Probability Model For An Ordered Probit Regression Model

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1 Ordered Probit Regression Model

The ordered probit regression is a regression model for ordinal dependent variables. Assume the observable dependent variable is y, which is a function of another unobserved, continuous latent variable y^* in the ordered probit model described as below.

$$y = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } y^* \le c_1, \\ 2, & \text{if } c_1 < y^* \le c_2, \\ \vdots & \\ K, & \text{if } c_{K-1} < y^* \end{cases}$$

And

$$y^* = X\beta + \epsilon$$
$$\epsilon \sim \text{Normal}(0, 1)$$

where $y_n \in \{1, ..., K\}$, n = 1, ..., N; $y^* \in \mathbb{R}^N$; $X \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times P}$ is the predictor matrix, where N is the number of observations, and P is the number of predictors; $\beta \in \mathbb{R}^P$ is the coefficient vector; and $c \in \mathbb{R}^{K-1}$ is a sequence of cutpoints sorted so that $c_k < c_{k+1}$.

Therefore,

$$y^* | \beta \sim \text{Normal}(X\beta, 1)$$

$$\Pr(y_n^* \le c_k) = \Phi\left(c_k - \sum_{p=1}^P X_{n,p}\beta_p\right), \ n = 1, \dots, N$$

where

$$\Phi(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} exp\left(-\frac{y^2}{2}\right) dy \tag{1}$$

Assuming $c_0 = -\infty$, $c_K = \infty$, $\Phi(-\infty) = 0$, and $\Phi(\infty) = 1$, the probability of y_n is therefore computed as

$$\Pr(y_n = k) = \Pr(c_{k-1} < y_n^* \le c_k)$$

$$= \Pr(y_n^* \le c_k) - \Pr(y_n^* \le c_{k-1})$$

$$= \Phi\left(c_k - \sum_{p=1}^P X_{n,p}\beta_p\right) - \Phi\left(c_{k-1} - \sum_{p=1}^P X_{n,p}\beta_p\right)$$

where $n = 1, \ldots, N$, and $k = 1, \ldots, K$.

2 Probability Model

c and β are parameters in the ordered probit model. Stan allows us to use improper priors if we don't have any prior knowledge about the parameters. We can therefore start with a simple model by assuming improper priors for c and β .

$$c_k \sim \text{Uniform}(-\infty, \infty), \ c_k \leq c_{k+1}$$

 $\beta_p \sim \text{Uniform}(-\infty, \infty)$
 $k = 1, \dots, K-1, \ p = 1, \dots, P$

Putting it all together, the probability model for the ordered probit regression model is:

$$y_n \sim \text{Categorical}(\mathbf{p}_n)$$

$$\mathbf{p}_n = (p_{n1}, \dots, p_{nK})$$

$$p_{nk} = \Phi\left(c_k - \sum_{p=1}^P X_{n,p}\beta_p\right) - \Phi\left(c_{k-1} - \sum_{p=1}^P X_{n,p}\beta_p\right)$$

$$\beta_p \sim \text{Uniform}(-\infty, \infty)$$

$$c_k \sim \text{Uniform}(-\infty, \infty), \ k = 1, \dots, K - 1$$

$$c_0 = -\infty, \ c_K = \infty$$

$$c_k < c_{k+1}, \ k = 1, \dots, K - 1$$