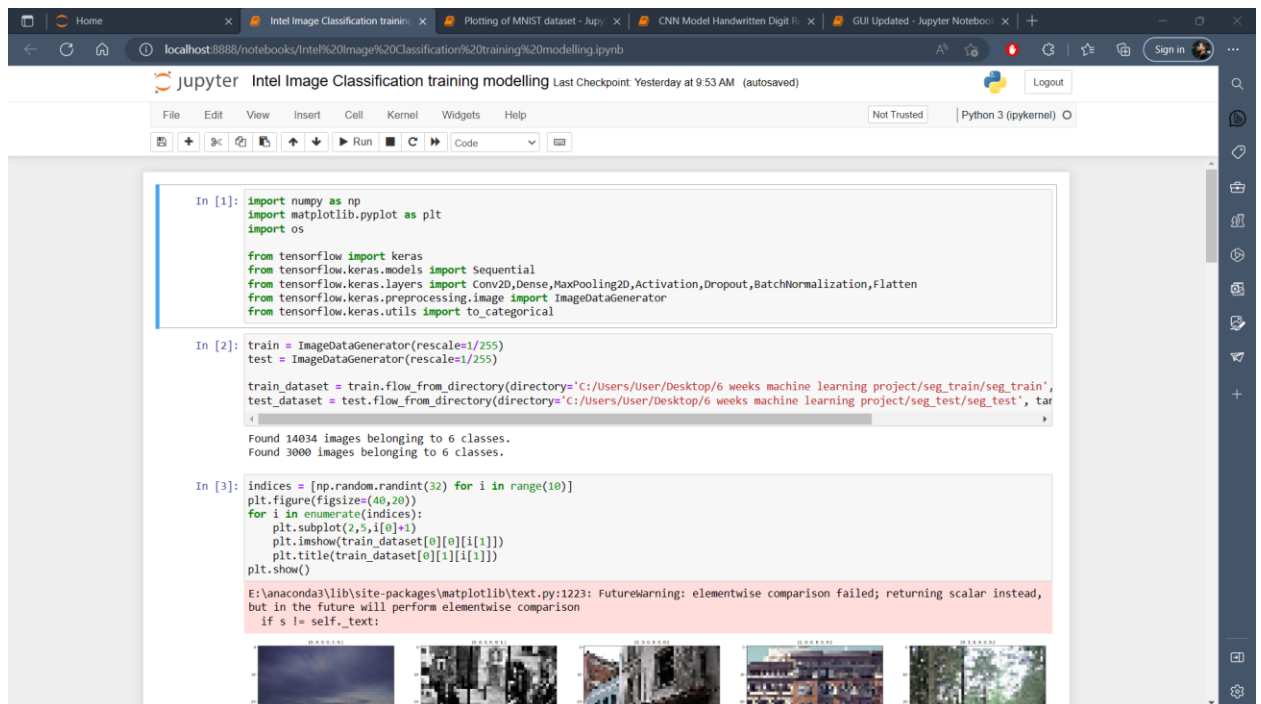


ML PROJECT BATCH 2

PROJECT TITLE: HANDWRITTEN DIGIT RECOGNITION USING DEEP LEARNING

SCREENSHOTS OF OUTPUTS:

1. Intel Image Classification Training Model



This screenshot shows the first three code cells of a Jupyter Notebook. The first cell imports necessary libraries like numpy, matplotlib, and tensorflow. The second cell loads the training and test datasets from a specified directory. The third cell visualizes the first 10 images from the training dataset, showing various scenes like buildings, forests, and mountains.

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os

from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, Dense, MaxPooling2D, Activation, Dropout, BatchNormalization, Flatten
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical

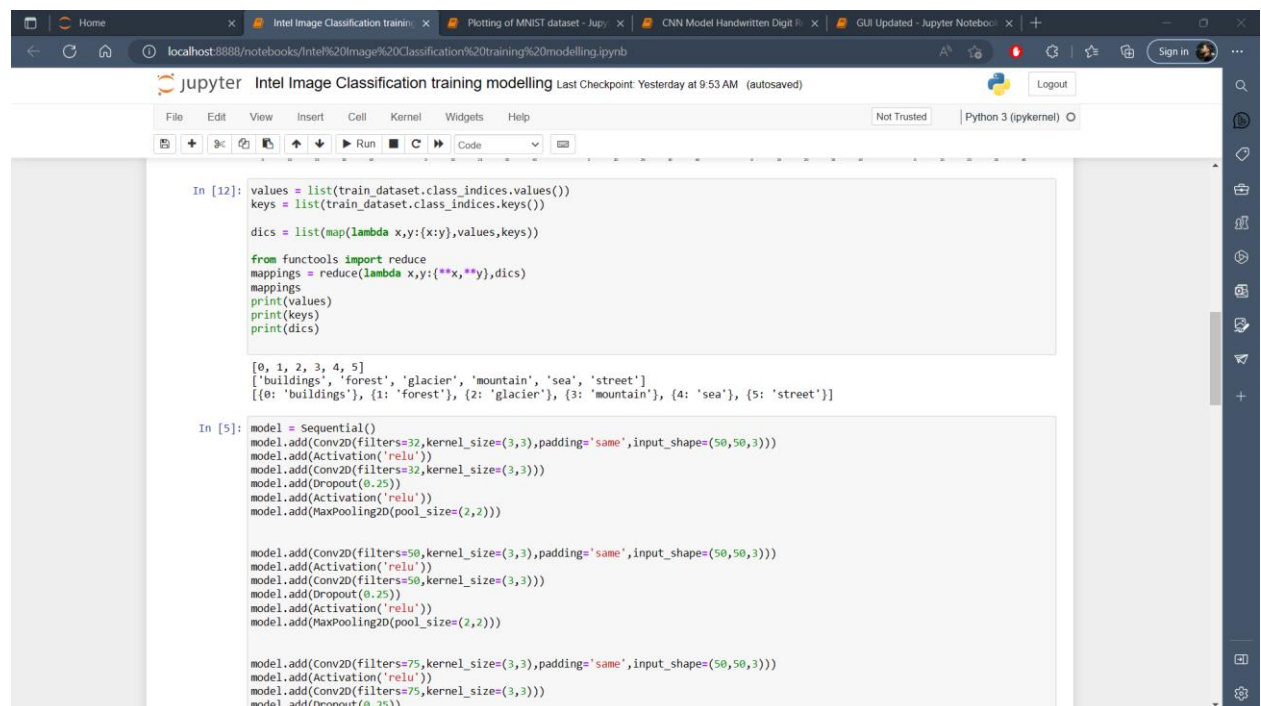
In [2]: train = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1/255)
test = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1/255)

train_dataset = train.flow_from_directory(directory='C:/Users/User/Desktop/6 weeks machine learning project/seg_train/seg_train',
test_dataset = test.flow_from_directory(directory='C:/Users/User/Desktop/6 weeks machine learning project/seg_test/seg_test', tar

Found 14034 images belonging to 6 classes.
Found 3000 images belonging to 6 classes.

In [3]: indices = [np.random.randint(32) for i in range(10)]
plt.figure(figsize=(40,20))
for i in enumerate(indices):
    plt.subplot(2,5,i[0]+1)
    plt.imshow(train_dataset[0][i][1])
    plt.title(train_dataset[0][i][1])
plt.show()

E:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\text.py:1223: FutureWarning: elementwise comparison failed; returning scalar instead,
but in the future will perform elementwise comparison
if s != self._text:
```



This screenshot shows the next two code cells of the Jupyter Notebook. The first cell defines the class indices for the dataset, mapping numerical values to their corresponding class names. The second cell defines the model architecture, which is a sequential model with multiple layers of convolution, pooling, and dropout.

```
In [12]: values = list(train_dataset.class_indices.values())
keys = list(train_dataset.class_indices.keys())
dics = list(map(lambda x,y:(x:y),values,keys))

from functools import reduce
mappings = reduce(lambda x,y:({**x,**y}),dics)
mappings
print(values)
print(keys)
print(dics)

[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
['buildings', 'forest', 'glacier', 'mountain', 'sea', 'street']
[{0: 'buildings'}, {1: 'forest'}, {2: 'glacier'}, {3: 'mountain'}, {4: 'sea'}, {5: 'street'}]

In [5]: model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3,3), padding='same', input_shape=(50,50,3)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3,3)))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

model.add(Conv2D(filters=50, kernel_size=(3,3), padding='same', input_shape=(50,50,3)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=50, kernel_size=(3,3)))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

model.add(Conv2D(filters=75, kernel_size=(3,3), padding='same', input_shape=(50,50,3)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=75, kernel_size=(3,3)))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
```

Intel Image Classification training modelling Last Checkpoint: Yesterday at 9:53 AM (autosaved)

```

model.add(Flatten())
kernel_regularizer = keras.regularizers.l1_l2(l1=1e-5, l2=1e-4)
model.add(Dense(units=50, activation='relu', kernel_regularizer=kernel_regularizer))
model.add(Dense(50, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Dense(6, activation='softmax'))

model.summary()

```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 50, 50, 32)	896
activation (Activation)	(None, 50, 50, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 48, 48, 32)	9248
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 48, 48, 32)	0
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 48, 48, 32)	0
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 24, 24, 32)	0
conv2d_2 (conv2D)	(None, 24, 24, 50)	14450
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 24, 24, 50)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 22, 22, 50)	22550
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 22, 22, 50)	0
activation_3 (Activation)	(None, 22, 22, 50)	0
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 11, 11, 50)	0

Intel Image Classification training modelling Last Checkpoint: Yesterday at 9:53 AM (autosaved)

```

model.compile(loss='CategoricalCrossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics='accuracy')
history = model.fit(train_dataset, batch_size=80, epochs=2, validation_data=test_dataset)

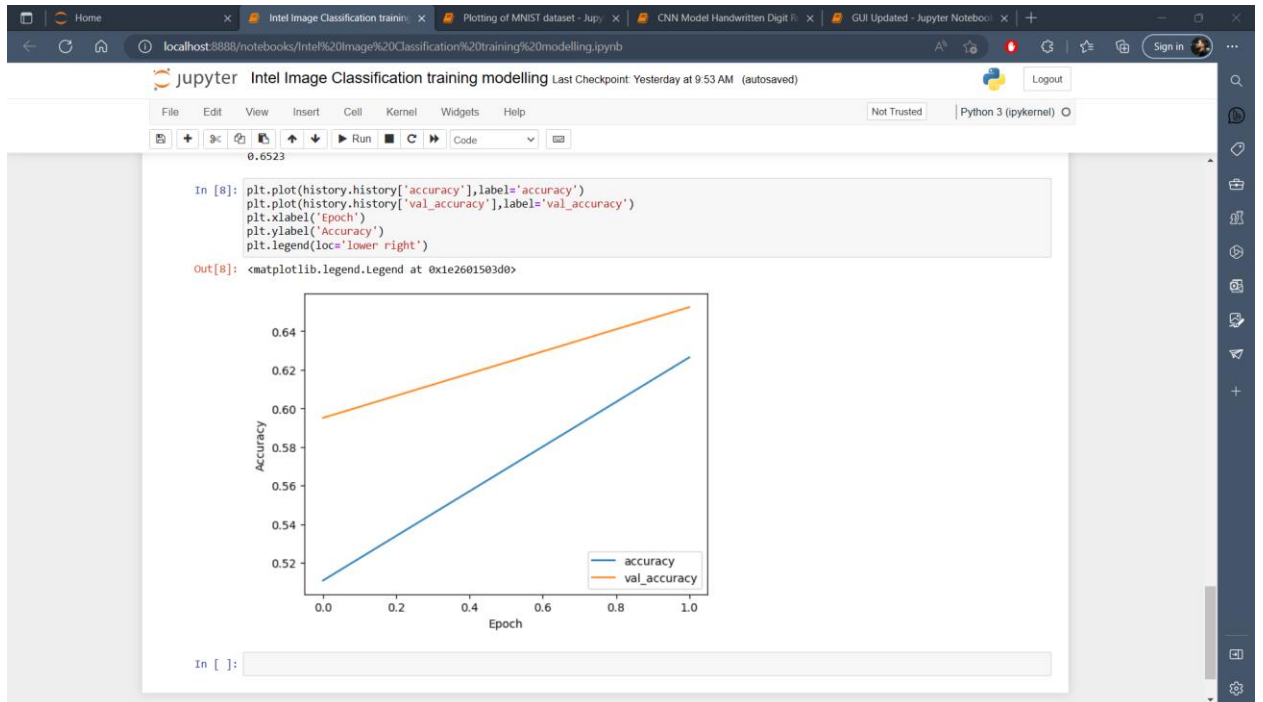
In [6]:
Epoch 1/2
439/439 [=====] - 110s 246ms/step - loss: 1.2162 - accuracy: 0.5108 - val_loss: 1.1022 - val_accuracy: 0.5950
Epoch 2/2
439/439 [=====] - 149s 339ms/step - loss: 0.9531 - accuracy: 0.6263 - val_loss: 0.9565 - val_accuracy: 0.6523

In [8]:
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='val_accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend(loc='lower right')

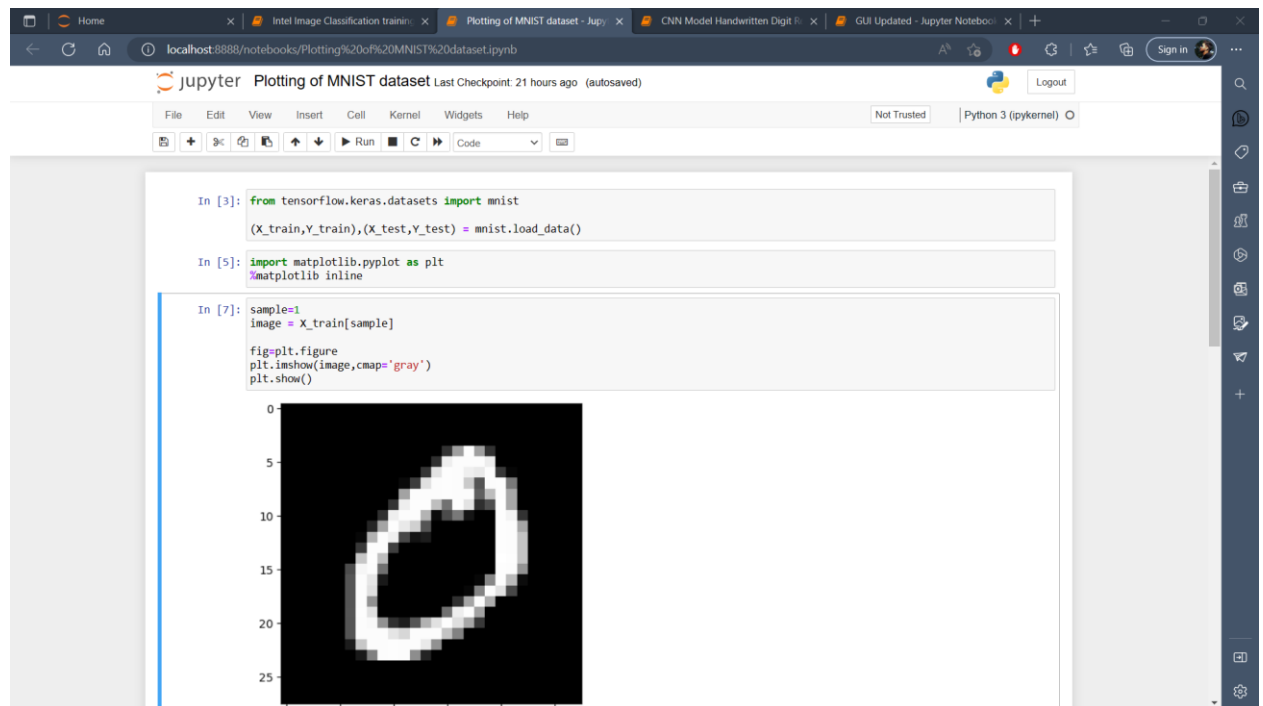
Out[8]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x1e2601503d0>

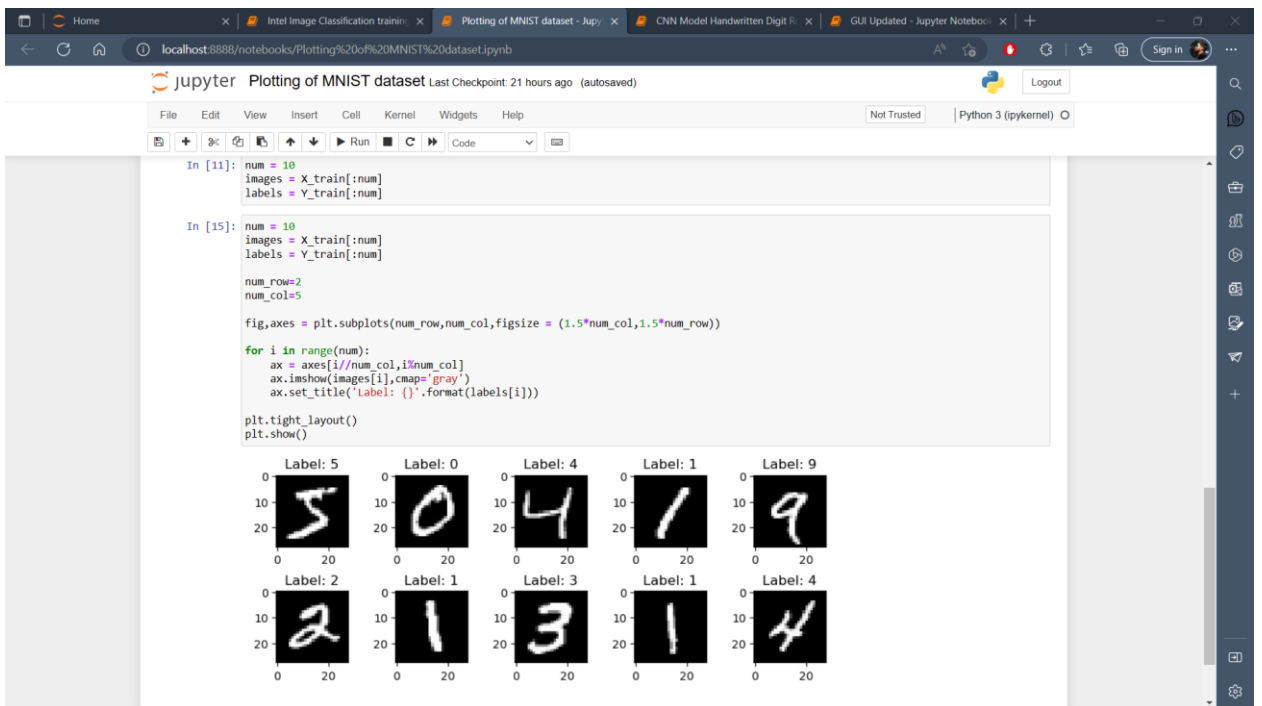
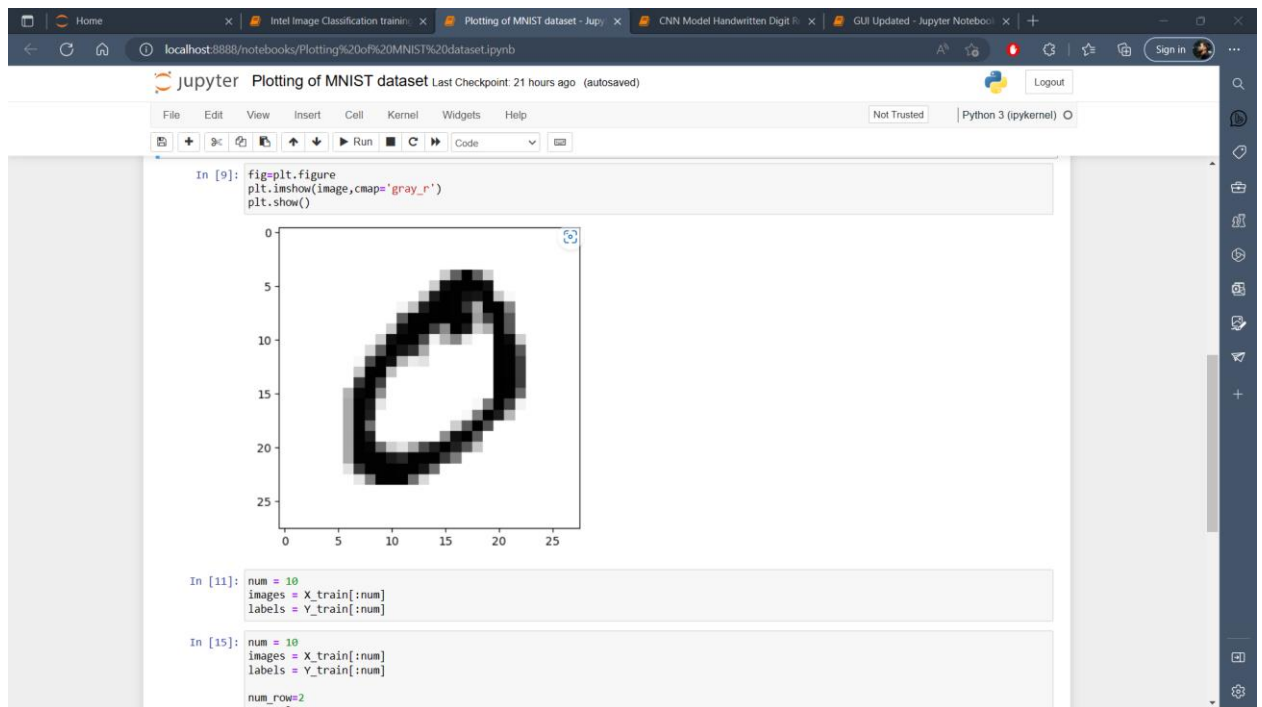
```

Epoch	Training Accuracy	Validation Accuracy
1	0.5108	0.5950
2	0.6263	0.6523

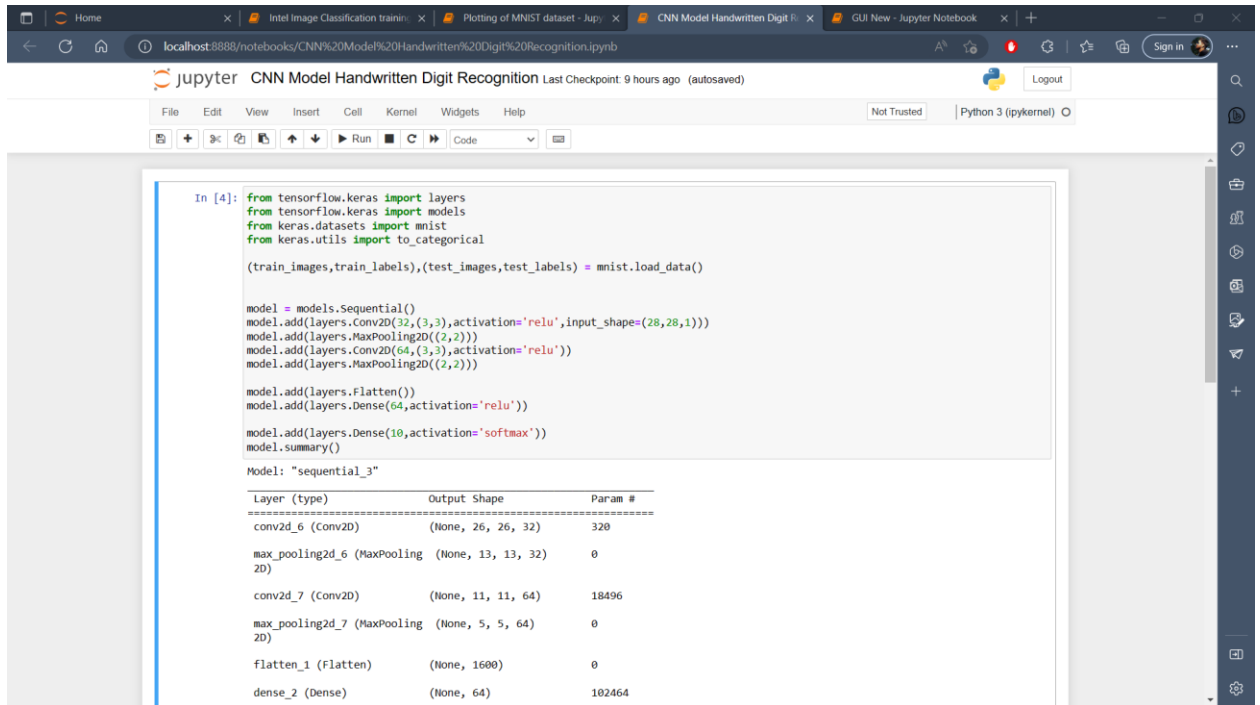


2. Plotting of MNIST dataset





3. CNN Model of Handwritten Digit Recognition



```
In [4]: from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras import models
from keras.datasets import mnist
from keras.utils import to_categorical

(train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = mnist.load_data()

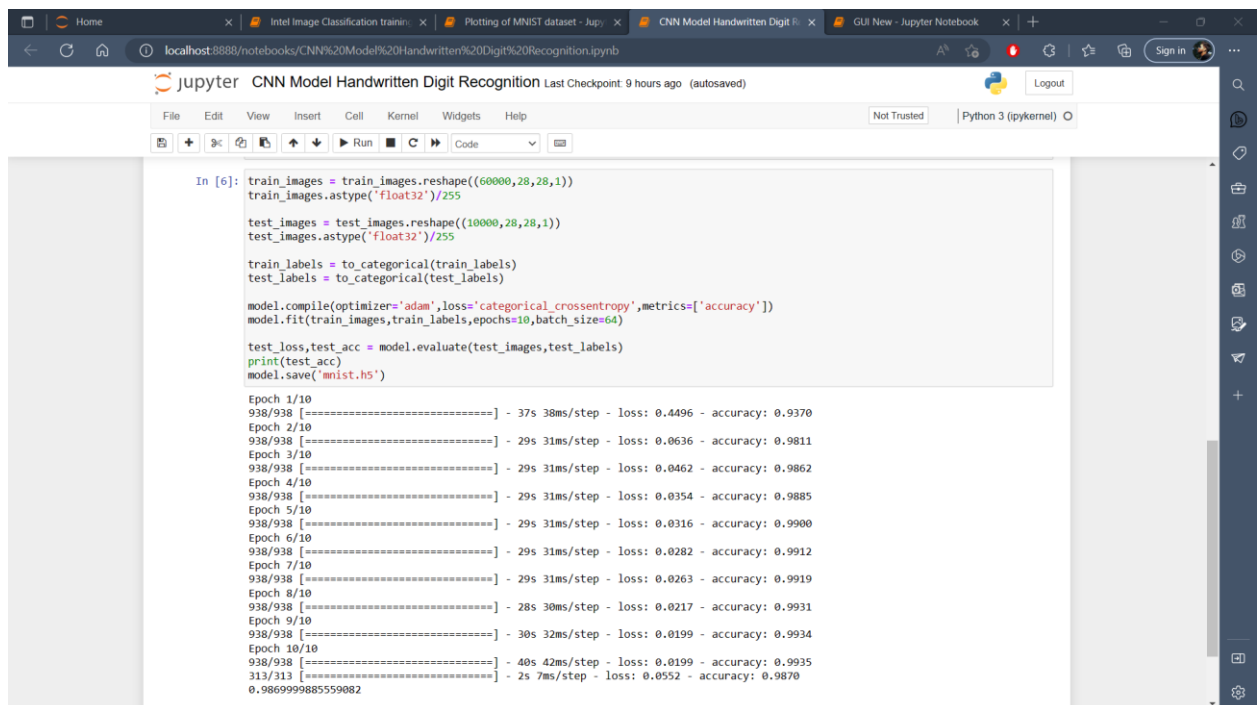
model = models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(28, 28, 1)))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))

model.add(layers.Flatten())
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
model.summary()

Model: "sequential_3"

```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 32)	320
max_pooling2d_6 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 13, 13, 32)	0
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_7 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 5, 5, 64)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 1600)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 64)	102464



```
In [6]: train_images = train_images.reshape((60000, 28, 28, 1))
train_images.astype('float32')/255

test_images = test_images.reshape((10000, 28, 28, 1))
test_images.astype('float32')/255

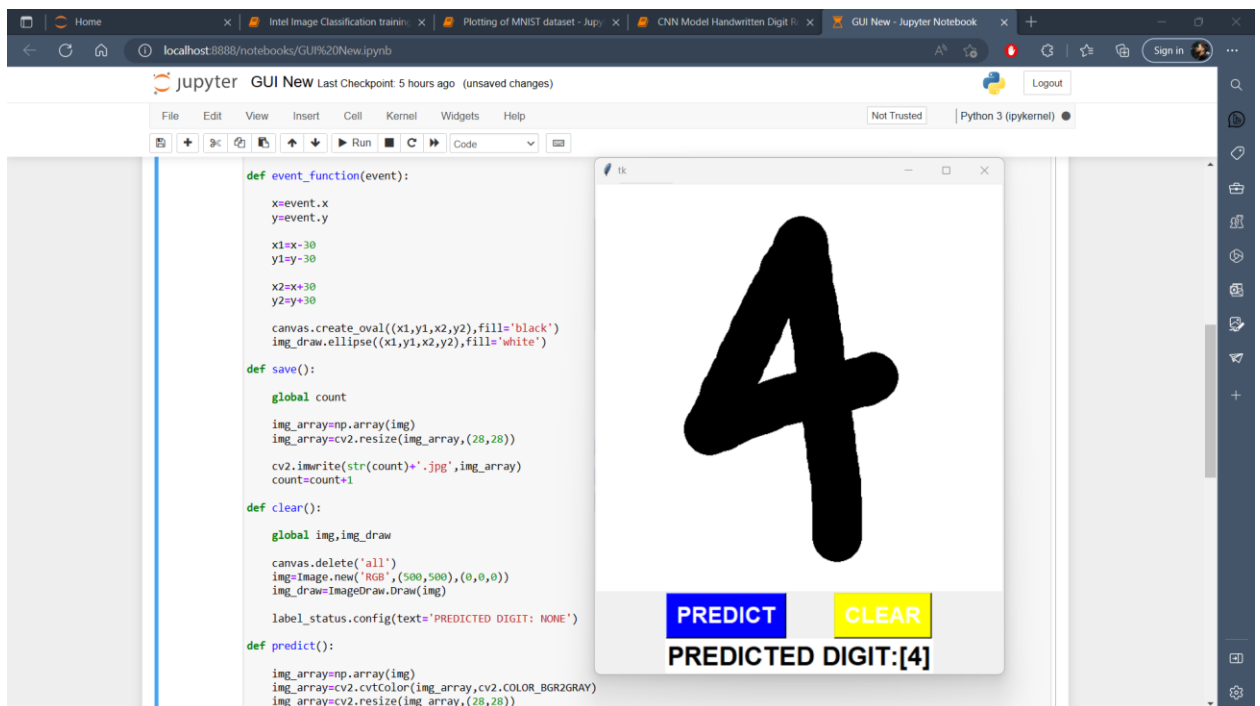
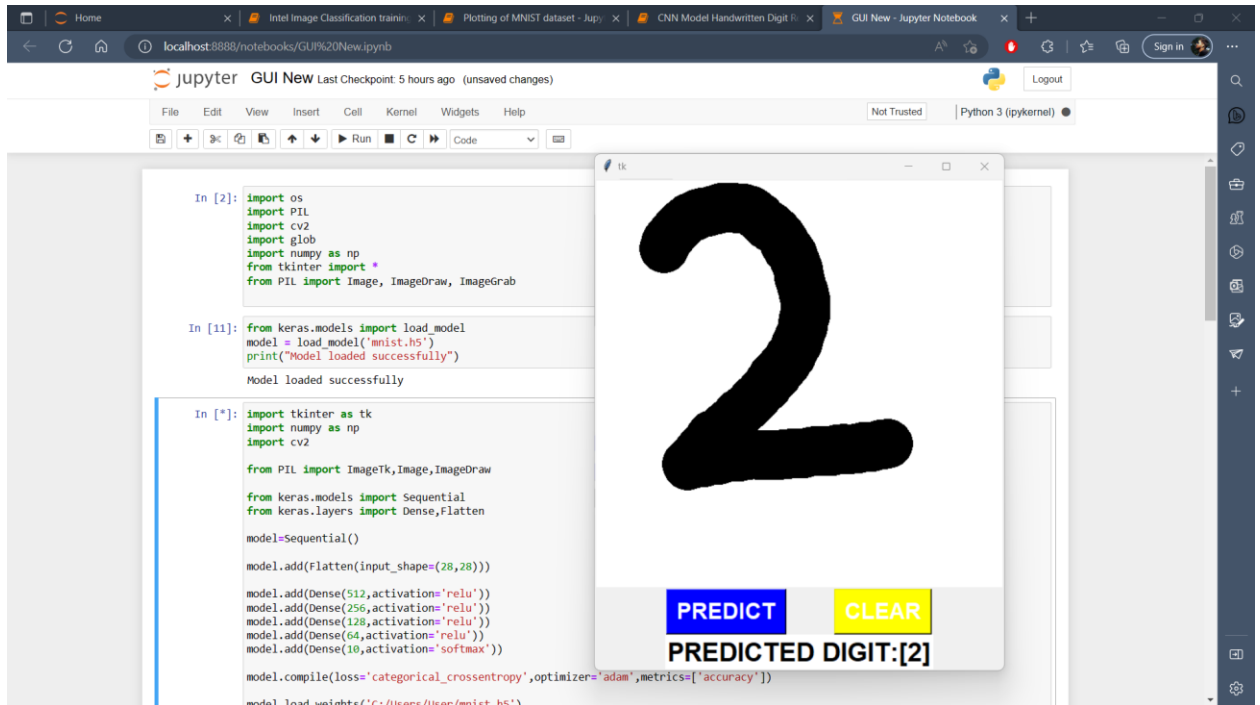
train_labels = to_categorical(train_labels)
test_labels = to_categorical(test_labels)

model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=10, batch_size=64)

test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels)
print(test_acc)
model.save('mnist.h5')
```

Epoch 1/10
938/938 [=====] - 37s 38ms/step - loss: 0.4496 - accuracy: 0.9370
Epoch 2/10
938/938 [=====] - 29s 31ms/step - loss: 0.0636 - accuracy: 0.9811
Epoch 3/10
938/938 [=====] - 29s 31ms/step - loss: 0.0462 - accuracy: 0.9862
Epoch 4/10
938/938 [=====] - 29s 31ms/step - loss: 0.0354 - accuracy: 0.9885
Epoch 5/10
938/938 [=====] - 29s 31ms/step - loss: 0.0316 - accuracy: 0.9900
Epoch 6/10
938/938 [=====] - 29s 31ms/step - loss: 0.0282 - accuracy: 0.9912
Epoch 7/10
938/938 [=====] - 29s 31ms/step - loss: 0.0263 - accuracy: 0.9919
Epoch 8/10
938/938 [=====] - 28s 30ms/step - loss: 0.0217 - accuracy: 0.9931
Epoch 9/10
938/938 [=====] - 30s 32ms/step - loss: 0.0199 - accuracy: 0.9934
Epoch 10/10
938/938 [=====] - 40s 42ms/step - loss: 0.0199 - accuracy: 0.9935
313/313 [=====] - 2s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0552 - accuracy: 0.9870
0.986999988559082

4. GUI



Home x Intel Image Classification trainin x Plotting of MNIST dataset - Jup x CNN Model Handwritten Digit F x GUI New - Jupyter Notebook x

localhost:8888/notebooks/GUP%20New.ipynb

jupyter GUI New Last Checkpoint: 5 hours ago (unsaved changes)

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help

Not Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel)

```
img_array=np.array(img)
img_array=cv2.cvtColor(img_array,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
img_array=cv2.resize(img_array,(28,28))

img_array=img_array/255.0
img_array=img_array.reshape(1,28,28)
result=model.predict(img_array)
label=np.argmax(result,axis=1)

label_status.config(text='PREDICTED DIGIT:'+str(label))

count=0

win=tk.Tk()

canvas=tk.Canvas(win,width=500,height=500,bg='white')
canvas.grid(row=0,column=0,columnspan=4)

#button_save=tk.Button(win,text='SAVE',bg='green',fg='white')
#button_save.grid(row=1,column=0)

button_predict=tk.Button(win,text='PREDICT',bg='blue',fg='white')
button_predict.grid(row=1,column=1)


button_clear=tk.Button(win,text='CLEAR',bg='yellow',fg='black')
button_clear.grid(row=1,column=2)

#button_exit=tk.Button(win,text='EXIT',bg='red',fg='white')
#button_exit.grid(row=1,column=3)

label_status=tk.Label(win,text='PREDICTED DIGIT: NONE',bg='white')
label_status.grid(row=2,column=0,columnspan=4)

canvas.bind('<B1-Motion>',event_function)
img=Image.new('RGB',(500,500),(0,0,0))
img_draw=ImageDraw.Draw(img)

win.mainloop()
```



The image shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with a Python script and a GUI window. The script processes an image, predicts a digit, and updates the GUI. The GUI window displays a large handwritten digit '6' on a canvas, with buttons for 'PREDICT' and 'CLEAR', and a label showing 'PREDICTED DIGIT:[6]'.