

JavaScript

- A variable is a named container that allows us to store data in our code.
- Control flow is the order in which a computer executes code in a script.
- all strings are surrounded by quotation marks
- e.g `var topics = "HTML, CSS, Git, JavaScript";` to access the string, we can simply refer to topics
- `console.log(topics);` topics (argument), console (test environment), log.(method/instructions) The method will output whatever we add inside the parentheses to the console.
- **Control+Shift+I** inspect using Chrome DevTools
- `if (condition) { // block of code to be executed if condition is truthy }` if the value isn't truthy then the computer will not carry out the action within the `{ }` brackets
- `else if (second condition) { }` for more than one condition
- `===` checks to see if two values are equal, and returns a Boolean result (true or false)
- an array is a group of related data
- The first item in any JavaScript array has an index of 0
- A for loop uses the pattern of indices to and allows a single code block to be executed over and over
- `var x = 0;` first statement in our loop e.g start from variable a
- `x < shapes.length;` second statement in our loop - the condition
- `x++` shortcut for `x+1`
- `for(var x = 0; x < shapes.length; x++) { // code bloc }` example of a for loop
- To comment out multiple lines of JavaScript code, put `/*` before and `*/` after
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