

Where Every Slice is a Taste of Perfection

# WELCOME TO PIZZA RESTO

ORDER  
NOW

Start Your Slide

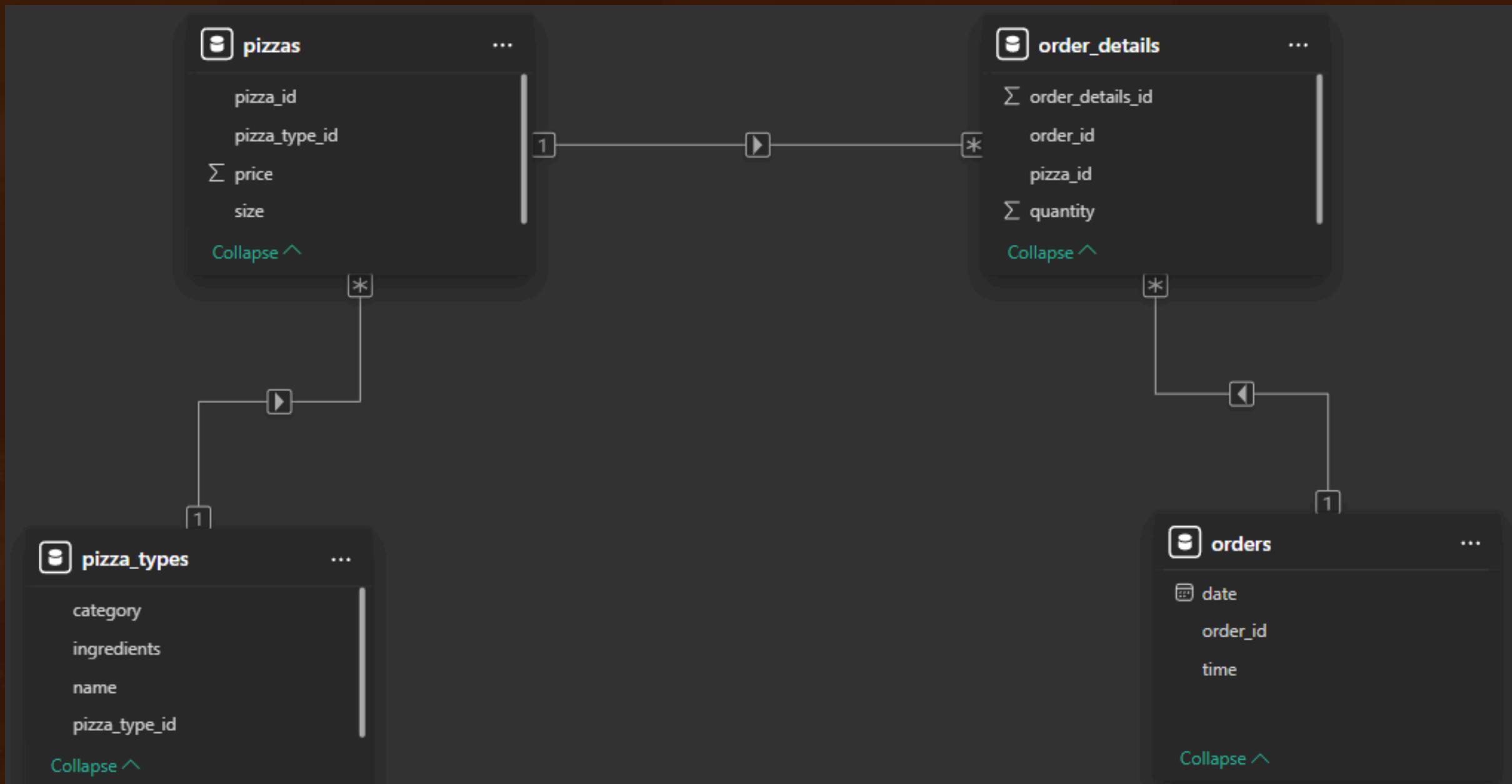




# HELLO!

My name is Roshan Raj Nayak, and I have created a **SQL-based project on Pizza Sales Analysis**. This project focuses on exploring and understanding the sales performance of different pizza categories and types. Using powerful SQL queries, I extracted, joined, and analyzed data from multiple tables to uncover valuable business insights. The analysis helps identify top-selling pizzas, revenue trends, and customer preferences across various categories. Through this project, I aimed to transform raw sales data into meaningful information for better decision-making. It demonstrates how SQL can be effectively used for data analysis, visualization, and performance evaluation.





**The database consists of four main interconnected tables — orders, order\_details, pizzas, and pizza\_types.**

**These relationships form the foundation for analyzing pizza sales data, revenue trends, and customer preferences.**

**Using SQL joins, this model allows detailed insights into sales, pricing, and category performance.**

# RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

Result Grid	
	total_orders
▶	21350

# CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
          2) AS total_revenue
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```

Result Grid	
	total_revenue
	817860.05

# Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

# IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_detail_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
JOIN
    order_details
    ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY
    pizzas.size
ORDER BY
    order_count DESC;
```

Result Grid

	size	order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28

# LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

	name	quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

# JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

	category	quantity
▶	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050

# DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

```
SELECT  
    HOUR(order_time), COUNT(order_id) AS order_count  
FROM  
    orders  
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

	HOUR(order_time)	order_count
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1

# JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

```
SELECT
    category, COUNT(name)
FROM
    pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

	category	count(name)
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9

# GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

	avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
▶	138

# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

```
SELECT
  pizza_types.name,
  SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
  pizza_types
  JOIN
  pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
  JOIN
  order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

# CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

SELECT

```
    pizza_types.category,  
    ROUND((SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT  
        ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
        2) AS total_revenue  
    ) * 100),  
    2) AS revenue  
FROM  
    order_details  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id  
    JOIN  
    pizza_types ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
    JOIN  
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.category  
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

Result Grid |

	category	revenue
1	Classic	26.91
2	Supreme	25.46
3	Chicken	23.96
4	Veggie	23.68

# ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
SELECT
  sales.order_date,
  SUM(sales.revenue) OVER (ORDER BY sales.order_date) AS cum_revenue
FROM
  (
    SELECT
      orders.order_date,
      SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
    FROM
      order_details
    JOIN
      pizzas
    ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
    JOIN
      orders
    ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY
      orders.order_date
  ) AS sales;
```

	order_date	cum_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2713.850000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05

# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

```
SELECT
    name, revenue
FROM
    (SELECT category, name, revenue,
        RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY category ORDER BY revenue DESC) AS ranking
    FROM
        (SELECT pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
            SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
        FROM pizza_types
        JOIN pizzas
            ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN order_details
            ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
        GROUP BY pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name
    ) AS a
    ) AS b
WHERE
    ranking <= 3;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

THANK YOU  
FOR ATTENTION

