



THE TASTE OF SUCCESS

INTRODUCTION

Danny seriously loves Japanese food so in the beginning of 2021, he decides to embark upon a risky venture and opens a cute little restaurant that sells his 3 favorite foods: sushi, curry and ramen.

Danny's Diner needs your assistance to help the restaurant stay afloat - the restaurant has captured some very basic data from their few months of operation but have no idea how to use their data to help them run the business.

PROBLEM STATEMENT

Danny wants to use the data to answer a few simple questions about his customers, especially about their visiting patterns, how much money they've spent, and which menu items are their favorite. Having this deeper connection with his customers will help him deliver a better and more personalized experience for his loyal customers.

He plans on using these insights to help him decide whether he should expand the existing customer loyalty program - additionally he needs help to generate some basic datasets so his team can easily inspect the data without needing to use SQL.

Danny has provided you with a sample of his overall customer data due to privacy issues - but he hopes that these examples are enough for you to write fully functioning SQL queries to help him answer his questions!

1. What is the total amount each customer spent at the restaurant?

```
select customer_id, sum(price) as total_amount  
from sales s  
join menu m  
on s.product_id = m.product_id  
group by customer_id;
```

OUTPUT:

customer_id	total_amount
B	74
C	36
A	76

2. How many days has each customer visited the restaurant?

```
select customer_id, count(1) as no_of_customers  
from sales  
group by customer_id;
```

OUTPUT:

customer_id	no_of_customers
B	6
C	3
A	6

3. What was the first item from the menu purchased by each customer?

```
WITH cte AS (  
  SELECT  
    s.customer_id,  
    m.product_name AS first_purchased_item,  
    s.order_date,  
    ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY s.customer_id ORDER BY  
s.order_date) AS rnk  
  FROM  
    sales s  
  JOIN menu m ON s.product_id = m.product_id  
)
```

```
SELECT  
  customer_id,  
  first_purchased_item,  
  order_date  
FROM  
  cte  
where rnk = 1;
```

OUTPUT:

customer_id	first_purchased_item	order_date
A	curry	01-01-2021
B	curry	01-01-2021
C	ramen	01-01-2021

4. What is the most purchased item on the menu and how many times was it purchased by all customers?

```
select m.product_name as most_purchased_item, count(1)  
as no_of_time  
from sales s  
join menu m  
on s.product_id = m.product_id  
group by 1  
order by 2 desc  
limit 1
```

OUTPUT:

most_purchased_item	no_of_time
ramen	8

5. Which item was the most popular for each customer?

```
with cte as (  
  select s.customer_id, m.product_name as  
    most_popular_item, count(1) as no_of_items  
    from sales s  
    join menu m  
    on s.product_id = m.product_id  
    group by 1,2  
  ),  
rrnk as(  
  select customer_id, most_popular_item, no_of_items,  
    dense_rank() over(partition by customer_id order by  
    no_of_items desc) as rnk  
    from cte  
  )  
select customer_id, most_popular_item  
from rrnk  
where rnk = 1;
```

OUTPUT:

customer_id	most_popular_item
A	ramen
B	sushi
B	curry
B	ramen
C	ramen

6. Which item was purchased first by the customer after they became a member?

```
WITH MemberFirstPurchase AS (  
  SELECT  
    s.customer_id,  
    m.product_name AS first_purchase_after_membership,  
    s.order_date,  
    ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY s.customer_id ORDER BY  
s.order_date) AS row_num  
  FROM  
    sales s  
  JOIN menu m ON s.product_id = m.product_id  
  JOIN members mem ON s.customer_id = mem.customer_id  
  WHERE  
    s.order_date >= mem.join_date  
)
```

```
SELECT  
  mfp.customer_id,  
  mfp.first_purchase_after_membership,  
  mfp.order_date  
FROM  
  MemberFirstPurchase mfp  
WHERE  
  mfp.row_num = 1;
```

OUTPUT:

customer_id	first_purchase_after_membership	order_date
A	curry	07-01-2021
B	sushi	11-01-2021

7. Which item was purchased just before the customer became a member?

```
WITH MemberFirstPurchase AS (  
  SELECT  
    s.customer_id,  
    m.product_name AS first_purchase_after_membership,  
    s.order_date,  
    ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY s.customer_id ORDER BY  
s.order_date) AS row_num  
  FROM  
    sales s  
  JOIN menu m ON s.product_id = m.product_id  
  JOIN members mem ON s.customer_id = mem.customer_id  
  WHERE  
    s.order_date >= mem.join_date  
)
```

```
SELECT  
  mfp.customer_id,  
  mfp.first_purchase_after_membership,  
  mfp.order_date  
FROM  
  MemberFirstPurchase mfp  
WHERE  
  mfp.row_num = 1;
```

OUTPUT:

customer_id	first_purchase_after_membership	order_date
A	curry	07-01-2021
B	sushi	11-01-2021

8. What is the total items and amount spent for each member before they became a member?

```
WITH MemberPurchases AS (  
  SELECT  
    s.customer_id,  
    m.product_name,  
    m.price,  
    s.order_date  
  FROM  
    sales s  
  JOIN menu m ON s.product_id = m.product_id  
  JOIN members mem ON s.customer_id = mem.customer_id  
  WHERE  
    s.order_date < mem.join_date  
)
```

```
SELECT  
  mp.customer_id,  
  COUNT(mp.product_name) AS total_items,  
  SUM(mp.price) AS total_amount_spent  
FROM  
  MemberPurchases mp  
GROUP BY  
  mp.customer_id;
```

OUTPUT:

customer_id	total_items	total_amount_spent
B	3	40
A	2	25

9. If each \$1 spent equates to 10 points and sushi has a 2x points multiplier - how many points would each customer have?

with cte as(

```
select customer_id, product_name, price,  
case when product_name = 'sushi' then price*2*10  
else price*10  
end as Points  
from sales s  
join menu m  
on s.product_id = m.product_id  
)  
select customer_id,  
sum(points) as total_points  
from cte  
group by customer_id;
```

OUTPUT:

customer_id	total_points
B	940
C	360
A	860

10. In the first week after a customer joins the program (including their join date) they earn 2x points on all items, not just sushi - how many points do customer A and B have at the end of January?

```
WITH PointsCalculation AS (  
  SELECT  
    s.customer_id,  
    m.product_name,  
    m.price,  
    s.order_date,  
    mem.join_date,  
    CASE  
      WHEN s.order_date <= mem.join_date + INTERVAL '7 days' THEN m.price * 2 * 10  
      ELSE  
        CASE  
          WHEN m.product_name = 'sushi' THEN m.price * 2 * 10  
          ELSE m.price * 10  
        END  
      END AS points  
  FROM  
    sales s  
  JOIN menu m ON s.product_id = m.product_id  
  JOIN members mem ON s.customer_id = mem.customer_id  
)  
  
SELECT  
  pc.customer_id,  
  SUM(pc.points) AS total_points_at_end_of_january  
FROM  
  PointsCalculation pc  
WHERE  
  pc.order_date <= '2021-01-31'  
GROUP BY  
  pc.customer_id;
```

OUTPUT:

customer_id	total_points_at_end_of_january
A	1520
B	1240

THANK YOU

THE TASTE OF SUCCESS