```
1 public class Computer {
 3
       /** This constant represents the size of the memory unit of this Computer
 4
        * (number of memory registers). */
 5
       public final static int MEM SIZE = 100;
 6
 7
       /** This constant represents the memory address at which the constant 0 is
      public final static int LOCATION OF ZERO = MEM SIZE - 2;
 8
 9
      /** This constant represents the memory address at which the number 1 is
10
      public final static int LOCATION OF ONE = MEM SIZE - 1;
11
12
      // Op-code definitions:
13
      private final static int WRITE = 9:
15
      private final static int READ = 8;
16
      private final static int GOTOP = 7;
      private final static int GOTOZ = 6;
17
18
      private final static int GOTO = 5;
      private final static int STORE = 4;
19
20
      private final static int LOAD = 3;
      private final static int SUB = 2;
21
22
      private final static int ADD = 1;
23
      private final static int STOP = 0;
24
25
      // Put the rest of the op-code definitions here.
26
27
      /** The Computer consists of a Memory unit, and two registers, as follows: */
28
      private Memory m;
29
      private Register dReg;
30
      private Register pc;
31
32
      public Computer() {
33
           m = new Memory(MEM SIZE);
34
           dReg = new Register();
35
           pc = new Register();
36
           reset();
37
      }
38
      public void reset() {
39
40
           m.reset();
           m.setValue(LOCATION OF ZERO, 0);
41
42
           m.setValue(LOCATION_OF_ONE, 1);
43
           pc.setValue(0);
           dReg.setValue(0);
44
45
46
47
      public void run() {
48
           int stop = 0;
           while (stop != -1) {
49
50
               int value = m.getValue(pc.getValue());
51
52
               if (value / 100 == ADD) {
53
                   execAdd(value - 100);
54
               } else if (value / 100 == SUB) {
55
                   execSub(value - 200);
               } else if (value / 100 == LOAD) {
56
57
                   execLoad(value - 300);
58
               } else if (value / 100 == STORE) {
59
                   execStore(value - 400);
```

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```
60
                } else if(value / 100 == GOTO) {
                     execGoto(value - 500);
 61
 62
                } else if(value / 100 == GOTOZ) {
 63
                     execGotoz(value - 600);
                } else if(value / 100 == GOTOP) {
 64
                     execGotop(value - 700);
 65
                } else if(value / 100 == READ) {
 66
 67
                     execRead();
                } else if(value / 100 == WRITE) {
 68
 69
                     execWrite(dReg.getValue());
 70
                } else {
 71
                     stop = execStop();
 72
                }
 73
            }
 74
        }
 75
 76
        // Private execution routines, one for each Vic command
 77
        private void execLoad (int addr) {
 78
            dReg.setValue(m.getValue(addr));
 79
            pc.add0ne();
        }
 80
 81
 82
        private void execRead () {
            int value = StdIn.readInt();
 83
 84
            dReg.setValue(value);
 85
            pc.add0ne();
        }
 86
 87
88
        private void execWrite (int value) {
 89
            System.out.println("" + value);
 90
            pc.add0ne();
        }
 91
 92
        private void execStore (int addr) {
 93
 94
            m.setValue(addr, dReg.getValue());
 95
            pc.add0ne();
 96
        }
 97
 98
        private void execAdd (int addr) {
 99
            dReg.setValue(m.getValue(addr) + dReg.getValue());
            pc.add0ne();
100
        }
101
102
103
104
        private void execGoto (int addr) {
105
            pc.setValue(addr);
        }
106
107
108
109
        private void execGotop (int addr) {
110
            if (dReg.getValue() > 0) {
111
                execGoto(addr);
112
            } else {
113
                pc.add0ne();
            }
114
115
        }
116
117
118
        private void execGotoz (int addr) {
119
            if (dReg.getValue() == 0) {
120
                execGoto(addr);
```

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```
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```

```
121
            } else {
122
                pc.add0ne();
123
            }
124
       }
125
126
       private void execSub (int addr) {
127
            dReg.setValue(dReg.getValue() - m.getValue(addr));
128
            pc.add0ne();
129
       }
130
131
       private int execStop () {
132
            System.out.println("Program terminated normally");
133
            pc.add0ne();
134
            return -1;
135
       }
136
137
       public void loadProgram(String fileName) {
138
            StdIn.setInput(fileName);
139
            int counter = 0;
140
            while(StdIn.hasNextLine()) {
141
                int value = StdIn.readInt();
142
                m.setValue(counter, value);
143
                counter++;
144
            }
145
       }
146
147
       public void loadInput(String fileName) {
148
            StdIn.setInput(fileName);
149
150
151
       public String toString () {
            // Put your code here
152
153
            return "D register = " + dReg.getValue() + "\n" + "PC register = " +
   pc.getValue() + "\n" + "Memory state:" + "\n" + m.toString();
154
155 }
```

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```
1 /** Represents a register.
 2 * A register is the basic storage unit of the Vic computer. */
 4 public class Register {
5
      private int value; // the current value of this register
6
7
      /** Constructs a register and sets its value to 0. */
8
9
      public Register() {
10
          // Put your code here
11
          setValue(0);
12
      }
13
14
      /** Sets the value of this register.
15
       * @param v the value to which the register will be set. */
16
      public void setValue(int val) {
17
          value = val;
18
          // Put your code here
19
      }
20
      /** Increments the value of this register by 1. */
21
22
      public void addOne() {
23
          setValue(getValue() + 1);
24
          // Put your code here
25
      }
26
27
      /** Returns the value of this register.
28
       * @return the current value of this register, as an int. */
29
       public int getValue() {
30
          // Put your code here
31
          return value;
32
      }
33
34
      /** Returns a textual representation of the value of this register.
       * @return Returns the value of this register, as a String. */
35
36
      public String toString() {
37
           // Put your code here
          return "" + value;
38
39
      }
40 }
```

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```
1 /** Represents a register.
 2 * A register is the basic storage unit of the Vic computer. */
 4 public class Register {
5
      private int value; // the current value of this register
6
7
      /** Constructs a register and sets its value to 0. */
8
9
      public Register() {
10
          // Put your code here
11
          setValue(0);
12
      }
13
14
      /** Sets the value of this register.
15
       * @param v the value to which the register will be set. */
16
      public void setValue(int val) {
17
          value = val;
18
          // Put your code here
19
      }
20
      /** Increments the value of this register by 1. */
21
22
      public void addOne() {
23
          setValue(getValue() + 1);
24
          // Put your code here
25
      }
26
27
      /** Returns the value of this register.
28
       * @return the current value of this register, as an int. */
29
       public int getValue() {
30
          // Put your code here
31
          return value;
32
      }
33
34
      /** Returns a textual representation of the value of this register.
       * @return Returns the value of this register, as a String. */
35
36
      public String toString() {
37
           // Put your code here
          return "" + value;
38
39
      }
40 }
```

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