

# 3583. Count Special Triplets

Medium

Topics

Companies

Hint

You are given an integer array `nums`.

A **special triplet** is defined as a triplet of indices  $(i, j, k)$  such that:

- $0 \leq i < j < k \leq n$ , where  $n = \text{nums.length}$
- $\text{nums}[i] == \text{nums}[j] * 2$
- $\text{nums}[k] == \text{nums}[j] * 2$

Return the total number of **special triplets** in the array.

Since the answer may be large, return it **modulo**  $10^9 + 7$ .

### **Example 1:**

**Input:** `nums = [6, 3, 6]`

**Output:** 1

**Explanation:**

The only special triplet is  $(i, j, k) = (0, 1, 2)$ , where:

- $\text{nums}[0] = 6$ ,  $\text{nums}[1] = 3$ ,  $\text{nums}[2] = 6$
- $\text{nums}[0] = \text{nums}[1] * 2 = 3 * 2 = 6$
- $\text{nums}[2] = \text{nums}[1] * 2 = 3 * 2 = 6$

### **Example 2:**

**Input:** `nums = [0, 1, 0, 0]`

**Output:** 1

**Explanation:**

The only special triplet is  $(i, j, k) = (0, 2, 3)$ , where:

- $\text{nums}[0] = 0$ ,  $\text{nums}[2] = 0$ ,  $\text{nums}[3] = 0$
- $\text{nums}[0] = \text{nums}[2] * 2 = 0 * 2 = 0$
- $\text{nums}[3] = \text{nums}[2] * 2 = 0 * 2 = 0$

### Example 3:

**Input:** nums = [8, 4, 2, 8, 4]

**Output:** 2

### Explanation:

There are exactly two special triplets:

- (i, j, k) = (0, 1, 3)
  - nums[0] = 8, nums[1] = 4, nums[3] = 8
  - nums[0] = nums[1] \* 2 = 4 \* 2 = 8
  - nums[3] = nums[1] \* 2 = 4 \* 2 = 8
- (i, j, k) = (1, 2, 4)
  - nums[1] = 4, nums[2] = 2, nums[4] = 4
  - nums[1] = nums[2] \* 2 = 2 \* 2 = 4
  - nums[4] = nums[2] \* 2 = 2 \* 2 = 4

### Constraints:

- $3 \leq n == \text{nums.length} \leq 10^5$
- $0 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^5$

## Python:

```
class Solution:  
    def specialTriplets(self, A: List[int]) -> int:  
        n = len(A)  
        left, right = Counter(), Counter(A)  
        res = 0  
        for a in A:
```

```

    right[a] -= 1
    res += left[a * 2] * right[a * 2]
    left[a] += 1
    return res % (10 ** 9 + 7)

```

## JavaScript:

```

/*
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {number}
 */
var specialTriplets = function(nums) {
    const MOD = 1_000_000_007n;

    const left = new Map();
    const right = new Map();

    for (const x of nums) {
        right.set(x, (right.get(x) || 0n) + 1n);
    }

    let ans = 0n;

    for (const x of nums) {
        right.set(x, right.get(x) - 1n);

        const need = BigInt(x * 2);
        const lc = left.get(Number(need)) || 0n;
        const rc = right.get(Number(need)) || 0n;

        ans = (ans + lc * rc) % MOD;

        left.set(x, (left.get(x) || 0n) + 1n);
    }

    return Number(ans);
};
```

## Java:

```

class Solution {
    public int specialTriplets(int[] A) {
        int mod = 1_000_000_007, res = 0;
        Map<Integer, Integer> left = new HashMap<>(), right = new HashMap<>();
        for (int a : A) {
            right.put(a, right.getOrDefault(a, 0) + 1);
        }
    }
}
```

```
        for (int a : A) {
            right.put(a, right.get(a) - 1);
            int ci = left.getOrDefault(a * 2, 0);
            int ck = right.getOrDefault(a * 2, 0);
            res = (int)((res + 1L * ci * ck) % mod);
            left.put(a, left.getOrDefault(a, 0) + 1);
        }
        return res;
    }
}
```