Quiz 8.2 - Gas Laws

Name: Name:

Question 1

A weather balloon starts in Cedar City with with P=0.82 atm, T=21.5 °C, and V=18.75 L

o Find the number of moles of gas inside the balloon

$$n = \frac{pV}{RT} = \frac{0.82 \text{ ofn. } 18.75L}{0.08206} = 0.64 \text{ mole}$$
o If the balloon is filled with He gas, find the mass of the gas inside the balloon

o Find the density of the He-filled balloon (assume the instruments and balloon itself have no mass)

$$d = \frac{\sqrt{10^{-4} \text{ M}}}{\sqrt{10^{-4} \text{ J/M}}} = \frac{2.55 \text{ g}}{18 \cdot 751} = 0.14 \text{ g/s} \longrightarrow 1.4 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ J/m}$$
o Find the density of the surrounding air (assume it is 100% N₂ gas)

Question 2

The weather balloon is released into the upper atmosphere and the instruments on-board indicate a pressure of $0.45 \ atm$ and a temperature of $(-32.4 \ ^{\circ}C) \rightarrow \lambda \ \%$. 6 K

What will the new volume of the balloon be?

$$\frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_3}{T_2} \qquad \frac{0.82 \text{ atm. } 18.75 L}{294.5 \text{ K}} = \frac{0.45 \text{ atm. } V_3}{240.6 \text{ K}} \Rightarrow V_2 = 28 L$$

Question 3

A car engine burns about 0.1 g of gasoline (C_8H_{18}) for each engine cycle. A car engine may have a cylinder volume of 1.25 L, and operate at a temperature of $80.0 \,^{\circ} C$. If the gasoline combusts completely inside the 1.25 L piston, what is the pressure of the combustion products?

2 (8 H18 (9) +
$$250_{2}(9) \rightarrow 16$$
 (02 (9) + 18 Hz)g 2 moles (8 H18 \rightarrow 34 moles product

80.0°C -> 353 K