עקרונות שפות תכנות: עבודה 4

#### 1.1

- (a מקבלת את a שהוא מסוג RUMBER אבל היא מוגדרת לקבל משתנה g מקבלת את a מטיפוס אחר- 1T . לא הוגדר לנו ש T1=number לכן שני הצדדים בביטוי זה שונים אז יחזיר false.
  - 1T שמוגדר על ידי הטיפוס X מקבלת את f הפונקציה. false (b לעומת זאת, כמוגדרת לקבל פרמטר מטיפוס.
  - .true (c מטיפוס T בדיוק כמו שהיא מצפה. לrue (c מחזירה משתנה מטיפוס 2T כפי שהיא אמורה להחזיר.
  - אז ניתן X אז ניתן 1T. לא הוגדר הטיפוס של X אמורה לקבל שני טיפוסים True (d להסיק שטיפוסו הוא 1T והטיפוס של Y מוגדר להיות 2T כנדרש כלומר TRUE

#### שאלה 2

(a)

((lambda (f x1) (f 1 x1)) + #t)=>((lambda(f x)(f1 1 x)) + #t) : 1 שלב 1

### : 2 שלב

Expression	Variable
((lambda(f x)(f1 1 x)) + #t)	ТО
(lambda(f x)(f1 1 x))	T1
+	T+
#t	Ttrue
(f x)	T2
(f1 1 x)	Т3
f	Tf
f1	Tf1
х	Tx
1	Tnum1

### :3 שלב

Expression	Equation
((lambda(f x)(f1 1 x)) + #t)	T1 = [T+*Ttrue->T0]
(lambda(f x)(f1 1 x))	T1 =[Tf*Tx->T3]
(f x)	Tf = [Tx -> T2]
(f1 1 x)	Tf1 = [Tnum1*Tx->T3]

Expression	Equation
1	Tnum1= Number
+	T+= [Number *Number ->Number]
#t	Ttrue = Boolean

Equation	Subtitution
T1 = [T+*Ttrue->T0]	{}
T1 =[Tf*Tx->T3]	
Tf = [Tx -> T2]	
Tf1 = [Tnum1*Tx->T3]	
Tnum1= Number	
T+= [Number *Number ->Number]	
Ttrue = Boolean	

Equation	Subtitution	
T1 =[Tf*Tx->T3]	{ T1 = [T+*Ttrue->T0]}	
Tf = [Tx -> T2]		
Tf1 = [Tnum1*Tx->T3]		
Tnum1= Number		
T+= [Number *Number ->Number]		
Ttrue = Boolean		

Equation	Subtitution
Tf = [Tx -> T2]	{ T1 = [T+*Ttrue->T0]}
Tf1 = [Tnum1*Tx->T3]	
Tnum1= Number	
T+= [Number *Number ->Number]	
Ttrue = Boolean	
T0 = T3	
Ttrue = Tx	
T+ = Tf	

Equation	Subtitution	
Tf1 = [Tnum1*Tx->T3]	{T1 = [T+*Ttrue->T0],	
	Tf = [Tx -> T2] }	
Tnum1= Number		
T+= [Number *Number ->Number]		
Ttrue = Boolean		
T0 = T3		
Ttrue = Tx		
T+ = Tf		

Equation	Subtitution	
Tnum1= Number	{T1 = [T+*Ttrue->T0],	
	Tf = [Tx -> T2],	
	Tf1 = [Tnum1*Tx->T3]}	
T+= [Number *Number ->Number]		
Ttrue = Boolean		
T0 = T3		

T+= [Number *Number ->Number]	
Ttrue = Tx	
T+ = Tf	

Equation	Subtitution
T+= [Number *Number ->Number]	{T1 = [T+*Ttrue->T0],
	Tf = [Tx -> T2],
	Tf1 = [Number*Tx->T3],
	Tnum1= Number }
Ttrue = Boolean	
T0 = T3	
Ttrue = Tx	
T+ = Tf	

Equation	Subtitution
Ttrue = Boolean	{T1 = [[Number *Number ->Number]*Ttrue->T0],
	Tf = [Tx -> T2],
	Tf1 = [Number*Tx->T3],
	Tnum1= Number,
	T+= [Number *Number ->Number]}
T0 = T3	
Ttrue = Tx	
Tf = [Number *Number ->Number]	

Equation	Subtitution
T0 = T3	{T1 = [[Number *Number ->Number]* Boolean -
	>T0],
	Tf = [Tx -> T2],
	Tf1 = [Number*Tx->T3],
	Tnum1= Number,
	T+= [Number *Number ->Number],
	Ttrue = Boolean }
Tx= Boolean	
Tf = [Number *Number -	
>Number]	

Equation	Subtitution
Tx = Boolean	{T1 = [[Number *Number ->Number]* Boolean
	>T0],
	Tf = [Tx -> T2],
	Tf1 = [Number*Tx->T3],
	Tnum1= Number,
	T+= [Number *Number ->Number],
	Ttrue = Boolean
	T0 = T3 }
Tf = [Number *Number -	·
>Number]	

Equation	Subtitution
Tf = [Number *Number -	{T1 = [[Number *Number ->Number]* Boolean -
>Number],	>T0],
	Tf = [Boolean-> T2],
	Tf1 = [Number*Tx->T3],
	Tnum1= Number,
	T+= [Number *Number ->Number],
	Ttrue = Boolean,
	T0 = T3,
	Tx = Boolean ,
	}

אז סתירה מפני שTf מוגדר לקבל Boolean ובנוסף מוגדר לקבל Tf מוגדר לקבל לא יתכן.

(b)

## <u>שלב 1:</u>

((lambda (f1 x1) (f1 x1 1)) + \*)=> ((lambda(f x )(f1 x 1)) + \*)

:2 שלב

Expression	Variable
((lambda(f x )(f1 x 1)) + *)	ТО
(lambda(f x )(f1 x 1))	T1
(f x )	T2
(f1 x 1)	Т3
f1	Tf1
f	Tf
X	Tx
1	Tnum1
+	T+
*	T*

<u>שלב 3:</u>

Expression	Equation
((lambda(f x )(f1 x 1)) + *)	T1 =[T+*T*->T0]
(lambda(f x )(f1 x 1))	T1 = [Tf*Tx->T3]
(f x )	Tf= [Tx->.T2]
(f1 x 1)	Tf1 = [Tx*Tnum1->T3]
1	Tnum1 = [Number]
+	T+ =[Number *Number ->Number]
*	T* =[Number *Number ->Number]

Equation	Substitution
T1 =[T+*T*->T0]	{}
T1 = [Tf*Tx->T3]	
Tf= [Tx->T2]	
Tf1 = [Tx*Tnum1->T3]	
Tnum1 = [Number]	
T+ =[Number *Number ->Number]	
T* =[Number *Number ->Number]	

Equation	Substitution
$T1 = [Tf^*Tx->T3]$	{ T1 =[T+*T*->T0]}
Tf= [Tx->T2]	
Tf1 = [Tx*Tnum1->T3]	
Tnum1 = [Number]	
T+ =[Number *Number ->Number]	
T* =[Number *Number ->Number]	

Equation	Substitution	
Tf= [Tx->T2]	{T1 =[T+*T*->T0]}	
Tf1 = [Tx*Tnum1->T3]		
Tnum1 = [Number]		
T+ =[Number *Number ->Number]		
T* =[Number *Number ->Number]		
T0=T3		
Tf=T+		
Tx= T*		

Equation	Substitution
Tf1 = [Tx*Tnum1->T3]	{T1 =[T+*T*->T0], Tf= [Tx->T2] }
Tnum1 = [Number]	
T+ =[Number *Number ->Number]	
T* =[Number *Number ->Number]	
T0=T3	
Tf=T+ = Tx->T2	
Tx= T*	

Equation	Substitution
Tnum1 = [Number]	{T1 =[T+*T*->T0], Tf= [Tx->T2], Tf1 = [Tx*Tnum1->T3] }

T+ =[Number *Number ->Number]	
T* =[Number *Number ->Number]	
T0=T3	
Tf=T+ = Tx->T2	
Tx= T*	

Equation	Substitution
T+ =[Number *Number ->Number]	{T1 =[T+*T*->T0], Tf= [Tx->T2], Tf1 = [Tx*Number->T3] , Tnum1 = [Number]}
T* =[Number *Number ->Number]	
T0=T3	
Tf=T+ = Tx->T2	
Tx= T*	

Equation	Substitution
T* =[Number *Number ->Number]	{T1 =[ [Number *Number ->Number]*T*. >T0], Tf= [Tx->T2], Tf1 = [Tx*Number->T3], Tnum1 = [Number], T+ =[Number *Number ->Number] }
T0=T3	11 -[Number Number ->Number]
Tf=T+ = Tx->T2 = Number *Number -	
>Number	
Tx= T*	

Equation	Substitution
T0=T3	{T1 =[ [Number *Number ->Number]*
	[Number *Number ->Number] ->T0],
	Tf= [Tx->T2],
	Tf1 = [Tx*Number->T3] ,
	Tnum1 = [Number],
	T+ =[Number *Number ->Number],
	T* =[Number *Number ->Number] }
Tf=T+ = Tx->T2 = Number *Number -	
>Number	
Tx= T* = [Number *Number ->Number]	

Equation	Substitution
Tf=T+ = Tx->T2 = Number *Number -	{T1 =[ [Number *Number ->Number]*
>Number	[Number *Number ->Number] ->T0],
	Tf= [Tx->T2],
	Tf1 = [Tx*Number->T3] ,
	Tnum1 = [Number],
	T+ =[Number *Number ->Number],
	T* =[Number *Number ->Number] ,
	T0 =T3 }

# Tx= T\* = [Number \*Number ->Number]

Equation	Substitution
Tf=T+ = Tx->T2 = Number *Number - >Number	{T1 =[ [Number *Number ->Number]*   [Number *Number ->Number] ->T0],   Tf= [Tx->T2],   Tf1 = [Tx*Number->T3],   Tnum1 = [Number],   T+ =[Number *Number ->Number],   T* =[Number *Number ->Number],   T0 =T3 }
Tx= T* = [Number *Number ->Number]	

יש שגיאה בהגדרת הטיפוס Tx מפני שהגדרתו בשתי השורות בטבלה שונות.

### **3.1.1** Typing rules:

```
Set-Exp:
For every:
                    type environment _Tenv,
                    Variable reference _r,
                    Expression _e
                    Type expressions _S:
If _Tenv |- e : _S and
 _Tenv |-_r :_S
Then _Tenv |- (set! _r _e) : void
Lit-Exp:
For every:
                    type environment _Tenv
                    Expressions e
If _Tenv |- e:T
Then ('e): T
3.2.2 Typing rules:
Define-type:
For every:
                              type environment _Tenv
                              Define_type _dt
_Tenv |- (_dt) : void
Type-case:
Expressions : rec1, ... , recn (record -> for each record in the UDT)
Expressions: f11, ..., f1t, ..., fnn (record.field -> for each record, f<sub>ij</sub> is record i in the UDT at field j)
Expressions: _t, u (TypeCase, UDT)
Expressions: c1, ..., cn (cases.case -> for each case)
Expressions: c11,...,c1t,...,cnn (case.vardecl -> for each case, cij is case i in cases at vardecl j)
Type expressions _S11 , ... , Snn , Sa1, ... San
If \_Tenv_o\{f11:S11, ..., fnn:Snn, ..., c1.body:Sa1, ..., cn.body:San\}
  _Tenv |- c11 : S11 , ... , cnn : Snn
Then _Tenv |- (TypeCase u _t (c1(c11,...,c1j) c1.body) ... (cn( cn1,...,cnn) cn.body)) :
                  checkCoverType(Sa1, ..., San).value
```