

# Back WAD lab practical manual



## SANDIP FOUNDATION'S SANDIP INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & RESEARCH CENTRE

Maharavani, Trimbak Road, Tal. & Dist. Nashik-422213, Maharashtra, India.

Date :

Experiment No: 03-A

Node.js Application

Aim: Create a Node.js Application which serves a static website

Installation:-

Node.js (site - Node.js) , Express.js (installed through cmd)

Node.js overview:-

In basic terms, Node.js is an open source cross-platform library for server-side programming that permits clients to develop web applications rapidly. With node, we can execute Javascript applications or Network applications. Its basic modules are engraved in javascript.

It is generally utilized for server application in real-time. Node.js permits javascripts to execute locally on a machine or a server.

Node.js gives numerous systems to utilize. One of such structures is Express.js. It is more valuable and mainstream on a server.

Features of Node.js

- Versatility - Node.js is incredibly adaptable as the server tasks in a non-blocking way.
- Zero Buffering - Applications yield the measurements in enormous pieces. This gives the advantages of 'No buffering' to developers.
- Network - Node.js upholds an open-source Community. This is the main explanation that numerous glorious modules have been added to Node.js application overtime.
- Event driven Input and output - APIs of Node.js are non-blocking meaning that the server won't wait for the arrival of information from an API. Rather, it will move to another API.

Advantages of Node.js

- Easy to learn - Node.js is quite simple for developers to utilize and learn. Learning Node.js is less difficult.



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Advantages of Node.js:-

- 1) Easy to learn: Node.js is quite simple for developers to utilize and learn. Learning Node.js is less difficult than React.
- 2) Better performance: Node.js takes the code or JavaScript via Google's V8 JavaScript engine. The main advantage of this process is that it compiles with the JavaScript's code directly into the machine code.
- 3) Freedom: Node.js offers a lot of freedom when it comes to development. There are generally less constraints with Node.js.
- 4) Extended support for tools: Another advantage of Node.js is that developers have more community support.
- 5) Extensible: Node.js is known to be quite extensible. You can utilize JSON to give the degree of trade of information between the web server and the client.
- 6) Scalability: Node.js makes it simple to scale application in horizontal as well as vertical directions. The application can be scaled even by the option of extra hubs to the current framework.

• Limitations of Node.js:-

- 1) Programming interface isn't steady: The application programming interface (API) of Node.js can be challenging to work with. It changes regularly and doesn't remain stable.
- 2) No strong library support system: JavaScript does not hold a strong library system which limits the developers to implement even common programming tasks using Node.js.



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2) No strong library support system: Javascript does not hold a library system. This limits the developers to even common programming tasks using Node.js.

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• Programming model is not synchronous. Many developers find this programming model tougher in comparison to linear blocking I/O programming. In sync asynchronous programming the codes become clumsy and developers have to depend on these.

#### Express.js

"Express is a fast, unopinionated minimalist web framework for Node.js" - official website - Expressjs.com.

Express.js is a web application framework for Node.js. It provides various features that make web application development fast and easy which otherwise takes more time using only Node.js.

Express.js is based on the Node.js middleware module called Connect which in turn uses http module. So any middleware which is based on Connect will also work with Express.js.

Express.js

Connect

http

Node.js

#### Advantages Of Express.js:

- 1) Makes Node.js web application development fast and easy.
- 2) Easy to configure and customize.
- 3) Allows you to define routers of your application based on HTTP methods and URLs.



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- 1) Makes Node.js web application development fast and easy.
- 2) Easy to configure and customize.
- 3) Allows you to define routers of your application based on HTTP methods and URLs.

- 4) Includes various middleware modules which you can use to perform additional tasks on request and response.
- 5) Easy to integrate with different template engines like Jade, Vash, EJS etc.
- 6) Allows you to define an error handling middleware.
- 7) Easy to serve static files or resources of your application.
- 8) Allows you to Create REST API server.
- 9) Easy to connect with databases such as MongoDB, Redis, MySQL.

### Steps:-

1. Install Node.js
2. Setting up express.js
3. Structuring Files
4. Creating your express server
5. Servicing your static files
6. Building your webpage
7. Running your project

Open Node.js command terminal & run the following in your terminal -

### Setting up express.js

- 1) Create a new directory for your project : `mkdir your-project-name`
- 2) Change into your new directory : `cd your-project-name`
- 3) Initialize a new node project with defaults. This will set a package.json file to access your dependencies : `npm init -y`
- 4) Create your entry file index.js. This is where you will start your Express server. If you are working on Linux, you can run `touch index.js`. If you are working on windows, you can edit in VS code.
- 5) Install Express as a dependency : `npm install express` → save



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6) Edit Package.json Within your package.json update your start script to include node and your index.js file.

Let express-static-file-tutorial ls your project name

Package.json :-

```

  {
    "name": "express-static-file-tutorial",
    "version": "1.0.0",
    "description": "",
    "main": "index.js",
    "scripts": {
      "start": "node index.js" // change start value as node
      // index.js
      // This will also allow you to use the
      // npm start command in your
      "keywords": [],
      "author": "paul Halliday",
      "server": "express",
      "license": "MIT"
    }
  }
  
```

Structuring Your Files:-

To store your files on the client-side, create a public directory and include an index.html file. express static file-tutorial

- |- index.js
- |- public
- |- index.html

Creating Your Express Server

Edit index.js file

Index.js

```

const express = require('express');
const app = express();
const PORT = 3000;
  
```

`app.use(express.static('public'));` // represents application



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```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
const PORT = 3000;
```

```
app.use(express.static('public')) //represents application
//is serving static
//webpage in public directory
app.get('/', (req, res) => {
  res.send("Hello world!");
})
app.listen(PORT, () => console.log(`server listening on port
: ${PORT}`));
```

First of all, import the Express.js module.

In above example, we imported Express.js module via `require()` function. The express module returns a function. This function returns an object which can be used to configure Express application (app in the above example).

- The app object includes methods for routing HTTP requests, configuring middleware, rendering HTML views and registering a template engine.
- The app.listen() function creates the Node.js web server at the specified host and port. It is identical to Node's `http.Server.listen()` method. Instead of `Get()`, `Post()`, `Put()` and `Delete()` methods can be used.

Built

• Building Your Web page - client side

Navigate to your `index.html` file in the public directory. Populate the file with body and image elements:

↑ label index.html

```
<html>
<head>
<title> Hello world! </title>
</head>
<body>
<h1> Hello world! </h1>
```



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D

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```
<img src = "shark.png" alt = "shark" > // download & store image
                                         In public directory.
</body>
</html>
```

(Instead of building HelloWorld application, building applications like student's Registration from main page of website is recommended.)

Running your project:-

In Your terminal, launch your Express project.

npm start

It will display

Server listening on port : 3000

Open your web browser, and navigate to <http://localhost:3000>

Conclusion:-

Thus we have created a NodeJS Application Which serves a static Website.



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