COST Action Distant Reading for European Literary History

Corpus design and text contribution for ELTeC

Distant [] Reading

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Introduction

- metadata for novels in ELTeC
- introduction to metadata schema
- metadata collection with world cat
- encoding metadata in TEI schema

1. WG Scholary Resources and ELTeC

2. ELTeC Encoding Schema – Metadata

3. Research for metadata - World cat

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Working Group 1: SCHOLARLY RESOURCES

- Creating an open source multi-lingual benchmark corpus for European literature of the 19th century (novels): European Literary Text Collection (ELTeC)¹
- 34 Members from 22 countries
- Main tasks are
 - defining corpus design
 - developing basic encoding schemas
 - developing workflows

¹https://www.distant-reading.net/wg-1/

Corpus design

Corpus design defines two things (cf. Hunston 2008; Lüdeling et al. 2016):

- ▶ candidates → sampling
 - Which text(s) can be included in the corpus? Which can't?
- ▶ proportion → balancing
 - How many texts with which characteristics should the corpus contain?

Corpus design – approach of WG1

- Sampling and balancing criteria² will
 - not define what a novel is (cf. WG 3)
 - follow a non-normative but metadata-based approach (not canon-based)³
 - aim to represent the variety of a population⁴
 - allow for a comparability of texts and individual sub-collections according to different metadata set(s)

² https://github.com/distantreading/WG1/blob/master/sampling_proposal.xml

 $^{^{3}}$ Each canon is a result of rating texts from different perspectives: intellectual, economical, or/and reader rating (a.o. Herrmann 2011; Winko 1996).

 $^{^4}$ Cf. for discussion of representativeness Biber (1993) and canonicity and corpus design Algee-Hewitt and McGurl (2018) and Bode (2018).

Sampling criteria

language: European languages, no translations

prose: narrative fictional prose

period: 1840–1920

▶ length: min. 10.000 words

publication: prefer books over novels published in serial publications

access: only freely available digitizations

Balancing criteria

100 texts per language (language collection)

period: distribution over time

group T1: 1840-1859
group T2: 1860-1879
group T3: 1880-1899
group T4: 1900-1920

- ▶ **gender**: min. 10% and max. 50% written by female authors
- ▶ authorship: 9 11 authors with exactly three novels (otherwise, only one text for each author)
- ▶ length: min. 20% are short novels (10-50k word tokens), min. 20% are long novels (>100k word tokens).
- ▶ **reprint**: min. 30% are highly canonized novels, min. 30% should be non-canonized novels, based reprint counts within the period 1970-2009 (work in progress)

(ideal) Composition

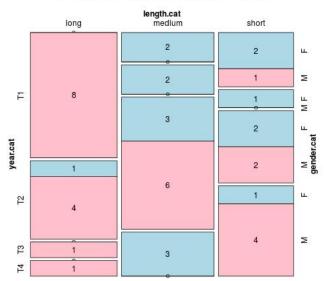
Current composition of the language collection

	long	length.cat medium	short	
Ę	5	4	4	ш
	4	4	4	Σ
r. cat T2	5	4	4	ш ж
	4	4	4	≥ 5.
year.cat ⊤3 ⊤2	5	4	4	/ F M gender.cat
	4	4	4	≥ 5
T4	5	4	4	ш
	4	4	4	Σ

Amount of texts with balancing categories (year, length, gender)

Example: German Text Collection

Title counts for each balance criterion



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TEI encoding for ELTeC

Sources:

- different texts levels / editions (cf. e.g. IFLA 2009)
- different levels of digitization/annotation
- various languages, encodings, fonts

Corpus

- minimal, uniform encoding (applicable for different sources)
- text representation focus on consistency and simplicity (not full complexity/richness needed for digital editions)
- basic metadata and references (not replicating work of libraries)
- serves as master file container for automatically generating transformations, annotations and derivations

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Encoding levels for ELTeC

TEI ODD-chain⁵ provides different levels of encoding:

- ▶ level0: basic encoding with e.g. paragraph, heading, page break, text division,
- ▶ level1: richer encoding, adding e.g. font change, graphic, quotation, correction
- ▶ level2: token-based encoding with automatic lemmatization and part-of-speech annotation
- ightarrow consistent metadata for each level of encoding

 $^{^5}Cf.$ TEI ODD Burnard and Rahtz (2004), for documentation of ELTeC ODD https://github.com/distantreading/WG1 $_{\odot}$ $_{\odot}$ $_{\odot}$ $_{\odot}$ $_{\odot}$ $_{\odot}$

Metadata schema

tba

TEI document, encoding level 1

```
<TEI xmlns="http://www.tei-c.org/ns/1.0" xml:lang="de" xml:id="deu032">
   <teiHeader>
      <fileDesc>
         <titleStmt>
            <title>Sibilla Dalmar: FLTeC Edition</title>
            <author ref="http://d-nb.info/gnd/pnd:11852643X">Dohm,
               Hedwig (1831-1919)</author>
            <respStmt>
               <resp>ELTeC conversion</resp>
               <name>Leonard Konle</name>
            </respStmt>
         </titleStmt>
         <extent>
            <measure unit="words">97252</measure><measure unit="pages"</pre>
               >374</measure>
         </extent><publicationStmt>Veröffentlicht als ein Teil von ELTeC <date>20
         <sourceDesc>
            <!-- converted from TextGrid (textgrid:mh3s.0) via Kallimachos: +71+ --
            <br/><bibl type="copyText">
               <title>Sibilla Dalmar</title>
               <author>Dohm, Hedwig</author>
               <date>1896</date>
            </hibl>
         </fileDesc>
                                                                                   6
      <encodingDesc n="eltec-1">
```

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Research for metadata

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