

2402. Meeting Rooms III

Solved 

Hard

Topics

Companies

Hint

You are given an integer n . There are n rooms numbered from 0 to $n - 1$.

You are given a 2D integer array `meetings` where $\text{meetings}[i] = [\text{start}_i, \text{end}_i]$ means that a meeting will be held during the **half-closed** time interval $[\text{start}_i, \text{end}_i)$. All the values of start_i are **unique**.

Meetings are allocated to rooms in the following manner:

1. Each meeting will take place in the unused room with the **lowest** number.
2. If there are no available rooms, the meeting will be delayed until a room becomes free. The delayed meeting should have the **same** duration as the original meeting.
3. When a room becomes unused, meetings that have an earlier original **start** time should be given the room.

Return *the number of the room that held the most meetings*. If there are multiple rooms, return *the room with the lowest number*.

A **half-closed interval** $[a, b)$ is the interval between a and b **including** a and **not including** b .

Example 1:

Input: n = 2, meetings = [[0,10],[1,5],[2,7],[3,4]]

Output: 0

Explanation:

- At time 0, both rooms are not being used. The first meeting starts in room 0.
- At time 1, only room 1 is not being used. The second meeting starts in room 1.
- At time 2, both rooms are being used. The third meeting is delayed.
- At time 3, both rooms are being used. The fourth meeting is delayed.
- At time 5, the meeting in room 1 finishes. The third meeting starts in room 1 for the time period [5,10).
- At time 10, the meetings in both rooms finish. The fourth meeting starts in room 0 for the time period [10,11).

Both rooms 0 and 1 held 2 meetings, so we return 0.

Example 2:

Input: n = 3, meetings = [[1,20], [2,10], [3,5], [4,9], [6,8]]

Output: 1

Explanation:

- At time 1, all three rooms are not being used. The first meeting starts in room 0.
 - At time 2, rooms 1 and 2 are not being used. The second meeting starts in room 1.
 - At time 3, only room 2 is not being used. The third meeting starts in room 2.
 - At time 4, all three rooms are being used. The fourth meeting is delayed.
 - At time 5, the meeting in room 2 finishes. The fourth meeting starts in room 2 for the time period [5,10).
 - At time 6, all three rooms are being used. The fifth meeting is delayed.
 - At time 10, the meetings in rooms 1 and 2 finish. The fifth meeting starts in room 1 for the time period [10,12).
- Room 0 held 1 meeting while rooms 1 and 2 each held 2 meetings, so we return 1.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq n \leq 100$
- $1 \leq \text{meetings.length} \leq 10^5$
- $\text{meetings}[i].length == 2$
- $0 \leq \text{start}_i < \text{end}_i \leq 5 * 10^5$
- All the values of start_i are **unique**.

Python:

```
class Solution:
    def mostBooked(self, n: int, meetings: list[list[int]]) -> int:
        meetings.sort()

        count = [0] * n
        timer = [0] * n

        itr = 0

        while itr < len(meetings):
            start, end = meetings[itr]
            dur = end - start

            room = -1
            earliest = 10**18
            earliestRoom = -1

            for i in range(n):
                if timer[i] < earliest:
                    earliest = timer[i]
                    earliestRoom = i
                if timer[i] <= start:
                    room = i
                    break

            if room != -1:
                timer[room] = end
                count[room] += 1
            else:
                timer[earliestRoom] += dur
                count[earliestRoom] += 1

            itr += 1

        maxv = 0
        idx = 0
        for i in range(n):
            if count[i] > maxv:
                maxv = count[i]
                idx = i

        return idx
```

JavaScript:

```
var mostBooked = function(n, meetings) {
    meetings.sort((a, b) => a[0] - b[0]);

    const count = new Array(n).fill(0);
    const timer = new Array(n).fill(0);

    let itr = 0;

    while (itr < meetings.length) {
        const start = meetings[itr][0];
        const end = meetings[itr][1];
        const dur = end - start;

        let room = -1;
        let earliest = Number.MAX_SAFE_INTEGER;
        let earliestRoom = -1;

        for (let i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            if (timer[i] < earliest) {
                earliest = timer[i];
                earliestRoom = i;
            }
            if (timer[i] <= start) {
                room = i;
                break;
            }
        }

        if (room !== -1) {
            timer[room] = end;
            count[room]++;
        } else {
            timer[earliestRoom] += dur;
            count[earliestRoom]++;
        }

        itr++;
    }

    let max = 0, idx = 0;
    for (let i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (count[i] > max) {
```

```

        max = count[i];
        idx = i;
    }
}

return idx;
};

```

Java:

```

class Solution {
    public int mostBooked(int n, int[][] meetings) {
        Arrays.sort(meetings, (a, b) -> a[0] - b[0]);

        int[] count = new int[n];
        long[] timer = new long[n];

        int itr = 0;

        while (itr < meetings.length) {
            int[] curr = meetings[itr];
            int start = curr[0];
            int end = curr[1];
            long dur = end - start;

            int room = -1;
            long earliest = Long.MAX_VALUE;
            int earliestRoom = -1;

            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                if (timer[i] < earliest) {
                    earliest = timer[i];
                    earliestRoom = i;
                }
                if (timer[i] <= start) {
                    room = i;
                    break;
                }
            }

            if (room != -1) {
                timer[room] = end;
                count[room]++;
            } else {
                timer[earliestRoom] += dur;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```
        count[earliestRoom]++;
    }

    itr++;
}

int max = 0, idx = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    if (count[i] > max) {
        max = count[i];
        idx = i;
    }
}

return idx;
}
}
```