2011. Final Value of Variable After Performing Operations

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There is a programming language with only **four** operations and **one** variable `X`:

- `++X` and `X++` **increments** the value of the variable `X` by `1`.
- `--X` and `X--` **decrements** the value of the variable `X` by `1`.

Initially, the value of `X` is `0`.

Given an array of strings `operations` containing a list of operations, return *the **final** value of* `X` *after performing all the operations.*

Example 1:

```
Input: operations = ["--X","X++","X++"]
Output: 1
Explanation: The operations are performed as follows:
Initially, X = 0.
--X: X is decremented by 1, X =  0 - 1 = -1.
X++: X is incremented by 1, X = -1 + 1 =  0.
X++: X is incremented by 1, X =  0 + 1 =  1.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: operations = ["++X","++X","X++"]
Output: 3
Explanation: The operations are performed as follows:
Initially, X = 0.
++X: X is incremented by 1, X = 0 + 1 = 1.
++X: X is incremented by 1, X = 1 + 1 = 2.
X++: X is incremented by 1, X = 2 + 1 = 3.
```

Example 3:

```
Input: operations = ["X++","++X","--X","X--"]
Output: 0
Explanation: The operations are performed as follows:
Initially, X = 0.
X++: X is incremented by 1, X = 0 + 1 = 1.
++X: X is incremented by 1, X = 1 + 1 = 2.
--X: X is decremented by 1, X = 2 - 1 = 1.
X--: X is decremented by 1, X = 1 - 1 = 0.
```

Constraints:

- `1 <= operations.length <= 100`
- `operations[i]` will be either `"++X"`, `"X++"`, `"--X"`, or `"X--"`.

Python:

```
class Solution:
    def finalValueAfterOperations(self, operations: List[str]) -> int:
        return sum(1 if op[1] == "+" else -1 for op in operations)
```

JavaScript:

```
var finalValueAfterOperations = function (operations) {
    let x = 0;
    for (const op of operations) {
        if ("X++" === op || "++X" === op) {
            x++;
```

```
        } else {
            x--;
        }
    }
    return x;
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int finalValueAfterOperations(String[] operations) {
        int x = 0;
        for(String o : operations) x += (44 - o.charAt(1));
        return x;
    }
}
```