

Short Round Questions

1. Boolean Algebra

How many ordered quadruples make the following Boolean expression FALSE?

$$\overline{(\overline{AB} + C(B + \overline{D}))((\overline{B} + \overline{C})(\overline{A(\overline{BC} + D))})(\overline{ABCD})}$$

- A. 4
- B. 6
- C. 8
- D. 10
- E. None of the above

2. Bit-String Flicking

How many different values of x (a bitstring of 6 bits) make the following equation TRUE?

$$(x \text{ OR } 110110 \text{ AND } x) = (\text{LSHIFT-1 } x)$$

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 4
- D. 8
- E. None of the above

3. Recursive Functions

Find $f(20, 2)$ given:

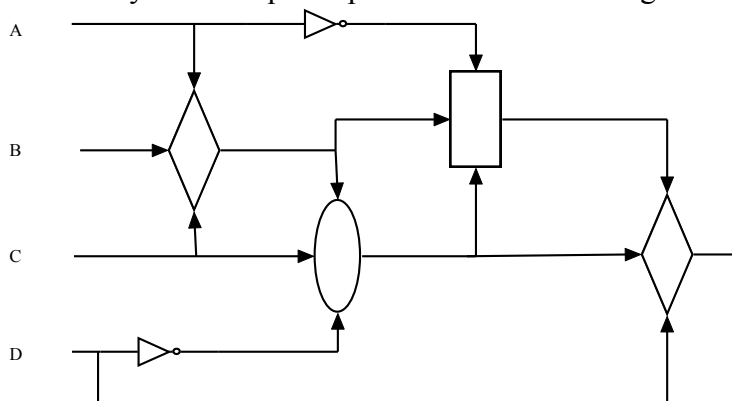
$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} f(2y, x - 3) - 1 & \text{if } x > y \\ f(\lfloor y/2 \rfloor, x - 1) + 3 & \text{if } x < y \\ 4 & \text{if } x = y \end{cases}$$

- A. 6
- B. 7
- C. 9
- D. 10
- E. None of the above

Note : $\lfloor x \rfloor$ represents the greatest integer less than or equal to x

4. Digital Electronics

Define the following new gates: A *diamond* has 3 inputs and is TRUE if only 1 input is TRUE, an *oval* has 3 inputs and is TRUE if at most 1 input is TRUE, and a *rectangle* has 3 inputs and is TRUE if all inputs are TRUE. How many ordered quadruples make the following circuit TRUE?

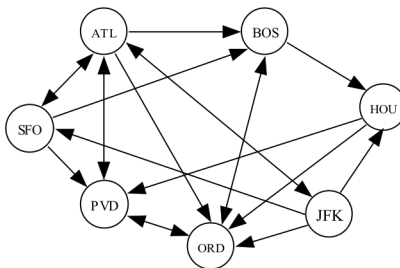


- A. 1
- B. 3
- C. 9
- D. 13
- E. None of the above

<p>5. Prefix-Infix-Postfix</p> <p>Define $a \# b = a^2 - ab + b^2$ Evaluate this prefix expression. Note: all numbers are single digits.</p> $+ - / * 3 \# \# 0 2 2 * 2 3 / \# 4 - 8 6 * 3 2 \uparrow 2 4$	<p>A. 15 B. 20 C. 38 D. 56 E. None of the above</p>
<p>6. Computer Number Systems</p> <p>How many numbers from 100 to 400 in base 10 consist of distinct ascending digits and also have distinct ascending hex digits when converted to base 16?</p>	<p>A. 13 B. 14 C. 23 D. 25 E. None of the above</p>
<p>7. What Does This Program Do?</p> <p>What value is output when the following program is executed?</p> <pre> for x = 0 to 4 for y = 0 to 4 A(x,y) = (x+1) ^ 2 + y next y next x for x = 0 to 4 for y = 0 to 4 if A(x,y) % 3 == 0 then A(x,y) = A(x,y) / 3 if A(x,y) % 4 == 0 then A(x,y) = A(x,y) / 4 if A(x,y) % 5 == 0 then A(x,y) = A(x,y) / 5 next y next x s = 0 for x = 0 to 4 for y = 0 to 4 if A(x,y) % 2 == 0 then s = s + A(x,y) next y next x output s </pre>	<p>A. 7 B. 20 C. 48 D. 58 E. None of the above</p>
<p>8. Data Structures</p> <p>Consider all binary search trees with 32 nodes. What is the smallest value for the internal path length?</p>	<p>A. 98 B. 103 C. 108 D. 135 E. None of the above</p>

9. Graph Theory

Given the following directed graph of airports and the flights available among them, how many flights from ATL to ORD have at most 2 intermediate stops? (No airport may be visited twice.)



- A. 8
- B. 9
- C. 13
- D. 16
- E. None of the above

10. LISP

Evaluate the following sequence of Lisp functions:

```
(SETQ U '((a (b c)) (d e f) (g) (h (i j k)) (l m) n))
(SETQ V '(p (q r) (s (t u v)) (w (x y) z)))
(SETQ X (CDR (CAR (CDR (CDR V)))))
(SETQ Y (CAR (CDR (CAR (CDR (CDR (CDR U)))))))
(REVERSE (CONS Y X))
```

- A. ((t u v) (i j k))
- B. (t u v (i j k))
- C. (t u v i j k)
- D. ((t u v) i j k)
- E. None of the above

11. FSAs and Regular Expressions

List all of the strings that are accepted by the regular expression

$((0 \quad 1)^* (11 \quad 00) 1^* 100^*)^*$

- a. 00011111101
- b. 111111111111111
- c. λ
- d. 0101010101010101
- e. 0010111011111111110
- f. 0000100000000000000
- g. 111111111111101111

- A. a, d, e, g
- B. a, c, e, f, g
- C. b, c, d, f, g
- D. c, e, f, g
- E. None of the above

12. Assembly Language

What is the final value printed when this program is executed?

	NUM	DC	24		STORE	NUM
	CNT	DC	0		BU	START
START	LOAD	NUM		CONT	LOAD	NUM
	SUB	=1			DIV	=2
	BE	DONE			STORE	NUM
	LOAD	CNT			BU	START
	ADD	=1		DONE	PRINT	CNT
	STORE	CNT			END	
	LOAD	NUM				
	DIV	=2				
	MULT	=2				
	SUB	NUM				
	BE	CONT				
	LOAD	NUM				
	MULT	=3				
	ADD	=1				

- A. 8
- B. 10
- C. 12
- D. 16
- E. None of the above