hw1

Yutong Dai

9/2/2018

Theory

Forward-Propagation

$$X \to Z = WX + b_1 \to H = \sigma(Z) \to U = CH + b_2 \to S = F_{softmax}(U) \to \rho(S, y) = \log S_y,$$
 where $S_y = \frac{\exp(U_y)}{\sum_{j=0}^{K-1} \exp(U_j)}$ is the y-th element of the S and U_y is the y-th element of the U .

Backward-Propagation

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial U_t} = \begin{cases} S_t(U), & t \neq y \\ 1 - S_t(U). & t = y \end{cases} \Longrightarrow \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial U} = e_y - S(U),$$

where e_y is the unit vector, which y-th coordinate equals to 1 and 0 elsewhere.

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial b_2} &= \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial U} \frac{\partial U}{\partial b_2} = e_y - S(U) \\ \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial C} &= \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial U} \frac{\partial U}{\partial C} = (e_y - S(U))H^T \\ \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial H} &= \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial U} \frac{\partial U}{\partial H} = C^T \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial U} = C^T (e_y - S(U)) \\ \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial b_1} &= \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial H} \frac{\partial H}{\partial Z} \frac{\partial Z}{\partial b_1} = \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial H} \odot \sigma'(Z) \\ \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial W} &= \left(\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial H} \odot \sigma'(Z)\right) X^T \end{split}$$

Algorithm

Mini-Batch Stochastic gradient algorithm for updating $\theta = \{W, b_1, C, b_2\}$:

- Step1: Specify batch_size M=1, activation function $\sigma(z)=Relu(z)$, and initialize $W^{(0)},b_1^{(0)},C^{(0)},b_2^{(0)};$
- Step2: At iteration t:
 - a. Select a data sample $\{X^{(t)}, y^{(t)}\}$ uniform at random from the full dataset $\{X^{(n)}, y^{(n)}\}_{n=1}^N$
 - b. Compute forward-propagation:

*
$$Z^{(t)} = W^{(t)}X^{(t)} + b_1^{(t)}$$

*
$$H^{(t)} = \sigma(Z^{(t)}) = \max(Z^{(t)}, 0)$$
 (element-wise operation)

$$* \ U^{(t)} = C^{(t)} H^{(t)} + b_2^{(t)}$$

*
$$S^{(t)} = F_{softmax}(U^{(t)})$$

- c. Compute backward-propagation:

```
 \begin{split} * & \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial b_2} = e_{y^{(t)}} - S^{(t)} \\ * & \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial C} = (e_{y^{(t)}} - S^{(t)}) H^{(t)^T} \\ * & \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial H} = C^T(e_{y^{(t)}} - S^{(t)}) \\ * & \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial b_1} = \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial H} \odot \sigma'(Z^{(t)}), \text{ where } \sigma'(Z^{(t)}) = 1 (ifZ > 1) 0 (o.w) \text{(element-wise operation)} \\ * & \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial W} = \left(\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial H} \odot \sigma'(Z^{(t)})\right) X^{(t)^T} \\ - & \text{d. Given learning rate } \eta_t, \text{ update parameters as follows:} \\ * & b_2^{(t+1)}) \leftarrow b_2^{(t)}) + \eta_t \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial b_2} \\ * & C^{(t+1)}) \leftarrow C^{(t)}) + \eta_t \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial C} \\ * & b_1^{(t+1)}) \leftarrow b_1^{(t)}) + \eta_t \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial b_1} \\ * & W^{(t+1)}) \leftarrow W^{(t)}) + \eta_t \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial W} \end{split}
```

• Step3: Repeat Step2 until some convergence criteria is met.

Numerical Experiment

```
nn = MnistModel(x_train, y_train, x_test,
y_test, hidden_units=100, learning_rate=0.01, num_epochs=20, seed=1234)
# training sample size: [(60000, 784)]
# test sample size: [(10000, 784)]
# hidden units number: [100]
# batch size:[1]
nn.train()
training sample size: [(60000, 784)]
test sample size: [(10000, 784)]
hidden units number: [100]
batch size:[1]
epoch:1 | Training Accuracy:[0.929966666666667]
epoch:2 | Training Accuracy:[0.9691]
epoch:3 | Training Accuracy:[0.97738333333333333]
epoch:4 | Training Accuracy:[0.982816666666667]
epoch:5 | Training Accuracy: [0.9845]
epoch:6 | Training Accuracy:[0.987516666666667]
epoch:7 | Training Accuracy:[0.9939333333333333]
epoch:8 | Training Accuracy:[0.99495]
epoch:9 | Training Accuracy:[0.9957]
epoch:10 | Training Accuracy:[0.996316666666666]
epoch:11 | Training Accuracy: [0.996916666666667]
epoch:12 | Training Accuracy:[0.997083333333333333]
epoch:13 | Training Accuracy:[0.996833333333333333]
epoch:14 | Training Accuracy:[0.997283333333333333]
epoch:15 | Training Accuracy: [0.99678333333333333]
epoch:16 | Training Accuracy: [0.997166666666666]
epoch:17 | Training Accuracy:[0.997533333333333333]
```

```
epoch: 18 | Training Accuracy: [0.9972]
epoch:19 | Training Accuracy:[0.99763333333333333]
epoch:20 | Training Accuracy:[0.9976]
print("Test Accuracy: [{}]".format(nn.test()))
# Test Accuracy: [0.982]
 training sample size: [(60000, 784)]
 test sample size:[(10000, 784)]
 hidden units number: [100]
 batch_size:[1]
 epoch:1 | Training Accuracy:[0.9299666666666667]
 epoch:2 | Training Accuracy:[0.9691]
 epoch:3 | Training Accuracy:[0.9773833333333333]
 epoch:4 | Training Accuracy:[0.9828166666666667]
 epoch:5 | Training Accuracy:[0.9845]
 epoch:6 | Training Accuracy:[0.987516666666667]
 epoch:7 | Training Accuracy:[0.9939333333333333]
 epoch:8 | Training Accuracy:[0.99495]
 epoch:9 | Training Accuracy:[0.9957]
 epoch:10 | Training Accuracy:[0.9963166666666666]
 epoch:11 | Training Accuracy:[0.9969166666666667]
 epoch:12 | Training Accuracy:[0.9970833333333333]
 epoch:13 | Training Accuracy:[0.9968333333333333]
 epoch:14 | Training Accuracy:[0.9972833333333333]
 epoch:15 | Training Accuracy:[0.9967833333333333]
 epoch:16 | Training Accuracy:[0.9971666666666666]
 epoch:17 | Training Accuracy:[0.9975333333333333]
 epoch:18 | Training Accuracy:[0.9972]
            Training Accuracy: [0.99763333333333333]
 epoch:19 |
 epoch:20 | Training Accuracy:[0.9976]
      print("Test Accuracy: [{}]".format(nn.test()))
```

Test Accuracy: [0.982]