Problem statement

It is a business critical requirement to understand the value derived from a customer. RFM is a method used for analyzing customer value. Perform customer segmentation using RFM analysis. The resulting segments can be ordered from most valuable (highest recency, frequency, and value) to least valuable (lowest recency, frequency, and value). Identifying the most valuable RFM segments can capitalize on chance relationships in the data used for this analysis.

Data Description:

InvoiceNo: Invoice number. Nominal, a 6-digit integral number uniquely assigned to each transaction. If this code starts with letter 'c', it indicates a cancellation.

StockCode: Product (item) code. Nominal, a 5-digit integral number uniquely assigned to each distinct product.

Description: Product (item) name. Nominal.

Quantity: The quantities of each product (item) per transaction. Numeric.

InvoiceDate: Invoice Date and time. Numeric, the day and time when each transaction was generated.

UnitPrice: Unit price. Numeric, Product price per unit in sterling.

CustomerID: Customer number. Nominal, a 5-digit integral number uniquely assigned to each customer.

Country: Country name. Nominal, the name of the country where each customer resides.

This is a transnational data set which contains all the transactions occurring between 01/12/2010 and 09/12/2011 for a UK-based and registered non-store online retail. The company mainly sells unique all-occasion gifts. Many customers of the company are wholesalers.

More about RFM analysis:

RFM stands for Recency, Frequency, Monetary value. This concept is basically used to divide the customers into different segmenets, like high-value customer, medium value custoemr or low-value customers and similarly others.

Steps to follow:

- 1. Data collection and importation
- 2. Data cleaning and pre-processing
- 3. Cohort analysis
- 4. Model development- RFM Model

1. Data collection and importation

```
# import necessary libaries
In [1]:
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         # Load the dataset
In [2]:
         data=pd.read excel("Online Retail.xlsx")
         data.head()
            InvoiceNo StockCode
                                                             InvoiceDate UnitPrice CustomerID
Out[2]:
                                      Description Quantity
                                                                                                  Country
                                           WHITE
                                        HANGING
                                                              2010-12-01
                                                                                                    United
         0
               536365
                           85123A
                                                         6
                                                                               2.55
                                                                                        17850.0
                                    HEART T-LIGHT
                                                                 08:26:00
                                                                                                  Kingdom
                                          HOLDER
                                                                                                    United
                                     WHITE METAL
                                                              2010-12-01
         1
               536365
                            71053
                                                         6
                                                                               3.39
                                                                                        17850.0
                                                                                                  Kingdom
                                         LANTERN
                                                                 08:26:00
                                     CREAM CUPID
                                                              2010-12-01
                                                                                                   United
         2
                           84406B
                                     HEARTS COAT
                                                         8
                                                                               2.75
                                                                                        17850.0
               536365
                                                                 08:26:00
                                                                                                  Kingdom
                                         HANGER
                                          KNITTED
                                      UNION FLAG
                                                              2010-12-01
                                                                                                    United
         3
                                                         6
               536365
                           84029G
                                                                               3.39
                                                                                        17850.0
                                       HOT WATER
                                                                 08:26:00
                                                                                                  Kingdom
                                           BOTTLE
                                     RED WOOLLY
                                                              2010-12-01
                                                                                                    United
         4
                                    HOTTIE WHITE
                                                         6
                                                                               3.39
                                                                                        17850.0
               536365
                           84029E
                                                                 08:26:00
                                                                                                  Kingdom
                                           HEART.
In [3]:
         data.shape
         (541909, 8)
Out[3]:
```

There are 8 features and 5,41,909 data.

2. Data Cleaning and Pre-processing

```
In [4]: # checking for the null and duplicate values
data.isna().sum()
```

```
0
        InvoiceNo
Out[4]:
                             0
        StockCode
                          1454
        Description
                             0
        Quantity
         InvoiceDate
        UnitPrice
                             0
        CustomerID
                        135080
        Country
        dtype: int64
```

For the description feature and customer ID there are only few missing values so deleting the null values in description feature and since customerID are the unique id given to each customer so there is no way we can impute the customer ID manually so dropping the null values in both features.

```
data=data.dropna()
In [5]:
         data.isna().sum()
         InvoiceNo
Out[5]:
         StockCode
                          0
         Description
                          0
         Quantity
                          0
         InvoiceDate
                          0
         UnitPrice
                          0
         CustomerID
                          0
                          0
         Country
         dtype: int64
         data.shape
In [6]:
         (406829, 8)
Out[6]:
         # data.to_csv('Retail_data.csv')
In [7]:
         # descriptive analysis
In [8]:
         data.describe()
Out[8]:
                                   UnitPrice
                                               CustomerID
                     Quantity
         count 406829.000000
                              406829.000000
                                             406829.000000
                    12.061303
                                   3.460471
                                              15287.690570
         mean
            std
                   248.693370
                                   69.315162
                                               1713.600303
                -80995.000000
           min
                                   0.000000
                                              12346.000000
          25%
                     2.000000
                                   1.250000
                                              13953.000000
          50%
                     5.000000
                                    1.950000
                                              15152.000000
```

16791.000000

18287.000000

3. Cohort analysis

12.000000

80995.000000

3.750000

38970.000000

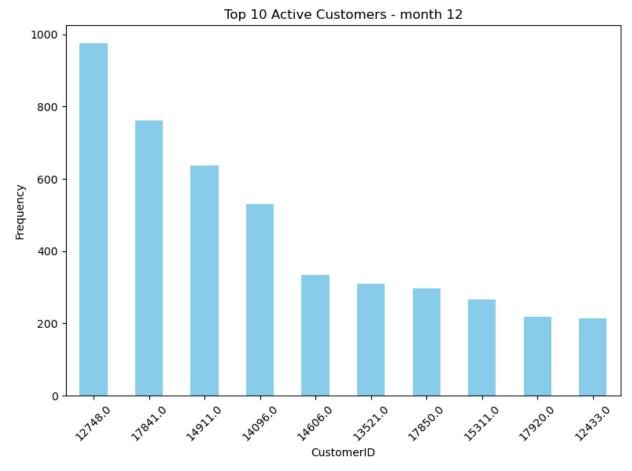
75%

max

```
In [9]:
          data.columns
          Index(['InvoiceNo', 'StockCode', 'Description', 'Quantity', 'InvoiceDate',
 Out[9]:
                  'UnitPrice', 'CustomerID', 'Country'],
                dtype='object')
          data.info()
In [10]:
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          Int64Index: 406829 entries, 0 to 541908
          Data columns (total 8 columns):
           #
               Column
                             Non-Null Count
                                               Dtype
               _ _ _ _ _
                             _____
           0
               InvoiceNo
                             406829 non-null object
           1
               StockCode
                             406829 non-null object
           2
               Description 406829 non-null object
           3
                             406829 non-null
                                               int64
               Quantity
           4
               InvoiceDate 406829 non-null datetime64[ns]
           5
               UnitPrice
                             406829 non-null float64
           6
               CustomerID
                             406829 non-null float64
           7
                             406829 non-null object
               Country
          dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(2), int64(1), object(4)
          memory usage: 27.9+ MB
          # creating a cohort of months
In [11]:
          # extracting months from the Invoice date and assigning new feature called month
          data['Month']=data['InvoiceDate'].dt.month
In [12]:
          data.head()
             InvoiceNo StockCode Description Quantity InvoiceDate UnitPrice CustomerID
Out[12]:
                                                                                        Country Month
                                      WHITE
                                    HANGING
                                                        2010-12-01
                                                                                          United
          0
                          85123A
                                    HEART T-
                                                    6
                                                                       2.55
                                                                                17850.0
                                                                                                     12
                536365
                                                          08:26:00
                                                                                        Kingdom
                                       LIGHT
                                     HOLDER
                                      WHITE
                                                        2010-12-01
                                                                                          United
          1
                                                                                                     12
                           71053
                                                    6
                                                                       3.39
                                                                                17850.0
                536365
                                      METAL
                                                                                        Kingdom
                                                          08:26:00
                                    LANTERN
                                      CREAM
                                       CUPID
                                                        2010-12-01
                                                                                          United
          2
                536365
                          84406B
                                                                       2.75
                                                                                17850.0
                                                                                                     12
                                     HEARTS
                                                          08:26:00
                                                                                        Kingdom
                                       COAT
                                     HANGER
                                     KNITTED
                                      UNION
                                                        2010-12-01
                                                                                          United
                                                                                17850.0
          3
                                                                                                     12
                536365
                          84029G
                                    FLAG HOT
                                                    6
                                                                       3.39
                                                          08:26:00
                                                                                        Kingdom
                                      WATER
                                      BOTTLE
                                         RED
                                     WOOLLY
                                                        2010-12-01
                                                                                          United
          4
                536365
                           84029E
                                      HOTTIE
                                                                       3.39
                                                                                17850.0
                                                                                                     12
                                                          08:26:00
                                                                                        Kingdom
                                      WHITE
                                      HEART.
```

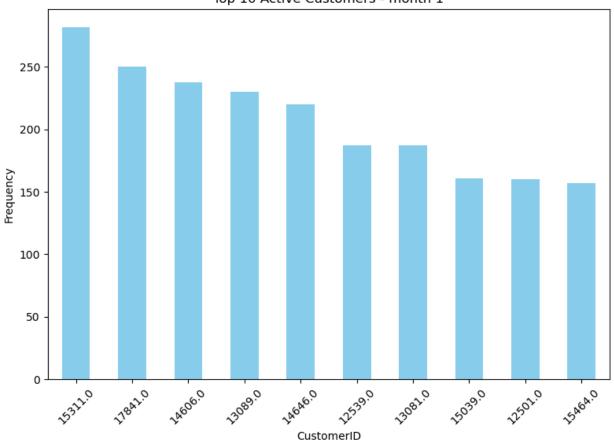
```
month groupby=data.groupby('Month')
In [13]:
In [14]:
         for month in data['Month'].unique():
             print(f"Month: {month}")
             get_data = month_groupby.get_group(month)
             print(f"Total customers for month {month} are: {len(get_data['CustomerID'].value_cou
             # Plotting for each month
             plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6)) # Adjust the figure size as needed
             get_data['CustomerID'].value_counts().head(10).plot(kind='bar', color='skyblue')
             plt.title(f"Top 10 Active Customers - month {month}")
             plt.xlabel('CustomerID')
             plt.ylabel('Frequency')
             plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotating x-axis labels for better readability
             plt.tight_layout() # Adjust layout to prevent overlapping labels
             plt.show()
```

Month: 12 Total customers for month 12 are: 1374



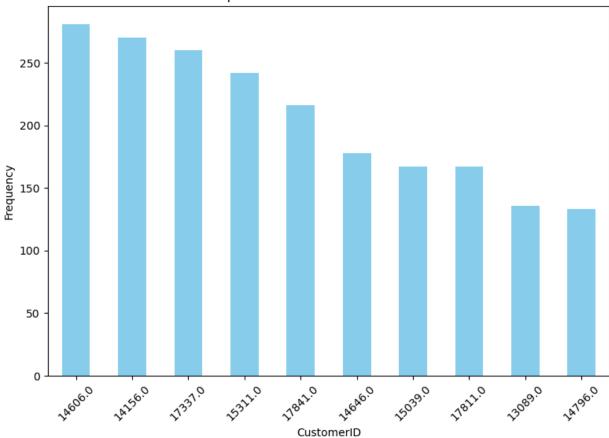
Month: 1
Total customers for month 1 are: 783

Top 10 Active Customers - month 1



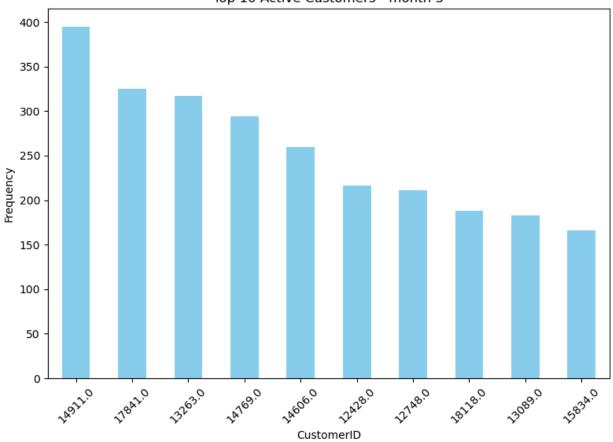
Month: 2 Total customers for month 2 are: 798

Top 10 Active Customers - month 2



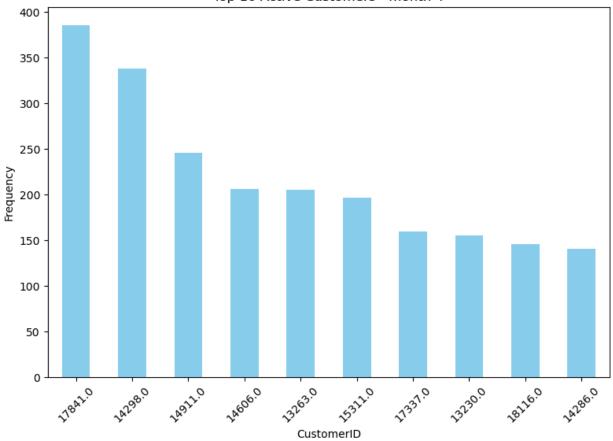
Month: 3
Total customers for month 3 are: 1020

Top 10 Active Customers - month 3



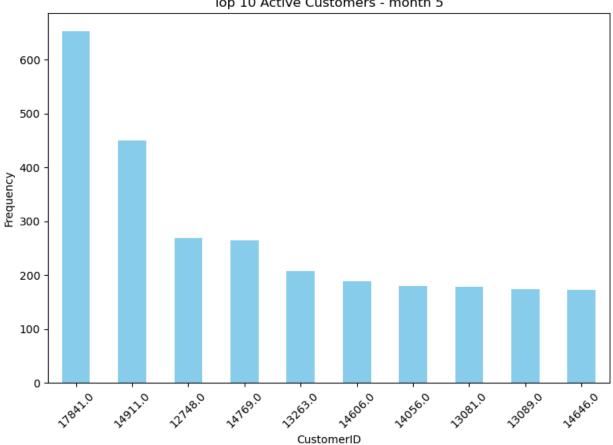
Month: 4
Total customers for month 4 are: 899

Top 10 Active Customers - month 4



Month: 5 Total customers for month 5 are: 1079

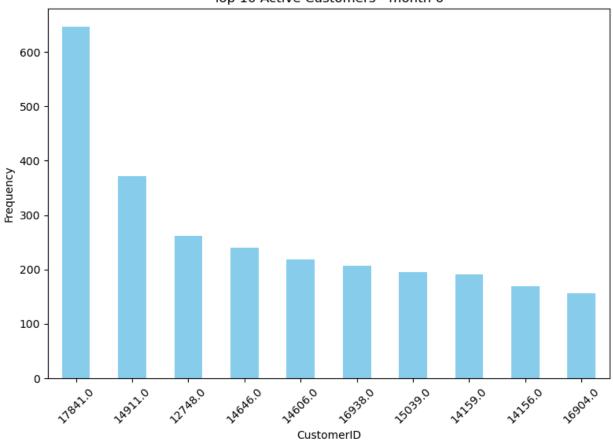
Top 10 Active Customers - month 5



Month: 6

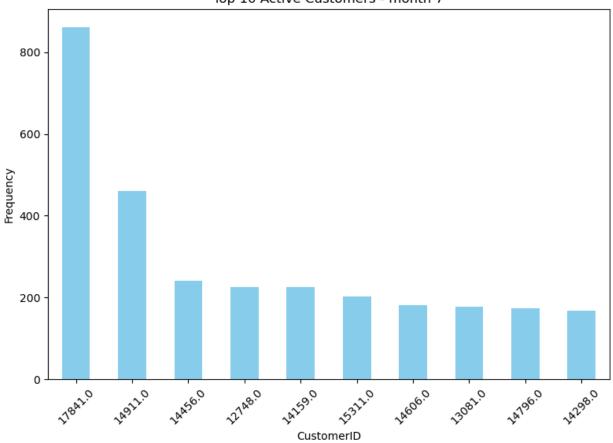
Total customers for month 6 are: 1051

Top 10 Active Customers - month 6

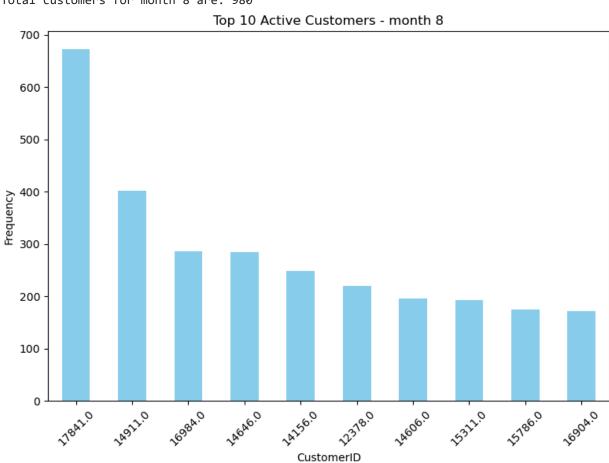


Month: 7
Total customers for month 7 are: 993

Top 10 Active Customers - month 7



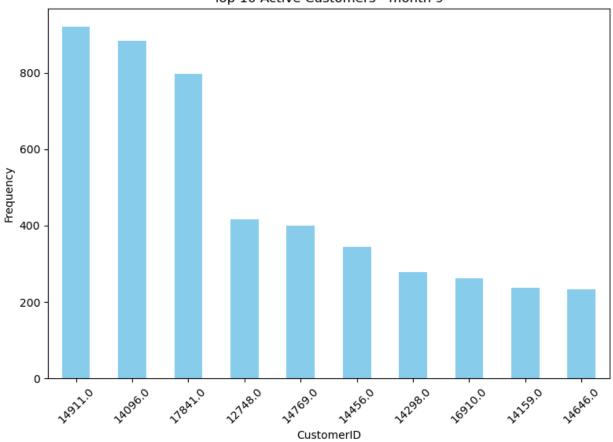
Month: 8
Total customers for month 8 are: 980



Month: 9

Total customers for month 9 are: 1302

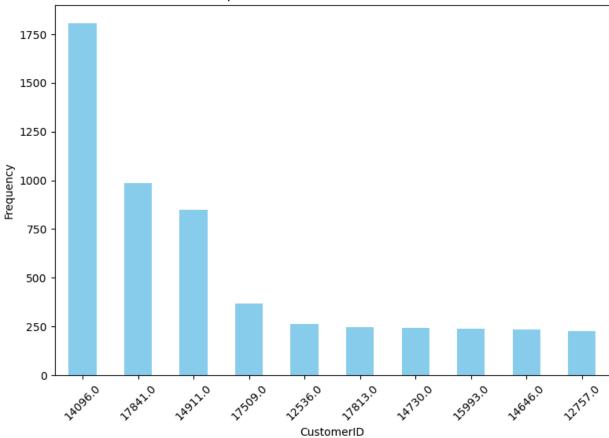
Top 10 Active Customers - month 9



Month: 10

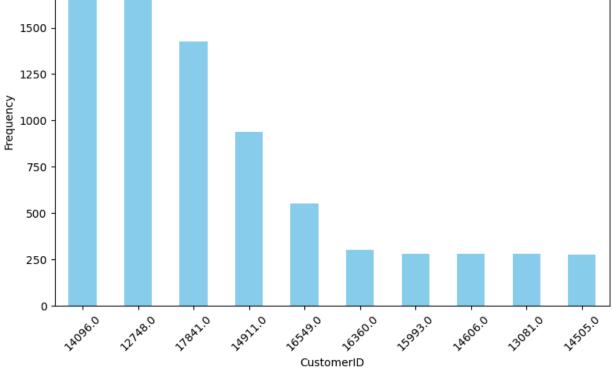
Total customers for month 10 are: 1425

Top 10 Active Customers - month 10



Month: 11 Total customers for month 11 are: 1711

Top 10 Active Customers - month 11



Retention rate calculation by month

Since the data is from 01/12/2010 - 09/12/2011 Retention Rate will be calculated based on the number of active customer which were present in the month of 01/12/2010 and how many were there are in 01/11/2011.



```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         Int64Index: 406829 entries, 0 to 541908
         Data columns (total 10 columns):
             Column
                         Non-Null Count Dtype
          #
         ---
             ____
                         -----
          0
             InvoiceNo 406829 non-null object
             StockCode 406829 non-null object
          1
          2
             Description 406829 non-null object
             Quantity 406829 non-null int64
             InvoiceDate 406829 non-null datetime64[ns]
          4
             UnitPrice 406829 non-null float64
          6
             CustomerID 406829 non-null float64
             Country 406829 non-null object
          7
          8
                         406829 non-null int64
             Month
             Date
                          406829 non-null object
         dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(2), int64(2), object(5)
         memory usage: 34.1+ MB
         # convert date into datetime format
In [19]:
         data copy['Date']=pd.to datetime(data copy['Date'])
         # Counting the total customers who were present at the beginning of the sales month in t
In [20]:
         customer_at_start = data_copy.loc[(data_copy['Date'] >= '2010-12-01') & (data_copy['Date']
         # for the customer count for the end I am going to count the customer who are active in
         customer_at_end=data_copy.loc[(data_copy['Date'] >= '2011-11-01') & (data_copy['Date'] 
In [21]:
         customer at start, customer at end
         (948, 1954)
Out[21]:
In [22]:
         # calculating the retention rate
         new customer acquired=customer at end-customer at start
         retention_rate=((customer_at_end - new_customer_acquired)/customer_at_start)*100
         # print the retention rate
         print(f"The retention rate for the whole period is:{retention_rate:.2f}%")
```

The retention rate for the whole period is:100.00%

It was impressive that the retention rate was 100% which means that there is 0% churn rate.

4. Model development

For RFM analysis first step is to calculate the Recency, then Frequency and Monetary.

Recency: How recently has the customer made a transaction

Frequency: How frequent is the customer in ordering/buying some product

Monetary: How much does the customer spend on purchasing products.

```
In [23]: data_copy.head()
```

Out[23]:		InvoiceNo	StockCode	Description	Quantity	InvoiceDate	UnitPrice	CustomerID	Country	Month
	0	536365	85123A	WHITE HANGING HEART T- LIGHT HOLDER	6	2010-12-01 08:26:00	2.55	17850.0	United Kingdom	12
	1	536365	71053	WHITE METAL LANTERN	6	2010-12-01 08:26:00	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom	12
	2	536365	84406B	CREAM CUPID HEARTS COAT HANGER	8	2010-12-01 08:26:00	2.75	17850.0	United Kingdom	12
	3	536365	84029G	KNITTED UNION FLAG HOT WATER BOTTLE	6	2010-12-01 08:26:00	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom	12
	4	536365	84029E	RED WOOLLY HOTTIE WHITE HEART.	6	2010-12-01 08:26:00	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom	12
4										•
In []:										
In []:										

calculating the recency

```
In [24]: df_recency=data_copy.groupby(by='CustomerID', as_index=False)['Date'].max()

df_recency.columns=['CustomerID','LastPurchaseDate']
    recent_date=df_recency['LastPurchaseDate'].max()

df_recency['Recency']=df_recency['LastPurchaseDate'].apply(lambda x:(recent_date - x).da
    df_recency.head()
```

Out[24]:		CustomerID	LastPurchaseDate	Recency
	0	12346.0	2011-01-18	325
	1	12347.0	2011-12-07	2
	2	12348.0	2011-09-25	75
	3	12349.0	2011-11-21	18
	4	12350.0	2011-02-02	310

calculating Frequency

```
frequency df = data copy.drop duplicates().groupby(
In [25]:
               by=['CustomerID'], as_index=False)['Date'].count()
           frequency_df.columns = ['CustomerID', 'Frequency']
           frequency_df.head()
Out[25]:
              CustomerID Frequency
                                   2
           0
                  12346.0
           1
                  12347.0
                                 182
           2
                  12348.0
                                  31
           3
                  12349.0
                                  73
           4
                  12350.0
                                  17
In [26]:
           data_copy.head()
              InvoiceNo StockCode Description Quantity InvoiceDate UnitPrice CustomerID
Out[26]:
                                                                                               Country Month
                                         WHITE
                                      HANGING
                                                           2010-12-01
                                                                                                United
           0
                 536365
                            85123A
                                       HEART T-
                                                        6
                                                                            2.55
                                                                                      17850.0
                                                                                                            12
                                                                                              Kingdom
                                                              08:26:00
                                          LIGHT
                                        HOLDER
                                         WHITE
                                                           2010-12-01
                                                                                                United
           1
                                                                                      17850.0
                                                                                                            12
                 536365
                             71053
                                         METAL
                                                        6
                                                                            3.39
                                                              08:26:00
                                                                                              Kingdom
                                       LANTERN
                                         CREAM
                                         CUPID
                                                           2010-12-01
                                                                                                United
           2
                                                                            2.75
                                                                                      17850.0
                                                                                                            12
                 536365
                            84406B
                                        HEARTS
                                                              08:26:00
                                                                                              Kingdom
                                          COAT
                                       HANGER
                                        KNITTED
                                         UNION
                                                           2010-12-01
                                                                                                United
           3
                 536365
                            84029G
                                      FLAG HOT
                                                                            3.39
                                                                                      17850.0
                                                                                                            12
                                                              08:26:00
                                                                                              Kingdom
                                         WATER
                                        BOTTLE
                                           RED
                                       WOOLLY
                                                           2010-12-01
                                                                                                United
                 536365
                            84029E
                                         HOTTIE
                                                                            3.39
                                                                                      17850.0
                                                                                                            12
                                                              08:26:00
                                                                                              Kingdom
                                         WHITE
                                         HEART.
```

calculating the Monetary value

```
In [27]: data_copy['Total'] = data_copy['UnitPrice']*data_copy['Quantity']
    monetary_df = data_copy.groupby(by='CustomerID', as_index=False)['Total'].sum()
    monetary_df.columns = ['CustomerID', 'Monetary']
    monetary_df.head()
```

Out[27]:	Cust	omerID	Monetary
	0	12346.0	0.00
	1	12347.0	4310.00
2	2	12348.0	1797.24
:	3	12349.0	1757.55
	4	12350.0	334.40

Merging all three columns in one Data frame

```
In [28]: rf_df=df_recency.merge(frequency_df, on='CustomerID')
    rfm_df=rf_df.merge(monetary_df, on='CustomerID').drop(columns='LastPurchaseDate')
    rfm_df.head()
```

out[28]:		CustomerID	Recency	Frequency	Monetary
	0	12346.0	325	2	0.00
	1	12347.0	2	182	4310.00
	2	12348.0	75	31	1797.24
	3	12349.0	18	73	1757.55
	4	12350.0	310	17	334.40

Now we have all three values in one dataframe

To rank the customer based on the RFM values here I am going to divide the dataset into 5 quartiles to do that I have here used pandas quat function which will automatically divide the data into 5 quartile and assign the given labels based on their recency, frequency and Monetary values.

```
r=pd.qcut(rfm_df['Recency'], q=5, labels=range(5,0,-1))
In [29]:
         f=pd.qcut(rfm_df['Frequency'], q=5, labels=range(1,6))
         m=pd.qcut(rfm_df['Monetary'], q=5, labels=range(1,6))
         rfm=rfm_df.assign(R=r.values, F=f.values, M=m.values)
         print(rfm)
              CustomerID Recency Frequency
                                             Monetary
         0
                 12346.0
                              325
                                                 0.00
                                          2
                              2
         1
                 12347.0
                                        182
                                              4310.00 5
                              75
         2
                 12348.0
                                         31
                                              1797.24 2
         3
                 12349.0
                              18
                                         73
                                              1757.55
         4
                 12350.0
                              310
                                         17
                                               334.40 1 2
                              . . .
                                        . . .
                     . . .
                                                  . . .
                              277
                 18280.0
                                         10
                                               180.60 1 1 1
         4367
                 18281.0
                              180
                                         7
                                               80.82 1 1 1
         4368
                              7
                                         13
                                               176.60 5 1
         4369
                 18282.0
         4370
                 18283.0
                               3
                                        721
                                              2094.88 5
                                              1837.28 3 4 4
         4371
                 18287.0
                               42
                                         70
```

Here we have got RFM values:

Note:

- * For R value higher value means most recent customer lower means customer who bought something after long time or they didn't but it
- * For F and M higher score means more recent and more spending

```
In [30]: # Now here we will calculate the RFM score at first segmenting the RFM quartile values t
rfm['RFM_segment']= rfm.R.astype(str)+rfm.F.astype(str)+rfm.M.astype(str)
rfm.head()
```

Out[30]:		CustomerID	Recency	Frequency	Monetary	R	F	M	RFM_segment
	0	12346.0	325	2	0.00	1	1	1	111
	1	12347.0	2	182	4310.00	5	5	5	555
	2	12348.0	75	31	1797.24	2	3	4	234
	3	12349.0	18	73	1757.55	4	4	4	444
	4	12350.0	310	17	334.40	1	2	2	122

We have our RFM segments to calculate the RFM score here we will count the unique segments.

```
In [31]: rfm_quique_count=rfm.groupby('RFM_segment')['RFM_segment'].nunique()
    print(rfm_quique_count.sum())
```

119

There are 119 unique RFM segments

```
In [32]: # calculate the RFM score
    rfm['RFM_score']=rfm[['R','F','M']].sum(axis=1)
    rfm
```

Out[32]:		CustomerID	Recency	Frequency	Monetary	R	F	M	RFM_segment	RFM_score
	0	12346.0	325	2	0.00	1	1	1	111	3
	1	12347.0	2	182	4310.00	5	5	5	555	15
	2	12348.0	75	31	1797.24	2	3	4	234	9
	3	12349.0	18	73	1757.55	4	4	4	444	12
	4	12350.0	310	17	334.40	1	2	2	122	5
	•••									
	4367	18280.0	277	10	180.60	1	1	1	111	3
	4368	18281.0	180	7	80.82	1	1	1	111	3
	4369	18282.0	7	13	176.60	5	1	1	511	7
	4370	18283.0	3	721	2094.88	5	5	5	555	15
	4371	18287.0	42	70	1837.28	3	4	4	344	11

4372 rows × 9 columns

let's analyse the segments

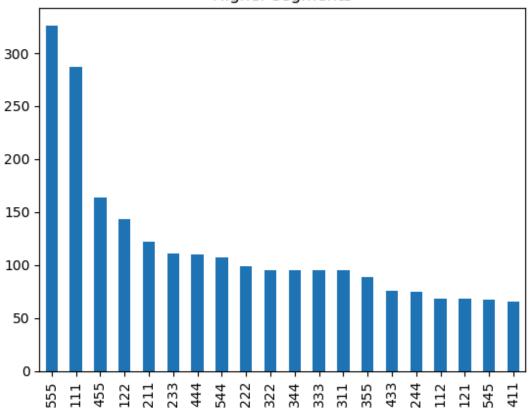
since the range of value of R, F and M are in the 1 to 5 which means the most valueable customer will be the customer whose RFM score is either 555 or RFM score of 15

```
rfm.describe()
In [33]:
Out[33]:
                    CustomerID
                                    Recency
                                               Frequency
                                                               Monetary
                                                                            RFM_score
           count
                   4372.000000
                                4372.000000
                                              4372.000000
                                                             4372.000000
                                                                          4372.000000
           mean
                  15299.677722
                                   91.581199
                                                91.858188
                                                             1898.459701
                                                                              8.997941
                   1722.390705
                                  100.772139
                                               229.223566
                                                             8219.345141
                                                                              3.605804
              std
             min
                  12346.000000
                                    0.000000
                                                 1.000000
                                                             -4287.630000
                                                                              3.000000
            25%
                  13812.750000
                                   16.000000
                                                17.000000
                                                              293.362500
                                                                              6.000000
                                                                              9.000000
                  15300.500000
                                   50.000000
                                                41.000000
                                                              648.075000
            75%
                  16778.250000
                                  143.000000
                                                99.250000
                                                             1611.725000
                                                                             12.000000
            max 18287.000000
                                  373.000000
                                             7812.000000
                                                           279489.020000
                                                                             15.000000
```

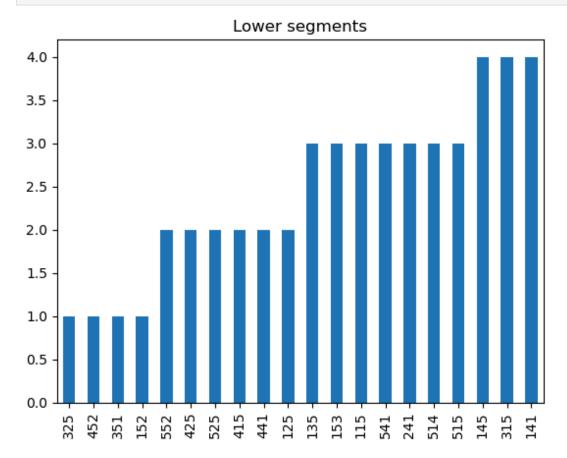
Let's find out the different segments of customer

```
In [34]: rfm['RFM_segment'].value_counts(ascending=False).head(20).plot(kind='bar')
    plt.title('Higher segments')
    plt.show()
```

Higher segments



In [35]: rfm['RFM_segment'].value_counts(ascending=True).head(20).plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Lower segments')
plt.show()



using clustering techniques to group the cluster based on the features

steps:

- Data preparation
- Finding the optimum clusters
- Analysing the clusters

Data preparation

In this step since the data range of variables shows large variation it is necessary to normalize the data. Since we are using K-means it is distance based so it is necessary to adjust the common range to avoid building biased model.

```
In [36]: # import required libaries from scikit learn
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
```

In order to perform clustering here I have taken only few features R,F and M

```
In [37]: filterd_data=rfm[['R','F','M']]
  filterd_data
```

```
      R
      F
      M

      0
      1
      1
      1

      1
      5
      5
      5

      2
      2
      3
      4

      4
      1
      2
      2

      ...
      ...
      ...
      ...

      4367
      1
      1
      1

      4368
      1
      1
      1

      4370
      5
      5
      5

      4371
      3
      4
      4
```

4372 rows × 3 columns

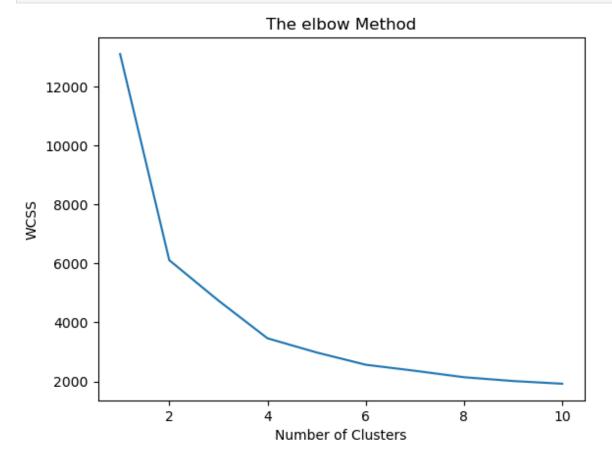
```
In [38]: # initializing the standardScaler
    scaler=StandardScaler()
    rfm_normalizedDf=pd.DataFrame(scaler.fit_transform(filterd_data))
```

```
rfm_normalizedDf.columns=['n_Recency','n_Frequency','n_Monetary']
rfm_normalizedDf.describe()
```

Out[38]:		n_Recency	n_Frequency	n_Monetary
	count	4.372000e+03	4.372000e+03	4372.000000
	mean	2.794167e-17	2.849200e-17	0.000000
	std	1.000114e+00	1.000114e+00	1.000114
	min	-1.419309e+00	-1.390071e+00	-1.413890
	25%	-7.152906e-01	-6.886987e-01	-0.706945
	50%	-1.127203e-02	1.267347e-02	0.000000
	75%	6.927466e-01	7.140456e-01	0.706945
	max	1.396765e+00	1.415418e+00	1.413890

```
In [39]: # for finding the optimum number of cluster here I am using elbow method
wcss=[]
for i in range(1,11):
    kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', random_state=42)
    kmeans.fit(rfm_normalizedDf)
    wcss.append(kmeans.inertia_)

plt.plot(range(1,11),wcss)
plt.title('The elbow Method')
plt.xlabel('Number of Clusters')
plt.ylabel('WCSS')
plt.show()
```



As shown in the above chart the elbow was formed at cluster 4

```
In [40]: # using the cluster 4 to create cluster in the data
kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=4)
kmeans.fit(rfm_normalizedDf)

Out[40]: KMeans(n_clusters=4)

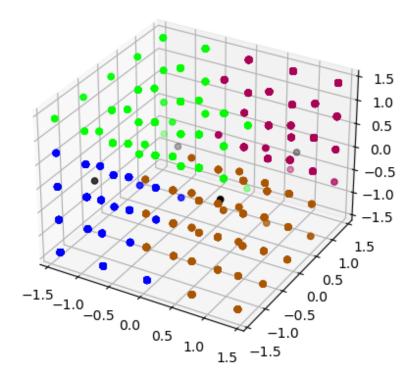
In [41]: cluster=kmeans.labels_
print(cluster)

In [42]: # creating and assigning the cluster number to their correspondin values
    rfm['Cluster']=cluster
    rfm
```

Out[42]:		CustomerID	Recency	Frequency	Monetary	R	F	M	RFM_segment	RFM_score	Cluster
	0	12346.0	325	2	0.00	1	1	1	111	3	0
	1	12347.0	2	182	4310.00	5	5	5	555	15	1
	2	12348.0	75	31	1797.24	2	3	4	234	9	3
	3	12349.0	18	73	1757.55	4	4	4	444	12	1
	4	12350.0	310	17	334.40	1	2	2	122	5	0
	•••										
	4367	18280.0	277	10	180.60	1	1	1	111	3	0
	4368	18281.0	180	7	80.82	1	1	1	111	3	0
	4369	18282.0	7	13	176.60	5	1	1	511	7	2
	4370	18283.0	3	721	2094.88	5	5	5	555	15	1
	4371	18287.0	42	70	1837.28	3	4	4	344	11	3

4372 rows × 10 columns

```
In [43]: centers=kmeans.cluster_centers_
    fig=plt.figure()
    ax=fig.add_subplot(111, projection='3d')
    ax.scatter(rfm_normalizedDf['n_Recency'],rfm_normalizedDf['n_Frequency'],rfm_normalizedD
    ax.scatter(centers[:,0], centers[:,1], c='black')
    plt.show()
```



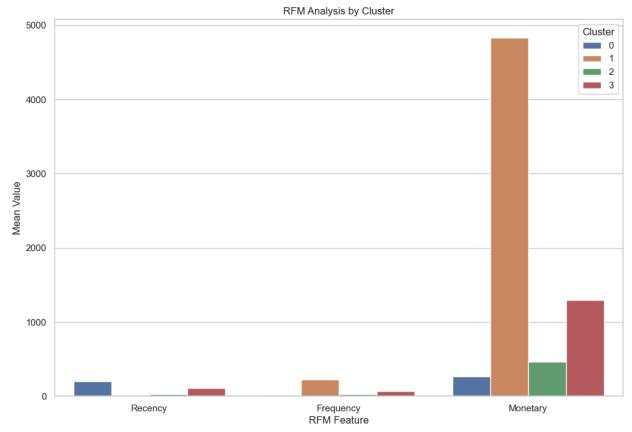
```
In [44]: # now we have got the cluster let's analyse the clusters
# grouping the data based on the clusters
grouped_cluster=rfm.groupby('Cluster').agg({'Recency':'mean','Frequency':'mean','Monetar
print(grouped_cluster)
```

```
Recency
                      Frequency
                                    Monetary
Cluster
0
         202.896552
                     15.669607
                                  266.207957
1
          16.227790 221.646925 4835.016105
2
          26.832207
                      27.484234
                                  459.558423
         111.067391
                      71.466304 1295.978698
```

```
In [45]: # Plot histograms for each RFM feature within each cluster
    rfm_melted = rfm.melt(id_vars=['Cluster'], value_vars=['Recency', 'Frequency', 'Monetary

    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
    sns.set(style="whitegrid")
    sns.barplot(x='variable', y='value', hue='Cluster', data=rfm_melted, ci=None)
    plt.title('RFM Analysis by Cluster')
    plt.xlabel('RFM Feature')
    plt.ylabel('Mean Value')
    plt.legend(title='Cluster')
    plt.legend(title='Cluster')
    plt.show()

# Compare the size of each cluster
    cluster_sizes = rfm['Cluster'].value_counts().sort_index()
    print(cluster sizes)
```



0 1247 1 1317 2 888 3 920

Name: Cluster, dtype: int64

As shown in the above chart and stats we can say that:

cluster 0:

- Recency: The average time since the last purchase in this cluster is approximately 29 days.
- Frequency: The average frequency of purchases is around 26 times
- Monetary: The average monetary value of purchase is approximately £428.37

cluster 1:

- Recency: The average time since the last purchase in this cluster is approximately 16 days which indicates that the customer in this cluster tends to make more frequenct purcases.
- Frequency: The average frequency of purchases is around 222 times which indicates that this cluster customer makes large number of purchases.
- Monetary: The average monetary value of purchase is approximately £ 4835.02 which means that the customer in this cluster are high spender and contribute significantly to revenue.

cluster 2:

- Recency: The average time since the last purchase in this cluster is approximately 111
 days which means that there is a longer gap in between purchases.
- Frequency: The average frequency of purchases is around 71 times which means the customer in this cluster makes moderate number of purchases.

> Monetary: The average monetary value of purchase is approximately £1296 which suggest that customer in this cluster spends a moderate amount on purchases.

- cluster 3:
 - Recency: The average time since the last purchase in this cluster is approximately 215 days which means that there is a longer gap between the customer purchases.
 - Frequency: The average frequency of purchases is around 16 times which is relatively low as compare to other clusters.
 - Monetary: The average monetary value of purchase is approximately £277 which indicates that customer in this cluster spend less on purchases.

```
In [ ]:
```

As shown in the above chart cluster 1 hass more number of customers as compare to other

Giving labels to each customer based on the behaviour

For cluster 0 → New customer

Cluster 1 → High-value customer

Cluster 2 → Churned Customer

cluster 3 → Low-value Customer

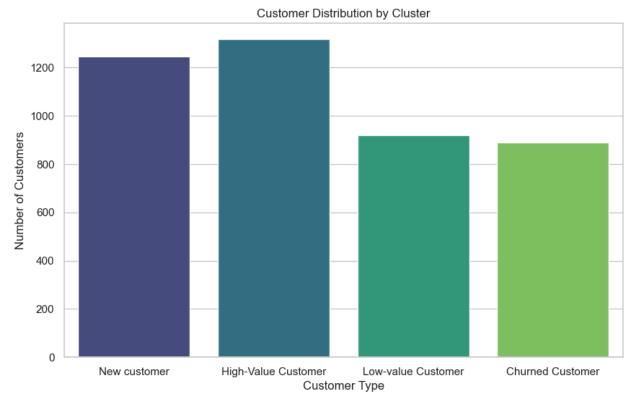
```
# create function to categorize customer based on the clusters
In [46]:
         def categorized customer(clusters):
             if clusters==0:
                 return 'New customer'
             elif clusters==1:
                 return 'High-Value Customer'
             elif clusters==2:
                 return 'Churned Customer'
             else:
                  return 'Low-value Customer'
         rfm['CustomerCategory']=rfm['Cluster'].apply(categorized_customer)
```

```
rfm
In [47]:
```

Out[47]:		CustomerID	Recency	Frequency	Monetary	R	F	M	RFM_segment	RFM_score	Cluster	Custor
	0	12346.0	325	2	0.00	1	1	1	111	3	0	N
	1	12347.0	2	182	4310.00	5	5	5	555	15	1	
	2	12348.0	75	31	1797.24	2	3	4	234	9	3	
	3	12349.0	18	73	1757.55	4	4	4	444	12	1	
	4	12350.0	310	17	334.40	1	2	2	122	5	0	N
	•••											
	4367	18280.0	277	10	180.60	1	1	1	111	3	0	N
	4368	18281.0	180	7	80.82	1	1	1	111	3	0	N
	4369	18282.0	7	13	176.60	5	1	1	511	7	2	Churn
	4370	18283.0	3	721	2094.88	5	5	5	555	15	1	
	4371	18287.0	42	70	1837.28	3	4	4	344	11	3	

4372 rows × 11 columns

```
In [48]: # Plot the distribution of customers in each cluster
   plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
   sns.countplot(x='CustomerCategory', data=rfm, palette='viridis')
   plt.title('Customer Distribution by Cluster')
   plt.xlabel('Customer Type')
   plt.ylabel('Number of Customers')
   plt.show()
```



```
cluster_3=rfm[rfm['Cluster']==3]
In [49]:
In [ ]:
In [50]:
         rfm.columns
         Index(['CustomerID', 'Recency', 'Frequency', 'Monetary', 'R', 'F', 'M',
Out[50]:
                 'RFM_segment', 'RFM_score', 'Cluster', 'CustomerCategory'],
               dtype='object')
         data_copy.columns
In [51]:
         Index(['InvoiceNo', 'StockCode', 'Description', 'Quantity', 'InvoiceDate',
Out[51]:
                 'UnitPrice', 'CustomerID', 'Country', 'Month', 'Date', 'Total'],
               dtype='object')
         final_sales_data=pd.merge(data_copy, rfm, on ='CustomerID', suffixes=('_data_copy','_rfm
In [52]:
         final sales data
```

4, 11:19 AM		Retail analysis												
Out[52]:		InvoiceNo	StockCode	Description	Quantity	InvoiceDate	UnitPrice	CustomerID	Country	М				
	0	536365	85123A	WHITE HANGING HEART T- LIGHT HOLDER	6	2010-12-01 08:26:00	2.55	17850.0	United Kingdom					
	1	536365	71053	WHITE METAL LANTERN	6	2010-12-01 08:26:00	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom					
	2	536365	84406B	CREAM CUPID HEARTS COAT HANGER	8	2010-12-01 08:26:00	2.75	17850.0	United Kingdom					
	3	536365	84029G	KNITTED UNION FLAG HOT WATER BOTTLE	6	2010-12-01 08:26:00	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom					
	4	536365	84029E	RED WOOLLY HOTTIE WHITE HEART.	6	2010-12-01 08:26:00	3.39	17850.0	United Kingdom					
	•••													
	406824	581578	22993	SET OF 4 PANTRY JELLY MOULDS	12	2011-12-09 12:16:00	1.25	12713.0	Germany					
	406825	581578	22907	PACK OF 20 NAPKINS PANTRY DESIGN	12	2011-12-09 12:16:00	0.85	12713.0	Germany					
	406826	581578	22908	PACK OF 20 NAPKINS RED APPLES	12	2011-12-09 12:16:00	0.85	12713.0	Germany					
	406827	581578	23215	JINGLE BELL HEART ANTIQUE SILVER	12	2011-12-09 12:16:00	2.08	12713.0	Germany					
	406828	581578	22736	RIBBON REEL MAKING SNOWMEN	10	2011-12-09 12:16:00	1.65	12713.0	Germany					
	406829 r	ows × 21 c	olumns											
4										•				
In [53]:	final_s	sales_data	.columns											

```
Index(['InvoiceNo', 'StockCode', 'Description', 'Quantity', 'InvoiceDate',
Out[53]:
                 'UnitPrice', 'CustomerID', 'Country', 'Month', 'Date', 'Total',
                 'Recency', 'Frequency', 'Monetary', 'R', 'F', 'M', 'RFM_segment',
                 'RFM_score', 'Cluster', 'CustomerCategory'],
                dtype='object')
In [54]:
         final_sales_data.shape
         (406829, 21)
Out[54]:
         final_sales_data.isna().sum()
In [55]:
         InvoiceNo
Out[55]:
         StockCode
                              0
                              0
         Description
                              0
         Quantity
                              0
         InvoiceDate
                              0
         UnitPrice
         CustomerID
                              0
                              0
         Country
         Month
                              0
                              0
         Date
         Total
                              0
                              0
         Recency
                              0
         Frequency
         Monetary
                              0
                              0
         R
         F
                              0
                              0
         Μ
         RFM_segment
         RFM_score
                              0
         Cluster
                              0
         CustomerCategory
                              0
         dtype: int64
         final_sales_data.to_excel('Final Retail sales data.xlsx')
In [56]:
 In [ ]:
         jupyter nbconvert --execute --to pdf notebook.ipynb
```