

HW02 Question 4: Monty Hall

```
In [2]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import random
```

Section a - Build the game

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In [3]: # random function to decide behind which door the car is (car = 1, goat = 0)

def decideCar():
    gameVec = np.zeros(3)
    gameVec[np.random.randint(3)] = 1

    return gameVec
```

```
In [4]: # random function to decide which player choose which door

def playersDoors():

    playersChoice = {
        "p1" : np.random.randint(3),
        "p2" : np.random.randint(3),
        "p3" : np.random.randint(3),
    }
    return playersChoice
```

```
In [5]: # function to decide which door the host opens

def hostOpenDoor(playersDoor, gameVec):

    hostDoor = 0
    if(gameVec[playersDoor]):

        # host randomly chooses between doors with goats

        hostDoor = np.random.randint(3)
        while( hostDoor == playersDoor):
            hostDoor = np.random.randint(3)
            # keep randing doors until you choose a goat (different door than p

    else:

        tmp = np.where(gameVec==1)
        hostDoor = 3-playersDoor-tmp[0] #algo to make the host always choose

    return hostDoor
```

```
In [6]: def changeDoor(player, playerDict, hostDoor):
        choice = ['switchDoor', 'keepDoor'] # to decide if to switch the door or
        if(player == "p1"):
            #play the game according to p1
            return playerDict # door won't change
        elif(player == "p2"):
            #play the game according to p2
            playerDict[player] = 3 - hostDoor - playerDict[player] # always chan
        else:
            #play the game according to p3
            p3_choice = random.choices(choice, [.5, .5])[0] # switch in probabili
            if(p3_choice == "switchDoor"):
                playerDict[player] = 3 - hostDoor - playerDict[player] # switch
        return playerDict
```

```
In [7]: def didWin(player,playerDict,gameVec):
        if(gameVec[playerDict[player]]):
            #print("WIN!")
            return 1
        #print("LOOSE!")
        return 0
```

```
In [8]: def playGame(player_):
        gameVec_ = decideCar()
        playersChoice_ = playersDoors() # creat dictionary
        #assume play game with p1
        player_name = player_ #player's name
        player_choice = playersChoice_[player_name] #choose players value from a
        hostDoor = hostOpenDoor(player_choice,gameVec_)
        #print(gameVec_)
        #print("player 1 choose door number %d" %(player_choice + 1))
        #print("host choose door number %d" %(hostDoor + 1))
        playersChoice_ = changeDoor(player_name,playersChoice_,hostDoor)
        #print("player 1 choose door number %d" %(playersChoice_[player_name] +
        return didWin(player_name,playersChoice_,gameVec_)
```

```
In [27]: def iterGames(player,N):
    tmp = 0
    cum_res = np.array([])
    for i in range(N):
        tmp += playGame(player)
        cum_res = np.append(cum_res,tmp)

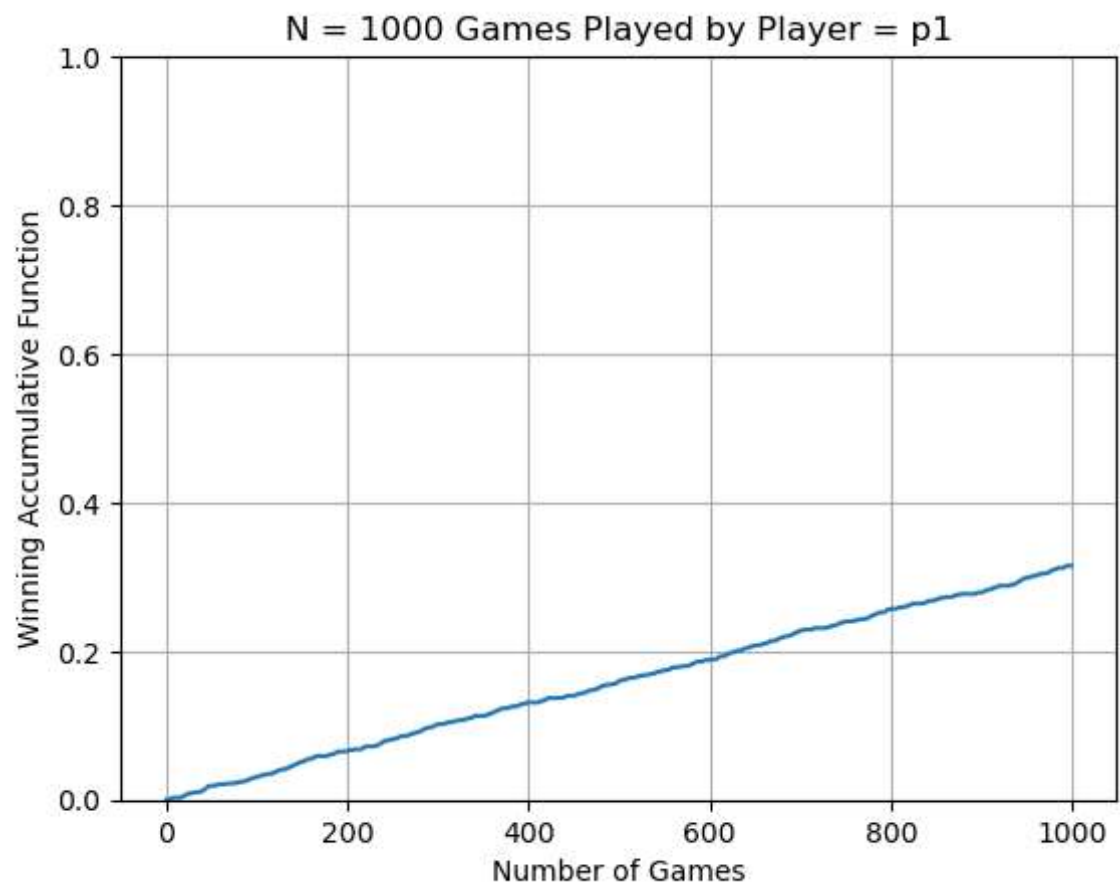
    cum_res /= N
    #plt.figure()
    #plt.plot(cum_res)
    #plt.ylim([0,1])
    #plt.grid()
    #plt.xlabel("Number of Games")
    #plt.ylabel("Winning Accumulative Function")
    #plt.title("N = " + str(N) + " Games Played by Player = " + player)
    return cum_res
```

```
In [28]: def plotGames(cum_res,player,N):

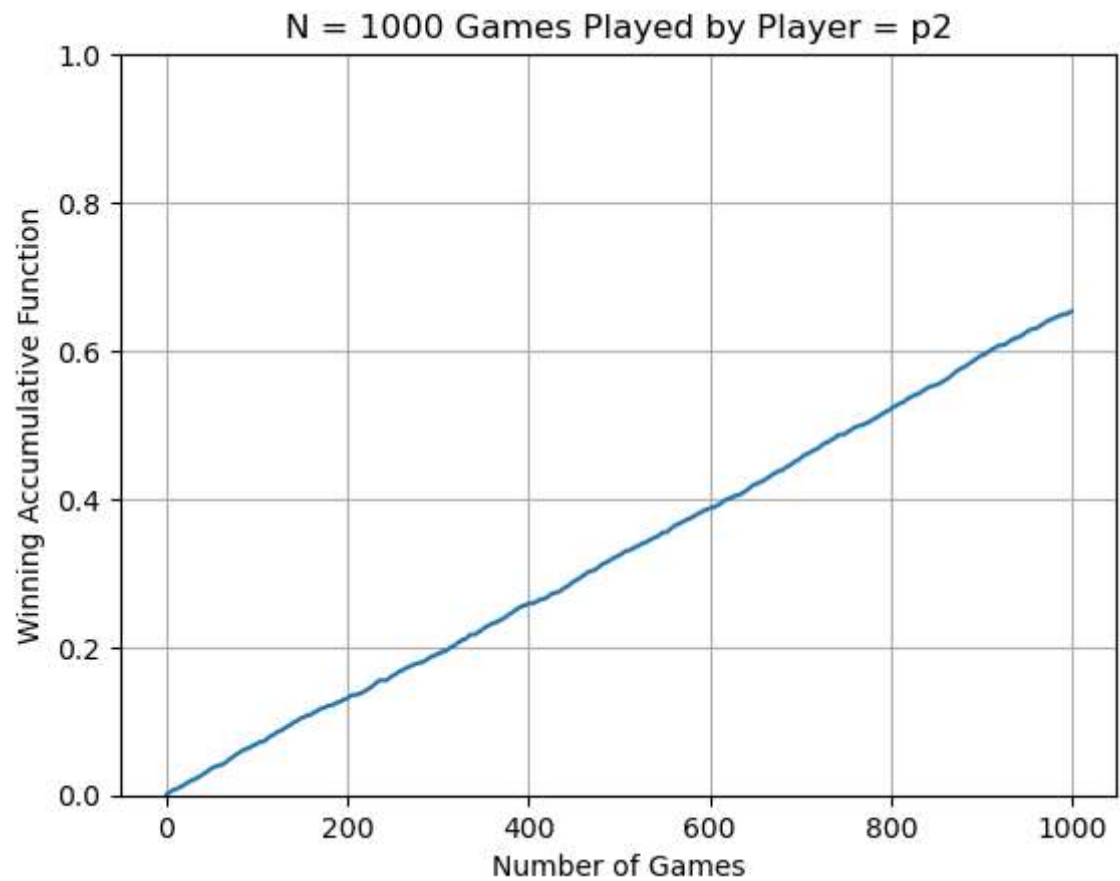
    plt.figure()
    plt.plot(cum_res)
    plt.ylim([0,1])
    plt.grid()
    plt.xlabel("Number of Games")
    plt.ylabel("Winning Accumulative Function")
    plt.title("N = " + str(N) + " Games Played by Player = " + player)
    return
```

Section b - Run the game 1000 times for each player

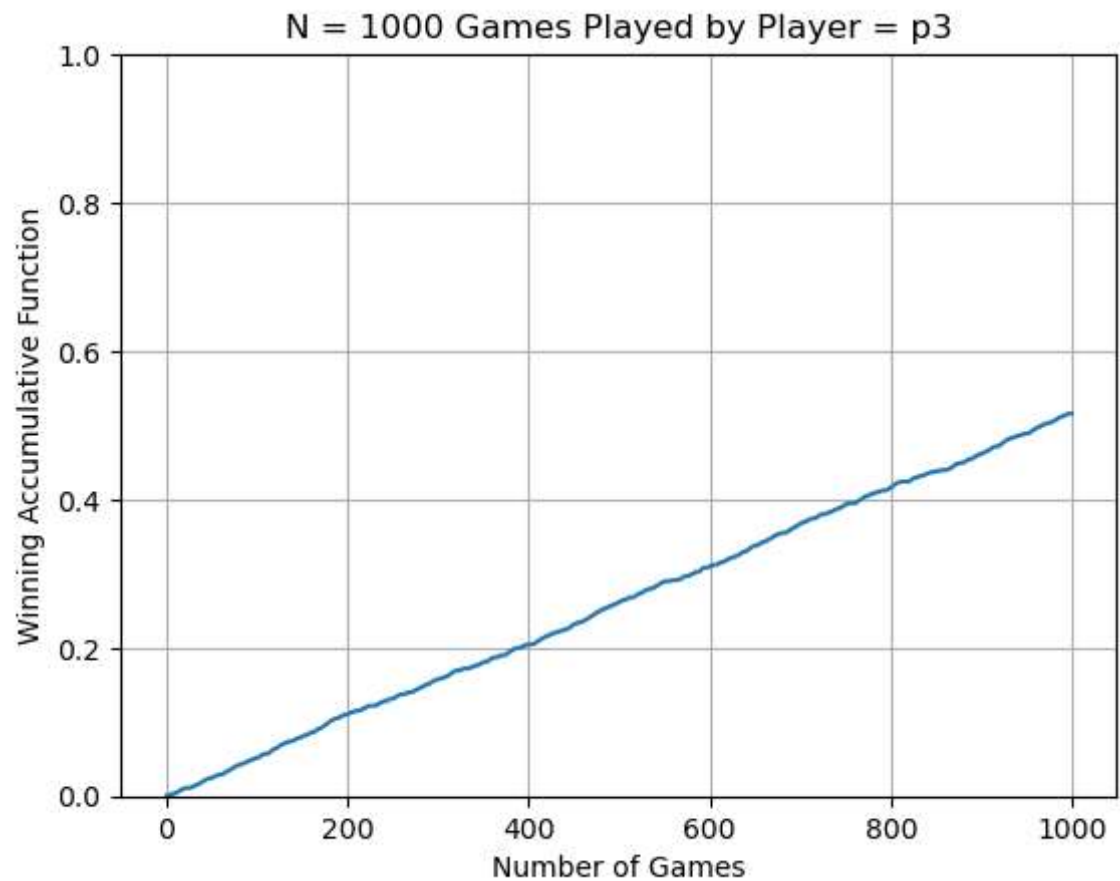
```
In [35]: N = 1000  
p1Games = iterGames("p1",N)  
plotGames(p1Games,"p1",N)
```



```
In [36]: p2Games = iterGames("p2",N)
plotGames(p2Games,"p2",N)
```



```
In [37]: p3Games = iterGames("p3",N)
plotGames(p3Games,"p3",N)
```



Section c - Calculate P3 results using only P1 and P2 results

Given P1 and P2 results in the game, P3 results can be calculated:

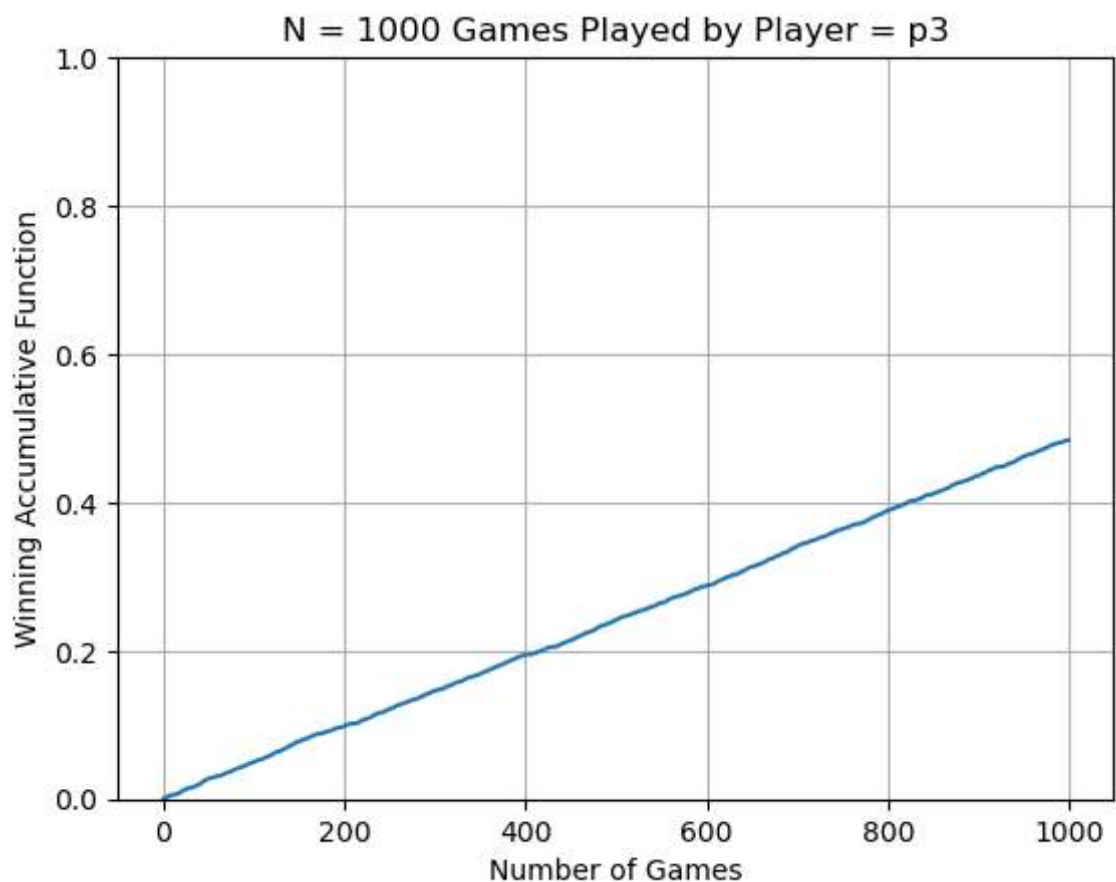
$P(1) * P(x|y = 1) + P(2) * P(x|y = 2) \Rightarrow$ where $P(1) \setminus P(2)$ are the probabilities

of each player to play the game {in our case, player 3 is playing like player 1 with

a probability of 0.5 and like player 2 with a probability of 0.5}

and $P(x|y = k)$ is the probability of the outcome of the game, given that player k is playing the game ($k = \{1 \setminus 2\}$)

```
In [38]: p3viap2p1 = 0.5*p1Games + 0.5*p2Games  
plotGames(p3viap2p1,"p3",N)
```



As we can see, we got the expected results.

```
In [ ]:
```