REVERSE CAR PARKING SYSTEM

A MINI-PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

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RAJALAKSHMI ENGINEERING COLLEGE CHENNAI BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

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ROSHINI RAJA KAJA MOHIDEEN

ABSTRACT

In this modern era, the current technological developments provide greater facilities for human life. We can find the technological developments in many fields including automobile field. Over the past few years, transportation has become one of the most necessary and basic facilities for human life. With the enlargement of automobile field the number of vehicles owned by people are also increasing, especially cars are greatly increasing nowadays. Most of the accidents occurred while parking the cars in a place. This project proposes to design a simple reverse car parking system to park the car in a safe way without any damage or creating accidents. In this design, the car parking distance is controlled by using an ultrasonic sensor and this design can be incorporated inside the dashboard of the car. In this design Arduino UNO, Ultrasonic sensor are the main components and LED, Buzzer is used for indication for the persons who are driving. This design can make easy for the drivers to park the car in reverse without any damage

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INTRODUCTION

India is one of the fastest growing economies in the world. In this modern era, technological developments have been rapidly increasing as it provides facilities for human life. There are many technological developments including in the field of automobiles. The enlargement of the automobile field has increased the usage of vehicles especially cars in the urban areas. The average income of Indians is growing and thereby the number of privately owned vehicles is rising. Car Parking is the major problem in urban areas of both developed and developing countries.

Nowadays parking a car is one of the important skill for drivers as well as car owners as it is very difficult to park in a small space. Reverse parking in a a congested place or in a small space is very difficult. Around 30 percent of car accidents are caused while parking. To solve this our project proposes to design a simple reverse car parking system to park the car in a safe way without any damage or creating accidents.

1

LITERATURE SURVEY

1. Use of Modern Technology in Reverse Car Parking System

Author and Year: Farman Ali, Muhammad Athar Suri, International Journal of Computer Engineering and Information Technology, March 2016. They implemented this system by using ultrasonic sensor which produces pulses that estimates the distance between the device and the object that can be calculated which uses microcontroller and based on the distance interval LED indication and buzzer indication which can be used for reverse parking system.

2. Reverse Car Parking Sensor

Author and Year: Sawant Sarvesh Shashikant Smruti, Arakade Aditya Vijay Chhaya,International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET),April 2021.

They developed a Parking Sensors which is used to identify the nearby vehicle parking. It is designed Arduino UNO with transistors and diodes which has buzzer also to indicate the critical distances. This can be used as driver assistance system.

3. The Smart Parking System Using Ultrasonic Control Sensors

Author and Year: YousifAllbadi, Jinan N. Shehab, Musaab M. Jasim, IOP Conference Series Materials Science and Engineering, February 2021. This paper presents asmart parking system using infrared and ultrasonic sensors, which is controlled by Arduino Mega 2560. The Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) reader provides authorization to enter the smart parking system. This smart parking system is implementing in a small-scale model, and the results show that simulates the car parking with the mobile application, all the sensors, and the Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) screen display, to describe a view of the system architecture.

4. Car Parking Distance Controller Using Ultrasonic Sensors Based On Arduino UNO Author and Year: Jenli Susilo, Anita Febriani, YudaIrawan, Journal of Robotics and Contro (JRC), September 2021. In this paper, Car parking distance controller by using ultrasonic sensors with Arduino UNO and Arduino MP3 shield. MP3 which can give voice commands that have been programme before using Arduino IDE and combined with Ultrasonic HC-SR04 components in the calculation of the distance to the object.

2.1 EXISTING SYSTEM

parking lot where you can lock a spot without having to go in the loops, an annoying procedure. Using clever technology, smart parking makes it simple and quick for you to locate the pay for a spot which is available.

It functions as follows:

Magic spots: Sensors, including small devices buried in the ground or suspended from the ceiling, can determine if a parking space is occupied or vacant.

Intelligent brain: All of this data from the sensors is fed into a computer software that acts as an incredibly efficient parking manager. It knows precisely which spots are available and maintains will track how long the car was parked in the same slate.

Convenient app: On a smartphone, you will see the real-time map of the parking lot with clearly marked empty spaces.

payment: Don't look for cash. Parking may be paid for directly from your phone using the app.

So what's the final result? Everyone's life is made easier by smart parking. Because they are finding locations more quickly, drivers are not as likely to cause traffic jams. Managers of parking lots can monitor how smoothly things are going and ensure that everyone has an equal opportunity to occupy a place. A win-win situation!

Some parking lots have extra features like the following added to this basic system:

Elegant meters: These meters are integrated with the smart parking system, allowing you to pay with a card or your phone. They can also record the duration of your parking session.

Talking automobiles: (A little futuristic here!) Certain automobiles can communicate with smart parking systems to identify available spaces, thus streamlining the process. With new technology continuously emerging, smart parking—which is already very cool—will only become better at preventing irritation when parking.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The reverse parking system is an automated solution that assists drivers in safely and accurately parking their vehicles in reverse. Using sensors and cameras, the system detects obstacles, provides real-time guidance, and alerts the driver, enhancing convenience and reducing the risk of accidents during reverse parking maneuvers. The measurement of the distance from the car to the obstacle is done by the Ultrasonic Sensor. Controlling the ultrasonic sensor, calculation of the distance and the activation of the buzzer is done by Arduino UNO. The estimation of the distance to the object is done by the Arduino on the basis of the time delay. When the distance between the installed sensor and the object is less than the specified range the Arduino triggers the buzzer. The Arduino estimates the range of the hindrance in front of the ultrasonic sensor, when the circuit is activated

3.1 PROPOSED SYSTEM

Envision for a parking system that provides cars with precise directions to an available place. This method is accomplished by utilizing the "smart" technology. It utilizes a combination of ultrasonic sensors, cameras, and microcontrollers to enhance parking safety and precision. Ultrasonic sensors detect obstacles and measure distances, while cameras provide real-time visual feedback. A central microcontroller processes sensor data and visual inputs to generate dynamic parking paths. The system includes a user interface with audible alerts, guiding the driver by parking process. This comprehensive approach aims to reduce human error, prevent collisions, and simplify reverse parking maneuvers.

Every parking spot has sensors that function by utilizing sound waves or magnets that detect whether a car is parked there or not.

Easy to Use: Drivers can easily download an app that displays on the map of all the parking spaces and clearly labeling if they are available or not.

Happy cities: They may decide where to develop more parking spaces and handle parking more effectively.

Parking without stress: Relaxation to the irritation! Cars locate parking spaces with ease then speed.

3.2 REQUIREMENTS

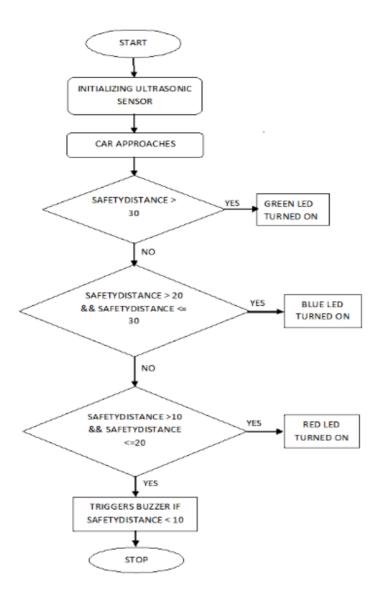
3.2.1 HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

- Arduino UNO R3
- Ultrasonic Distance sensor (HC-SR04)
- Piezo Buzzer
- LED
- Resistors

3.2.2 SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

Arduino IDE

3.3 ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM



3.4 OUTPUT

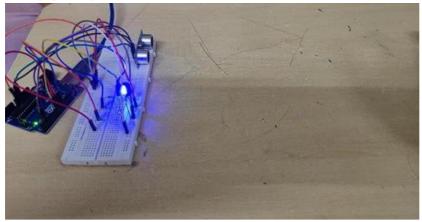


Fig 1: Green LED indicates the safe zone

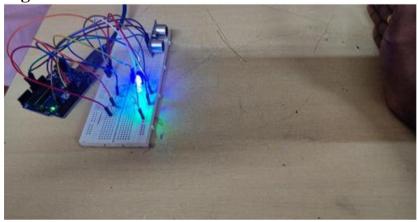


Fig 2: White LED indicates the warning zone

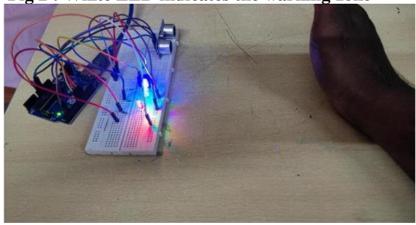
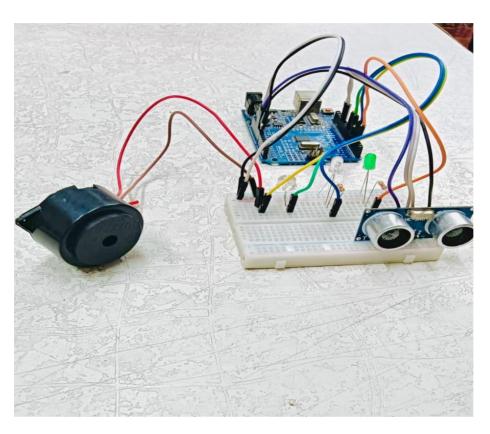


Fig 3 : Red LED and Buzzer indicates the stop zone

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CONNECTIONS:



CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

Although science and technology have developed and evolved a lot and with the enlargement of automobile field, the number of owned vehicles are rapidly increasing which in turn increases accidents in which 40% of accidents or damages are caused while parking the vehicles. This simple design of Reverse Car parking system using arduino and ultrasonic sensor which calculates the distance between the car and the obstacle that can be indicated by using LEDs and Buzzer which provides a safe way to park the vehicles without any damage or accidents. In future, It will help to automatically adjust vehicles in the parking area to park and retrieve our vehicle without need of human intervention.

APPENDIX I

```
const int trig = 12;
const int echo = 13:
const int buzzer = 8;
const int LED1 = 2; // Long distance
const int LED2 = 3; // Medium distance
const int LED3 = 6; // Very close distance
int duration = 0;
int distance = 0;
void setup()
 pinMode(trig , OUTPUT);
 pinMode(echo, INPUT);
 pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(LED1 , OUTPUT);
 pinMode(LED2 , OUTPUT);
 pinMode(LED3 , OUTPUT);
 Serial.begin(9600);
void loop()
 digitalWrite(trig, HIGH);
 delayMicroseconds(1000);
 digitalWrite(trig, LOW);
 duration = pulseIn(echo , HIGH);
 distance = (duration / 2) / 28.5;
 Serial.println(distance);
 if (distance <= 10)
  digitalWrite(LED3, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(buzzer, HIGH);
```

```
digitalWrite(LED1, LOW);
digitalWrite(LED2, LOW);
}
else if (distance > 10 && distance <= 20)
{
    digitalWrite(LED2, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(LED1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(LED3, LOW);
    digitalWrite(buzzer, LOW);
}
else
{
    digitalWrite(LED1, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(LED2, LOW);
    digitalWrite(LED3, LOW);
    digitalWrite(LED3, LOW);
    digitalWrite(buzzer, LOW);
}</pre>
```

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