

## Lab 1:

1] Given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x+y$ ,  $y(0)=0$ , To find  $y$  at  $x=0.4$ ,  $h=0.2$

Initial values  $\Rightarrow x_0=0$ ,  $y_0=0$

Using formula  $\Rightarrow y_1 = y_0 + h f(x_0 + y_0)$

$$y_1 = 0 + 0.2(0.0) = 0.2(0) \text{ as } f(x+y) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Iteration 2} \Rightarrow y_2 &= 0 + 0.2(0.2, 0) \\ &= 0 + 0.2(0.2) \\ &= 0.04\end{aligned}$$

Solution  $\Rightarrow y_2 = \underline{\underline{y(0.4) \approx 0.04}}$

2] Given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -y$ ,  $y(0)=1$ , To find  $y$  at  $x=0.2$ ,  $h=0.1$

Initial values :  $x_0=0$ ,  $y_0=1$

Using formula :  $y_1 = y_0 + h f(x_0, y_0)$

$$\text{Iteration 1} \Rightarrow y_1 = 1 + 0.1(-1) = 0.9$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Iteration 2} \Rightarrow y_2 &= 0.9 + 0.1(-0.9) \\ &= 0.9 - 0.09 \\ &= 0.81\end{aligned}$$

Solution  $\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{y(0.2) \approx 0.81}}$

Lab 2:

1] Given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x+y$ ,  $y(0)=0$ . To find  $y$  at  $x=0.4$ ,

$$h = 0.2$$

Initial values -  $x_0 = 0$ ,  $y_0 = 0$

Using formulas

1st Iteration:-

$$\begin{aligned}y_1^0 &= y_0 + hF(x_0, y_0) \\&= 0 + 0.2(0) \\&= 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y_1^1 &= y_0 + \frac{h}{2} [F(x_0, y_0) + F(x_1, y_1^0)] \\&= 0 + \frac{0.2}{2} [(0+0.2)] \\&= 0.02\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y_1^2 &= y_0 + \frac{h}{2} [F(x_0, y_0) + F(x_1, y_1^1)] \\&= 0 + \frac{0.2}{2} [0 + 0.22] \\&= 0.022\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y_1^3 &= y_0 + \frac{h}{2} [F(x_0, y_0) + F(x_1, y_1^2)] \\&= 0.0222\end{aligned}$$

2nd Iteration:

$$\begin{aligned}y_2^0 &= y_1 + hF(x_1, y_1) \\&= 0.0222 + 0.2 \times F(0.2, 0.0222) \\&= 0.06664\end{aligned}$$

$$y_2^1 = y_1 + \frac{h}{2} [F(x_1, y_1) + F(x_2, y_2^0)]$$

$$= 0.0222 + \frac{0.2}{2} [0.2222 + 0.46664]$$

$$= 0.091084$$

$$y_2^{(2)} = y_1 + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_1, y_1) + f(x_2, y_2^{(1)})]$$

$$= 0.0222 + \frac{0.2}{2} [0.2222 + 0.491084]$$

$$= 0.0935284$$

$$y_2^{(3)} = y_1 + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_1, y_1) + f(x_2, y_2^{(2)})]$$

$$= 0.0222 + \frac{0.2}{2} [0.2222 + 0.4935284]$$

$$= 0.09377284$$

$$y_2^{(4)} = y_1 + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_1, y_1) + f(x_2, y_2^{(3)})]$$

$$= 0.0222 + \frac{0.2}{2} [0.2222 + 0.49377284]$$

$$= 0.093797284$$

2] Given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ , To find  $y$  at  $x = 0.2$ ,  $h = 0.1$

Given  $x_0 = 0$ ,  $y_0 = 1$

$x = 0.1, 0.2$

$h = 0.1$

1st iteration  $\Rightarrow$

$$y_1^{(0)} = y_0 + h f(x_0, y_0)$$

$$= 1 + 0.1(0^2 + 1)$$

$$= 1.1$$

$$y_1^{(1)} = y_0 + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_0, y_0) + f(x_1, y_1^{(0)})]$$

$$= 1 + \frac{0.1}{2} [ (0^2 + 1) + (0.1^2 + 1.1) ]$$

$$= 1.105$$

$$y_1^2 = y_0 + \frac{h}{2} [ f(x_0, y_0) + f(x_1, y_1) ]$$

$$= 1.1057$$

$$y_1^3 = 1.10578$$

2<sup>nd</sup> Iteration:

$$y_2^0 = y_1 + h f(x_1, y_1)$$

$$= 1.1057 + 0.1(0.1^2 + 1.1057)$$

$$= 1.21727$$

$$y_2^1 = y_1 + \frac{h}{2} [ f(x_1, y_1) + f(x_2, y_2^0) ]$$

$$= 1.224$$

$$y_2^2 = y_1 + \frac{h}{2} [ f(x_1, y_1) + f(x_2, y_2^1) ]$$

$$= 1.2246$$

$$y_2^3 = y_1 + \frac{h}{2} [ f(x_1, y_1) + f(x_2, y_2^2) ]$$

$$= 1.2247$$

[Lab 3]

1]  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x$ ,  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $a = 0.1, 0.2$ ,  $h = 0.1$

$$x_0 = 0$$

$$y_0 = 2$$

①  $\rightarrow K_1 = hF(x_0, y_0)$

$$= 0.1 \times (2 - 0)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.2}}$$

$\rightarrow K_2 = hF(x_0 + h, y_0 + k_1)$

$$= 0.1 \times ((2 + 0.2) - (0 + 0.1))$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.21}}$$

$\rightarrow K_3 = y(0.2) = y(0) + \frac{1}{2}(K_1 + K_2)$

$$= 2 + \frac{1}{2}(0.2 + 0.21)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2.205}}$$

②  $\rightarrow K_1 = hF(x_1, y_1)$

$$= 0.1 (2.205 - 0.1)$$

$$= 0.2105$$

$\rightarrow K_2 = hF(x_1 + h, y_1 + k_1)$

$$= 0.1 \times ((2.205 + 0.2105) - (0.1 + 0.1))$$

$$= 0.22155$$

$$y(0.2) = y(1) + \frac{1}{2}(k_1 + k_2)$$

$$= 2.205 + \frac{1}{2}(0.2105 + 0.22155)$$

$$= 2.421$$

$$2) \frac{dy}{dx} = 1+y^2, \quad y(0)=0, \quad h=0.2$$

$$x_0 = 0$$

$$y_0 = 0$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad K_1 = hf(x_0, y_0)$$

$$= 0.2 \times (1+0)$$

$$\underline{\underline{= 0.2}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad K_2 = hf(x_0+h, y_0+K_1)$$

$$= 0.2 \times (1 + (0.2)^2)$$

$$= 0.208$$

$$y(0.2) = y(0) + \frac{1}{2} (K_1 + K_2)$$

$$= 0 + \frac{1}{2} (0.2 + 0.208)$$

$$\underline{\underline{= 0.204}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad K_1 = hf((x_1, y_1))$$

$$= 0.2 \times (1 + (0.204)^2)$$

$$= 0.2083$$

$$K_2 = hf(x_1+h, y_1+K_1)$$

$$= 0.2 \times (1 + (0.204 + 0.2083)^2)$$

$$= 0.2339$$

$$y(0.4) = y(0.2) + \frac{1}{2} (K_1 + K_2)$$

$$= 0.204 + \frac{1}{2} (0.2083 + 0.2339)$$

$$= 0.4251$$

$$\underline{\underline{=}}$$

[Lab 4]

1) Given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y-x$ ,  $y(0)=2$ ,  $h=0.1$

To find  $y(0.1)$  &  $y(0.2)$

Initial  $\rightarrow x_0=0$

$y_0=2$

$$f(x,y) = y-x$$

$$k_1 = hf(x_0, y_0)$$

$$= 0.1 \times (2)$$

$$= 0.2$$

$$k_2 = hf\left(x_0 + \frac{h}{2}, y_0 + \frac{k_1}{2}\right)$$

$$= 0.1 \times (2.1 - 0.05)$$

$$= 0.2050$$

$$k_3 = 0.1 (2.1025 - 0.05)$$

$$= 0.20525$$

$$k_4 = 0.1 (2.20525 - 0.1)$$

$$= 0.20525$$

$$\therefore y_1(0.1) = 2 + \frac{0.1}{6} (0.2 + 0.41 + 0.4105 + 0.20525)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2.2052}}$$

Now for  $y_2(0.2)$

Initial  $\rightarrow x_1=0.2$

$$y_1 = 2.2052$$

$$f(x,y) = y-x$$

Finding  $\rightarrow$

$$K_1 = hF(x_0, y_0)$$
$$= 0.21052$$

$$K_2 = hF(x_1 + h/2, y_1 + K_1/2)$$
$$= 0.21604$$

$$K_3 = hF(x_1 + h/2, y_1 + K_2/2)$$
$$= 0.21632$$

$$K_4 = hF(x_1 + h, y_1 + K_3)$$
$$= 0.22215$$

$$y_2 = y_1 + \frac{1}{6} (K_1 + 2K_2 + 2K_3 + K_4)$$
$$= 2.41809$$

2]  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1+y^2, y(0)=0$ , To find  $y(0.4)$

$$h=0.2$$

$$\text{Initial } \Rightarrow x_0 = 0$$

$$y_0 = 0$$

$$f(x, y) = 1+y^2$$

$$h=0.2$$

$$k_1 = hF(x_0, y_0)$$

$$= 0.2 (1+0)$$

$$=\underline{\underline{0.2}}$$

$$k_2 = hF(x_0 + h/2, y_0 + k_1/2)$$

$$= 0.2 \times (1 + (0 + 0.2/2)^2)$$

$$=\underline{\underline{0.2}}$$

$$K_3 = h f(x_0 + h/2, y_0 + k_2/2)$$
$$= 0.2020402$$

$$K_4 = h f(x_1 + h, y_0 + k_3)$$
$$= 0.20848$$

$$\therefore y_1(0.2) = 0 + \frac{1}{6} [0.2 + 2(0.202) + 2(0.2020402) + 0.20848]$$
$$= 0.2027$$

Now, for  $y(0.4) \Rightarrow$

$$K_1 = h f(x_0, y_0)$$
$$= 0.2082$$

$$K_2 = h f(x_0 + h/2, y_0 + k_1/2)$$
$$= 0.2 \times (0.1 + (0.2027 + 0.2082/2)^2)$$
$$= 0.2188$$

$$K_3 = h f(x_0 + h/2, y_0 + k_2/2)$$
$$= 0.2194$$

$$K_4 = h f(x_0 + h, y_0 + k_3)$$
$$= \underline{\underline{0.2356}}$$

$$y(0.4) = y_0 + \frac{1}{6} [k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4]$$
$$= 0.4227$$

Lab 5]

$$Q1) y' = \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}$$

$x_i$	0.5	0.5	1	1.5
$y_i$	2.0	2.636	3.595	4.968

FSOR = (S-a)P

FSSR = (n-a)P

PERD = (d-a)P

S = (g-a)P

Find  $y(2)$

$$y'_0 = F(0, 2)$$

$$y'_0 = \frac{0+2}{2} = 1$$

$$y'_1 = (0.5, 2.636) = 1.568$$

$$y'_2 = (1, 3.595) = 2.2975$$

$$y'_3 = (1.5, 4.968) = 3.234$$

$$y_{4,p} = y_3 + \frac{h}{24} [55y'_3 - 59y'_2 + 37y'_1 - 9y'_0]$$

$$= 4.968 + \frac{0.5}{24} [(55 \times 3.234) - (59 \times 2.2975) \times (37 \times 1.568) - (9 \times 1)]$$

$$y_{4,p} = 6.8708$$

$$y'_4 = F(2.0, 6.8708) = \frac{2+6.8708}{2} = 4.4354$$

$$y_{4,c} = y_3 + \frac{h}{24} [9y'_4 + 19y'_3 + 5y'_2 + y'_1]$$

$$= 4.968 + \frac{0.5}{24} [(9 \times 4.4354) + (19 \times 3.234) - (5 \times 2.2975) + (1.568)]$$

$$\underline{\underline{y_{4,c} = 6.8731}}$$

$$Q2] \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = 1+y^2, y(0)=0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y^2 \quad (D)$$

$$y(0.2) = 0.2027$$

2.1	1	2.0	2.0	2.0
8P.P	2P.E	3.2E	0.8	P

$$y(0.4) = 0.4227$$

$$y(0.6) = 0.6839$$

$$y(0.8) = ?$$

$$y_0' = 1+0 = 1$$

$$y_1' = 1+(0.2027)^2 = 1.0411$$

$$y_2' = 1+(0.4227)^2 = 1.1787$$

$$y_3' = 1+(0.6839)^2 = 1.4677$$

$$y_{4,p} = y_3 + \frac{h}{24} [55y_3' + 59y_2' + 37y_1' - 9y_0']$$

$$= 0.6839 + \frac{0.2}{24} [(55 \times 1.468) - (59 \times 1.1786) + (37 \times 1.0411) - 9]$$

$$y_{4,p} = 1.02323$$

$$y_4' = (x_4, y_{4,p}) = (1 + (1.02323)^2) = 2.047$$

$$y_{4,c} = y_3 + \frac{h}{24} [9y_4' + Ay_3' - 5y_2' + y_1']$$

$$y_{4,c} = 1.02935$$

LAB-6

Q1]  $y' = x^2 + y^2 - 2$

$x_i$	-0.1	0	0.1	0.2
$y_i$	1.09	1.0	0.89	0.7605

$$y_0' = ((0.1)^2 + (1.09)^2 - 2) = -0.8019$$

$$y_1' = (0^2 + (1)^2 - 2) = -1$$

$$y_2' = (0.1)^2 + (0.89)^2 - 2 = -1.1979$$

$$y_3' = (0.1)^2 + (0.7605)^2 - 2 = -1.4116$$

$$\begin{aligned}y_{4,p} &= y_0 + \frac{4}{3}h [2y_1' - y_2' + 2y_3'] \\&= 1.09 + \frac{4}{3}(0.1) [2(-1) - 1.1979 + (-1.4116)]\end{aligned}$$

$$y_{4,p} = 0.6066$$

$$y_4' = (0.3)^2 + (0.6066)^2 - 2 = -1.542$$

$$\begin{aligned}y_{4,c} &= y_2 + \frac{n}{5} [y_2' + 4y_3' + y_4'] \\&= 0.89 + \frac{0.1}{3} [-1.1979 + 4(-1.4116) + (-1.542)]\end{aligned}$$

$$y_{4,c} = 0.6105.$$

Q2]  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1+y^2 \quad y(0)=0 \quad \text{at } y(0.8)$

Solution:  $y_0 = 0$

$$y_1' = 1.041$$

$$y_2' = 1.1786$$

$$y_3' = 1.468$$

$$y_{4,p} = 0 + \frac{4 \times 0.2}{3} [2(1.041) - 1.1786 + 2(1.468)] \\ = 1.02384$$

$$y_4' = 1 + (1.02384)^2 = 2.048248346$$

$$y_{u,c} = 0.422 + \frac{0.2}{3} [1.1786 + (4 \times 1.468) + 2.048] \\ = \underline{\underline{1.029}}$$

$$PFR = (s - s^*(P_{B,C}) + s^*(1.0)) = 1.0$$

$$\text{dHb} = e^{-s^*(2000,0)} + s^*(1.0) = 1.0$$

$$[1.0 + 1.0 + 1.0] \frac{1}{3} + st = 0.9$$

$$[(\text{dHb} - s^*) + PFR \cdot 1 + (1.0) \times s^*] (1.0) \frac{1}{3} + P_{B,C} =$$

$$0.9006 = 0.9$$

$$SHZ = 1 - (s - s^*(2000,0) + s^*(1.0)) = 0.9$$

$$[1.0 + 1.0 + 1.0] \frac{1}{3} + st = 0.9$$

$$[(\text{SHZ} - s^*) + (\text{Hb} - s^*) + PFR \cdot 1] \frac{1.0}{3} + P_{B,C} =$$

$$0.2013 \cdot 0.9 = 0.18$$

$$(2.0) \cdot 0.9 - 0.18 = 1.62$$