

Volatility Spillovers from US to SA Markets

Ruan Geldenhuys^a, Nico Katzke^{a,b}

^a*Stellenbosch University, Stellenbosch, South Africa*

^b*Stellenbosch University, Stellenbosch, South Africa*

Abstract

I investigate the relationship between the volatilities of S\&P 500 and the JSE Top 40. The purpose of this study is to investigate if this relationship changes in any significant way during the two biggest crisis periods in the last two decades, namely the Global Financial Crisis and Covid-19. I first do a stratification analysis which reveals significant evidence of these two indices sharing periods of high volatility. I then fit multiple multivariate GARCH models to further investigate the volatility relationship and find...

Keywords: Multivariate GARCH, Spillovers

1. Introduction

2. Data and Methodology

2.1. Data

Three return series are used in the analysis that follows. These are the monthly returns for the S\&P 500 and the JSE Top 40, as well as the ZAR/USD exchange rate. The exchange rate is represented as the amount of Rands required to buy one US Dollar. Since the series is represented as a growth rate, a positive growth rate represents a depreciation of the Rand, and conversely, an appreciation of the Dollar. The returns for these 3 series' are visualised below in Figures [2.1](#) to [2.3](#).

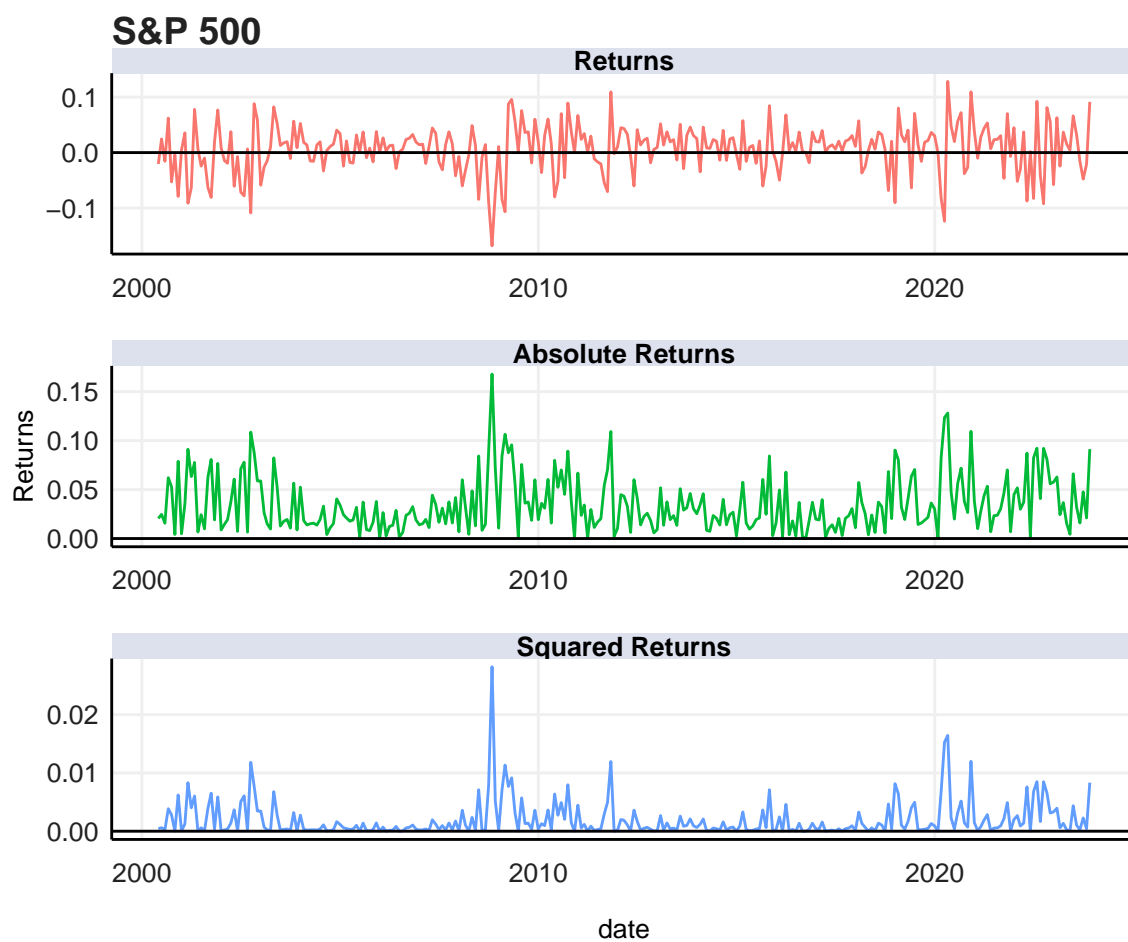


Figure 2.1: S&P 500 Returns



Figure 2.2: JSE Top 40 Returns

Not much information can be revealed through simply observing the returns over time. However, when investigating the squared returns as a measure of volatility, it is clear to see that the JSE Top 40 is substantially more volatile than the S\&P 500. This result is reinforced by Table 2.1, where the JSE showcases a standard deviation considerably higher than that of the S\&P. Interestingly, the JSE Top 40 showcases higher average monthly returns, however that comes at the cost of the increased volatility as described above. Lastly, as shown in Table 2.1 the S\&P experienced the largest draw down, while the JSE experienced the largest uptick.

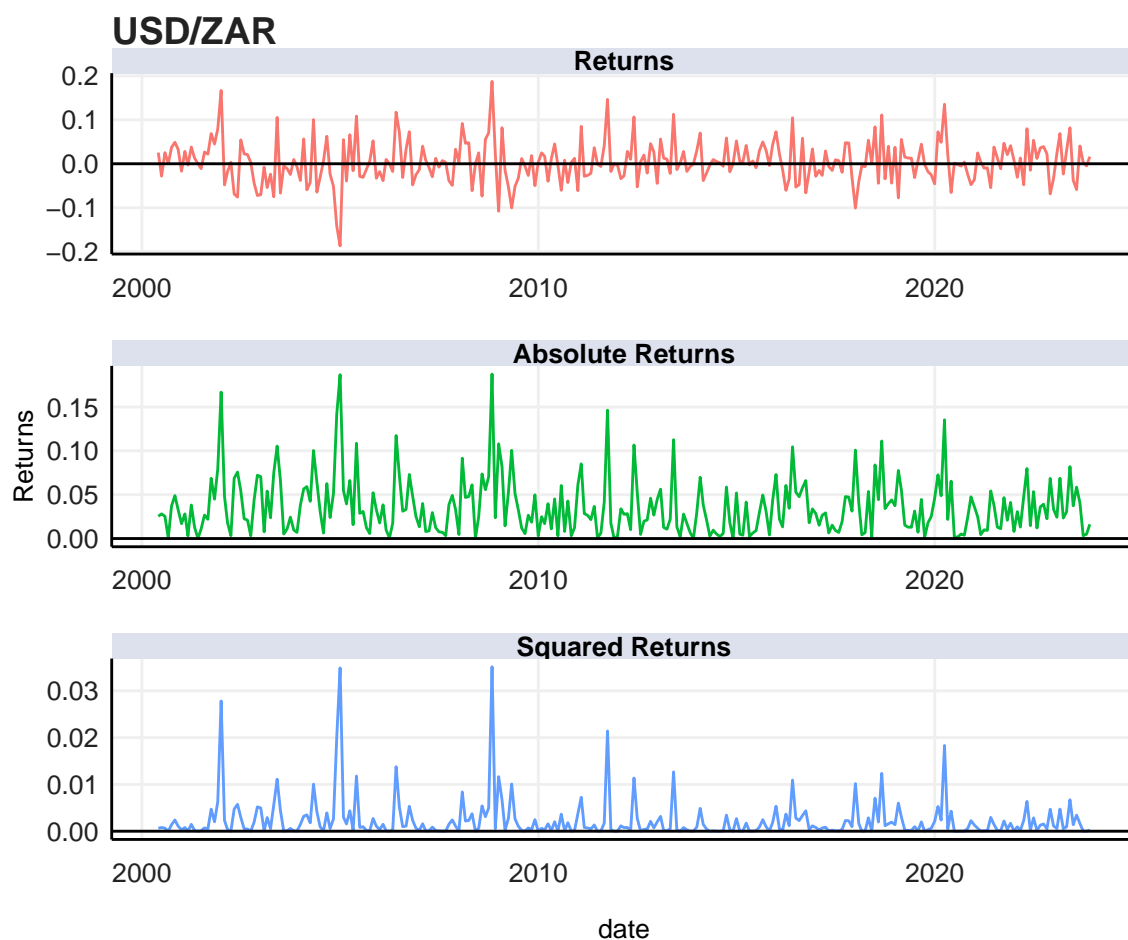


Figure 2.3: ZAR/USD Returns

Table 2.1: Summary Statistics

	S&P 500	JSE Top 40	ZAR/USD
Mean	0.0066	0.0121	0.0040
Median	0.0124	0.0115	0.0018
Std. Dev.	0.0445	0.0502	0.0485
Kurtosis	3.7769	3.3257	4.5258
Skewness	-0.5048	0.0359	0.2933
Minimum	-0.1680	-0.1427	-0.1868
Maximum	0.1282	0.1467	0.1875

2.2. Methodology

3. Results

3.1. DCC

3.2. Go-GARCH

3.3. BEKK-GARCH

4. Conclusion

I hope you find this template useful. Remember, stackoverflow is your friend - use it to find answers to questions. Feel free to write me a mail if you have any questions regarding the use of this package. To cite this package, simply type citation(“Texevier”) in Rstudio to get the citation for Katzke ([2017](#)) (Note that uncited references in your bibtex file will not be included in References).

References

Katzke, N.F. 2017. *Texevier: Package to create elsevier templates for rmarkdown*. Stellenbosch, South Africa: Bureau for Economic Research.

Appendix

Appendix A

Some appendix information here

Appendix B