.format(td.isnull().sum()))
    print('\nDuplicated values in td {}'.format(td.duplicated().sum()))

Null Values in td
PassengerID     0
Survived     0
```

```
Pclass
                  0
Name
                  0
Sex
                  0
Age
                177
Sibsp
                  0
Parch
                  0
                  0
Ticket
Fare
                  0
Cabin
                687
Embarked
Unnamed: 12
                891
dtype: int64
```

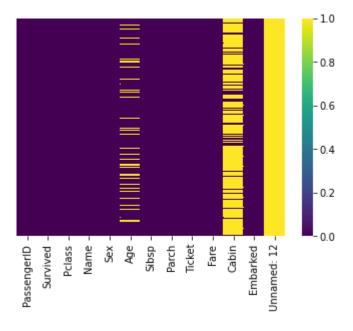
Duplicated values in td 0

```
# Filling Embarked
In [95]:
          print('Embarkation per ports \n{}'.format(td['Embarked'].value_counts()))
          # since the most common port is Southampton the chances are that the missing one is fro
          td['Embarked'].fillna(value='S', inplace=True)
          print('Embarkation per ports after filling \n{}'.format(td['Embarked'].value_counts()))
         Embarkation per ports
              644
         S
         C
              168
               77
         Name: Embarked, dtype: int64
         Embarkation per ports after filling
         C
              168
               77
         Q
         Name: Embarked, dtype: int64
```

sns.heatmap(td.isnull(), yticklabels=False, cmap="viridis")

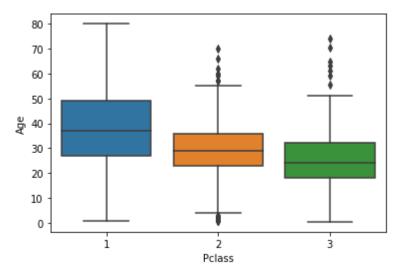
Out[96]: <AxesSubplot:>

In [96]:



```
In [97]: sns.boxplot(x="Pclass", y="Age", data=td)
```

Out[97]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Pclass', ylabel='Age'>



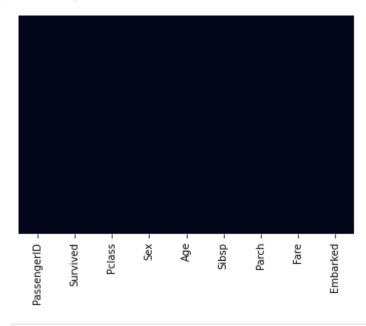
td.head(5) In [98]: Out[98]: PassengerID Survived Pclass Name Sex Age Sibsp Parch **Ticket** Fare Cabin Em Braund, A/5 0 1 0 3 Mr. Owen male 22.0 1 7.2500 NaN 21171 Harris Cumings, Mrs. John **Bradley** 2 PC 17599 71.2833 C85 1 1 female 38.0 (Florence Briggs Th... Heikkinen, STON/O2. 2 3 1 3 Miss. female 26.0 0 7.9250 NaN 3101282 Laina Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques 3 4 1 female 35.0 1 0 113803 53.1000 C123 Heath (Lily May Peel) Allen, Mr. 5 0 3 William male 35.0 0 0 373450 8.0500 NaN Henry In [99]: #Drop features which are not important the model, name, cabin, ticket, unnamed: 12 td = td.drop(["Name", "Cabin", "Ticket", "Unnamed: 12"], axis=1) td.head(5) In [100... Out[100... PassengerID Survived Pclass **Embarked** Age Sibsp **Parch** Sex Fare S 0 0 3 male 22.0 0 7.2500

	PassengerID	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	Sibsp	Parch	Fare	Embarked
1	2	1	1	female	38.0	1	0	71.2833	С
2	3	1	3	female	26.0	0	0	7.9250	S
3	4	1	1	female	35.0	1	0	53.1000	S
4	5	0	3	male	35.0	0	0	8.0500	S

```
In [101... td.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [102... sns.heatmap(td.isnull(), yticklabels=False, cbar=False)
```

Out[102... <AxesSubplot:>



```
In [103... td.isnull().sum()
```

Out[103... PassengerID 0 Survived 0 Pclass 0 Sex 0 Age 0 Sibsp 0 Parch Pare 0 Embarked dtype: int64

In [104... sex=pd.get_dummies(td["Sex"],drop_first=True)
 sex.head()

```
Out[104... male

0 1
1 0
2 0
3 0
```

male

```
1
           embark=pd.get_dummies(td["Embarked"],drop_first=True)
In [105...
           embark.head()
             Q S
Out[105...
             0 1
          0
             0 0
             0
               1
               1
             0 1
           Pcl=pd.get_dummies(td["Pclass"],drop_first=True)
In [106...
           Pcl.head()
             2 3
Out[106...
             0 1
             0 0
             0 0
            0 1
           td=pd.concat([td, sex,embark,Pcl], axis=1)
In [107...
           td.head(5)
In [108...
Out[108...
             PassengerID Survived Pclass
                                            Sex
                                                Age
                                                      Sibsp
                                                            Parch
                                                                      Fare
                                                                           Embarked
                                                                                     male
                                                                                           Q S 2 3
          0
                      1
                                0
                                       3
                                           male
                                                 22.0
                                                          1
                                                                0
                                                                    7.2500
                                                                                   S
                                                                                              1 0 1
                                                                                            0
          1
                      2
                                1
                                                 38.0
                                                          1
                                                                   71.2833
                                                                                   C
                                                                                            0 0 0 0
                                       1
                                         female
                                                                                   S
          2
                      3
                                       3
                                         female
                                                 26.0
                                                                    7.9250
                                                                                            0
                                                                                               1 0 1
          3
                      4
                                       1
                                         female
                                                 35.0
                                                                   53.1000
                                                                                   S
                                                                                            0
                                                                                               1 0 0
                      5
                                       3
                                           male
                                                 35.0
                                                                    8.0500
                                                                                   S
                                                                                            0 1 0 1
           #Drop features which are not important the model: PassengerID, Pclass, Sex, Embarked
In [109...
           td = td.drop(["PassengerID", "Pclass", "Sex", "Embarked"], axis=1)
           td.head(5)
In [110...
Out[110...
             Survived Age Sibsp Parch
                                           Fare male Q S 2 3
```

	Survived	Age	Sibsp	Parch	Fare	male	Q	S	2	3
0	0	22.0	1	0	7.2500	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	38.0	1	0	71.2833	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	26.0	0	0	7.9250	0	0	1	0	1
3	1	35.0	1	0	53.1000	0	0	1	0	0
4	0	35.0	0	0	8.0500	1	0	1	0	1

Train & Test Data using Logistic Regression

```
In [111...
          # Import libraries required
          from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
          from sklearn.model selection import train test split
In [112...
          # 1) Separate the data into independent and dependent variables
          x= td.drop("Survived", axis=1)
          y= td["Survived"]
In [113...
          # 2) Train test split
          x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.2, random_state
In [114...
          # Train the model
          log_reg = LogisticRegression()
          log reg.fit(x train, y train)
         C:\Users\Rose Yong\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear model\ logistic.py:762: Co
         nvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
         STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
         Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as shown in:
             https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
         Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
             https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regression
           n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
Out[114... LogisticRegression()
In [115...
          # Predict the model
          predictions = log_reg.predict(x_test)
In [116...
          from sklearn.metrics import classification report
          # Evaluate the accuracy of the model
In [117...
          classification_report(y_test,predictions)
          print(classification_report(y_test,predictions))
                                     recall f1-score
                        precision
                                                        support
                             0.80
                                       0.87
                                                 0.83
                                                              86
                             0.78
                                       0.67
                                                 0.72
                                                              57
```

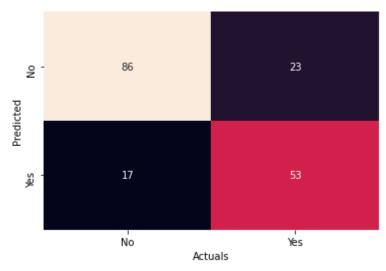
```
accuracy 0.79 143
macro avg 0.79 0.77 0.78 143
weighted avg 0.79 0.79 0.79 143
```

```
In [120...
          from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
          # Confusion Matrix
In [121...
          conf_mat = confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions)
          print("Confusion Matrix = \n", str(conf_mat))
         Confusion Matrix =
           [[75 11]
           [19 38]]
In [122...
          import seaborn as sns
          sns.heatmap(conf_mat, annot=True)
Out[122... <AxesSubplot:>
                                                       - 70
                                                       - 60
                     75
                                        11
          0 -
                                                       - 50
                                                        40
                                                       - 30
                     19
                                        38
                     0
                                         1
          # import the libraries
In [123...
          from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
In [124...
          # Accuracy
          test_acc = accuracy_score(y_test, predictions)
          print("Testing Accuracy = ", str(test_acc))
          print("Testing Accuracy = {}".format(test_acc))
         Testing Accuracy = 0.7902097902097902
         Testing Accuracy = 0.7902097902097902
         Train & Test Data using Random Forest
          from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
In [120...
          from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
          from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
          from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix , classification_report
          # Split the Data
In [121...
```

x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.25, random_stat

```
# Initialize and train the machine learning model
In [123...
          rf classifier = RandomForestClassifier()
          rf_classifier.fit(x_train, y_train)
Out[123... RandomForestClassifier()
In [124...
          # Hyperparameter tuning using K-fold cross validation
          # ... via Grid Search method
          from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
          param_grid = {'criterion': ['gini', 'entropy'],
                         'max_depth': range(1,10),
                         'min_samples_split': range(1, 10),
                         'min_samples_leaf': range(1, 5)}
          gs rf = GridSearchCV(clf,
                                 param grid,
                                 cv=5,
                                 scoring='f1_macro',
                                 n_{jobs=-1}
          gs_rf.fit(x_train, y_train)
Out[124... GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42), n_jobs=-1,
                       param_grid={'criterion': ['gini', 'entropy'],
                                    'max depth': range(1, 10),
                                    'min_samples_leaf': range(1, 5),
                                    'min_samples_split': range(1, 10)},
                       scoring='f1_macro')
In [125...
          # These are the best parameters for the decision tree classifier
          gs rf.best estimator
Out[125... DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=9, min_samples_leaf=4, min_samples_split=9,
                                 random state=42)
          # Training the final model using the best parameters from above fine-tuning
In [126...
           classifier = gs rf.best estimator
          classifier.fit(x_train, y_train)
Out[126... DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=9, min_samples_leaf=4, min_samples_split=9,
                                 random state=42)
In [129...
          # Predict the model
          y pred = rf classifier.predict(x test)
In [130...
          # Classification Report
          print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
                        precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                         support
                     0
                             0.79
                                       0.83
                                                  0.81
                                                             103
                             0.76
                                       0.70
                                                  0.73
                                                              76
                                                  0.78
                                                             179
              accuracy
             macro avg
                             0.77
                                       0.77
                                                  0.77
                                                             179
                                                  0.78
         weighted avg
                             0.78
                                       0.78
                                                             179
```

```
Out[131... Text(33.0, 0.5, 'Predicted')
```



```
In [132... # import the libraries
    from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

In [133... # Accuracy
    test_acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
    print("Testing Accuracy = ", str(test_acc))
    print("Testing Accuracy = {}".format(test_acc))

Testing Accuracy = 0.776536312849162
Testing Accuracy = 0.776536312849162
```

Train & Test Data using Decision Tree

```
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
          param_grid = {'criterion': ['gini', 'entropy'],
                         'max depth': range(1,10),
                         'min_samples_split': range(1, 10),
                         'min samples leaf': range(1, 5)}
          gs clf = GridSearchCV(clf,
                                 param grid,
                                 cv=5,
                                 scoring='f1 macro',
                                 n jobs=-1
          gs clf.fit(x train, y train)
Out[70]: GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42), n_jobs=-1,
                       param_grid={'criterion': ['gini', 'entropy'],
                                   'max_depth': range(1, 10),
                                   'min_samples_leaf': range(1, 5),
                                   'min_samples_split': range(1, 10)},
                       scoring='f1_macro')
          # These are the best parameters for the decision tree classifier
In [71]:
          gs_clf.best_estimator_
Out[71]: DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=5, min_samples_split=5, random_state=42)
          # Training the final model using the best parameters from above fine-tuning
In [73]:
          classifier = gs_clf.best_estimator_
          classifier.fit(x train, y train)
Out[73]: DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=5, min_samples_split=5, random_state=42)
          # Kept aside some data to test - X test
In [75]:
          y pred = classifier.predict(x test)
In [76]:
          from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
          # Classification Report
          print("Classification report:")
          print()
          print(classification report(y test, y pred, target names=['0','1']))
          print()
         Classification report:
                        precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                        support
                             0.77
                                       0.94
                                                 0.85
                                                             85
                     1
                             0.87
                                       0.59
                                                 0.70
                                                             58
             accuracy
                                                 0.80
                                                            143
                             0.82
                                       0.76
                                                 0.77
                                                            143
            macro avg
         weighted avg
                             0.81
                                       0.80
                                                 0.79
                                                            143
```

```
localhost:8888/nbconvert/html/Titanic Data Analysis - Flnal.ipynb?download=false
```

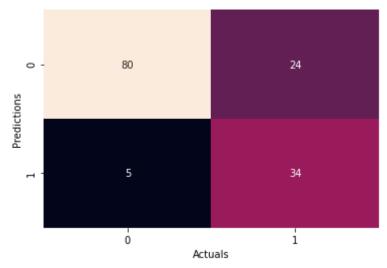
Confusion Matrix

In [77]:

```
conf_mat = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

import seaborn as sns
sns.heatmap(conf_mat.T, annot=True, cbar=False)
plt.xlabel("Actuals")
plt.ylabel("Predictions")
```

Out[77]: Text(33.0, 0.5, 'Predictions')



```
In [78]: # import the libraries
    from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

In [79]: # Accuracy
    test_acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)

    print("Testing Accuracy = ", str(test_acc))
    print("Testing Accuracy = {}".format(test_acc))

    Testing Accuracy = 0.7972027972027972
    Testing Accuracy = 0.7972027972027972
In []:
```