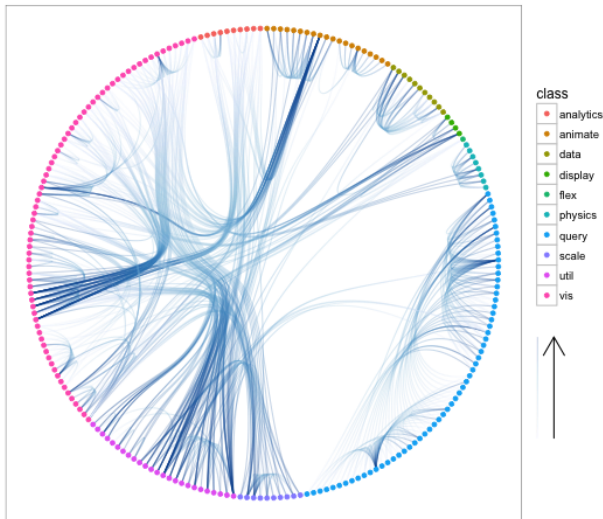


Data visualisation with ggplot2

Francisco Rodriguez-Sanchez (@frod_san)

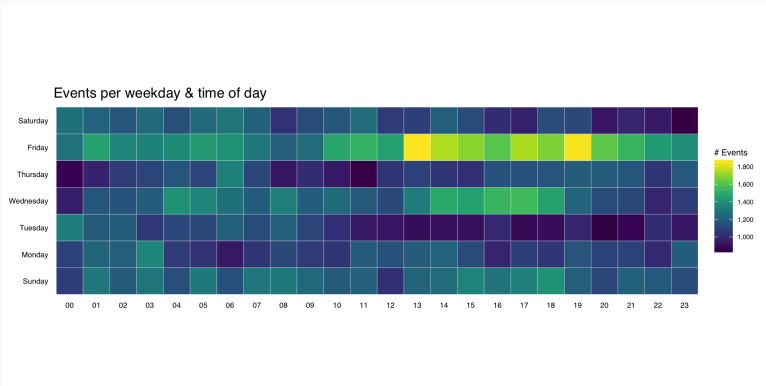
November 2016



<https://github.com/thomasp85/ggraph>



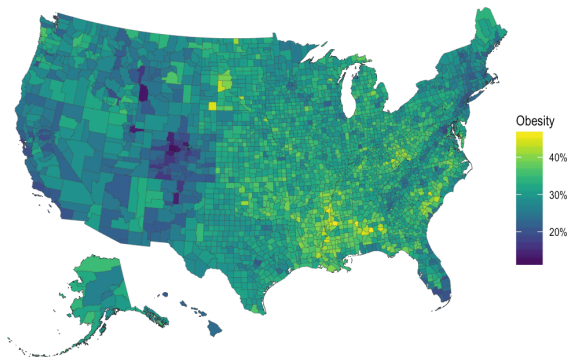
<http://spatial.ly/2012/02/great-maps-ggplot2/>



<https://rud.is/b/2016/02/14/making-faceted-heatmaps-with-ggplot2/>

U.S. Obesity Rate by County (2012)

Content source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



Data from http://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/atlas/countydata/County_ListofIndicators.html

<https://rud.is/b/2016/03/29/easier-composite-u-s-choropleths-with-albersusa/>

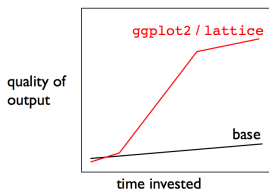
6

Why ggplot

- Extremely powerful and flexible
- Consistent (grammar of graphics)
- Very powerful user base and active development

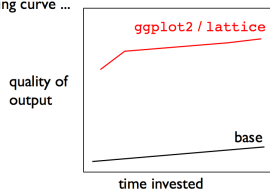
At the beginning it's hard, but then it pays off

week one



* figure is totally fabricated but, I claim, still true

after you've climbed the steepest part of the learning curve ...



* figure is totally fabricated but, I claim, still true

Source: <https://github.com/jennybc/ggplot2-tutorial>

Very good documentation and tutorials

- [Official ggplot2 documentation](#)
- [ggplot2 book](#)
- [R graphics cookbook](#) and [Cookbook for R](#)
- [Beautiful plotting in R: A ggplot2 cheatsheet](#)
- [Introduction to ggplot2](#)
- [Tutorial: ggplot2](#)
- [How to format plots for publication using ggplot2](#)
- [Visualising data with ggplot2](#)
- [Data Visualization with R and ggplot2](#)
- [ggplot2 tutorial](#)
- [Data visualisation chapter in R for Data Science](#)



Basics

ggplot2 is based on the **grammar of graphics**, the idea that you can build every graph from the same components: a **data set**, a **coordinate system**, and **geoms**—visual marks that represent data points.



To display values, map variables in the data to visual properties of the geom (**aesthetics**): like **size**, **color**, and **x** and **y** locations.



Complete the template below to build a graph.

```
ggplot(data = data) +  
  geom_function(  
    mapping = aes(mapwidth),  
    stat = stat,  
    position = position,  
  ) +  
  coordmate_function +  
  facet_function +  
  scale_function +  
  theme_function
```

Required

Not required,
sensible defaults
supplied

ggplot(data = mpg, aes(x = cty, y = hwy))
 Begins a plot that you finish by adding layers to. Add one geom function per layer.

aesthetic mappings **data** **geom**

ggplot(x = cty, y = hwy, data = mpg, geom = "point")
 Creates a complete plot with given data, geom, and mappings. Supplies many useful defaults.

last_plot()
 Returns the last plot

Geoms - Use a geom function to represent data points, use the geom's aesthetic properties to represent variables. Each function returns a layer.

Graphical Primitives

- `ggplot(economics, aes(date, unemploy))`
`b <- ggplot(seals, aes(x = long, y = lat))`
 (useful for expanding limits)
- `geom_blank()`
- `geom_curve(aes(yend = lat + 1, xend = long - 1, curvature = 2))` `x`, `yend`, `y`, `alpha`, `angle`, `color`, `curvature`, `linetype`, `size`
- `geom_path(linewidth = "but")`, `linetype`, `round`, `linewidth` `x`, `y`, `alpha`, `color`, `group`, `linetype`, `size`
- `geom_polygon(aes(group = group))` `x`, `y`, `alpha`, `color`, `fill`, `group`, `linetype`, `size`
- `geom_rect(aes(xmin = long, xmax = long + 1, ymin = lat + 23, ymax = lat, ymin, xmin, xmax, ymin, alpha, color, fill, linetype, size))`
- `geom_ribbon(aes(ymin = unemploy - 300, ymax = unemploy + 300))` `x`, `ymin`, `ymax`, `alpha`, `color`, `fill`, `linetype`, `size`

Line Segments

```
geom_abline(aes(intercept=0, slope=1))
geom_hline(aes(yintercept = lat))
geom_vline(aes(xintercept = long))
geom_segment(aes(xend=lat+1, xend=long+1))
geom_spoke(aes(angle = 1:155, radius = 1))
```

One Variable

```

# Continuous
c <- ggplot(mpg, aes(hwy))
c2 <- ggplot(mpg, aes(hwy))

c <- geom_area(stat = "bin")
x.y, alpha, color, fill, linetype, size

c <- geom_density(aes(x = "gaussian"))
x.y, alpha, color, fill, group, linetype, size, weight

c <- geom_dotplot()
x.y, alpha, color, fill

c <- geom_freqpoly()
x.y, alpha, color, group, linetype, size

c <- geom_histogram(binwidth = 5)
x.y, alpha, color, fill, linetype, size, weight

c2 <- geom_qq(aes(sample = hwy))
x.y, alpha, color, fill, linetype, size, weight

```

Discrete

```
d + geom_bar()
```

Two Variables

Continuous X, Continuous Y
`e = ggplot(mpg, aes(hwy))`


- `geom_label(aes(label = cty, mudge_x = 1, mudge_y = 1, check_overlap = TRUE))`
- `geom_smooth(aes(linetype = family, forline, hjust, linetype, size, vjust))`
- `geom_jitter(height = 2, width = 0)`
- `x = alpha, color, fill, shape, size`
- `geom_point()`
- `x = alpha, color, fill, shape, size, stroke`
- `geom_quantile()`
- `x = alpha, color, group, linetype, size, weight`
- `geom_rug(ids = "id")`
- `x = alpha, color, linetype, size`
- `geom_smooth(method = lm)`
- `x = alpha, color, fill, group, linetype, size, weight`
- `geom_text(aes(label = cty, mudge_x = 1, mudge_y = 1, check_overlap = TRUE))`
- `x = alpha, color, group, linetype, size, weight, hjust, linetype, size, vjust`



Discrete X, Continuous Y

```
f <- ggplot(mpg, aes(class, hwy))  
  
f + geom_col()  
x, y, alpha, color, fill, group, linetype, size  
  
f + geom_boxplot()  
x, y, lower, middle, upper, ymax, ymin, alpha,  
color, fill, group, linetype, shape, size, weight  
  
f + geom_dotplot(binaxis = 'y',  
stacked = "center")  
x, y, alpha, color, fill, group  
  
f + geom_violin(scale = "area")  
x, y, alpha, color, fill, group, linetype, size,  
weight
```

Discrete X, Discrete Y

```
g + geom_count()
```

Continuous III

- `geom_bin2d()`
x, y, alpha, color, fill, linetype, size, weight
- `geom_density2d()`
x, y, alpha, colour, group, linetype, size
- `geom_hex()`
x, y, alpha, colour, fill, size

Continuous Function

```
ggplot(economics, aes(date, unemploy))
+ geom_area()
x, y, alpha, color, fill, linetype, size

+ geom_line()
x, y, alpha, color, group, linetype, size

+ geom_step(direction = "hv")
x, y, alpha, color, group, linetype, size
```

Visualizing error

```
df <- data.frame(grp = c("A", "B"), fit = 4.5, se = 1.2)
j <- ggplot(df, aes(grp, fit, ymin = fit-se, ymax = fit+se))
```

```

# geom_crossbar(latten = 2)
x, y, ymax, ymin, alpha, color, fill, group,
linetype, size

# geom_errorbar()
x, ymax, ymin, alpha, color, group, linetype,
size, width (also geom_errorbarh())

# geom_linerange()
x, ymin, ymax, alpha, color, group, linetype, size

# geom_pointrange()
x, y, ymin, ymax, alpha, color, fill, group,
linetype, shape, size

```

Manuscript

```
data %>% data.frame(murder = USArrests$Murder,
state = tolower(rownames(USArrests)))
map <- map_data("state")
k <- ggplot(data, aes(fill = murder))
k + geom_map(aes(map_id = state, map = map)) +
  expand_limits(x = map$long, y = map$lat)
map_id, alpha, color, fill, linewidth, size
```

Three Variables

```
sealsSz <- with(seals, sqrt(delta_long^2 + delta_lat^2))
l <- ggplot(seals, aes(long, lat))
l + geom_contour(aes(z = Sz))
x, y, z, alpha, colour, group, linetype, size,
weight
```

```
x, y, alpha, fill
```

```
geom_tile(aes(fill = z))
```

```
x, y, alpha, color, fill, linetype, size, width
```

- R graph catalog
- The R graph gallery
- R graph gallery
- Cookbook for R: Graphs
- Graphical data analysis with R
- IEG figures



Search

ggplot2

36,854 results



The Practical Dev
@ThePracticalDev



Follow

The last programming book you'll ever need

Cutting corners to meet arbitrary management deadlines



Essential

Copying and Pasting
from Stack Overflow

Building a ggplot

Our example dataset: tree heights and DBH

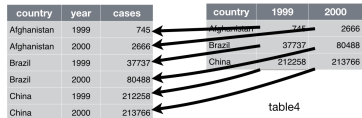
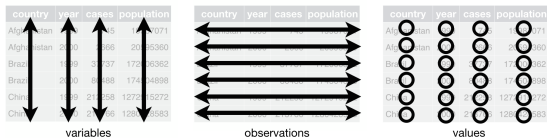
<http://tinyurl.com/treesdata>

- One species
- 10 plots
- 1000 trees
- Number of trees per plot ranging from 4 to 392

```
trees <- read.csv("data/trees.csv")  
summary(trees[, 1:3])
```

	plot	dbh	height
Min.	: 1.0	Min. : 5.06	Min. :13.40
1st Qu.:	1.0	1st Qu.:17.69	1st Qu.:29.68
Median :	2.0	Median :28.62	Median :36.55
Mean :	2.7	Mean :27.88	Mean :36.51
3rd Qu.:	4.0	3rd Qu.:38.97	3rd Qu.:43.33
Max.	:10.0	Max. :49.92	Max. :59.30

Data must be a tidy data frame



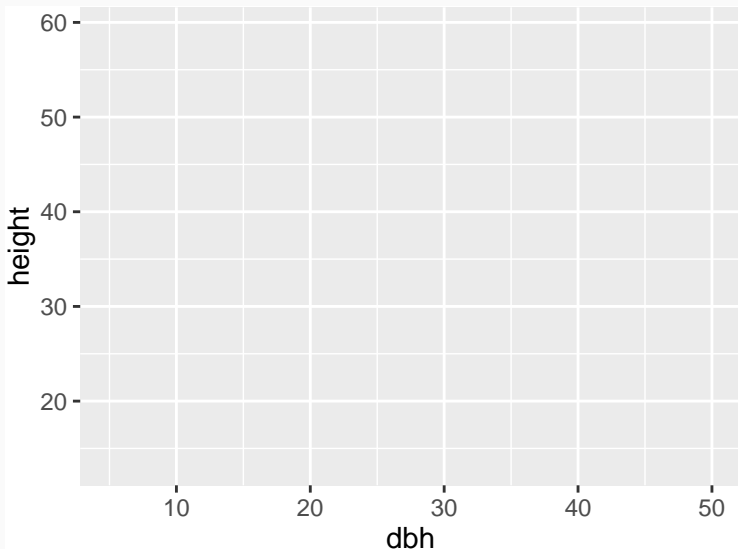
<http://r4ds.had.co.nz/tidy-data.html>

Calling ggplot

```
library(ggplot2)  
ggplot(trees)
```

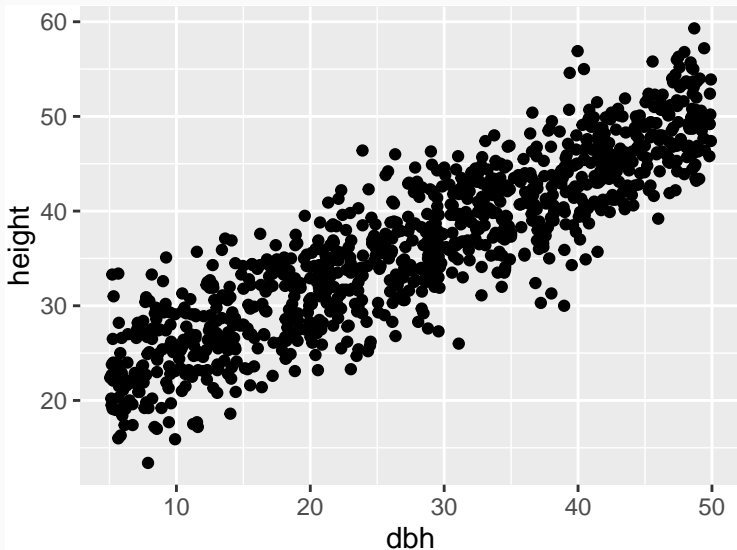

What variables as axes?

```
ggplot(trees, aes(x = dbh, y = height))
```



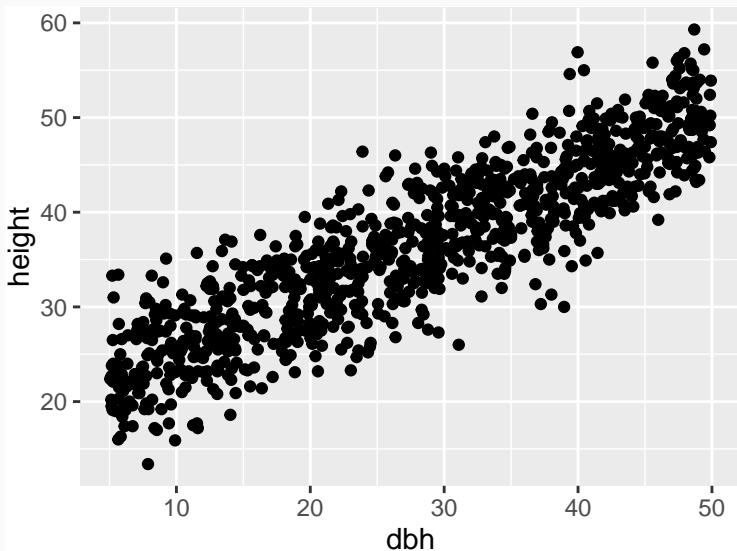
Adding layers (geoms)

```
ggplot(trees, aes(x = dbh, y = height)) +  
  geom_point()
```



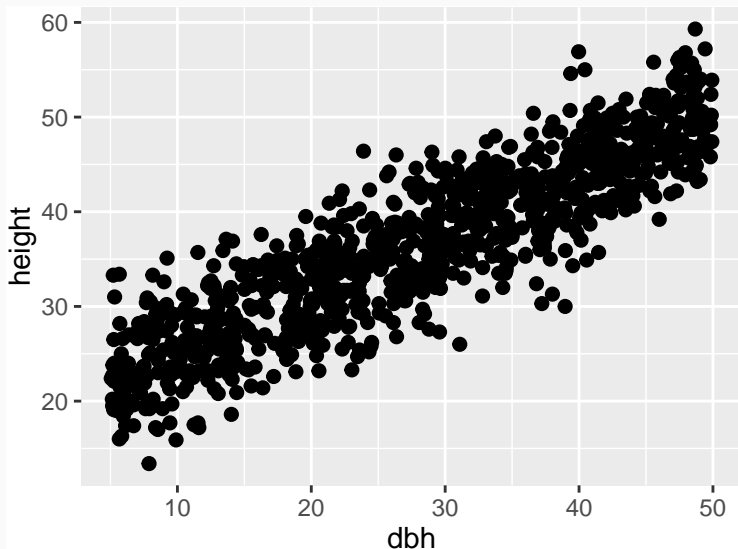
Adding layers (geoms)

```
myplot <- ggplot(trees, aes(x = dbh, y = height))  
myplot + geom_point()
```



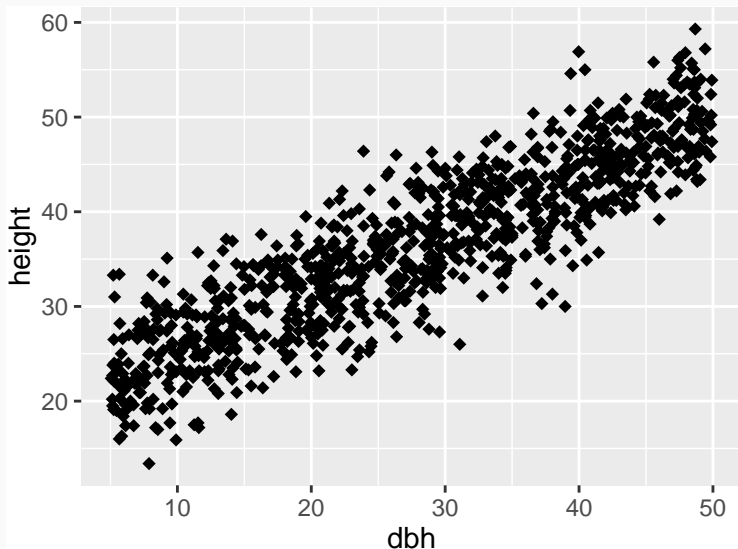
Changing point size and type

```
myplot + geom_point(size = 2)
```



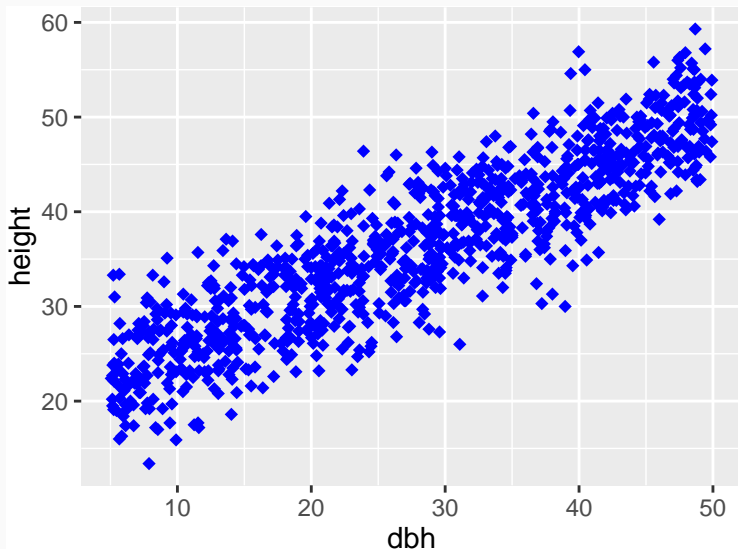
Changing point size and type

```
myplot + geom_point(size = 2, shape = 18)
```



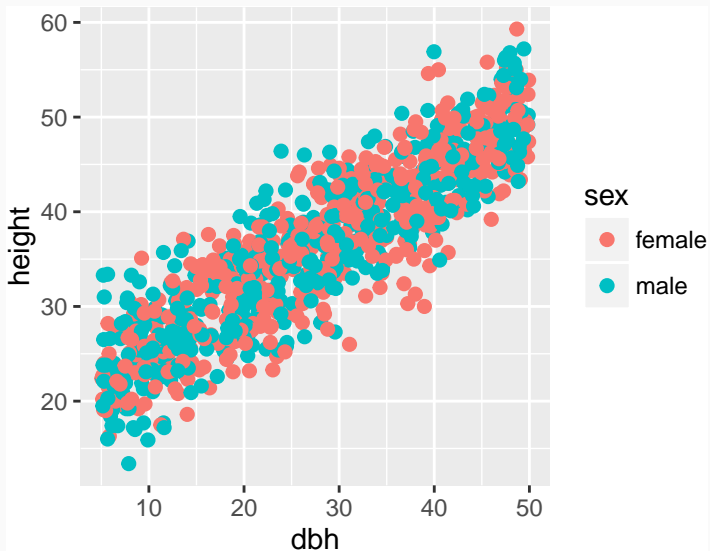
Changing point size and type

```
myplot + geom_point(size = 2, shape = 18, colour = "blue")
```



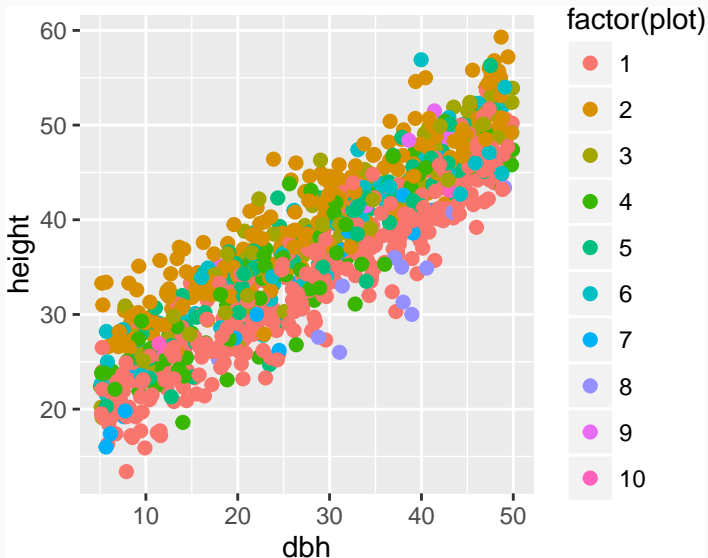
Map geom aesthetics to variable

```
myplot + geom_point(aes(colour = sex), size = 2)
```



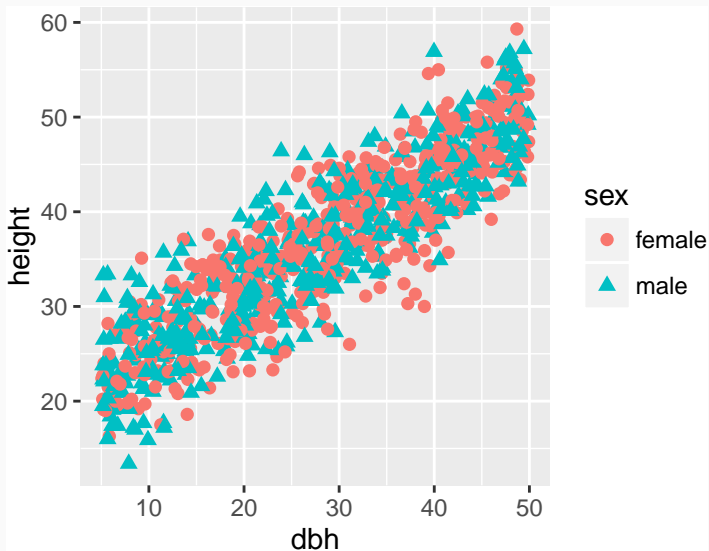
Map geom aesthetics to variable

```
myplot + geom_point(aes(colour = factor(plot)), size = 2)
```



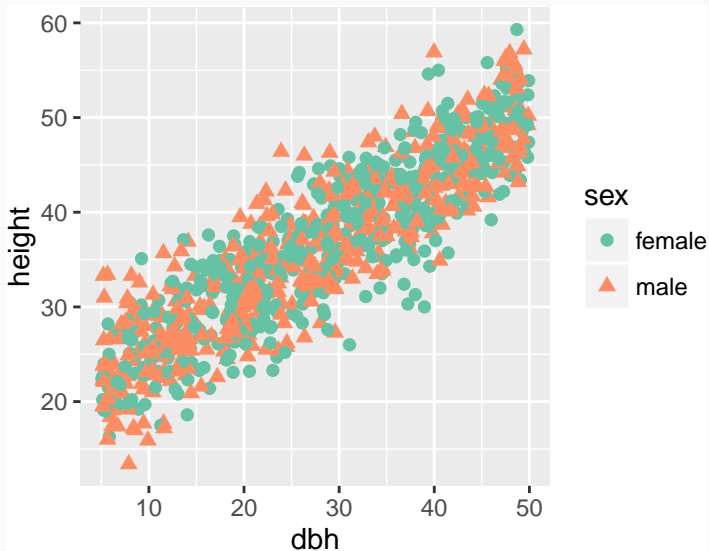
Map geom aesthetics to variable

```
myplot + geom_point(aes(colour = sex, shape = sex), size = 2)
```



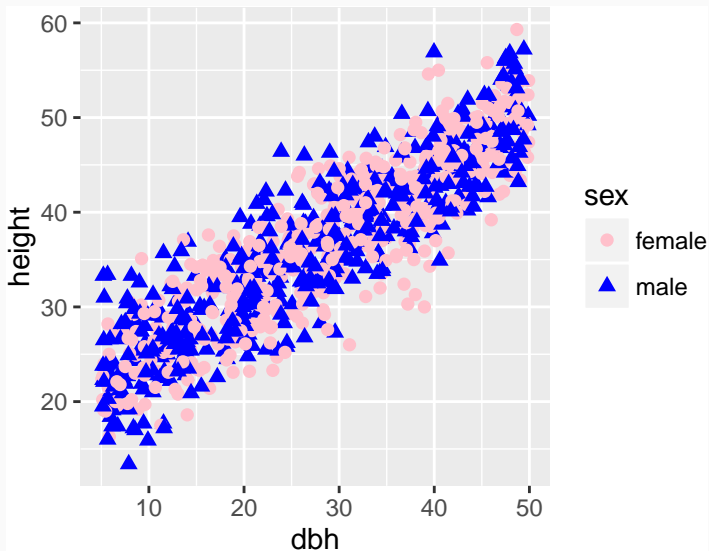
Change colour scale

```
myplot + geom_point(aes(colour = sex, shape = sex), size = 2) +  
  scale_colour_brewer(type = "qual", palette = 7)
```



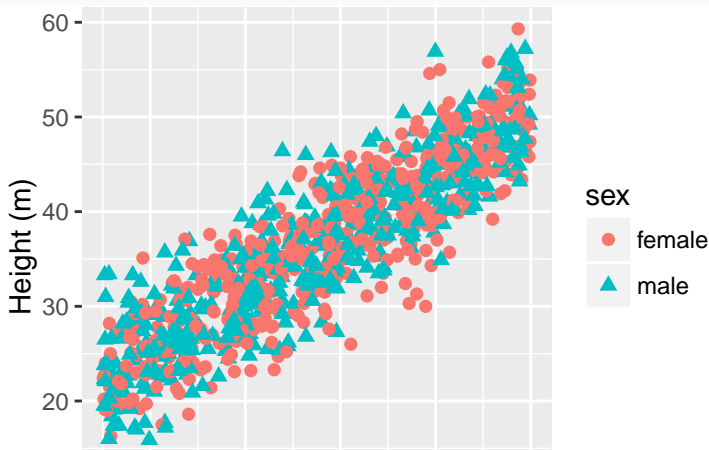
Change colour scale

```
myplot + geom_point(aes(colour = sex, shape = sex), size = 2) +  
  scale_colour_manual(values = c("pink", "blue"))
```



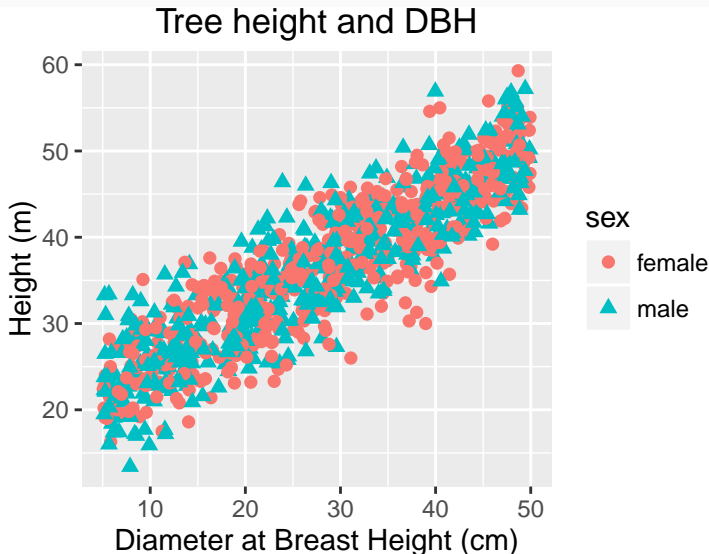
Change axis labels: xlab & ylab

```
myplot <- myplot + geom_point(aes(colour = sex, shape = sex), size = 2)
myplot <- myplot +
  xlab("Diameter at Breast Height (cm)") +
  ylab("Height (m)")
myplot
```



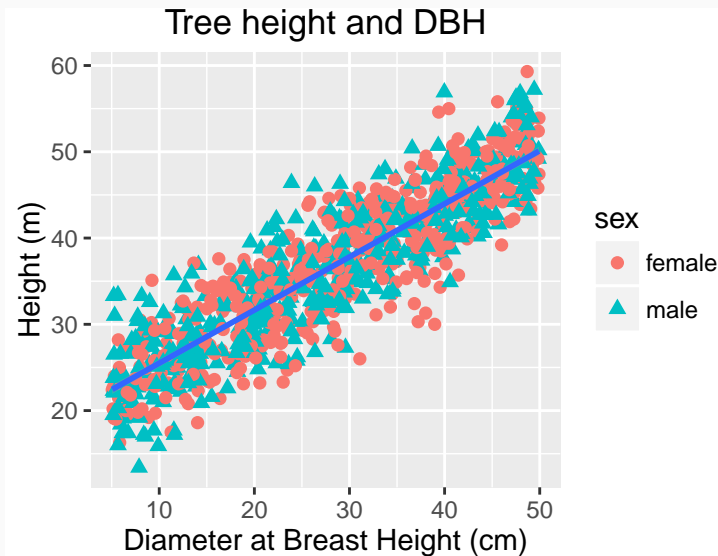
Set title: ggtitle

```
myplot <- myplot +  
  ggtitle("Tree height and DBH")
```



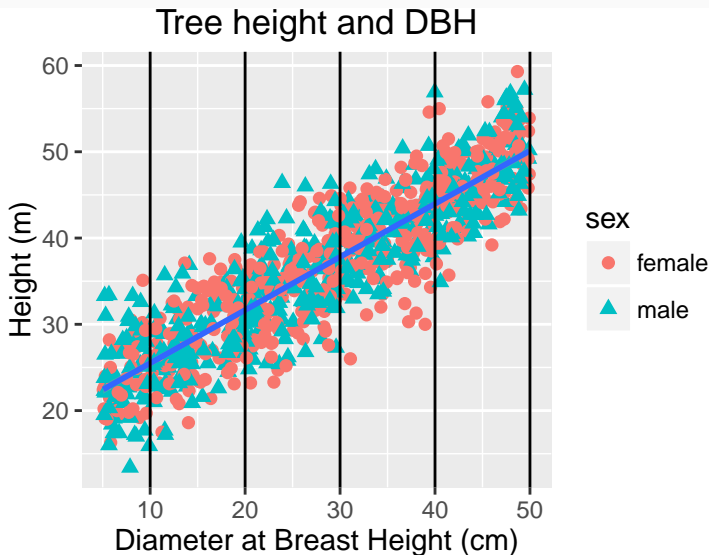
Adding another layer

```
myplot <- myplot + geom_smooth(method = "lm")
```

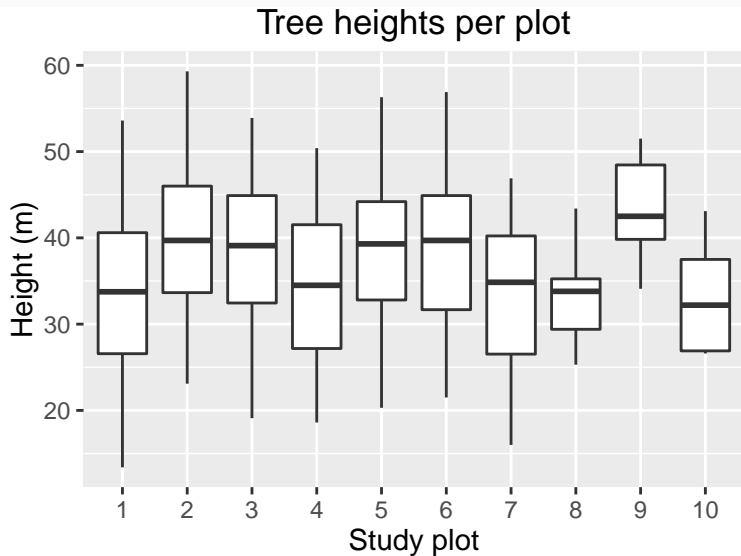


Adding another layer

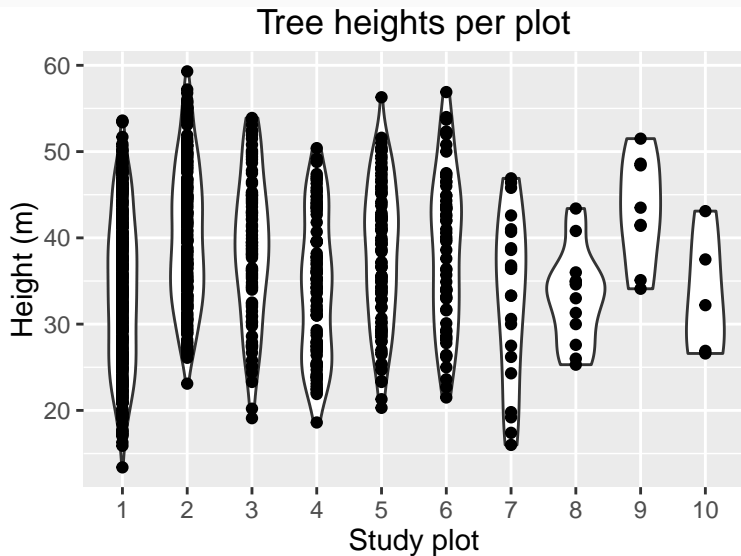
```
myplot + geom_vline(xintercept = c(10, 20, 30, 40, 50))
```



Exercise: Make a plot like this one

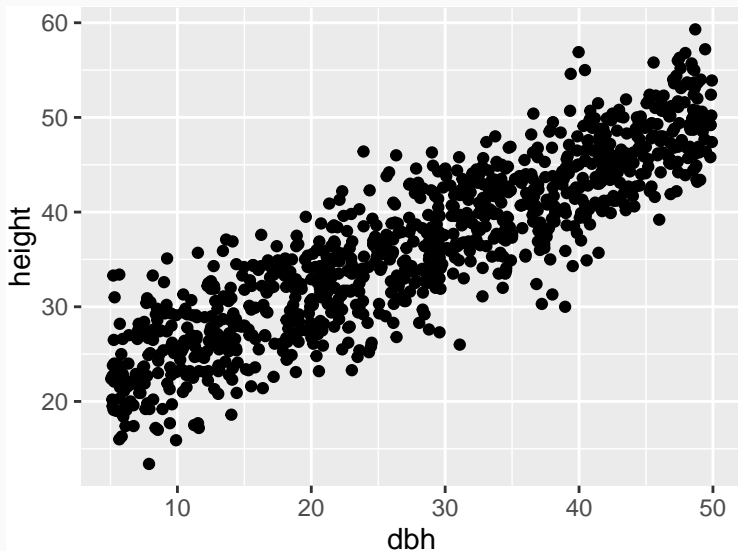


Exercise: Make a plot like this one

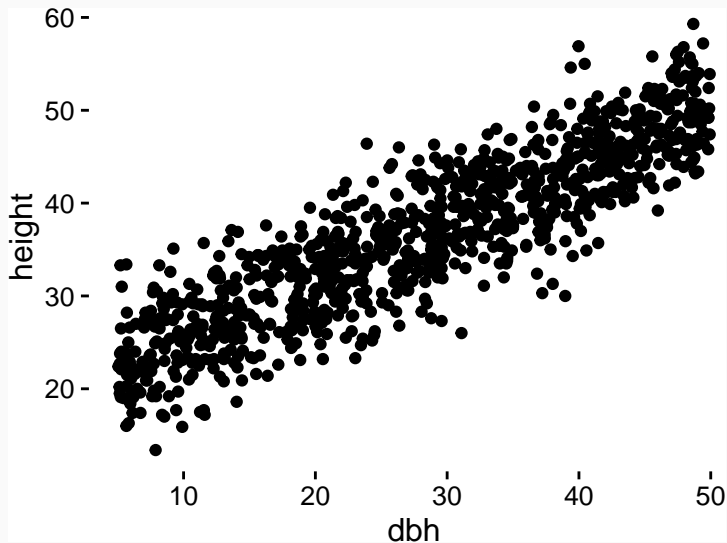


Themes: changing plot appearance

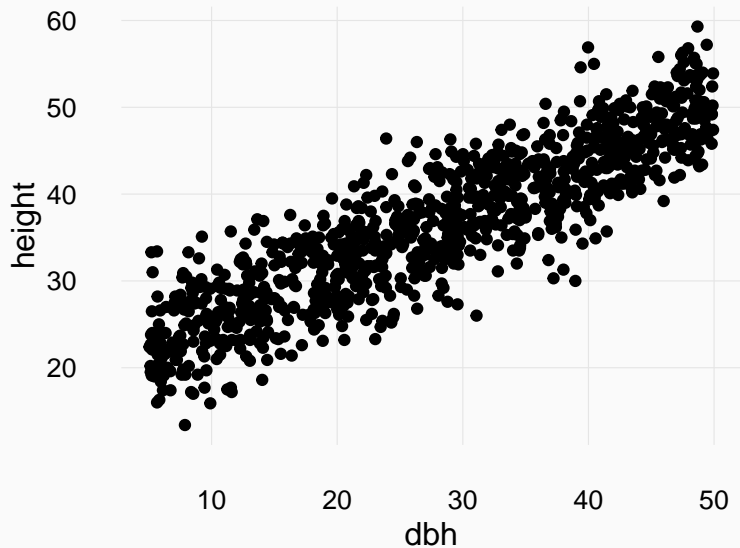
```
myplot <- ggplot(trees, aes(x = dbh, y = height)) +  
  geom_point()
```



```
myplot + theme_classic()
```

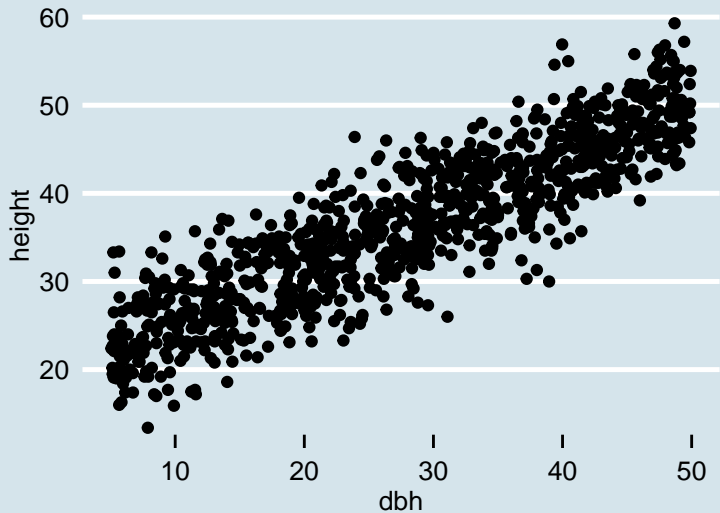


```
myplot + theme_minimal()
```



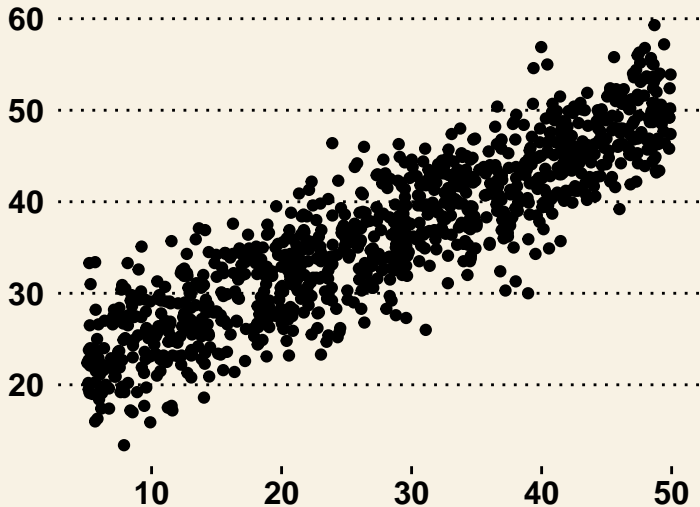
Lots of themes out there

```
library(ggthemes)  
myplot + theme_economist()
```



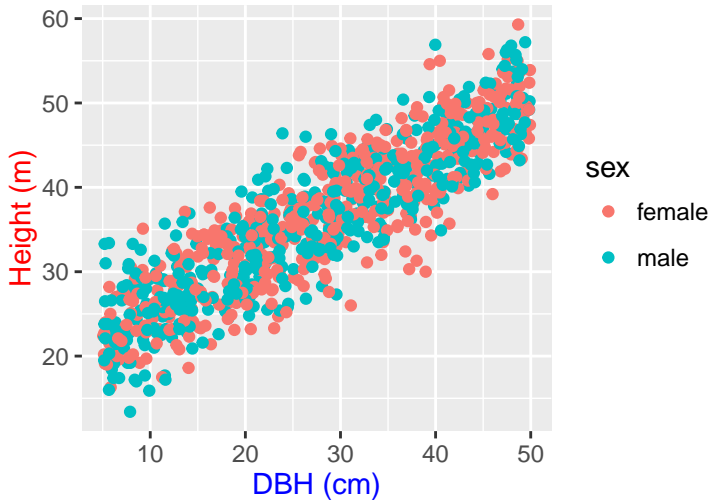
Lots of themes out there

```
myplot + theme_wsj()
```

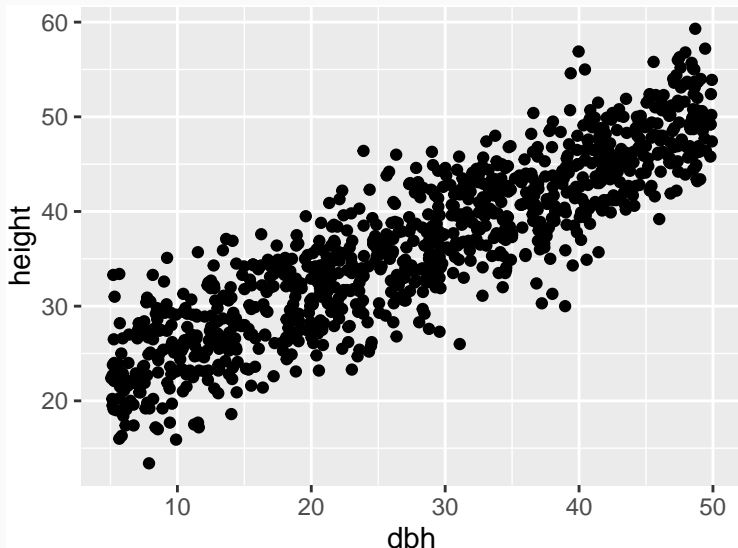


?theme

Changing plot appearance



<https://github.com/calligross/ggthemeassist>



Think twice before editing plots out of R



Trevor A. Branch

@TrevorABranch



Follow

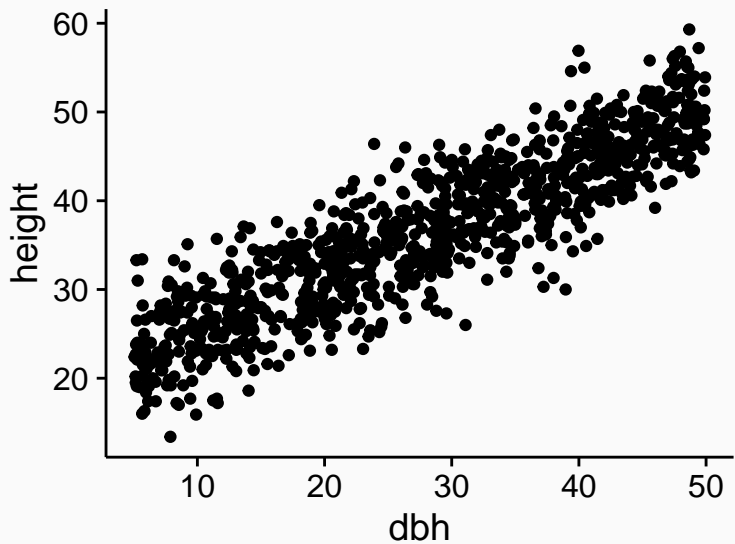
My rule of thumb: every analysis you do on a dataset will have to be redone 10–15 times before publication. Plan accordingly. [#Rstats](#)

<http://mbjoseph.github.io/2015/02/26/plotting.html>

Publication-quality plots

```
library(cowplot)
```

```
myplot
```

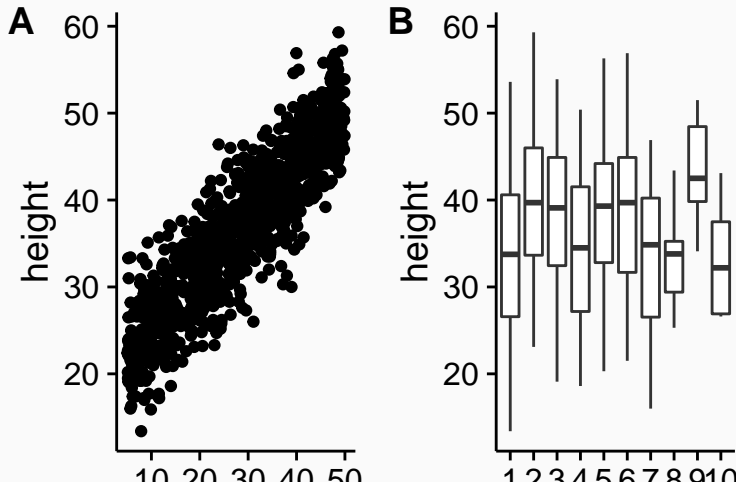


Publication themes:

<https://gist.github.com/Pakillo/c2c7ea11c528cc2ee20f#themes>

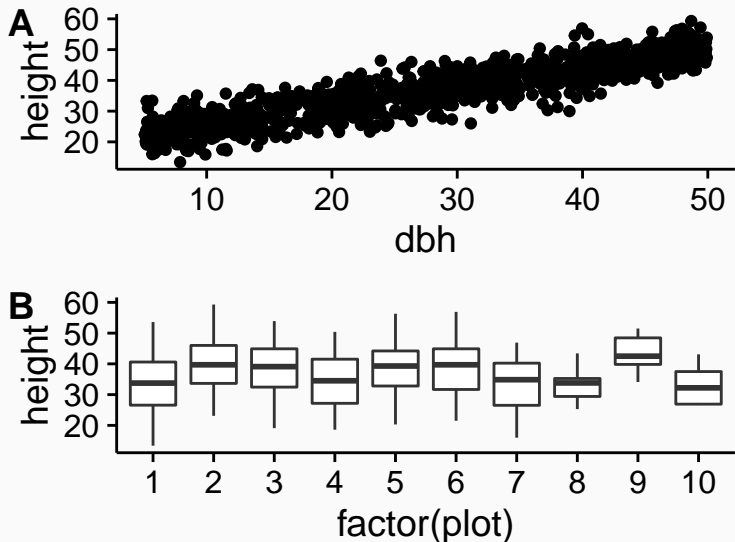
Composite figures

```
library(cowplot)
plot1 <- ggplot(trees, aes(dbh, height)) + geom_point()
plot2 <- ggplot(trees, aes(factor(plot), height)) + geom_boxplot()
plot_grid(plot1, plot2, labels = "AUTO")
```



Composite figures

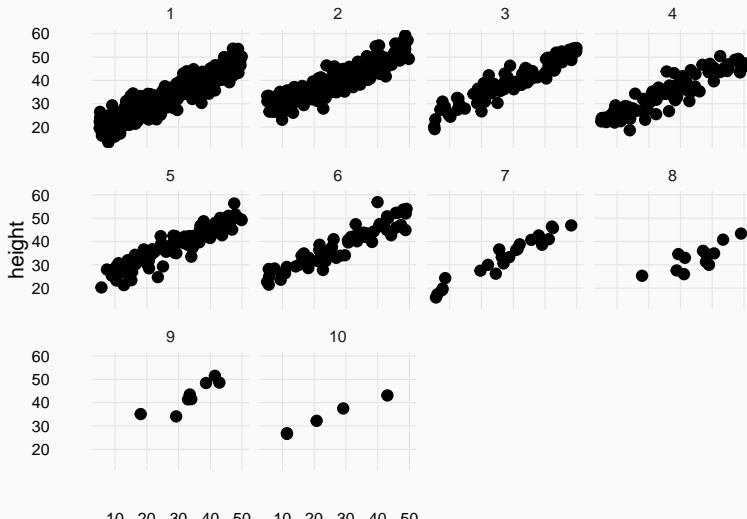
```
plot_grid(plot1, plot2, labels = "AUTO", ncol = 1)
```



```
ggsave("myplot.pdf")
```

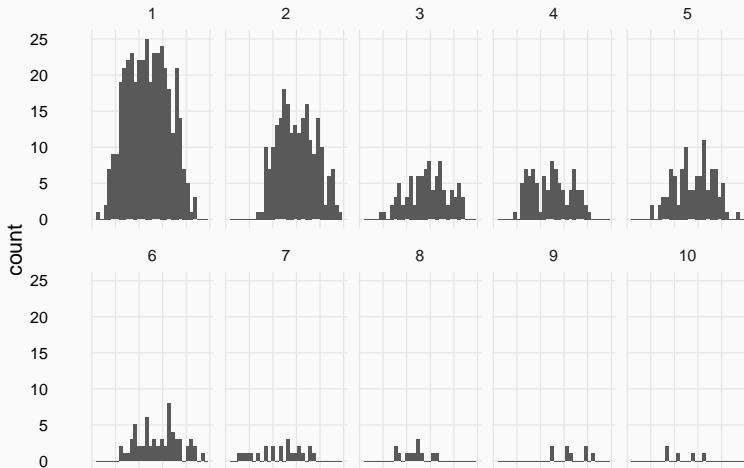

Facetting

```
ggplot(trees, aes(dbh, height)) +  
  geom_point() + theme_minimal(base_size = 8) +  
  facet_wrap(~plot)
```

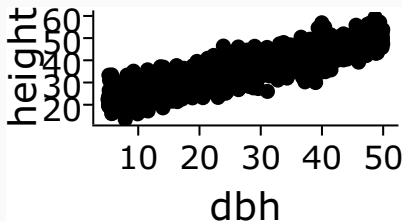


Facetting

```
ggplot(trees) +  
  geom_histogram(aes(height)) + theme_minimal(base_size = 8) +  
  facet_wrap(~plot, nrow = 2)
```

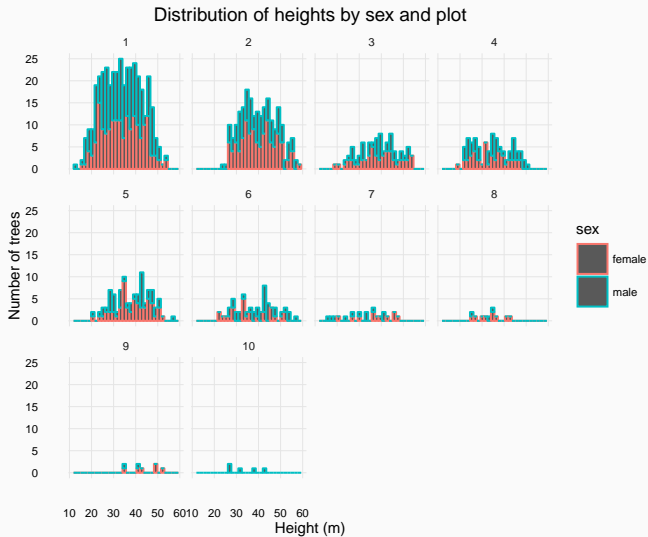


```
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(plotly))  
myplot <- ggplot(trees, aes(dbh, height)) + geom_point()  
ggplotly(myplot)
```



- Data (tidy data frame)
- Coordinate system (Cartesian, polar, map projections. . .)
- Layers (geoms: points, lines, polygons. . .)
- Aesthetics mappings (x, y, size, colour. . .)
- Scales (colour, size, shape. . .)
- Facets (small multiples)
- Themes (appearance)

Exercise: make a plot like this one





Slides and source code available at

<https://github.com/Pakillo/ggplot-intro>