

2536. Increment Submatrices by One

Solved

Medium Topics Companies Hint

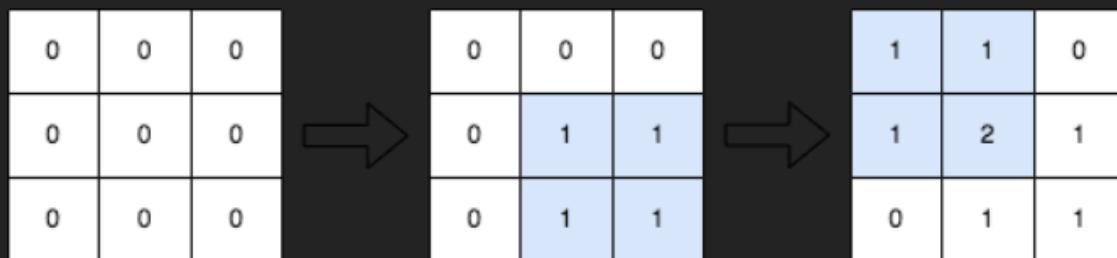
You are given a positive integer n , indicating that we initially have an $n \times n$ **0-indexed** integer matrix mat filled with zeroes.

You are also given a 2D integer array query . For each $\text{query}[i] = [\text{row1}_i, \text{col1}_i, \text{row2}_i, \text{col2}_i]$, you should do the following operation:

- Add 1 to **every element** in the submatrix with the **top left** corner $(\text{row1}_i, \text{col1}_i)$ and the **bottom right** corner $(\text{row2}_i, \text{col2}_i)$. That is, add 1 to $\text{mat}[x][y]$ for all $\text{row1}_i \leq x \leq \text{row2}_i$ and $\text{col1}_i \leq y \leq \text{col2}_i$.

Return *the matrix* mat *after performing every query*.

Example 1:



0	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	0



0	0	0
0	1	1
0	1	1



1	1	0
1	2	1
0	1	1

Input: $n = 3$, $\text{queries} = [[1,1,2,2], [0,0,1,1]]$

Output: $[[1,1,0], [1,2,1], [0,1,1]]$

Explanation: The diagram above shows the initial matrix, the matrix after the first query, and the matrix after the second query.

- In the first query, we add 1 to every element in the submatrix with the top left corner $(1, 1)$ and bottom right corner $(2, 2)$.
- In the second query, we add 1 to every element in the submatrix with the top left corner $(0, 0)$ and bottom right corner $(1, 1)$.

Example 2:



Input: n = 2, queries = [[0,0,1,1]]

Output: [[1,1],[1,1]]

Explanation: The diagram above shows the initial matrix and the matrix after the first query.

- In the first query we add 1 to every element in the matrix.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq n \leq 500$
- $1 \leq \text{queries.length} \leq 10^4$
- $0 \leq \text{row1}_i \leq \text{row2}_i < n$
- $0 \leq \text{col1}_i \leq \text{col2}_i < n$

Python:

```
class Solution:  
    def rangeAddQueries(self, n: int, queries: list[list[int]]) -> list[list[int]]:  
        diff = [[0] * (n + 1) for _ in range(n + 1)]  
  
        for r1, c1, r2, c2 in queries:  
            diff[r1][c1] += 1  
            diff[r2 + 1][c1] -= 1  
            diff[r1][c2 + 1] -= 1  
            diff[r2 + 1][c2 + 1] += 1  
  
        mat = [[0] * n for _ in range(n)]  
        for i in range(n):  
            for j in range(n):  
                above = mat[i - 1][j] if i > 0 else 0  
                left = mat[i][j - 1] if j > 0 else 0  
                diag = mat[i - 1][j - 1] if i > 0 and j > 0 else 0  
                mat[i][j] = diff[i][j] + above + left - diag
```

```
return mat
```

JavaScript:

```
const rangeAddQueries = (n, queries) => {
    let diff = Array.from({ length: n + 1 }, () => Array(n + 1).fill(0));

    for (let [r1, c1, r2, c2] of queries) {
        diff[r1][c1]++;
        diff[r2 + 1][c1]--;
        diff[r1][c2 + 1]--;
        diff[r2 + 1][c2 + 1]++;
    }

    let mat = Array.from({ length: n }, () => Array(n).fill(0));
    for (let i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (let j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            const above = mat[i - 1]?.[j] ?? 0;
            const left = mat[i]?.[j - 1] ?? 0;
            const diag = mat[i - 1]?.[j - 1] ?? 0;
            mat[i][j] = diff[i][j] + above + left - diag;
        }
    }
}

return mat;
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int[][] rangeAddQueries(int n, int[][] queries) {
        int[][] diff = new int[n + 1][n + 1];

        for (int[] q : queries) {
            int r1 = q[0], c1 = q[1], r2 = q[2], c2 = q[3];
            diff[r1][c1]++;
            diff[r2 + 1][c1]--;
            diff[r1][c2 + 1]--;
            diff[r2 + 1][c2 + 1]++;
        }

        int[][] mat = new int[n][n];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
                int above = i > 0 ? mat[i - 1][j] : 0;
                int left = j > 0 ? mat[i][j - 1] : 0;
```

```
    int diag = i > 0 && j > 0 ? mat[i - 1][j - 1] : 0;
    mat[i][j] = diff[i][j] + above + left - diag;
}
}

return mat;
}
}
```