

## Quiz 8.1 – Intermolecular Forces and Gases

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## Question 1

State the strongest intermolecular force exhibited by each molecule:

$\text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2\text{H}$	$\text{O}_3$	$\text{NO}_2$	$\text{C}_3\text{H}_8$	$\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$	$\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$	$\text{N}_2$
H-bonds	London	dipole/dipole	London	H-bonds	dipole/dipole	London

## Question 2

Which substance in each pair would have the highest melting point and boiling point:

$\text{Kr} / \text{Ne}$	$\text{NO}_2 / \text{N}_2\text{O}_4$	$\text{O}_2 / \text{N}_2$	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 / \text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_3$	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14} / \text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}$
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## Question 3

Draw and describe the two features that a substance must have to be capable of forming H-bonds



## Question 4

List the five postulates of the kinetic molecular theory:

- 1) Gas particles are in constant random motion
- 2) No intermolecular forces
- 3) Volume of particles = 0
- 4) Average  $\text{KE} \propto T$
- 5) Collisions are elastic

## Question 5

Complete the following pressures into atm

$$\circ \frac{224 \text{ mmHg}}{760 \text{ mmHg}} \times 1 \text{ atm} = 0.295 \text{ atm}$$

$$\circ \frac{65 \text{ millitorr}}{1000 \text{ mTorr}} \times \frac{1 \text{ Torr}}{760 \text{ Torr}} \times 1 \text{ atm} = 8.6 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ atm}$$

## Question 6

Convert 1.25 atm to torr

$$\frac{1.25 \text{ atm}}{1 \text{ atm}} \times 760 \text{ Torr} = 950 \text{ Torr} = 9.50 \cdot 10^2 \text{ Torr}$$