Computer Backup Demo

BSC Computer Club Seminar – Oct 2008

by Eric Hein (hein1@verizon.net)

you can download the slides from http://home.comcast.net/~bscclub/training.htm

Some Situations

System

Situation

- Ooops, I deleted a file
- I overwrote a file
- An application fails
- Windows boots, but is UNSAT
 - Maleware / Virus??
 - Registry corruption
- Windows won't boot
 - Blue Screen of Death"
 - Disk crash

Possible Solution

- Use "Recycle Bin"
- Restore from an archive
- Reinstall / Restore from an archive
- Virus scan / scrub ackup
 - Restore registry
 - (Ghost, NTBackup?)
 - (Ghost, NTBackup?)

ZIP programs (Data Backup)

```
PKZIP25 (last personal freeware version)
    1998 DOS command-line program
    Usage: pkzip25 [command] [options] zipfile [@list] [files...]
    Examples:
       View .ZIP file contents: pkzip25 zipfile
       Create a .ZIP file: pkzip25 -add zipfile file(s)...
       Extract files from .ZIP: pkzip25 -extract zipfile
ZIP Reader (from PKWare) - but WinXP does this too!
WinZip (from Tucows, from FileHippo)
   Windows program – $29, but free in Google toolbar bundle(?)
7-Zip (from Tucows, from FileHippo)
```

Windows & command-line program, current, free

Recommendations for Data Backups

- Any of these approaches work! Pick one and practice with it.
- I like to use a command-line program (PKZIP or 7-Zip) to create the exact saveset you want. Save this command(s) in a batch file.

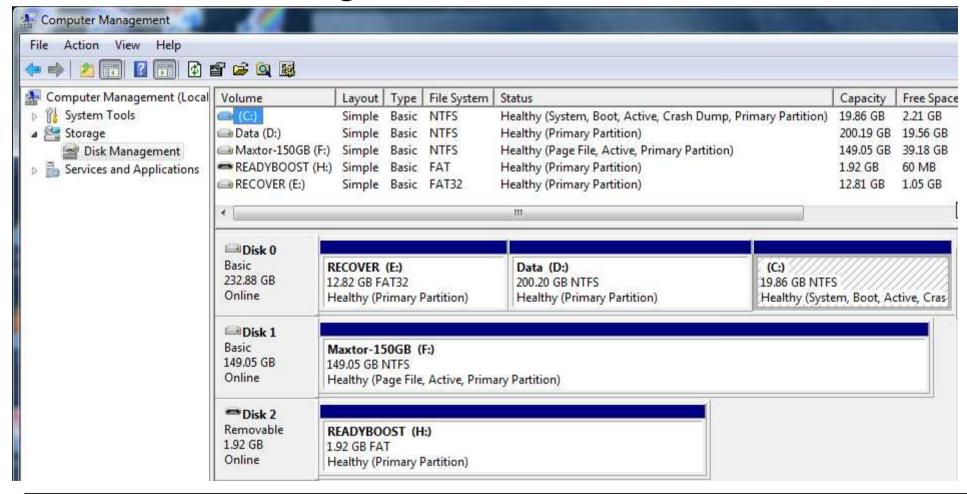
- Create saveset(s) by doubleclicking the corresponding *.bat file
- This works for everything except the C: drive (can't do the registry or boot record)

```
backup_all.bat - Notepad
                                                   _ | _ | ×
File Edit Format View Help
echo Batch file to create multiple backup savesets
call backup data.bat
call backup doc.bat
call backup eric.bat
call backup FireFox profile.bat
call backup IE-favorites.bat
call backup linux.bat
call backup masm.bat
call backup outlook.bat
call backup pascal.bat
call backup sally.bat
call backup stamp images.bat
call backup util.bat
```

Recommendations for System Backups

- Partition your disk so that the C:/ is as small as possible (holding only the Operating System, the "Documents & Settings" directory, and those programs that refuse to install anywhere else). Move the "My Documents" directory, "TEMP", and "Temporary Internet Files" elsewhere.
- Use Ghost to backup C: to another partition (e.g. D: which may be on the same physical hard drive). I like to use the DOS commandline version (only available with Ghost 2003 & earlier). Newer versions of Ghost boot a windows-like OS from a CD (<u>not</u> a floppy) and take longer.
- After a saveset is made (e.g. to D:), make a copy of it on media that
 is not physically in the computer (e.g. move it to a networked
 computer or a USB hard drive). You could write it to a DVD (not
 recommended) or to many CDs.
- Wherever you place it, be sure that a crippled computer (booted from a floppy or CD) will be able to access it!

- >Control Panel
 - >Administrator Tools
 - >Computer Management
 - >Disk Management



C: has 18GB of data. Where could you create its saveset?

Where to Place the Saveset

The destination partition:

- Must be reachable by the Operating System used by Ghost (DOS? / "Symantec-Windows"?).
 "Questionable situations" include: NTFS formated partitions, USB disks, network disks.
 All are possible (sometimes).
- Must be big enough. Ghost's "fast" compression is ~50%. The C: disk had 18GB of data. The saveset destination needs >9GB of free space.

Using Ghost v8

1) Boot a DOS operating system (from floppy, CD or USB thumb_drive). The autoexec.bat will start Ghost (you may have to insert a 2nd floppy when prompted).

2) Ghost v8 menu tree:

Local Disk to Disk

to Image

from Disk

Partition to Partition

to Image

from Image

Peer-to-peer (i.e. over a "network")

3) then select source HD, source partition, destination file, and compression (high / fast / none).

Ghost v8 Image File

Using >Local >Partition >to_Image typically results in a single image file (*.gho). You can have Ghost split that up into multiple files of a specified max size – so you can move them to a FAT32 partition (max of 2 GB/file) or to CD / DVDs.

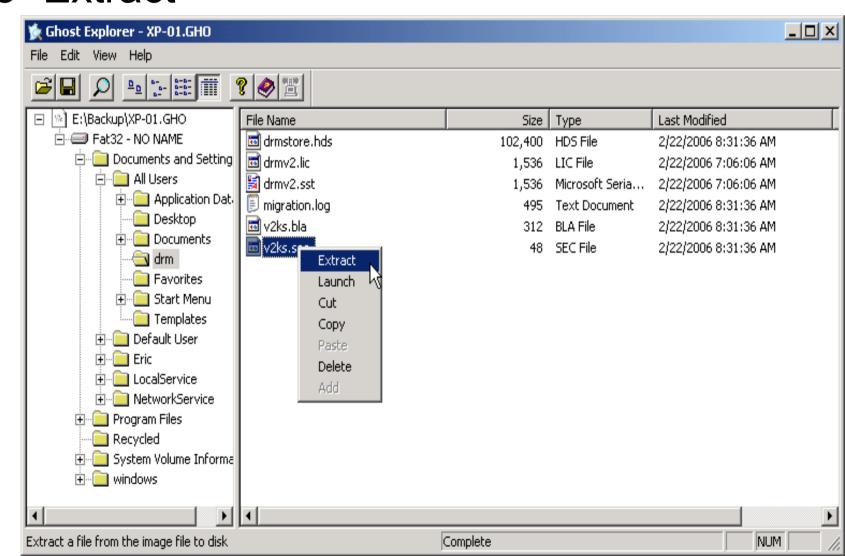
On my 6-year old computer, GHOST v8 backs up at 700MB/min, and restores at 1200 MB/min.

Ghost Explorer (GhostExp.exe) allows you to look into a saveset from Windows and selectively restore files.

A backup of the C: partition contains the boot record, and the registry!

Ghost v8 Explorer

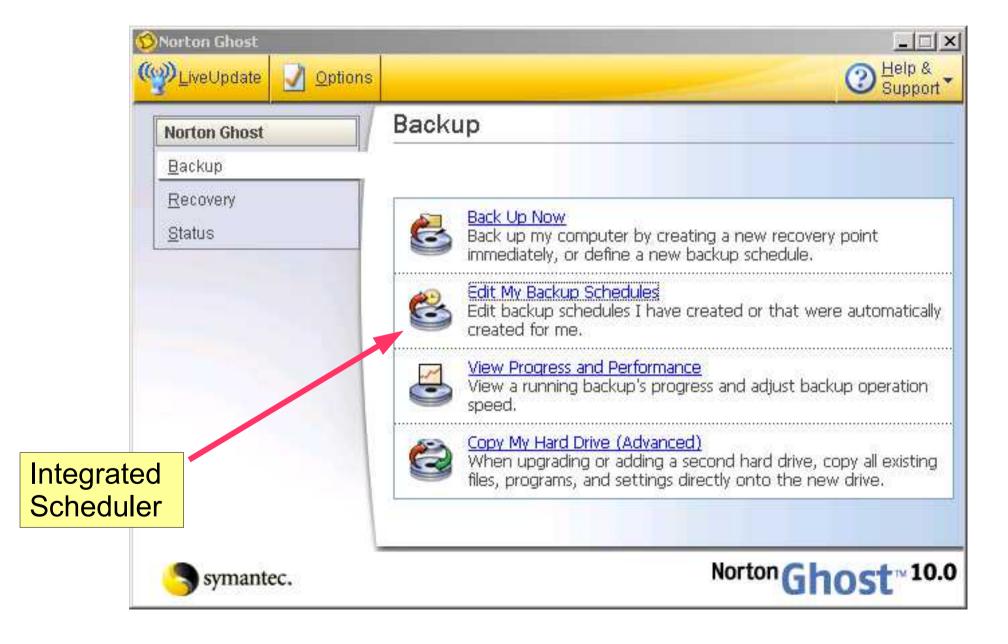
Browse the saveset, double-click to view, rightclick to "Extract"



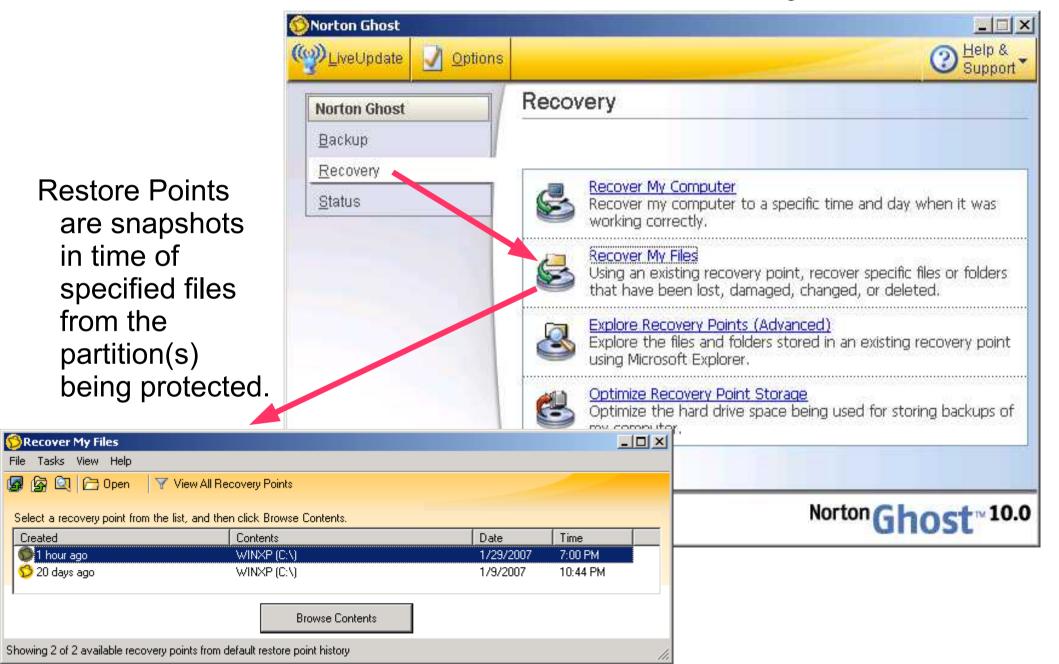
GHOST's Newer Versions

- With v10, the significant new feature added was the ability to backup the Windows partition (and boot record, and registry) while Windows is running. This makes incremental backups much more viable.
- To restore after a disk crash, you boot a Symantec operating system from a CD (or USB drive?).
- V12 added Vista compatibility.

Ghost v10 - Backup

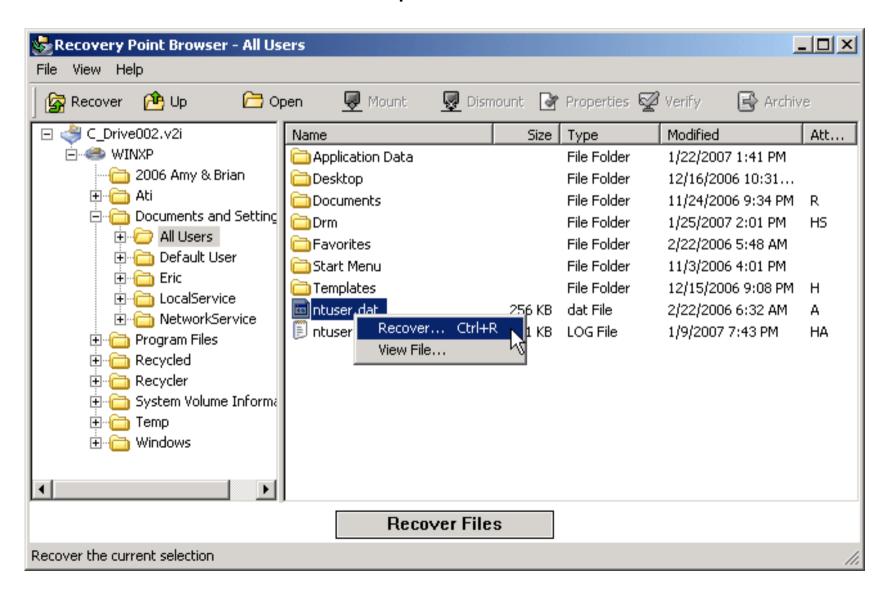


Ghost v10 - Recovery



Ghost v10 - Recovery

Another GUI similar to Windows Explorer.



Summary

We've covered how to:

- backup arbitrary data files
- the boot record & Operating System

Any questions?

Remember, if you haven't practiced restoring from a saveset, you can't be sure that you really can.