Quiz 14.4 – Reaction Mechanisms and Catalysis

Name: Kon

Question 1

Consider the decomposition of ozone: 2 $O_3(g) \longrightarrow 3 O_2(g)$ $\Delta H_{rxn} = -185.4 \frac{kJ}{mol}$

With the following proposed mechanism:

$$O_3(g) = O_2(g) + O(g)$$
 FAST

$$O(g) + O_3(g) \longrightarrow 2 O_2(g)$$
 SLOW

$$0_3 + p + 0_3 \rightarrow 0_3 + p + 20_3$$

$$20_3 \rightarrow 30_4$$

- Does this mechanism add up to the total overall reaction?
- Catalyst: NONE intermediate: O(g) • Identify any catalysts or intermediates in this mechansm:
- -O Give the molecularity and the rate law for each elementary step (including the reverse reaction in step 1):
- o Give the predicted overall rate law for this mechanism: Take k, [0][0] > ate Rx [0]

o Draw a plausible reaction coordinate diagram for this reaction Step 1: Unimplectual - Tate = k, [0,]

(grene step 1: bimolecular: rate; +k, [0,][0]

Step 2: bimolecular: Fate; Ra [0] [03]



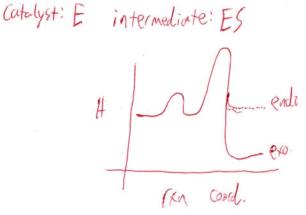
[ate, = late, k, [0]] = k, [0] = k, [0] = k, [0]

Enzymes are biomolecules which catalyze the reaction of a substrate to form products: S -> P

Enzymes often follow the *Michaelis-Menton* reaction mechanism:

$$E + S \Longrightarrow ES$$
 FAST $E + S \Longrightarrow ES + E + P$
 $ES \longrightarrow E + P$ SLOW $S \longrightarrow P$ Yes

Answer the same questions above for the Michaelis-Menton mechanism



rate, = rate, -> k, [E] [S] = k, [ES] -> [ES]= Pate= kx [ES] Pate = kx k1 [E][S]