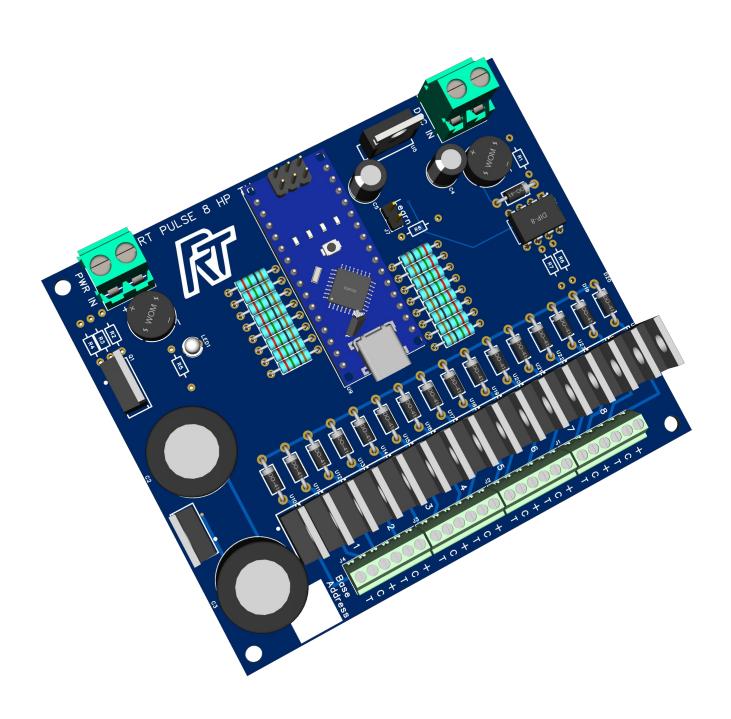


Model Railroad DCC accessory decoder high power.





This board is a DCC accessory decoder. What can be controlled with it is dependent on the firmware used.

This document describes the construction of the board.

The board can control dual solenoid turnouts such as the Marklin M track 5117, 5202, 5120, 5214, 5207 or 5128 with the firmware available here:

https://github.com/Rosscoetrain/DCC-Turnout-Decoder-Direct

The maximum current for any one solenoid is 4A, this is limited by the TIP120 darlington drivers.

Please read all this document before construction of the PCB.



Bill of Materials

PCB	RT PULSE 8 TH HP

C2,C3
C4
C5
3000uF electrolytic capacitor*
100uF electrolytic capacitor *
10uF electrolytic capacitor *

D1,D2 1N4001

D5,D6,D7,D8,D9,D10,D11,D12,D13,D

14,D15,D16,D17,D18,D19,D20 1N4001 D3,D4 2W10

J1,J2,J3,J4 6 way 2.54mm screw terminal 2 way 5.08mm screw terminal 2 way 2.54mm male header

LED1 3mm blue

R1,R2,R3,R4,R5 $1k\Omega$

R20,R21,R22,R23,R24,R25,R26,R27,

R28,R29,R30,R31,R32,R33,R34,R35 $1k\Omega$ R6,R7,R8 $10k\Omega$ TIP120

U10,U11,U12,U13,U14,U15,U16,U17,

U18,U19,U20,U21,U22,U23,U24,U25 TIP120 U4 6N137 U5 7805 *

U9 Arduino Nano

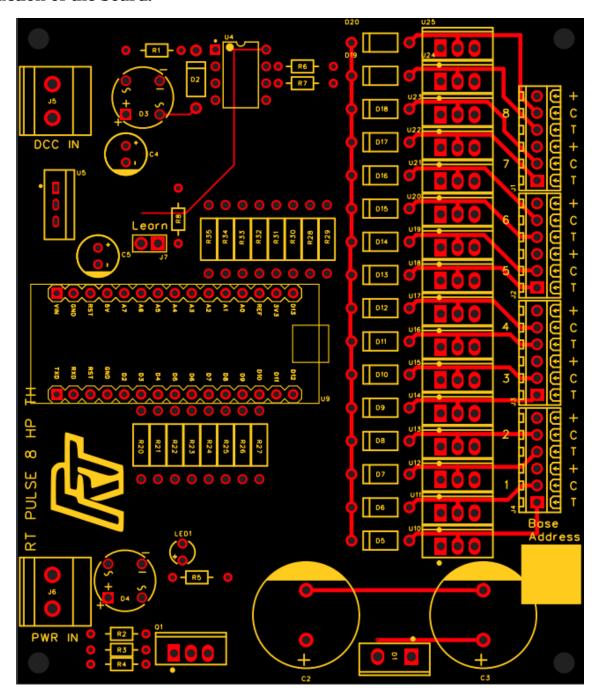
15 pin female headers x 2 for Arduino Nano *

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^{*} see Other Information section



Construction of the board.



As with most PCB construction start with soldering in the lowest profile items first, eg resistors, diodes, leds, etc.

I suggest marking them of the list on the next page as you go.

As with all semiconductor items they are heat sensitive.

With the TIP120 a heat sink clip (bulldog clip) on the leads is a good idea.



Recommended soldering order:

recommend	ed soldering order.	Done
R1	$1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$	Done
R2	1kΩ	
R3	1kΩ	
R4	1kΩ	
R5	1kΩ	
R6	$10\mathrm{k}\Omega$	
R7	$10\mathrm{k}\Omega$	
R8	$10\mathrm{k}\Omega$	
R20 - R35	$1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$	
D1	1N4001 diode	
D2	1N4001 diode	
D5 - D20	1N4001 diode	
LED2	3 mm led	
D3 D4	2W10 bridge rectifier NOTE orientation 2W10 bridge rectifier NOTE orientation	
J1 J2 J3 J4	6 way 2.54mm screw terminal 6 way 2.54mm screw terminal 6 way 2.54mm screw terminal 6 way 2.54mm screw terminal	
J7 U9	2 way 2.54mm male header 2 x 15 pin female headers for Arduino Nano	
PWR IN DCC IN	2 way 5.08mm (0.2") screw terminal or pluggal 2 way 5.08mm (0.2") screw terminal or pluggal	
Q1 U10 - U25	TIP120. NOTE orientation. TIP120. NOTE orientation.	
U5	7805. NOTE orientation. (see Other Information	on section).
C4 C5	100uF 35V electrolytic capacitor (see Other Info 10uF 25V electrolytic capacitor (see Other Info	•
C2 C3	3000uF 35V electrolytic capacitor (see Other In 3000uF 35V electrolytic capacitor (see Other In	· ·



Other information.

The Arduino Nano should be mounted into 15 pin female headers. If your Nano does not have male headers already installed then you will need to solder them on the underside of that as well.

Optional components.

C2 and C3 can be replaced with any electrolytic capacitor that will fit. There are holes for 7.5mm pitch on the PCB. eg a 10000uF 25V electrolytic capacitor will fit the 7.5mm pitch holes. It's up to you to determine if the electrolytic capacitor will fit.

U5 the 7805 regulator can be replace with a buck converter board like this and I recommend them as there is virtually no heat generated.



They are available on ebay and aliexpress just search for:

Power Supply DC Buck Step Down Voltage Converter Regulator Mini Module 3A 5V

Note that they are the version that has the holes at the end so that they can be simply soldered in place instead of a 7805 (TO220) voltage regulator.

If you use the converter then C4 and C5 are not required.

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Addendum



References.

PCB on pcbway.com:

https://www.pcbway.com/project/shareproject/
RT DCC Pulse 8 High Power Turnout Decoder with capacitor discharge unit ae884dd9.html

5V 3A buck converter on ebay:

https://www.ebay.com.au/itm/325224780087

Dual solenoid accessory decoder firmware:

https://github.com/Rosscoetrain/DCC-Turnout-Decoder-Direct