

CCS2233 LAB WEEK 3

SLIDE 9 =====

getwd() # to see current working directory

setwd("C:/Users/ASUS/OneDrive/Documents/Beginner R") # to set working directory

SLIDE 11 =====

import csv file

ABC <- read.table(file = "iris_dirty.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",") # use read.table

ABC <- read.csv("iris_dirty.csv") # use read.csv

class(ABC) # check the class of the csv file

SLIDE 14 =====

Mydata <- read.table("student_performance.txt", sep = " ") # to import txt file

Mydata <- read.delim("student_performance.txt") # to import txt file

SLIDE 16 =====

file.choose() to import txt file

student_performance <- read.delim("C:/My Documents MAZ/UniMAP/TUGAS LUAR/AIU
2024/R Studio/Dataset/student_performance.txt")

head(student_performance)

SLIDE 17 =====

library(readxl) # package to read excel file

read_excel("health.xlsx")

SLIDE 18 =====

library(haven) # package to import and export 'SPSS', 'Stata' and 'SAS' files

read_spss("Dataset.sav")

read_dta("Dataset.dta")

read_sas("Dataset.sas7bdat")

SLIDE 19 =====

importing data from website

```
getLink <- "https://calmcode.io/static/data/fish.csv"
```

```
myData <- read.table(file = getLink, header = TRUE, sep = ",")
```

download the data.

Note that this will download to the current wd, but you can change it by specifying a path to "destfile"

```
download.file(url='https://fragilestatesindex.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/FSI-2023-DOWNLOAD.xlsx', destfile='excelData.xlsx', method='curl')
```

```
excelData <- read_excel("excelData.xlsx") # read data
```

SLIDE 21 =====

```
health <- read.table(file = "health.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",") # read csv file
```

```
save(health, file="health.rdata") # save the health.frame to disk
```

```
rm(health) # remove health from memory
```

```
load("health.rdata") # read it from the rdata file
```

```
head(health) # check if it exists now
```

SLIDE 23 =====

r binary files

```
x <- 1:5
```

```
y <- letters[1:5]
```

```
z <- data.frame(x, y)
```

save all three objects at once

```
save(x, y, z, file="multiple.rdata")
```

```
rm(x,y,z)
```

```
load("multiple.rdata")
```

```
x
```

```
y
```

```
z
```

```
# SLIDE 25 =====
```

```
x <- c(1, 5, 4) # create an object
```

```
x # view it
```

```
saveRDS(x, file='anObject.rds') # save to rds file
```

```
thatObject <- readRDS('anObject.rds') # read the file and save to a different object
```

```
thatObject # display it
```

```
identical(x, thatObject) # check they are the same
```

```
# SLIDE 27 =====
```

```
# load data from package ggplot2
```

```
data(diamonds, package='ggplot2')
```

```
head(diamonds)
```

```
# SLIDE 28 =====
```

```
library(readr) # package to read or write csv files
```

```
write.csv(health, "IntrotoR.final.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```

```
write_csv(health, 'healthExam.csv')
```

```
library(sjlabelled) # package to read and write SPSS, SAS and Stata files
```

```
write_spss(health, "my_spss.sav") # might need a longer time to execute
```

```
write_dta(health, "my_stata.dta") # might need a longer time to execute
```

```
# DATA PREPROCESSING =====
```

```

# Data Validation =====

iris_dirty <- read.csv("iris_dirty.csv")

summary(iris_dirty) # Summary statistics

# Data profiling
library('DataExplorer')
create_report(iris_dirty)

# Removing Duplicates =====

iris_new <- unique(iris_dirty)
rownames(iris_new) <- 1:nrow(iris_new)
sum(duplicated(iris_new))

# Encoding Categorical Variables =====

iris_new$Species <- tolower(iris_new$Species) # change to lowercase
iris_new$Species <- factor(iris_new$Species) # change to category

levels(iris_new$Species)[as.integer(iris_new$Species)]
levels(iris_new$Species)[1]<-"setosa"
levels(iris_new$Species)[2]<-"versicolor"
as.numeric(iris_new$Species) #category in numeric data type
iris_new

# Handling Missing Data =====
# Replacing Using Mean

iris_new$Sepal.Length[is.na(iris_new$Sepal.Length)]<-mean(iris_new$Sepal.Length,
na.rm=TRUE)

iris_new$Sepal.Width[is.na(iris_new$Sepal.Width)]<-mean(iris_new$Sepal.Width, na.rm=TRUE)

```

```
sum(is.na(iris_new))
```

```
# Outlier Detection and Treatment =====
```

```
# Detecting Outliers
```

```
iris_new <- subset(iris_new, select = -X) # remove X column
```

```
boxplot(iris_new)
```

```
# Deleting Outliers
```

```
Q1 <- quantile(iris_new$Sepal.Width, .25)
```

```
Q3 <- quantile(iris_new$Sepal.Width, .75)
```

```
IQR <- IQR(iris_new$Sepal.Width)
```

```
# only keep rows in dataframe that have values within 1.5*IQR of Q1 and Q3
```

```
iris_final <- subset(iris, iris_new$Sepal.Width > (Q1 - 1.5*IQR) & iris_new$Sepal.Width < (Q3 + 1.5*IQR))
```

```
# view row and column count of new data frame
```

```
dim(iris_final)
```

```
boxplot(iris_final)
```