Image Segmentationn

```
import cv2
import numpy as np
from google.colab.patches import cv2 imshow
# Load the image
image = cv2.imread('/content/mahadev.jpg')
if image is None:
    raise ValueError("Could not load the image. Please check the file
path.")
# Convert the image to grayscale
gray image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
# Apply Gaussian blur to reduce noise and improve segmentation
blurred image = cv2.GaussianBlur(gray_image, (5, 5), 0)
# Apply Otsu's thresholding method for segmentation
, threshold image = cv2.threshold(blurred image, 0, 255,
cv2.THRESH BINARY + cv2.THRESH_OTSU)
# Find contours
contours, hierarchy = cv2.findContours(threshold_image,
cv2.RETR_EXTERNAL, cv2.CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
# Draw the contours on the original image
contour image = image.copy()
cv2.drawContours(contour image, contours, -1, (0, 255, 0), 2)
# Function to resize images to a consistent size
def resize image(img, width=300):
    aspect ratio = img.shape[1] / img.shape[0]
    height = int(width / aspect ratio)
    return cv2.resize(img, (width, height))
# Function to add labels to images
def add label(image, label):
    # Create a white bar at the top of the image for the label
    h, w = image.shape[:2]
    label bar = np.ones((30, w, 3), dtype=np.uint8) * 255
    # Add text to the label bar
    font = cv2.FONT HERSHEY SIMPLEX
    font scale = 0.6
    thickness = 1
    text size = cv2.getTextSize(label, font, font scale, thickness)[0]
    text x = (w - text size[0]) // 2
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text y = 20
    cv2.putText(label_bar, label, (text_x, text_y), font, font_scale,
(0, 0, 0), thickness)
    # Combine label bar and image
    return np.vstack((label bar, image))
# Resize all images
images = [
    resize image(image),
    resize image(cv2.cvtColor(gray image, cv2.COLOR GRAY2BGR)),
    resize image(cv2.cvtColor(threshold image, cv2.COLOR GRAY2BGR)),
    resize_image(contour_image)
1
# Add labels to images
labels = ['Original', 'Grayscale', 'Threshold', 'Contours']
labeled images = [add label(img, label) for img, label in zip(images,
labels)1
# Create horizontal concatenation of images
result = np.hstack(labeled_images)
# Display the combined result
cv2 imshow(result)
```



```
import cv2
import numpy as np
from google.colab.patches import cv2_imshow
# Load the image
```

```
image = cv2.imread('/content/mahadev.jpg')
if image is None:
    raise ValueError("Could not load the image. Please check the file
path.")
# Convert to grayscale
gray = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
# Apply threshold to convert the image to binary
_, binary = cv2.threshold(gray, <mark>0</mark>, <mark>255</mark>, cv2.THRESH BINARY +
cv2.THRESH OTSU)
# Remove noise using morphological transformations (opening)
kernel = np.ones((3, 3), np.uint8)
opening = cv2.morphologyEx(binary, cv2.MORPH OPEN, kernel,
iterations=2)
# Get sure background by dilating the result
sure bg = cv2.dilate(opening, kernel, iterations=3)
# Distance transform to get sure foreground
dist transform = cv2.distanceTransform(opening, cv2.DIST L2, 5)
_, sure_fg = cv2.threshold(dist_transform, 0.7 * dist_transform.max(),
255, 0)
# Subtract sure foreground from sure background to get unknown region
sure fg = np.uint8(sure fg)
unknown = cv2.subtract(sure bg, sure fg)
# Markers for watershed: label sure fg as 1, unknown region as 0
, markers = cv2.connectedComponents(sure fg)
# Add one to all labels to ensure background is not labeled as 0
markers = markers + 1
# Mark the unknown region as 0
markers[unknown == 255] = 0
# Apply watershed
markers = cv2.watershed(image, markers)
# Create a copy of the original image for visualization
result image = image.copy()
# Mark the boundaries in red on the result image
result image[markers == -1] = [0, 0, 255]
# Prepare markers visualization
markers viz = cv2.normalize(markers.astype(np.float32), None, 0, 255,
cv2.NORM MINMAX)
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```
markers viz = markers viz.astype(np.uint8)
markers colored = cv2.applyColorMap(markers viz, cv2.COLORMAP JET)
# Function to resize images to a consistent size
def resize image(img, width=300):
    aspect ratio = img.shape[1] / img.shape[0]
    height = int(width / aspect_ratio)
    return cv2.resize(img, (width, height))
# Function to add labels to images
def add label(image, label):
    # Create a white bar at the top of the image for the label
    h, w = image.shape[:2]
    label bar = np.ones((30, w, 3), dtype=np.uint8) * 255
    # Add text to the label bar
    font = cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX
    font scale = 0.6
    thickness = 1
    text size = cv2.getTextSize(label, font, font scale, thickness)[0]
    text x = (w - text size[0]) // 2
    text y = 20
    cv2.putText(label_bar, label, (text_x, text_y), font, font_scale,
(0, 0, 0), thickness)
    # Combine label bar and image
    return np.vstack((label bar, image))
# Resize all images
images = [
    resize image(image),
    resize image(cv2.cvtColor(binary, cv2.COLOR GRAY2BGR)),
    resize image(cv2.cvtColor(opening, cv2.COLOR GRAY2BGR)),
    resize image(cv2.cvtColor(sure bg, cv2.COLOR GRAY2BGR)),
    resize image(cv2.cvtColor(sure fg, cv2.COLOR GRAY2BGR)),
    resize image(cv2.cvtColor(unknown, cv2.COLOR GRAY2BGR)),
    resize image(markers colored),
    resize image(result image)
1
# Add labels to images
labels = ['Original', 'Binary', 'Opening', 'Sure BG', 'Sure FG',
'Unknown', 'Markers', 'Final']
labeled images = [add label(img, label) for img, label in zip(images,
labels)1
# Create horizontal concatenation of images
result = np.hstack(labeled images)
```

Display the combined result cv2_imshow(result)

