Ex. No.: 10b)

FIRST FIT

Aim:

To write a C program for implementation memory allocation methods for fixed partition using the first fit.

Algorithm:

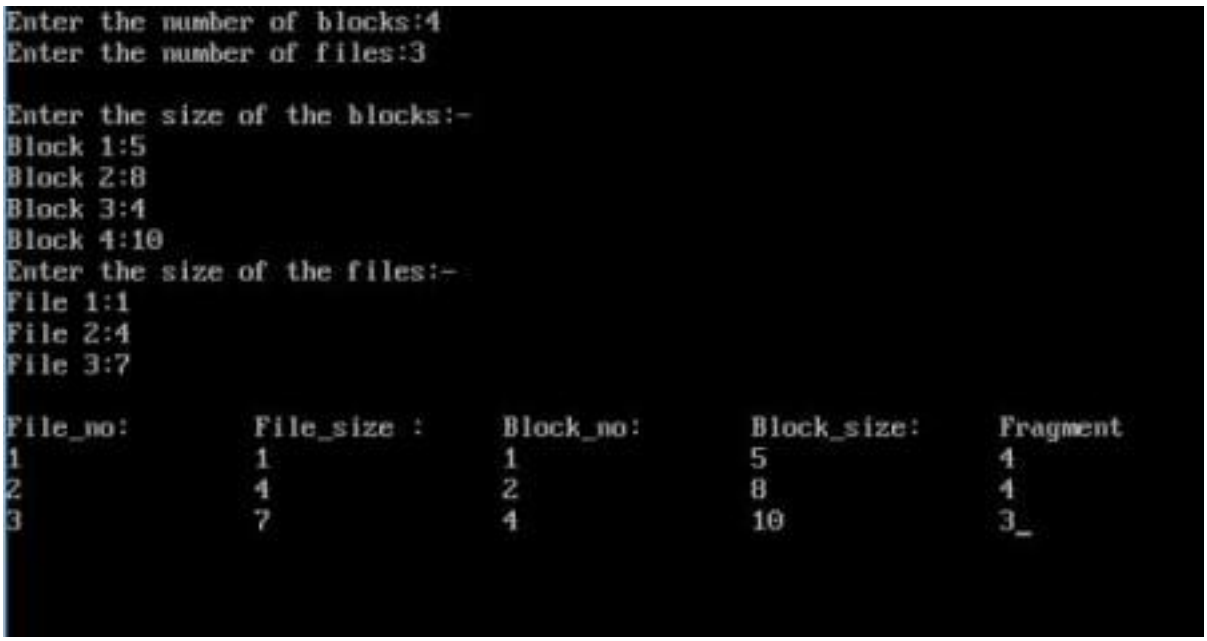
1. Define the max as 25.
2: Declare the variable frag[max],b[max],f[max],i,j,nb,nf,temp, highest=0, bf[max],ff[max].
3:
Get the number of blocks,files,size of the blocks using for loop.
4: In for loop check bf[j]!=1, if so temp=b[j]-f[i]
5: Check highest

Program Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>

#define MAX 10

int main() {
   int partitions[MAX], processes[MAX], allocation[MAX];
   int num_partitions, num_processes;

   printf("Enter number of memory partitions: ");
   scanf("%d", &num_partitions);
   printf("Enter sizes of partitions:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < num_partitions; i++) {
      printf("Partition %d: ", i + 1);
      scanf("%d", &partitions[i]);
   }

   printf("Enter number of processes: ");
   scanf("%d", &num_processes);
   printf("Enter sizes of processes:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; i++) {
      printf("Process %d: ", i + 1);
      scanf("%d", &processes[i]);
      allocation[i] = -1;
   }
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < num_partitions; j++) {
            if (partitions[j] >= processes[i]) {
                allocation[i] = j;
                partitions[j] -= processes[i];
                break;
            }
        }
    }

    printf("\nProcess No.\tProcess Size\tPartition No.\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; i++) {
        printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t", i + 1, processes[i]);
        if (allocation[i] != -1)
            printf("%d\n", allocation[i] + 1);
        else
            printf("Not Allocated\n");
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Sample Output:



Output:

Enter number of memory partitions: 3
Partition 1: 100
Partition 2: 500
Partition 3: 200

Enter number of processes: 4
Process 1: 212
Process 2: 417
Process 3: 112
Process 4: 426

Result:

First Fit memory allocation technique has been successfully implemented and the output has been verified.