Introduction

Modelling parallel systems

Linear Time Properties

Regular Properties

## Linear Temporal Logic (LTL)

syntax and semantics of LTL automata-based LTL model checking complexity of LTL model checking

Computation-Tree Logic

Equivalences and Abstraction

LTLSF3.1-2

$$\varphi ::= true \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2$$

where  $a \in AP$ 

 $\bigcirc \widehat{=}$  next  $\mathbf{U} \widehat{=}$  until

LTLSF3.1-2

$$\varphi ::= true \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathsf{U} \varphi_2$$

where  $a \in AP$ 

 $\bigcirc \widehat{=}$  next  $\mathbf{U} \widehat{=}$  until

atomic proposition  $a \in AP$ 

LTLSF3.1-2

$$\varphi ::= true \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2$$

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derived operators:

 $V, \rightarrow, \dots$  as usual

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$$\Diamond \varphi \ \stackrel{\mathrm{def}}{=} \ \mathit{true} \, \mathsf{U} \, \varphi \ \ \text{eventually}$$

$$\varphi ::= true \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2$$

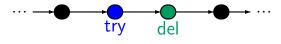
derived operators:

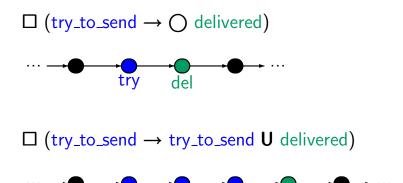
 $V, \rightarrow, \dots$  as usual

 $\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} \mathsf{true} \, \mathsf{U} \, \varphi$  eventually

# Next ○, until U and eventually ◊

 $\square \text{ (try\_to\_send} \rightarrow \bigcirc \text{ delivered)}$ 

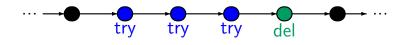




 $\square (try\_to\_send \rightarrow \bigcirc delivered)$ 

··· try del

 $\square$  (try\_to\_send  $\rightarrow$  try\_to\_send  $\cup$  delivered)



 $\Box$  (try\_to\_send  $\rightarrow$   $\Diamond$  delivered)



$$\varphi ::= true \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2$$

eventually

$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} \mathit{true} \, \mathsf{U} \, \varphi$$

always

$$\Box \varphi \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

$$\varphi ::= true \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2$$

$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} \mathit{true} \, \mathsf{U} \, \varphi$$

$$\Box \varphi \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

mutual exclusion: 
$$\Box(\neg crit_1 \lor \neg crit_2)$$

$$\varphi ::= true \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2$$

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mutual exclusion: 
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railroad-crossing: 
$$\Box$$
 (train\_is\_near  $\rightarrow$  gate\_is\_closed)

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railroad-crossing: 
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(train\_is\_near  $\rightarrow$  gate\_is\_closed)

progress property: 
$$\Box$$
 (request  $\rightarrow \Diamond$  response)

$$\varphi ::= \mathit{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \, \mathsf{U} \, \varphi_2$$

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mutual exclusion: 
$$\Box(\neg crit_1 \lor \neg crit_2)$$

railroad-crossing: 
$$\Box$$
(train\_is\_near  $\rightarrow$  gate\_is\_closed)

progress property: 
$$\Box$$
 (request  $\rightarrow \Diamond$  response)

traffic light: 
$$\Box$$
 (yellow  $\lor \bigcirc \neg red$ )

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eventually 
$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} true \cup \varphi$$
 always  $\Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$ 

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e.g., unconditional fairness 
$$\Box \Diamond crit_i$$
  
strong fairness  $\Box \Diamond wait_i \rightarrow \Box \Diamond crit_i$ 

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eventually 
$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} true \ U \varphi$$
 always  $\Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$  infinitely often  $\Box \Diamond \varphi$  eventually forever  $\Diamond \Box \varphi$ 

e.g., unconditional fairness 
$$\Box \Diamond crit_i$$
  
strong fairness  $\Box \Diamond wait_i \rightarrow \Box \Diamond crit_i$   
weak fairness  $\Diamond \Box wait_i \rightarrow \Box \Diamond crit_i$ 

interpretation of LTL formulas over traces, i.e., infinite words over 2<sup>AP</sup>

formalized by a satisfaction relation  $\models$  for

- LTL formulas and
- infinite words  $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$

for 
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:

$$\sigma \models true$$
 $\sigma \models a$  iff  $A_0 \models a$ , i.e.,  $a \in A_0$ 

for 
$$\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$$
:

$$\sigma \models true$$

$$\sigma \models a \qquad \text{iff} \quad A_0 \models a \text{ ,i.e., } a \in A_0$$

$$\sigma \models \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \sigma \models \varphi_1 \text{ and } \sigma \models \varphi_2$$

for 
$$\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$$
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$$\sigma \models \bigcirc \varphi \qquad iff \quad suffix(\sigma, 1) = A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \varphi$$

for 
$$\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$$
:

$$\sigma \models true$$
 $\sigma \models a$  iff  $A_0 \models a$ , i.e.,  $a \in A_0$ 
 $\sigma \models \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2$  iff  $\sigma \models \varphi_1$  and  $\sigma \models \varphi_2$ 
 $\sigma \models \neg \varphi$  iff  $\sigma \not\models \varphi$ 
 $\sigma \models \bigcirc \varphi$  iff  $suffix(\sigma,1) = A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \varphi$ 
 $\sigma \models \varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2$  iff there exists  $j \geq 0$  such that  $suffix(\sigma,j) = A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi_2$  and  $suffix(\sigma,i) = A_i A_{i+1} A_{i+2} \dots \models \varphi_1$  for  $0 \leq i < j$ 

# LT property of LTL formulas

LTLSF3.1-6B

interpretation of **LTL** formulas over traces, i.e., infinite words over **2**<sup>AP</sup>

formalized by a satisfaction relation  $\models$  for

- LTL formulas and
- infinite words  $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$

interpretation of **LTL** formulas over traces, i.e., infinite words over **2**<sup>AP</sup>

formalized by a satisfaction relation  $\models$  for

- LTL formulas and
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**LT property** of formula  $\varphi$ :

$$Words(\varphi) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \sigma \in (2^{AP})^{\omega} : \sigma \models \varphi \}$$

for 
$$\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$$
:

for 
$$\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$$
:

$$\sigma \models \varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{there exists } j \geq 0 \text{ such that} \\ A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi_2 \quad \text{and} \\ A_i A_{i+1} A_{i+2} \dots \models \varphi_1 \quad \text{for } 0 \leq i < j \\ \sigma \models \Diamond \varphi \quad \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{there exists } j \geq 0 \text{ such that} \\ A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

for 
$$\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$$
:

given a TS  $T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$ define satisfaction relation  $\models$  for

- LTL formulas over AP
- ullet the maximal path fragments and states of  $oldsymbol{\mathcal{T}}$

assumption: T has no terminal states, i.e., all maximal path fragments in T are infinite

given: TS  $T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$  without terminal states LTL formula  $\varphi$  over AP

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$$T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$$
  
without terminal states  
LTL formula  $\varphi$  over  $AP$ 

interpretation of  $\varphi$  over infinite path fragments

$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 \dots \models \varphi$$
 iff  $trace(\pi) \models \varphi$ 

given: TS  $T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$ without terminal states LTL formula  $\varphi$  over AP

interpretation of  $\varphi$  over infinite path fragments

$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 ... \models \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad trace(\pi) \models \varphi$$

$$\text{iff} \quad trace(\pi) \in Words(\varphi)$$

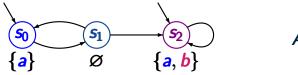
given: TS 
$$T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$$
  
without terminal states  
LTL formula  $\varphi$  over  $AP$ 

interpretation of  $\varphi$  over infinite path fragments

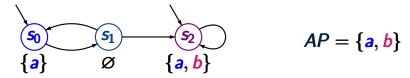
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 ... \models \varphi$$
 iff  $trace(\pi) \models \varphi$  iff  $trace(\pi) \in Words(\varphi)$ 

remind: LT property of an LTL formula:

$$Words(\varphi) = \{ \sigma \in (2^{AP})^{\omega} : \sigma \models \varphi \}$$



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$



path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$$

$$s_0$$
  $s_1$   $s_2$   $s_2$   $s_3$   $s_4$   $s_5$   $s_5$   $s_5$   $s_6$   $s_7$   $s_8$   $s_8$   $s_8$   $s_9$   $s_9$ 

$$AP = \{ a, b \}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$$

$$trace(\pi) = \{\mathbf{a}\} \varnothing \{\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}\}^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \models \mathbf{a}$$

$$s_0$$
  $s_1$   $s_2$   $s_2$   $s_3$   $s_4$   $s_5$   $s_5$   $s_5$   $s_6$   $s_7$   $s_8$   $s_8$   $s_8$   $s_9$   $s_9$ 

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 ...$$

$$trace(\pi) = \{\mathbf{a}\} \varnothing \{\mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}\}^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \models \mathbf{a}$$
, but  $\pi \not\models \mathbf{b}$ 

as 
$$L(s_0) = \{a\}$$

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$$

$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \varnothing \{a, b\}^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \models a$$
, but  $\pi \not\models b$   
 $\pi \models \bigcirc (\neg a \land \neg b)$ 

as 
$$L(s_0) = \{a\}$$

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path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 ...$$

$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \varnothing \{a, b\}^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \models a$$
, but  $\pi \not\models b$  as  $L(s_0) = \{a\}$   
 $\pi \models \bigcirc (\neg a \land \neg b)$  as  $L(s_1) = \emptyset$ 

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

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$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc (a \land b)$$

$$s_0$$
  $s_1$   $s_2$   $s_2$   $s_3$   $s_4$   $s_5$   $s_5$   $s_5$   $s_6$   $s_7$   $s_8$   $s_8$   $s_8$   $s_9$   $s_9$ 

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
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 $\pi \models \bigcirc (\neg a \land \neg b)$  as  $L(s_1) = \emptyset$   
 $\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc (a \land b)$  as  $L(s_2) = \{a, b\}$ 

$$s_0$$
  $s_1$   $s_2$   $s_2$   $s_3$   $s_4$   $s_5$   $s_5$   $s_5$   $s_6$   $s_7$   $s_8$   $s_8$   $s_8$   $s_9$   $s_9$ 

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$$

$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \varnothing \{a, b\}^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \models a$$
, but  $\pi \not\models b$  as  $L(s_0) = \{a\}$   
 $\pi \models \bigcirc (\neg a \land \neg b)$  as  $L(s_1) = \emptyset$   
 $\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc (a \land b)$  as  $L(s_2) = \{a, b\}$   
 $\pi \models (\neg b) \cup (a \land b)$ 

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 ...$$

$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \varnothing \{a, b\}^{\omega}$$

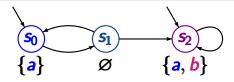
$$\pi \models a$$
, but  $\pi \not\models b$  as  $L(s_0) = \{a\}$   
 $\pi \models \bigcirc (\neg a \land \neg b)$  as  $L(s_1) = \emptyset$   
 $\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc (a \land b)$  as  $L(s_2) = \{a, b\}$   
 $\pi \models (\neg b) \cup (a \land b)$  as  $s_0, s_1 \models \neg b$   
and  $s_2 \models a \land b$ 

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$$

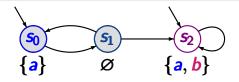
$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \varnothing \{a, b\}^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \models a$$
, but  $\pi \not\models b$  as  $L(s_0) = \{a\}$   
 $\pi \models \bigcirc (\neg a \land \neg b)$  as  $L(s_1) = \emptyset$   
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 $\pi \models (\neg b) \cup (a \land b)$  as  $s_0, s_1 \models \neg b$   
 $\pi \models (\neg b) \cup (a \land b)$  and  $s_2 \models a \land b$ 



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

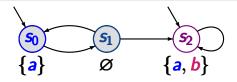
path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 ...$$



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 ...$$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \varnothing)^{\omega}$$



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \varnothing)^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \models a \cup b$$
?

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 ...$$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \varnothing)^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

as 
$$s_0 \not\models b$$
 and  $s_1 \not\models a \lor b$ 

 $\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$ ?

$$S_0 \longrightarrow S_1 \longrightarrow S_2 \longrightarrow AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$AP = \{a, b$$

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 $\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$  as  $\pi \not\models \Diamond b$ 

$$\begin{cases} s_0 & s_1 \\ a \end{cases} & \varnothing & \{a, b\} \end{cases}$$

$$path \ \pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots \qquad trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \varnothing)^\omega$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b \qquad \text{as } s_0 \not\models b \text{ and } s_1 \not\models a \lor b$$

$$\pi \models \Diamond b \to (a \cup b) \qquad \text{as } \pi \not\models \Diamond b$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b \qquad \text{as } s_0 \models \neg b$$

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \varnothing)^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

as 
$$s_0 \not\models b$$
 and  $s_1 \not\models a \lor b$ 

$$\pi \models \lozenge b \to (\mathsf{a} \, \mathsf{U} \, b)$$

as 
$$\pi \not\models \Diamond b$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b$$

as 
$$s_0 \models \neg b$$

$$\pi \not\models \Box_a$$

as 
$$s_1 \not\models a$$

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \varnothing)^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

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$$\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$$

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$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b$$

as 
$$s_0 \models \neg b$$

$$\pi \not\models \Box_a$$

as 
$$s_1 \not\models a$$

$$\pi \models \Box \Diamond a$$
?

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 ...$$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \varnothing)^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

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$$\pi \models \lozenge b \to (a \cup b)$$

as 
$$\pi \not\models \lozenge b$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b$$

as 
$$s_0 \models \neg b$$

$$\pi \not\models \Box_a$$

as 
$$s_1 \not\models a$$

$$\pi \models \Box \Diamond a$$

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \varnothing)^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

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$$s_0 \not\models b$$
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$$s_0 \models \neg b$$

$$\pi \not\models \Box_a$$

as 
$$s_1 \not\models a$$

$$\pi \models \Box \Diamond a$$

$$\pi \models \Diamond \Box a$$
?

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path 
$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \varnothing)^{\omega}$$

$$\pi \models \lozenge b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$$

as 
$$s_0 \not\models b$$
 and  $s_1 \not\models a \lor b$ 

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b$$

as 
$$\pi \not\models \Diamond b$$
  
as  $s_0 \models \neg b$ 

$$\pi \not\models \Box_a$$

as 
$$s_1 \not\models a$$

$$\pi \models \Box \Diamond a$$

 $\pi \not\models a \cup b$ 

as 
$$\Box \Diamond \widehat{=}$$
 infinitely often

$$\pi \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

## LTL-semantics of derived operators

for 
$$\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$$
:

for 
$$\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$$
:

$$\sigma \models \Diamond \varphi$$
 iff there exists  $j \geq 0$  such that  $A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$  
$$\sigma \models \Box \varphi$$
 iff for all  $j \geq 0$  we have: 
$$A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

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$$\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$$
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$$\sigma \models \Box \Diamond \varphi$$
 iff there are infinitely many  $j \geq 0$  s.t.  $A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$ 

for 
$$\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \ldots \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$$
:

$$\sigma \models \Diamond \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{there exists } j \geq 0 \text{ such that} \\
A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi \\
\sigma \models \Box \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{for all } j \geq 0 \text{ we have:} \\
A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi \\
\sigma \models \Box \Diamond \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{there are infinitely many } j \geq 0 \text{ s.t.} \\
A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi \\
\sigma \models \Diamond \Box \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{for almost all } j \geq 0 \text{ we have:} \\
A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

given: TS 
$$T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$$
  
without terminal states  
LTL formula  $\varphi$  over  $AP$ 

$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 \dots \models \varphi$$
 iff  $trace(\pi) \models \varphi$ 

interpretation of  $\varphi$  over states:

$$s \models \varphi$$
 iff  $trace(\pi) \models \varphi$  for all  $\pi \in Paths(s)$ 

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satisfaction relation for LT properties

given: TS 
$$T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$$
  
without terminal states  
LTL formula  $\varphi$  over  $AP$ 

$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 \dots \models \varphi$$
 iff  $trace(\pi) \models \varphi$ 

interpretation of  $\varphi$  over states:

$$s \models \varphi$$
 iff  $trace(\pi) \models \varphi$  for all  $\pi \in Paths(s)$   
iff  $s \models Words(\varphi)$   
iff  $Traces(s) \subseteq Words(\varphi)$ 

given: TS 
$$T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$$
  
without terminal states  
LTL formula  $\varphi$  over  $AP$ 

$$T \models \varphi$$
 iff  $s_0 \models \varphi$  for all  $s_0 \in S_0$ 

given: TS 
$$T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$$
  
without terminal states  
LTL formula  $\varphi$  over  $AP$ 

$$\mathcal{T} \models \varphi$$
 iff  $s_0 \models \varphi$  for all  $s_0 \in S_0$  iff  $trace(\pi) \models \varphi$  for all  $\pi \in Paths(\mathcal{T})$ 

given: TS  $T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$ without terminal states LTL formula  $\varphi$  over AP

$$T \models \varphi$$
 iff  $s_0 \models \varphi$  for all  $s_0 \in S_0$  iff  $trace(\pi) \models \varphi$  for all  $\pi \in Paths(T)$  iff  $Traces(T) \subseteq Words(\varphi)$ 

given: TS 
$$T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$$
  
without terminal states  
LTL formula  $\varphi$  over  $AP$ 

```
T \models \varphi iff s_0 \models \varphi for all s_0 \in S_0

iff trace(\pi) \models \varphi for all \pi \in Paths(T)

iff Traces(T) \subseteq Words(\varphi)

iff T \models Words(\varphi)
```

given: TS 
$$T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$$
  
without terminal states  
LTL formula  $\varphi$  over  $AP$ 

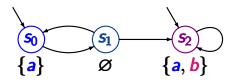
```
T \models \varphi iff s_0 \models \varphi for all s_0 \in S_0

iff trace(\pi) \models \varphi for all \pi \in Paths(T)

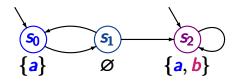
iff Traces(T) \subseteq Words(\varphi)

iff T \models Words(\varphi)
```

satisfaction relation for LT properties

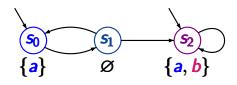


$$AP = \{a, b\}$$



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

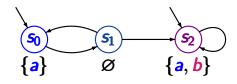
$$\mathcal{T} \models \mathbf{a}$$



$$AP = \{ a, b \}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models a$$

as 
$$s_0 \models a$$
 and  $s_2 \models a$ 

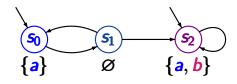


$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \mathbf{a}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Diamond \Box a$$

as 
$$s_0 \models a$$
 and  $s_2 \models a$ 

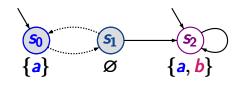


$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \mathbf{a}$$

as 
$$s_0 \models a$$
 and  $s_2 \models a$ 

$$T \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$



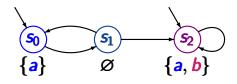
$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$T \models a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

as 
$$s_0 \models a$$
 and  $s_2 \models a$ 

as 
$$s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 ... \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$T \models a$$

as 
$$s_0 \models a$$
 and  $s_2 \models a$ 

$$T \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

as 
$$s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 ... \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Diamond \Box b \lor \Box \Diamond (\neg a \land \neg b)$$

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$T \models a$$

as 
$$s_0 \models a$$
 and  $s_2 \models a$ 

$$\mathcal{T} \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

as 
$$s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 ... \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Diamond \Box b \lor \Box \Diamond (\neg a \land \neg b)$$
 as  $s_2 \models b$ ,  $s_1 \not\models a, b$ 

as 
$$s_2 \models b$$
,  $s_1 \not\models a$ ,  $b$ 

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \mathbf{a}$$

as 
$$s_0 \models a$$
 and  $s_2 \models a$ 

$$\mathcal{T} \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

as 
$$s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Diamond \Box b \lor \Box \Diamond (\neg a \land \neg b)$$
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as 
$$s_2 \models b$$
,  $s_1 \not\models a, b$ 

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Box(a \rightarrow (\bigcirc \neg a \lor b))$$

$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \mathbf{a}$$

as 
$$s_0 \models a$$
 and  $s_2 \models a$ 

$$\mathcal{T} \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

as 
$$s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Diamond \Box b \lor \Box \Diamond (\neg a \land \neg b)$$
 as  $s_2 \models b$ ,  $s_1 \not\models a, b$ 

as 
$$s_2 \models b$$
,  $s_1 \not\models a, b$ 

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Box(a \rightarrow (\bigcirc \neg a \lor b))$$
 as  $s_2 \models b$ ,  $s_0 \models \bigcirc \neg a$ 

as 
$$s_2 \models b$$
,  $s_0 \models \bigcirc \neg a$ 

**correct**, since  $\pi \models \neg \varphi$  iff  $\pi \not\models \varphi$ 

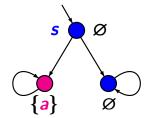
**correct**, since  $\pi \models \neg \varphi$  iff  $\pi \not\models \varphi$ 

For each state s we have:  $s \models \varphi$  or  $s \models \neg \varphi$ 

**correct**, since  $\pi \models \neg \varphi$  iff  $\pi \not\models \varphi$ 

For each state s we have:  $s \models \varphi$  or  $s \models \neg \varphi$ 

#### wrong.



 $s \not\models \lozenge a$  and  $s \not\models \neg \lozenge a$ 

## LTL-formulas for MUTEX protocols

LTLSF3.1-16

the mutual exclusion property

$$\varphi_{\text{mutex}} = ?$$

LTL formulas over 
$$AP = \{wait_1, crit_1, wait_2, crit_2\}$$

• the mutual exclusion property

$$\varphi_{mutex} = \Box(\neg crit_1 \lor \neg crit_2)$$

• the mutual exclusion property

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"every process enters the critical section infinitely often"

$$\varphi_{live} = ?$$

• the mutual exclusion property

$$\varphi_{mutex} = \Box(\neg crit_1 \lor \neg crit_2)$$

"every process enters the critical section infinitely often"

$$\varphi_{live} = \Box \Diamond \operatorname{crit}_1 \wedge \Box \Diamond \operatorname{crit}_2$$

• the mutual exclusion property

$$\varphi_{mutex} = \Box(\neg crit_1 \lor \neg crit_2)$$

"every process enters the critical section infinitely often"

$$\varphi_{live} = \Box \Diamond \operatorname{crit}_1 \wedge \Box \Diamond \operatorname{crit}_2$$

 starvation freedom "every waiting process finally enters its critical section"

$$\varphi_{sf} = ?$$

• the mutual exclusion property

$$\varphi_{mutex} = \Box(\neg crit_1 \lor \neg crit_2)$$

"every process enters the critical section infinitely often"

$$\varphi_{live} = \Box \Diamond \operatorname{crit}_1 \wedge \Box \Diamond \operatorname{crit}_2$$

 starvation freedom "every waiting process finally enters its critical section"

$$\varphi_{sf} = \Box(wait_1 \rightarrow \Diamond crit_1) \land \Box(wait_2 \rightarrow \Diamond crit_2)$$

## Provide an LTL formula over $AP = \{a, b\}$ for ... LTLSF3.1-17

• set of all words  $A_0 A_1 A_2 ... \in (2^{AP})^{\omega}$  such that:

$$\forall i \geq 0. \ (a \in A_i \implies i \geq 1 \land b \in A_{i-1})$$

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 $\stackrel{\frown}{=} Words (\Box(b \lor \bigcirc \neg a))$ 

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 $\widehat{=} Words(\Box(b \lor \bigcirc \neg a))$ 

set of all words of the form

$${b}^{n_1}{a}{b}^{n_2}{a}{b}^{n_2}{a}...$$

where  $n_1, n_2, n_3, ... \ge 0$ 

# Provide an LTL formula over $AP = \{a, b\}$ for ... LTLSF3.1-17

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 $\widehat{=} Words(\Box(b \lor \bigcirc \neg a))$ 

set of all words of the form

$$\{b\}^{n_1} \{a\} \{b\}^{n_2} \{a\} \{b\}^{n_3} \{a\} \dots$$
where  $n_1, n_2, n_3, \dots \ge 0$ 

$$\stackrel{\frown}{=} Words( \square((b \land \neg a) \cup (a \land \neg b)))$$

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad Words(\varphi_1) = Words(\varphi_2)$$

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2$$
 iff  $\textit{Words}(\varphi_1) = \textit{Words}(\varphi_2)$  iff for all transition systems  $T$ : 
$$T \models \varphi_1 \iff T \models \varphi_2$$

$$arphi_1 \equiv arphi_2 \ \ ext{iff} \ \ extit{Words}(arphi_1) = extit{Words}(arphi_2)$$
 iff for all transition systems  $extit{T}$ : 
$$extit{T} \models arphi_1 \ \Longleftrightarrow \ extit{T} \models arphi_2$$

### Examples:

$$\varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 \equiv \varphi_2 \lor \varphi_1$$
 $\neg \neg \varphi \equiv \varphi$  all equivalences from propositional logic  $\vdots$ 

$$arphi_1 \equiv arphi_2 \; ext{ iff } \; extit{Words}(arphi_1) = extit{Words}(arphi_2)$$
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### Examples:

$$\varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 \equiv \varphi_2 \lor \varphi_1$$
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$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad Words(\varphi_1) = Words(\varphi_2)$$

Claim: 
$$\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$$
 "self-duality of next"

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \textit{Words}(\varphi_1) = \textit{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

Claim: 
$$\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$$
 "self-duality of next"

*Proof:* 
$$A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \neg \bigcirc \varphi$$

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \text{ iff } \textit{Words}(\varphi_1) = \textit{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

Claim:  $\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$  "self-duality of next"

Proof:  $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \neg \bigcirc \varphi$ 

iff  $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \not\models \bigcirc \varphi$ 

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \text{ iff } Words(\varphi_1) = Words(\varphi_2)$$

Claim:  $\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$  "self-duality of next"

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iff  $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \not\models \bigcirc \varphi$ 

iff  $A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \not\models \varphi$ 

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \text{ iff } \textit{Words}(\varphi_1) = \textit{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

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iff  $A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \neg \varphi$ 

iff  $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \neg \varphi$ 

$$\Diamond (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond \varphi \vee \Diamond \psi$$

$$\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond \varphi \vee \Diamond \psi$$

$$\Diamond (\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond \varphi \vee \Diamond \psi$$

$$\Diamond(\varphi \wedge \psi) \equiv \Diamond \varphi \wedge \Diamond \psi$$

$$\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond \varphi \vee \Diamond \psi$$

$$\Diamond(\varphi \wedge \psi) \equiv \Diamond \varphi \wedge \Diamond \psi$$
wrong,
e.g.,
$$\{b\} \qquad \qquad | \{a\} \qquad \qquad | \{b \wedge \Diamond a\} \rangle$$

$$\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond \varphi \vee \Diamond \psi$$

similarly: 
$$\Box(\varphi \land \psi) \equiv \Box \varphi \land \Box \psi$$
  
$$\Box(\varphi \lor \psi) \not\equiv \Box \varphi \lor \Box \psi$$

$$\varphi \, \mathsf{U} \, \psi \; \equiv \; \psi \; \vee \; (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \, \mathsf{U} \, \psi))$$

LTLSF3.1-28

## **Expansion laws for U and** $\Diamond$

 $\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \cup \psi))$ until:

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

note:  $\Diamond \psi = \mathit{true} \, \mathsf{U} \, \psi$ 

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

note:  $\Diamond \psi = true \ U \psi$   $\equiv \psi \ \lor \ (true \ \land \ \bigcirc (true \ U \psi))$ 

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

note: 
$$\Diamond \psi = true \ U \ \psi$$

$$\equiv \psi \ \lor \ (true \ \land \ \bigcirc (\underbrace{true \ U \ \psi}))$$

$$= \Diamond \psi$$

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

note: 
$$\Diamond \psi = true \ U \psi$$

$$\equiv \psi \ \lor \ (true \ \land \ \bigcirc (\underbrace{true \ U \psi}))$$

$$\equiv \psi \ \lor \ \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$$

## Expansion laws for U, $\Diamond$ and $\square$

until: 
$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \cup \psi))$$

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

always:  $\square \psi \equiv 1$ 

eventually:  $\equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

 $\equiv \psi \wedge \bigcirc \Box \psi$ always:

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

always:  $\Box \psi \equiv \psi \land \bigcirc \Box \psi$ 

 $\Box \psi = \neg \Diamond \neg \psi$ 

until: 
$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \cup \psi))$$

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

$$\Box \psi = \neg \Diamond \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \neg (\neg \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \neg \psi) \leftarrow \text{expansion law for } \Diamond$$

until: 
$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \cup \psi))$$

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

$$\Box \psi = \neg \Diamond \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \neg (\neg \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv \neg \neg \psi \land \neg \bigcirc \Diamond \neg \psi \leftarrow \text{de Morgan}$$

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

$$\Box \psi = \neg \Diamond \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \neg (\neg \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv \neg \neg \psi \land \neg \bigcirc \Diamond \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \psi \land \neg \bigcirc \Diamond \neg \psi \leftarrow \text{double negation}$$

until: 
$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \cup \psi))$$

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

$$\Box \psi = \neg \Diamond \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \neg (\neg \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv \neg \neg \psi \land \neg \bigcirc \Diamond \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \psi \land \bigcirc \neg \Diamond \neg \psi \leftarrow \text{self duality of } \bigcirc$$

LTLSF3.1-29

```
\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \cup \psi))
until·
```

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 

always:  $\Box \psi \equiv \psi \land \bigcirc \Box \psi$ 

$$\Box \psi = \neg \Diamond \neg \psi 
\equiv \neg (\neg \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \neg \psi) 
\equiv \neg \neg \psi \land \neg \bigcirc \Diamond \neg \psi 
\equiv \psi \land \bigcirc \neg \Diamond \neg \psi 
\equiv \psi \land \bigcirc \Box \psi \leftarrow \text{definition of } \Box$$

until: 
$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \cup \psi))$$

eventually: 
$$\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$$

always: 
$$\Box \psi \equiv \psi \land \bigcirc \Box \psi$$

# **Expansion laws are fixed point equations**

until: 
$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc \varphi \cup \psi)$$

eventually: 
$$\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$$

always: 
$$|\Box \psi| \equiv \psi \land \bigcirc |\Box \psi|$$

until: 
$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc \varphi \cup \psi)$$

eventually: 
$$\boxed{\Diamond \psi} \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \boxed{\Diamond \psi}$$

always: 
$$\square \psi \equiv \psi \land \bigcirc \square \psi$$

...don't yield a complete characterization, e.g.,

false
$$\equiv$$
  $a \land \bigcirc false$ consider $\Box a \equiv a \land \bigcirc \Box a$  $\psi = a$ 

until: 
$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc \varphi \cup \psi)$$

eventually: 
$$\boxed{\Diamond \psi} \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \boxed{\Diamond \psi}$$

always: 
$$\square \psi \equiv \psi \land \bigcirc \square \psi$$

...don't yield a complete characterization, e.g.,

false
$$\equiv$$
 a ∧  $\bigcirc$  falsealthough $\Box a$  $\equiv$  a ∧  $\bigcirc$   $\Box a$  $\Box a$  $\not\equiv$  false

until: 
$$\varphi U \psi \equiv \psi \lor (\varphi \land \bigcirc (\varphi U \psi))$$

| least fixed point|

eventually: 
$$\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \lor \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$$
 least fixed point

always: 
$$\Box \psi \equiv \psi \land \bigcirc \Box \psi$$

...don't yield a complete characterization, e.g.,

$$false \equiv a \land \bigcirc false$$

$$\Box a \equiv a \land \bigcirc \Box a \qquad \Box$$

although  $\Box a \not\equiv false$ 

until: 
$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \cup \psi))$$
least fixed point

eventually:  $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$ 
least fixed point

always:  $\Box \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \bigcirc \Box \psi$ 
greatest fixed point

...don't yield a complete characterization, e.g.,

$$false \equiv a \land \bigcirc false$$
$$\square a \equiv a \land \bigcirc \square a$$

although □a ≢ *false*  The LTL formula  $\chi = \varphi \, \mathbf{U} \, \psi$  is the least solution of  $\chi \equiv \psi \, \lor \, (\varphi \land \bigcirc \chi)$ 

The LTL formula 
$$\chi = \varphi \cup \psi$$
 is the least solution of  $\chi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc \chi)$ 

i.e.,  $Words(\varphi \cup \psi)$  least LT-property E s.t.

$$E = Words(\psi) \cup \{A_0 A_1 A_2 ... \in Words(\varphi) : A_1 A_2 ... \in E\}$$

The LTL formula  $\chi = \varphi U \psi$  is the least solution of  $\chi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc \chi)$ 

i.e.,  $Words(\varphi \cup \psi)$  least LT-property E s.t.

$$E = Words(\psi) \cup \{A_0A_1A_2... \in Words(\varphi) : A_1A_2... \in E\}$$

It even holds that  $Words(\varphi \cup \psi)$  least LT-property E s.t.

- (1)  $Words(\psi) \subseteq E$ (2)  $\{A_0A_1A_2... \in Words(\varphi): A_1A_2... \in E\} \subseteq E$

$$\varphi \ \mathbf{W} \ \overset{\mathsf{def}}{=} \ \ (\varphi \ \mathbf{U} \ \psi) \ \lor \ \Box \varphi$$

$$\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \overset{\mathsf{def}}{=} \ \ (\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi) \ \lor \ \Box \varphi$$

$$\Box \varphi \equiv ?$$

$$\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \overset{\mathsf{def}}{=} \ \ (\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi) \ \lor \ \Box \varphi$$

$$\Box \varphi \equiv \varphi W \text{ false}$$

$$\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \overset{\mathsf{def}}{=} \ \ (\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi) \ \lor \ \Box \varphi$$

$$\Box \varphi \equiv \varphi \, \mathsf{W} \, \mathsf{false}$$

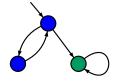
$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv ?$$

$$\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \overset{\mathsf{def}}{=} \ \ (\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi) \ \lor \ \Box \varphi$$

$$\Box \varphi \quad \equiv \quad \varphi \, \mathbf{W} \, \mathit{false}$$

$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv (\varphi \cup \psi) \wedge \Diamond \psi$$

## Does $\mathcal{T} \models aWb \text{ hold?}$

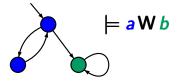


$$\bigcirc \widehat{=} \{a\}$$

$$\bigcirc \widehat{=} \{b\}$$

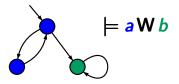
$$\bigcirc \ \widehat{=} \ \{b\}$$

## Does $\mathcal{T} \models \mathbf{a} \mathsf{W} \, \mathbf{b}$ hold?



$$\bigcirc \ \widehat{=} \ \{b\}$$

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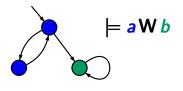




$$\bigcirc \ \widehat{=} \ \{b\}$$

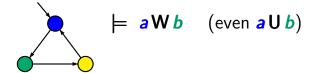


LTLSF3.1-32



$$\bigcirc \ \widehat{=} \ \{a\}$$

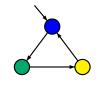
$$\bigcirc \ \widehat{=} \ \{b\}$$



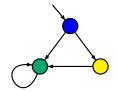
LTLSF3.1-32

$$\bigcirc \ \widehat{=} \ \{a\}$$

$$\bigcirc \ \widehat{=} \ \{b\}$$



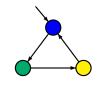
 $\models aWb$  (even aUb)



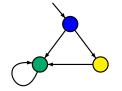
LTLSF3.1-32

$$\bigcirc \ \widehat{=} \ \{a\}$$

$$\bigcirc \ \widehat{=} \ \{b\}$$



$$\models aWb$$
 (even  $aUb$ )



 $\not\models aWb$ 

$$\varphi \mathsf{W} \psi \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} (\varphi \mathsf{U} \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

goal: express  $\neg(\varphi \cup \psi)$  via **W**, and vice versa

$$\varphi \ \mathbf{W} \ \boldsymbol{\psi} \ \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} \ (\varphi \ \mathbf{U} \ \boldsymbol{\psi}) \ \lor \ \Box \varphi$$

$$\neg(\varphi \cup \psi)$$

$$\equiv ((\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \cup (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)) \vee \Box(\varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\varphi \mathsf{W} \psi \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} (\varphi \mathsf{U} \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

$$\neg(\varphi \cup \psi)$$

$$\equiv ((\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \cup (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)) \vee \Box(\varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv (\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \cup (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\varphi \ \mathbf{W} \ \overset{\mathsf{def}}{=} \ \ (\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \overset{\mathsf{\psi}}{}) \ \lor \ \Box \varphi$$

$$\neg(\varphi \cup \psi)$$

$$\equiv ((\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \cup (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)) \vee \Box(\varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv (\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \cup (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv (\neg \psi) \cup (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\varphi \ \mathbf{W} \ \psi \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} \ (\varphi \ \mathbf{U} \ \psi) \ \lor \ \Box \varphi$$

$$\neg(\varphi \cup \psi)$$

$$\equiv ((\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \cup (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)) \vee \Box(\varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv (\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \vee (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv (\neg \psi) \vee (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\neg(\varphi \cup \psi) \equiv (\neg\psi) \vee (\neg\varphi \wedge \neg\psi)$$
$$\neg(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv ?$$

$$\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \overset{\mathsf{def}}{=} \ \ (\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi) \ \lor \ \Box \varphi$$

$$\neg(\varphi \cup \psi)$$

$$\equiv ((\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \cup (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)) \vee \Box(\varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv (\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \vee (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv (\neg \psi) \vee (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\neg(\varphi \cup \psi) \equiv (\neg \psi) \vee (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$
$$\neg(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv (\neg \psi) \cup (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \cup \psi))$$
 $\varphi \vee \psi \equiv ?$ 

$$\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi \ \equiv \ \psi \ \mathsf{V} \ (\varphi \land \bigcirc (\varphi \, \mathsf{U} \, \psi))$$

$$\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \psi \ \equiv \ \psi \ \mathsf{V} \ (\varphi \land \bigcirc (\varphi \, \mathsf{W} \, \psi))$$

$$\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi \ \equiv \ \psi \ \mathsf{V} \ (\varphi \land \bigcirc (\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi))$$
 smallest solution 
$$\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \psi \ \equiv \ \psi \ \mathsf{V} \ (\varphi \land \bigcirc (\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \psi))$$

$$\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi \ \equiv \ \psi \ \mathsf{V} \ (\varphi \land \bigcirc (\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi))$$
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$$\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \psi \ \equiv \ \psi \ \mathsf{V} \ (\varphi \land \bigcirc (\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \psi))$$
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$$Words(\psi) \cup \{A_0A_1A_2... \in Words(\varphi) : A_1A_2... \in E\} \subseteq E$$

 $Words(\varphi W \psi)$  largest LT-property E s.t.

$$\varphi \ U \ \psi \equiv \psi \ \lor (\varphi \land \bigcirc (\varphi U \psi))$$
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**Words**( $\varphi \mathbf{W} \psi$ ) largest LT-property **E** s.t.

$$Words(\psi) \cup \{A_0A_1A_2... \in Words(\varphi) : A_1A_2... \in E\} \supseteq E$$

$$\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi \ \equiv \ \psi \ \mathsf{V} \ (\varphi \land \bigcirc (\varphi \ \mathsf{U} \ \psi))$$
 smallest solution 
$$\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \psi \ \equiv \ \psi \ \mathsf{V} \ (\varphi \land \bigcirc (\varphi \ \mathsf{W} \ \psi))$$
 largest solution

$$Words(\psi) \cup \{A_0A_1A_2... \in Words(\varphi) : A_1A_2... \in E\} \subseteq E$$

**Words**( $\varphi \mathbf{W} \psi$ ) largest LT-property  $\boldsymbol{E}$  s.t.

$$E \subseteq Words(\psi) \cup \{A_0A_1A_2... \in Words(\varphi) : A_1A_2... \in E\}$$

$$\varphi \cup \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \cup \psi))$$
 smallest solution

$$\varphi W \psi \equiv \psi \lor (\varphi \land \bigcirc (\varphi W \psi))$$
largest solution

$$\varphi \, \mathsf{U} \, \psi \quad \equiv \quad \psi \, \vee \, (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \, \mathsf{U} \, \psi))$$

smallest solution

$$\Diamond \psi \quad \equiv \quad \psi \quad \lor \quad \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$$

smallest solution

$$\varphi \mathsf{W} \psi \quad \equiv \quad \psi \; \vee \; (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc (\varphi \mathsf{W} \psi))$$

largest solution

$$\Box \varphi \equiv \varphi \land \bigcirc \Box \varphi$$

largest solution

remind: 
$$\Diamond \psi = true \cup \psi$$
,  $\Box \varphi \equiv \varphi \cup false$ 

#### Positive normal form (PNF)

- negation only on the level of literals
- uses for each operator its dual

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syntax of propositional formulas in PNF:

$$\varphi \ ::= \ \textit{true} \ \big| \ \textit{false} \ \big| \ \textit{a} \ \big| \ \neg \textit{a} \ \big| \ \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \ \big| \ \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2$$

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syntax of propositional formulas in PNF:

$$\varphi ::= \mathit{true} \mid \mathit{false} \mid \mathit{a} \mid \neg \mathit{a} \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2$$

$$\neg(\varphi_1 \land \varphi_2) \equiv \neg \varphi_1 \lor \neg \varphi_2 \quad \text{duality of } \lor \text{ and } \land \quad \text{(de Morgan's law)}$$

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using duality of constants and duality of V and  $\Lambda$ 

- negation only on the level of literals
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$$\varphi$$
 ::= true | false | a |  $\neg$ a |  $\varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 \mid$ 

$$\bigcirc \varphi + \text{dual operator for } \bigcirc$$

using duality of constants and duality of V and  $\Lambda$ 

- negation only on the level of literals
- uses for each operator its dual

$$\varphi ::= true \mid false \mid a \mid \neg a \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 \mid$$

$$\bigcirc \varphi \leftarrow \boxed{\text{no new operator needed for } \neg \bigcirc}$$

using duality of constants and duality of V and  $\Lambda$  $\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$  self-duality of the next operator

- negation only on the level of literals
- uses for each operator its dual

$$\varphi ::= true \mid false \mid a \mid \neg a \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 \mid$$

$$\bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 + \text{dual operator for } \mathsf{U}$$

using duality of constants and duality of V and  $\Lambda$  $\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$  self-duality of the next operator

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$$\varphi ::= true \mid false \mid a \mid \neg a \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 \mid$$

$$\bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \lor \psi_2$$

using duality of constants and duality of V and  $\wedge$   $\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$  self-duality of the next operator  $\neg (\varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2) \equiv (\neg \varphi_2) \, \mathsf{W} (\neg \varphi_1 \wedge \neg \varphi_2)$  duality of  $\mathsf{U}$  and  $\mathsf{W}$ 

$$\varphi ::= true \mid false \mid a \mid \neg a \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 \mid$$

$$\bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathsf{U} \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \mathsf{W} \varphi_2$$

$$\varphi ::= true \mid false \mid a \mid \neg a \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 \mid$$

$$\bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2 \mid \Diamond \varphi \mid \Box \varphi$$

 $\Diamond$  and  $\Box$  can (still) be derived:

$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} \mathit{true} \, \mathsf{U} \, \varphi$$

$$\Box \varphi \ \stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} \ \varphi \, \mathsf{W} \, \mathit{false}$$

#### **Universality of LTL-PNF**

LTLSF3.1-36

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Each LTL formula can be transformed into an equivalent LTL formula in **PNF** 

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$$\neg \neg \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \land \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad \neg \varphi_1 \lor \neg \varphi_2$$

$$\neg \bigcirc \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad \bigcirc \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \mathsf{U} \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad (\neg \varphi_2) \mathsf{W}(\neg \varphi_1 \land \neg \varphi_2)$$

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$$\neg (\varphi_1 \mathsf{U} \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad (\neg \varphi_2) \mathsf{W}(\neg \varphi_1 \land \neg \varphi_2)$$

exponential-blow up is possible

```
\neg true \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad false
\neg \neg \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad \varphi
\neg (\varphi_1 \land \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad \neg \varphi_1 \lor \neg \varphi_2
\neg \bigcirc \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad \bigcirc \neg \varphi
\neg (\varphi_1 \mathsf{U} \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad (\neg \varphi_2) \mathsf{W}(\neg \varphi_1 \land \neg \varphi_2)
```

```
\neg true \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad false \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg false
\neg \neg \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \varphi
\neg (\varphi_1 \land \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \neg \varphi_1 \lor \neg \varphi_2 \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg \lor
\neg \bigcirc \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \bigcirc \neg \varphi
\neg (\varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad (\neg \varphi_2) \lor \lor (\neg \varphi_1 \land \neg \varphi_2)
```

$$\neg true \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad false \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg false$$

$$\neg \neg \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \land \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \neg \varphi_1 \lor \neg \varphi_2 \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg \lor$$

$$\neg \bigcirc \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \bigcirc \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad (\neg \varphi_2) \lor \lor (\neg \varphi_1 \land \neg \varphi_2)$$

$$\neg \Diamond \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \Box \neg \varphi \qquad \neg \Box \varphi \qquad \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg\Box((a \cup b) \lor \bigcirc c)$$

$$\neg true \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad false \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg false$$

$$\neg \neg \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \land \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \neg \varphi_1 \lor \neg \varphi_2 \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg \lor$$

$$\neg \bigcirc \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \bigcirc \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \mathsf{U} \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad (\neg \varphi_2) \mathsf{W}(\neg \varphi_1 \land \neg \varphi_2)$$

$$\neg \Diamond \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \Box \neg \varphi \qquad \neg \Box \varphi \rightsquigarrow \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg \Box ((a \cup b) \lor \bigcirc c)$$

$$\equiv \Diamond \neg ((a \cup b) \lor \bigcirc c) \qquad \leftarrow \text{duality of } \Diamond \text{ and } \Box$$

$$\neg true \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad false \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg false$$

$$\neg \neg \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \land \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \neg \varphi_1 \lor \neg \varphi_2 \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg \lor$$

$$\neg \bigcirc \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \bigcirc \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad (\neg \varphi_2) \lor \lor (\neg \varphi_1 \land \neg \varphi_2)$$

$$\neg \Diamond \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \Box \neg \varphi \qquad \neg \Box \varphi \qquad \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg\Box((a \cup b) \lor \bigcirc c)$$

$$\equiv \Diamond \neg((a \cup b) \lor \bigcirc c) \qquad \leftarrow \text{duality of } \Diamond \text{ and } \Box$$

$$\equiv \Diamond (\neg(a \cup b) \land \neg \bigcirc c) \qquad \leftarrow \text{duality of } \land \text{ and } \lor$$

$$\neg true \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad false \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg false$$

$$\neg \neg \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \land \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \neg \varphi_1 \lor \neg \varphi_2 \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg \lor$$

$$\neg \bigcirc \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \bigcirc \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \mathsf{U} \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad (\neg \varphi_2) \mathsf{W}(\neg \varphi_1 \land \neg \varphi_2)$$

$$\neg \Diamond \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \Box \neg \varphi \qquad \neg \Box \varphi \qquad \diamondsuit \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg(\varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2) \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad (\neg \varphi_2) \vee (\neg \varphi_1 \wedge \neg \varphi_2) \\
\neg \Diamond \varphi \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \Box \neg \varphi \quad \neg \Box \varphi \quad \rightsquigarrow \Diamond \neg \varphi \\
\neg \Box ((a \cup b) \vee \bigcirc c) \\
\equiv \Diamond \neg ((a \cup b) \vee \bigcirc c) \quad \leftarrow \text{duality of } \Diamond \text{ and } \Box \\
\equiv \Diamond (\neg (a \cup b) \wedge \neg \bigcirc c) \quad \leftarrow \text{duality of } \wedge \text{ and } \vee \\
\equiv \Diamond (\neg (a \cup b) \wedge \bigcirc \neg c) \quad \leftarrow \text{self-duality of } \bigcirc$$

$$\neg true \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad false \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg false$$

$$\neg \neg \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \land \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \neg \varphi_1 \lor \neg \varphi_2 \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg \lor$$

$$\neg \bigcirc \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \bigcirc \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \mathsf{U} \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad (\neg \varphi_2) \mathsf{W}(\neg \varphi_1 \land \neg \varphi_2)$$

$$\neg \Diamond \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \Box \neg \varphi \qquad \neg \Box \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg \Diamond \varphi \qquad \leadsto \quad \Box \neg \varphi \qquad \neg \Box \varphi \iff \Diamond \neg \varphi \\
\neg \Box ((a \cup b) \lor \bigcirc c) \\
\equiv \Diamond \neg ((a \cup b) \lor \bigcirc c) \qquad \leftarrow \text{duality of } \Diamond \text{ and } \Box \\
\equiv \Diamond (\neg (a \cup b) \land \neg \bigcirc c) \qquad \leftarrow \text{duality of } \land \text{ and } \lor \\
\equiv \Diamond ((\neg b) \lor (\neg a \land \neg b) \land \bigcirc \neg c) \leftarrow \text{duality of } \cup \text{ and } \lor \bigcup_{241/416}$$

$$\neg true \qquad \rightsquigarrow \quad false \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg false$$

$$\neg \neg \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \land \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \neg \varphi_1 \lor \neg \varphi_2 \qquad + \text{ analogue rule for } \neg \lor$$

$$\neg \bigcirc \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \bigcirc \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg (\varphi_1 \lor \varphi_2) \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad (\neg \varphi_2) \lor \lor (\neg \varphi_1 \land \neg \varphi_2)$$

$$\neg \Diamond \varphi \qquad \rightsquigarrow \qquad \Box \neg \varphi \qquad \neg \Box \varphi \qquad \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

$$\neg \Box ((a \cup b) \lor \bigcirc c)$$

$$\equiv \Diamond \neg ((a \cup b) \lor \bigcirc c)$$

$$\equiv \Diamond (\neg (a \cup b) \land \neg \bigcirc c)$$

$$\equiv \Diamond ((\neg b) \lor (\neg a \land \neg b) \land \bigcirc \neg c) \longleftarrow PNF$$

$$\mathcal{F} = (\mathcal{F}_{ucond}, \mathcal{F}_{strong}, \mathcal{F}_{weak})$$

where  $\mathcal{F}_{ucond}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}_{strong}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}_{weak} \subseteq 2^{Act}$ 

 $\mathcal{F}_{ucond}$  unconditional fairness assumption

 $\mathcal{F}_{strong}$  strong fairness assumption

 $\mathcal{F}_{weak}$  weak fairness assumption

$$\mathcal{F} = (\mathcal{F}_{ucond}, \mathcal{F}_{strong}, \mathcal{F}_{weak})$$

where  $\mathcal{F}_{ucond}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}_{strong}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}_{weak} \subseteq 2^{Act}$ 

execution 
$$s_0 \xrightarrow{\alpha_1} s_1 \xrightarrow{\alpha_2} s_2 \xrightarrow{\alpha_3} \dots \mathcal{F}$$
-fair if

$$\mathcal{F} = (\mathcal{F}_{ucond}, \mathcal{F}_{strong}, \mathcal{F}_{weak})$$

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execution 
$$s_0 \xrightarrow{\alpha_1} s_1 \xrightarrow{\alpha_2} s_2 \xrightarrow{\alpha_3} \dots \mathcal{F}$$
-fair if

• for all  $A \in \mathcal{F}_{ucond}$ :  $\overset{\infty}{\exists} i \geq 1$ .  $\alpha_i \in A$ 

$$\mathcal{F} = (\mathcal{F}_{ucond}, \mathcal{F}_{strong}, \mathcal{F}_{weak})$$

where  $\mathcal{F}_{ucond}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}_{strong}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}_{weak} \subseteq 2^{Act}$ 

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-fair if

- for all  $A \in \mathcal{F}_{ucond}$ :  $\overset{\infty}{\exists} i \geq 1$ .  $\alpha_i \in A$
- for all  $A \in \mathcal{F}_{strong}$ :

$$\stackrel{\infty}{\exists} i \geq 1. A \cap Act(s_i) \neq \emptyset \implies \stackrel{\infty}{\exists} i \geq 1. \alpha_i \in A$$

$$\mathcal{F} = (\mathcal{F}_{ucond}, \mathcal{F}_{strong}, \mathcal{F}_{weak})$$

where  $\mathcal{F}_{ucond}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}_{strong}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}_{weak} \subseteq 2^{Act}$ 

execution 
$$s_0 \xrightarrow{\alpha_1} s_1 \xrightarrow{\alpha_2} s_2 \xrightarrow{\alpha_3} \dots \mathcal{F}$$
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- for all  $A \in \mathcal{F}_{ucond}$ :  $\overset{\infty}{\exists} i \geq 1$ .  $\alpha_i \in A$
- for all  $A \in \mathcal{F}_{strong}$ :

$$\stackrel{\infty}{\exists} i \geq 1. A \cap Act(s_i) \neq \varnothing \implies \stackrel{\infty}{\exists} i \geq 1. \alpha_i \in A$$

• for all  $A \in \mathcal{F}_{weak}$ :

$$\overset{\infty}{\forall} i \geq 1. \ A \cap Act(s_i) \neq \varnothing \implies \overset{\infty}{\exists} i \geq 1. \ \alpha_i \in A$$

$$\mathcal{F} = (\mathcal{F}_{ucond}, \mathcal{F}_{strong}, \mathcal{F}_{weak})$$

where  $\mathcal{F}_{ucond}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}_{strong}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}_{weak} \subseteq 2^{Act}$ 

satisfaction relation for LT-properties under fairness:

$$T \models_{\mathcal{F}} E$$
 iff for all  $\mathcal{F}$ -fair paths  $\pi$  of  $T$ :  $trace(\pi) \in E$ 

$$\varphi ::= true \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2$$

eventually 
$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} true \cup \varphi$$
 always  $\Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$  infinitely often  $\Box \Diamond \varphi$  eventually forever  $\Diamond \Box \varphi$ 

$$\varphi \; ::= \; \textit{true} \; \big| \; {\color{red} \mathbf{a}} \; \big| \; \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \; \big| \; \neg \varphi \; \big| \; \bigcirc \varphi \; \big| \; \varphi_1 \, \mathbf{U} \, \varphi_2$$

eventually  $\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} true \cup \varphi$  always  $\Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$  infinitely often  $\Box \Diamond \varphi$  eventually forever  $\Diamond \Box \varphi$ 

e.g., unconditional fairness  $\Box \Diamond crit_i$ strong fairness  $\Box \Diamond wait_i \rightarrow \Box \Diamond crit_i$ 

$$\varphi ::= \mathit{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \land \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \, \mathsf{U} \, \varphi_2$$

```
eventually \Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} true \ U \varphi always \Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi infinitely often \Box \Diamond \varphi eventually forever \Diamond \Box \varphi
```

e.g., unconditional fairness 
$$\Box \Diamond crit_i$$
  
strong fairness  $\Box \Diamond wait_i \rightarrow \Box \Diamond crit_i$   
weak fairness  $\Diamond \Box wait_i \rightarrow \Box \Diamond crit_i$ 

• unconditional fairness  $\Box \Diamond \phi$ 

• strong fairness  $\Box \Diamond \phi_1 \to \Box \Diamond \phi_2$ 

• weak fairness  $\Diamond\Box\phi_1\to\Box\Diamond\phi_2$ 

where  $\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi$  are propositional formulas

- unconditional fairness  $\Box \Diamond \phi$
- strong fairness  $\Box \Diamond \phi_1 \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \phi_2$
- weak fairness  $\Diamond \Box \phi_1 \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \phi_2$

where  $\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi$  are propositional formulas

If  $\emph{fair}$  is a LTL fairness assumption,  $\emph{s}$  a state in a TS, and  $\varphi$  an LTL formula then

- unconditional fairness  $\Box \Diamond \phi$
- strong fairness  $\Box \Diamond \phi_1 \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \phi_2$
- weak fairness  $\Diamond \Box \phi_1 \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \phi_2$

where  $\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi$  are propositional formulas

If **fair** is a LTL fairness assumption, s a state in a TS, and  $\varphi$  an LTL formula then

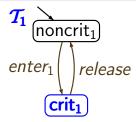
$$s \models_{\mathit{fair}} \varphi$$
 iff for all  $\pi \in \mathit{Paths}(s)$ : if  $\pi \models \mathit{fair}$  then  $\pi \models \varphi$ 

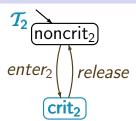
- unconditional fairness □◊φ
- strong fairness  $\Box \Diamond \phi_1 \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \phi_2$
- weak fairness  $\Diamond \Box \phi_1 \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \phi_2$

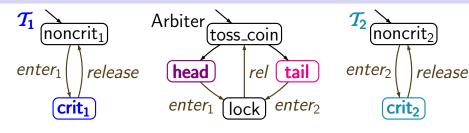
where  $\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi$  are propositional formulas

If **fair** is a LTL fairness assumption, s a state in a TS, and  $\varphi$  an LTL formula then

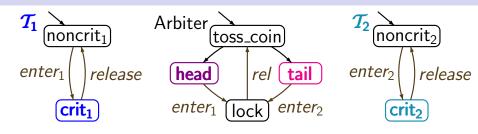
$$s \models_{\mathit{fair}} \varphi$$
 iff for all  $\pi \in \mathit{Paths}(s)$ :  
if  $\pi \models \mathit{fair}$  then  $\pi \models \varphi$   
iff  $s \models \mathit{fair} \to \varphi$ 



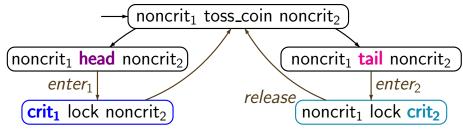


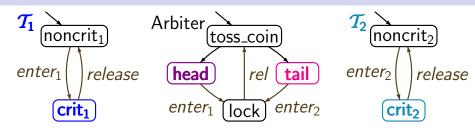


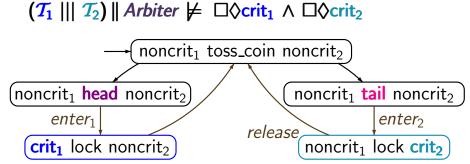
LTLSF3.1-40

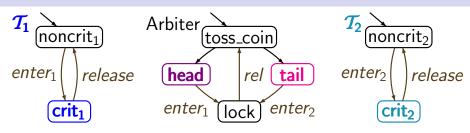


 $(T_1 \mid \mid T_2) \mid Arbiter$ 

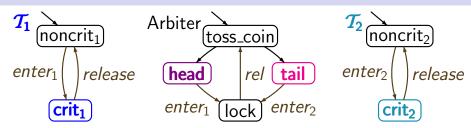








```
unconditional LTL-fairness:
fair = \Box \Diamond head \land \Box \Diamond tail
```



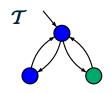
```
unconditional LTL-fairness:

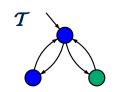
fair = \Box \Diamond head \land \Box \Diamond tail

(T_1 \parallel T_2) \parallel Arbiter \models_{fair} \Box \Diamond crit_1 \land \Box \Diamond crit_2
```

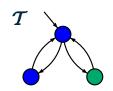
# Correct or wrong?

LTLSF3.1-41

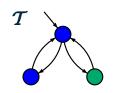




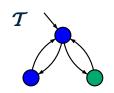
$$T \models_{fair} \bigcirc b$$



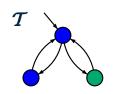
$$\mathcal{T} \not\models_{\mathit{fair}} \bigcirc b$$
 as  $\bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \cdots$  is fair



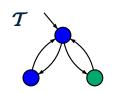
$$\mathcal{T} \not\models_{fair} \bigcirc b$$
 as  $\mathcal{T} \not\models_{fair} a \cup b$  ?



$$\mathcal{T} \not\models_{fair} \bigcirc b$$
 as  $\bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \cdots$  is fair  $\mathcal{T} \models_{fair} a \cup b \ \checkmark$ 



$$\mathcal{T} \not\models_{\mathit{fair}} \bigcirc b$$
 as  $\bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \cdots$  is fair  $\mathcal{T} \models_{\mathit{fair}} a \cup b \bigvee$   $\mathcal{T} \models_{\mathit{fair}} a \cup \Box (b \leftrightarrow \bigcirc a)$  ?



$$T 
ot
fair \bigcirc b$$
 as  $\bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \cdots$  is fair  $T \models_{fair} a \cup b \bigvee$ 
 $T \not\models_{fair} a \cup \Box(b \leftrightarrow \bigcirc a)$ 
as  $\bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \rightarrow \cdots$  is fair

 can be necessary to prove liveness properties, e.g., mutual exclusion with arbiter/semaphore

$\mathcal{T}_{sem}  ot\models$	$\Box \Diamond crit_1 \land \Box \Diamond crit_2$
$T_{sem} \models_{fa}$	$_{ir} \square \lozenge crit_1 \land \square \lozenge crit_2$
for appropriate fairness condition	

 can be necessary to prove liveness properties, e.g., mutual exclusion with arbiter/semaphore

$$\mathcal{T}_{sem} \not\models \Box \Diamond crit_1 \land \Box \Diamond crit_2$$
 $\mathcal{T}_{sem} \models_{fair} \Box \Diamond crit_1 \land \Box \Diamond crit_2$ 
for appropriate fairness condition, e.g.,

$$fair = \bigwedge_{i=1,2} \left( \left( \Box \lozenge wait_i \to \Box \lozenge crit_i \right) \land \left( \lozenge \Box noncrit_i \to \Box \lozenge wait_i \right) \right)$$

• can be necessary to prove liveness properties, e.g., mutual exclusion with arbiter/semaphore

```
T_{sem} \not\models \Box \Diamond crit_1 \land \Box \Diamond crit_2
T_{sem} \models_{fair} \Box \Diamond crit_1 \land \Box \Diamond crit_2
for appropriate fairness condition
```

- can be verifiable system properties
  - e.g., Peterson algorithm guarantees strong fairness

$$\mathcal{T}_{Pet} \models \Box \Diamond wait_1 \rightarrow \Box \Diamond crit_1$$

• can be necessary to prove liveness properties, e.g.,

$$T_{sem} \not\models \Box \Diamond crit_1 \land \Box \Diamond crit_2$$
 $T_{sem} \models_{fair} \Box \Diamond crit_1 \land \Box \Diamond crit_2$ 
for appropriate fairness condition

can be verifiable system properties, e.g.,

$$T_{Pet} \models \Box \Diamond wait_1 \rightarrow \Box \Diamond crit_1$$

are irrelevant for verifying safety properties

$$T \models \varphi_{safe}$$
 iff  $T \models_{fair} \varphi_{safe}$  if  $fair$  is realizable

Each strong **LTL** fairness assumption

$$fair = \Box \Diamond a \rightarrow \Box \Diamond b$$

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textit{fair} &=& \Box \lozenge \textbf{a} \to \Box \lozenge \textbf{b} \\ \text{is realizable for each TS over } \textbf{\textit{AP}} &=& \{\textbf{\textit{a}},\textbf{\textit{b}},\ldots\}. \end{array}$ 

Each strong LTL fairness assumption

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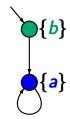
recall: a fairness condition is called realizable if for each reachable state 5 there exists a fair path starting in s

## Each strong LTL fairness assumption

$$fair = \Box \Diamond a \rightarrow \Box \Diamond b$$

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textit{fair} &=& \Box \lozenge \textbf{a} \to \Box \lozenge \textbf{b} \\ \text{is realizable for each TS over } \textbf{\textit{AP}} &=& \{\textbf{\textit{a}},\textbf{\textit{b}},\ldots\}. \end{array}$ 

### wrong



$$fair = \Box \Diamond a \rightarrow \Box \Diamond b$$

is not realizable

enabled(A) 
$$\in$$
 L(s) iff  $s \xrightarrow{\alpha} \dots$  for some  $\alpha \in A$ 

taken(A)  $\in$  L(s) iff for all transitions  $\dots \xrightarrow{\alpha} s$ :
 $\alpha \in A$ 

enabled(A) 
$$\in$$
 L(s) iff  $s \xrightarrow{\alpha} \dots$  for some  $\alpha \in A$ 

taken(A)  $\in$  L(s) iff for all transitions  $\dots \xrightarrow{\alpha} s$ :
 $\alpha \in A$ 

- unconditional A-fairness: □◊taken(A)
- strong A-fairness:  $\square \lozenge enabled(A) \rightarrow \square \lozenge taken(A)$
- weak A-fairness:  $\Diamond \Box enabled(A) \rightarrow \Box \Diamond taken(A)$

enabled(A) 
$$\in$$
 L(s) iff  $s \xrightarrow{\alpha} \dots$  for some  $\alpha \in A$ 

taken(A)  $\in$  L(s) iff for all transitions  $\dots \xrightarrow{\alpha} s$ :
 $\alpha \in A$ 

**problem**: each state **s** can have several incoming transitions

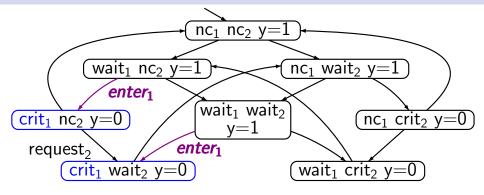
$$t \xrightarrow{\alpha} s$$
,  $u \xrightarrow{\beta} s$ , ...

```
enabled (A) \in L(s) iff s \xrightarrow{\alpha} \dots for some \alpha \in A

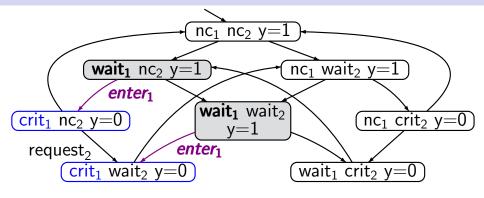
taken (A) \in L(s) iff for all transitions \dots \xrightarrow{\alpha} s:
\alpha \in A
```

alternative 1: ad-hoc choice of "taken-predicate"

alternative 2: modify the given transition system by adding an action component to the states

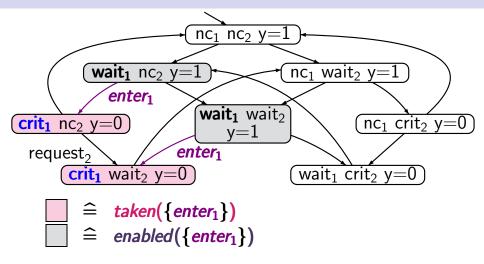


TS for mutual exclusion with semaphore

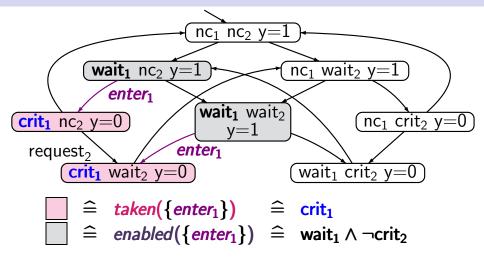


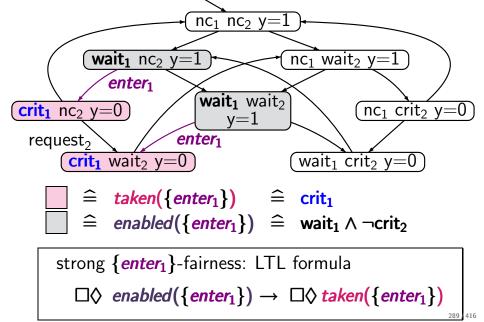
$$\widehat{}$$
  $\widehat{}$  enabled({enter<sub>1</sub>})

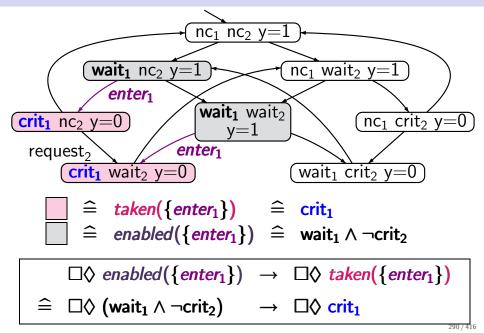
TS for mutual exclusion with semaphore



TS for mutual exclusion with semaphore







idea: use new atomic propositions enabled(A) and
taken(A) and extend the labeling function:

```
enabled(A) \in L(s) iff s \xrightarrow{\alpha} ... for some \alpha \in A

taken(A) \in L(s) iff for all transitions ... \xrightarrow{\alpha} s:

\alpha \in A
```

alternative 1: ad-hoc choice of "taken-predicate"alternative 2: modify the given transition system by adding an action component to the states

idea: use new atomic propositions enabled(A) and
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```
enabled(A) \in L(s) iff s \xrightarrow{\alpha} ... for some \alpha \in A

taken(A) \in L(s) iff for all transitions ... \xrightarrow{\alpha} s:

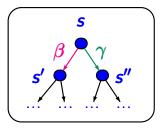
\alpha \in A
```

alternative 1: ad-hoc choice of "taken-predicate"alternative 2: modify the given transition system by adding an action component to the states

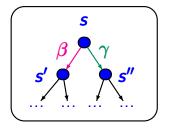
LTLSF3.1-47

## Action-based fairness \( \sim \text{LTL-fairness} \)

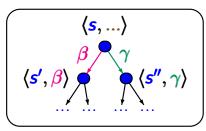
transition system  $T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, ...)$ 



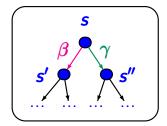
transition system 
$$T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, ...)$$



transition system
$$T' = (S \times Act, ..., AP', L')$$

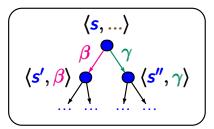


transition system 
$$T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, ...)$$



strong A-fairness for  $A \subseteq Act$ 

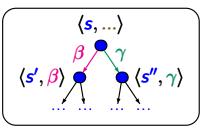
transition system
$$T' = (S \times Act, ..., AP', L')$$



strong LTL-fairness  $\Box \Diamond enabled(A) \rightarrow \Box \Diamond taken(A)$ 

transition system 
$$T = (S, Act, \rightarrow, ...)$$

transition system  $T' = (S \times Act, ..., AP', L')$ 



strong A-fairness for  $A \subseteq Act$ 

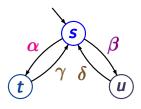
strong LTL-fairness  $\Box \Diamond enabled(A) \rightarrow \Box \Diamond taken(A)$ 

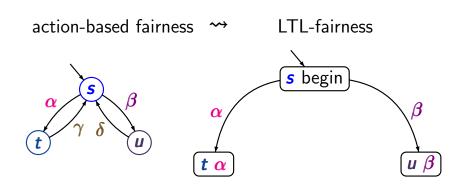
enabled 
$$(A) \in L'(\langle s, \alpha \rangle)$$
 iff  $s \xrightarrow{\beta} \dots$  for some  $\beta \in A$   
taken  $(A) \in L'(\langle s, \alpha \rangle)$  iff  $\alpha \in A$ 

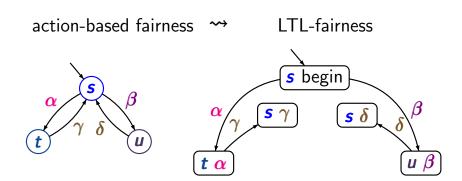
action-based fairness

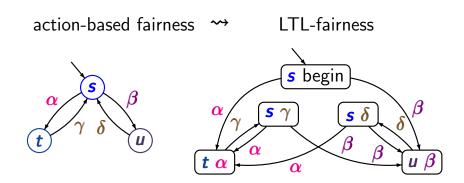


LTL-fairness









action-based fairness  $\sim$  LTL-fairness  $\frac{\alpha}{t} \frac{s}{\gamma} \frac{\delta}{\delta} \frac{\delta}{$ 

strong fairness for 
$$\{\beta\}$$
:

$$\Box \Diamond \ enabled(\beta) \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \ taken(\beta)$$

strong fairness for 
$$\{\beta\}$$
:

$$\Box \Diamond \ enabled(\beta) \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \ taken(\beta)$$

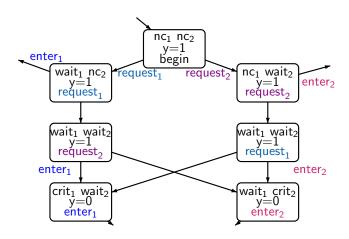
action-based fairness  $\sim$  LTL-fairness  $\frac{\alpha}{t} \frac{s}{\alpha} \frac{\delta}{\alpha} \frac{\delta}{$ 

strong fairness for 
$$\{\beta\}$$
:

$$\Box \Diamond \ enabled(\beta) \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \ taken(\beta)$$

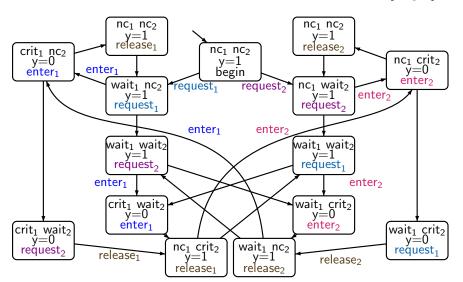
## **Example:** mutual exclusion with semaphore

add additional variable last\_action with domain Act ∪ {begin}



## **Example:** mutual exclusion with semaphore

add additional variable last\_action with domain Act ∪ {begin}



## **Example:** mutual exclusion with semaphore

add additional variable last\_action with domain Act ∪ {begin}

