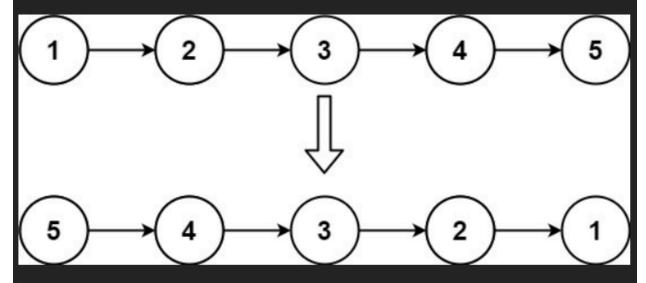


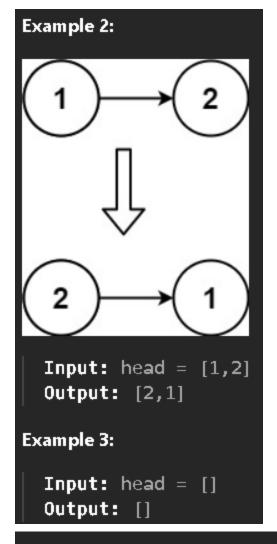
Given the [head] of a singly linked list, reverse the list, and return the reversed list.

Example 1:



Input: head = [1,2,3,4,5]

Output: [5,4,3,2,1]



Constraints:

• The number of nodes in the list is the range [0, 5000].

• -5000 <= Node.val <= 5000

Follow up: A linked list can be reversed either iteratively or recursively. Could you implement both?

Python:

Definition for singly-linked list.

class ListNode:

def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):

```
#
      self.val = val
#
      self.next = next
from typing import Optional
class Solution:
  def reverseList(self, head: Optional['ListNode']) -> Optional['ListNode']:
     # Iterative approach
     prev = None
     current = head
     while current:
                            # Store next node
       nxt = current.next
       current.next = prev
                             # Reverse the link
       prev = current
                           # Move prev forward
                          # Move current forward
       current = nxt
     return prev # New head of the reversed list
  def reverseListRecursive(self, head: Optional['ListNode']) -> Optional['ListNode']:
     # Recursive approach
     if not head or not head.next:
       return head
     new_head = self.reverseListRecursive(head.next)
     head.next.next = head
     head.next = None
     return new_head
JavaScript:
* Definition for singly-linked list.
* function ListNode(val, next) {
    this.val = (val===undefined ? 0 : val)
    this.next = (next===undefined ? null : next)
* }
*/
* @param {ListNode} head
* @return {ListNode}
*/
var reverseList = function(head) {
  let prev = null;
  let curr = head;
```

```
while (curr !== null) {
     let nextTemp = curr.next; // store next node
     curr.next = prev;
                          // reverse link
                         // move prev forward
     prev = curr;
                           // move curr forward
     curr = nextTemp;
  }
  return prev; // new head
};
Java:
* Definition for singly-linked list.
* public class ListNode {
    int val;
    ListNode next;
    ListNode() {}
    ListNode(int val) { this.val = val; }
    ListNode(int val, ListNode next) { this.val = val; this.next = next; }
* }
*/
class Solution {
  // Iterative Solution
  public ListNode reverseList(ListNode head) {
     ListNode prev = null;
                             // Previous node starts as null
     ListNode curr = head: // Current node starts as head
     while (curr != null) {
       ListNode nextNode = curr.next; // store next node
                                 // reverse pointer
       curr.next = prev;
       prev = curr;
                              // move prev forward
                                  // move curr forward
       curr = nextNode;
     }
     return prev; // new head
  }
  // Recursive Solution (Follow-up)
  public ListNode reverseListRecursive(ListNode head) {
     // Base case: empty list or single node
     if (head == null || head.next == null) {
       return head:
     // Reverse the rest of the list
```

```
ListNode newHead = reverseListRecursive(head.next);

// Reverse the current node's pointer
head.next.next = head;
head.next = null;

return newHead;
}
```