Switchpoort: from string to int

Step-by-step plan

1. SQL colum alter varchar(50) ➜ int
2. Data-layer (Quotes, arguments)
   a. GET
      i. WHERE
   b. INSERT
   c. UPDATE
3. Applicationlayer
   a. Property datatype
   b. Load casts
   c. Save argumenten
   d. Error value check
4. Presentationlayer

changes

SQL alter:

Use DeviceManager
alter table Switchpoort
alter column Naam int

1. Data layer
   a. GET + WHERE (switchpoort)
      - Line 637: argument datatype
      - Line 661: argument datatype
      - Line 672: IF statement
      - Line 675: LIKE, Quote & % in query
   b. INSERT (switchpoort)
      - Line 725: argument datatype
   c. UPDATE (switchpoort)
      - Line 745: argument datatype
   d. GET + WHERE (switchpoort_duplicates)
      - Line 808: argument datatype
      - Line 825: argument datatype
      - Line 831: Quotes uit query
2. Application layer
   a. Line 9: Property datatype
   b. LOAD (ObjSwitchPoort)
      - Line 131: cast naar int?
   c. SAVE (ObjSwitchPoort)
      - Line 74: IF statement
   d. ERROR (ObjSwitchPoort)
      - Line 50: Check of that name is filled in and is numeric

e. LOAD (ObjSwitchStack)
- tostring() changed

3. Presentation layer
a. Save (FormSwitch)
- Line 202: ToString removed
b. FillBord
- Line 251: Parse.int changed to int cast

c. FillForm (FormSwitchPoort)
- Line 98: ToString added
d. LoadFromForm (FormSwitchPoort)
- Line 165: TryParse added, OnFail naam = null
e. FillDataGrid (FormSwitchPoortOverzicht)
- Line 67: TryParse added

Changes are put in a 5 comments and marked with my name and date of the change.

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//////////if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(Naam) && SwitchID != null) Ruben Boone: 04/05/2022
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