Quiz 9.2 - Molecular Orbital Theory: Diatomic Molecules

Homonuclear Diatomics

Homonuclear Diatomics O_2^{4+} and N_2^{2+} have the same number of electrons, so you might expect them to have identical electronic structure

o Draw the molecular orbital energy level diagram for these two molecules, filled with the proper number of electrons

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o Give the bond order of both molecules

o Describe how both molecules might interact with a strong magnetic field

O2 - Paramagnetic: Attracted to a magnetic field

Nat - Diamognetic: Repelled by a magnetic field

Heteronuclear Diatomics

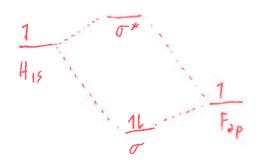
Consider the molecule HF. Because of the much higher nuclear charge on F, the H1s orbital actually aligns best energetically with the F2 p_z orbital, so they are the two which combine to form a molecular orbital. $\alpha_{H1s}=-7.2eV$, $\alpha_{F2p}=-10.4eV$, and $\beta_{H1s-F2p}=-1.0eV$

 \circ Calculate the energies of the two molecular orbitals, and draw an energy-level diagram which includes both the energies of the atomic orbitals and molecular orbitals. Remember that for heteronuclear diatomics we usually assume that the overlap integral S=0

$$E_{\pm} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\alpha_A + \alpha_B \right) \pm \frac{1}{2} \left(\alpha_A - \alpha_B \right) \left[1 + \left(\frac{2\beta}{\alpha_A - \alpha_B} \right)^2 \right]^{1/2}$$

$$E_{+} = \frac{1}{3} \left(-17.6 \text{ eV} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(3.2 \text{ eV} \right) \left[1 + \left(\frac{-2 \text{ eV}}{3.2 \text{ eV}} \right)^{2} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} \left(-17.6 \text{ eV} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(3.2 \text{ eV} \right) \left[1 + \left(\frac{-2 \text{ eV}}{3.2 \text{ eV}} \right)^{2} \right]^{1/2}$$



o Calculate the coefficients for both MOs and sketch how they might look considering the unequal contributions from both atoms

$$C_{H} = \left[1 + \left(\frac{\alpha_{H} - E_{-}}{B} \right)^{2} \right]^{-1/2}$$

$$C_{H} = \left[1 + \left(\frac{-7.2 \text{ eV} + 10.69 \text{ eV}}{-1.0 \text{ eV}} \right)^{2} \right]^{-1/2} = 0.275$$

$$C_{F} = -\left(\frac{\alpha_{H} - E_{-}}{B} \right) C_{\alpha} = -\left(\frac{-7.3 \text{ eV} + 10.69 \text{ eV}}{-1.0 \text{ eV}} \right) \cdot 0.275$$

$$C_{F} = 0.960$$

$$C_{H} = \left[1 + \left(\frac{a_{H} - E_{+}}{B}\right)^{2}\right]^{-1/2}$$

$$C_{H} = \left[1 + \left(\frac{-7 \cdot 2 \text{ ev} + 6 \cdot 41 \text{ eV}}{-1 \text{ ev}}\right)^{2}\right]^{-1/2} = 0.960$$

$$C_{F} = -\left(\frac{a_{H} - E_{+}}{B}\right)C_{0} = -\left(\frac{-7 \cdot 2 \text{ ev} + 6 \cdot 41 \text{ eV}}{-1 \text{ ev}}\right) \cdot 0.960$$

$$C_{F} = -0.278$$